coursera



Jupyter Library\_System Last Checkpoint: 01/10/2020 (unsaved changes)



Not Trusted Python 3 O



## **Library Practice Prompt**

The following prompt is a practice prompt, and will be based around creating a library system. Please, follow the prompts to complete the assignment. Please use all variable names that we have requested in the prompts. When we have not requested a particular variable name, you are welcome to choose whatever variable name you would like. Once you have finished your solution for these prompts, you should be able to answer the questions in the Coursera practice quizzes that rely on this notebook.

Please, use this space as a way to become comfortable with using jupyter notebooks if you are not already familiar with them. Select the section called "User Interface Tour" within the "Help" tab in the Notebook Menubar if you are unfamiliar with how to use the tool. To run a block of code, you can either select the "Run Cells" in the Notebook Menubar "Cell" tab or you can use the standard shortcut: Shift + Enter. Remember that you can run cells out of order. This is not likely to affect the tasks that you will be completing, but you may overwrite a variable's value in a way you aren't expecting if the same variable is assigned in different cells and you run the cells out of order.

1. A class called Book has already been partially defined. You are tasked with completing the class definition. Book takes two input variables in the following order, title and author, which are strings. There should be two instance variables, title, and author. You should create 1 method for Book. The method will be the \_\_str\_\_ method. When an instance of the book class is printed out, it should use the following format:

"Author: {author name here}, Title: {title of book here}."

```
M In [1]:
    class Book():
        def __init__(self, title, author):
            self.title = title
            self.author = author

    def __str__(self):
        return "Author: " + self.author + ", Title: " + self.title + "."
```

- 2. A class called Library has already been partially defined. You are tasked with completing the class definition. Library takes one input variable, name, which is a string that represents the name of the library. There should be two attributes/instance variables, name, and books.
- 2a. You will need to set the default value for books to be an empty dictionary.
- 2b. You should create a method called add\_book , which has one parameter which is an instance of the Book class. In add\_book , you will check to see if a book is already in the dictionary books .

If the book is not already in the library instance, then you should add the book to the library, using a tuple of the author and title as the key, and setting the value as another dictionary with two key value pairs. One key is 'checked\_out' which is set to 0. The other is 'available' which is set to 1.

However, if the book is already in the library instance, then you will increase the value of that book's 'available' key-value pair by 1.

The method should return None. An example of what a "book" in the books dictionary looks like is in the following cell, a bove the partially defined Library class.

3. Create another method for the Library class called can\_check\_out which takes in a Book instance, checks to see if any copies of that book are available, and either returns True if it can be checked out or returns False if it cannot be checked out. If the book is not in the library at all, it should return the string:

"The book you are looking for has not been added to this library yet."

```
M In [2]: example = {("Merriam-Webster", "Webster's Dictionary"): {"checked_out": 0, "available": 1}} print(example[("Merriam-Webster", "Webster's Dictionary")]) print(example[("Merriam-Webster", "Webster's Dictionary")]['available'])
               class Library:
                   def __init__(self, name):
    self.name = name
    #fill in here to define the books attribute/instance variable
                          self.books = {}
                    # add_book takes a Book instance, and checks to see if the Book is not in self.books. If it's not
# then a new key value pair is added to the dictionary. If it is in books, then the data stored
# in the key 'available' is updated for that book.
                         add_book(self, book_inst):
if (book_inst.author, book_inst.title) not in self.books:
                               self.books[(book_inst.author, book_inst.title)] = {'checked_out': 0, 'available': 1}
                          else:
                              self.books[(book_inst.author, book_inst.title)]['available'] = self.books[(book_inst.author, book_inst.title)]['available']
                   if self.books[book]['available'] >= 1:
                              else:
                                   return False
                          else:
                              return "The book you are looking for has not been added to this library yet."
                  {'checked_out': 0, 'available': 1}
```

```
4. Finally, we have included a text file with inventory for a library. Each line in the file has an author name and title for a book, separated by the "-" character. Your task is to read in the data from the file called list_of books.txt, create a list of Book instances for all lines in the text file and assign that to the variable book_list. There is an instance of the Library class called hatcher; you must add all of the Book instances to hatcher. Be sure to remove any whitespace from the beginning or end of a book title or author name.
```

```
M In [3]: f = open('list_of_books.txt').readlines()
book_list = []
for book in f:
    #fill in here
```

```
In E DOOK.Spiit( - )
    instance = Book(b[1].strip(), b[0].strip())
    book_list.append(instance) # the variable instance should be assigned an instance of the Book class.

hatcher = Library("Hatcher Graduate Library")
#fill in here
for b in book_list:
    hatcher.add_book(b)

M In [4]:

print(hatcher.can_check_out(Book("Webster's Dictionary", "Merriam-Webster")))
print(hatcher.can_check_out(Book('How to Lie with Statistics', 'Darrell Huff')))
print(hatcher.can_check_out(Book('How to Lie with Statistics', 'Cathy O'Neil")))
d = ({"Weapons of Math Destruction" : "Cathy O'Neil"})
print(len(d))

The book you are looking for has not been added to this library yet.
True
True
True
1
```

## Tests you can run to check if you have likely answered the prompts correctly.

These tests will not contain answers to the questions you will fill in later. To provide some additional feedback, these tests will check some of the variables or values involved in the correct solutions.

```
▶ In [5]: import unittest

                                       wort unittest
iss MyTests(unittest.TestCase):
    def test_prompt_one_attributes(self):
        book_example = Book("Webster's Dictionary", "Merriam-Webster")
        self.assertEqual(book_example.author, "Merriam-Webster", "Testing that the author attribute is set correctly")
        self.assertEqual(book_example.title, "Webster's Dictionary", "Testing that the title attribute is set correctly")
    def test_prompt_one_method(self):
        book_example = Book("Webster's Dictionary", "Merriam-Webster")
        self.assertEqual(book_example.__str__(), "Author: Merriam-Webster, Title: Webster's Dictionary.", "Testing that the __str__

                                         def test_prompt_two_books(self):
    example_ints = Library("Ugli")
    self.assertEqual(example_ints.books, {}, "Testing whether the books attribute is set correctly. Expecting an empty diction
                                                   test_prompt_two_add_book(self):
example_inst = Librany("Ugli")
book_example = Book("Webster's Dictionary", "Merriam-Webster")
example_inst.add_book(book_example)
self.assertEqual(len(example_inst.books), 1, "Testing that when add_book is called, that something is added to the books a
self.assertEqual(example_inst.books), (('Merriam-Webster', "Webster's Dictionary"): {'checked_out': 0, 'available': 1}}, "T
                                                   test_prompt_three_book_is_available(self):
example_inst = Library("Ugli")
book_example = Book("Webster's Dictionary", "Merriam-Webster")
example_inst.add_book(book_example)
self.assertTrue(example_inst.can_check_out(book_example), "Testing that when the book is available, that True is returned"
                                          def test prompt three book is not available(self):
                                                   test_prompt_three_book is_not_available(self):
example_inst = Library("Ugli")
book_example = Book("Webster's Dictionary", "Merriam-Webster")
example_inst.add_book(book_example)
example_inst.books[("Merriam-Webster", "Webster's Dictionary")]["available"] = 0
example_inst.books[("Merriam-Webster", "Webster's Dictionary")]["checked_out"] = 1
self.assertFalse(example_inst.can_check_out(book_example), "Testing that when the book is not available, that False is ret
test_assert_three_book is_not_three_fool_out
                                         def test_prompt_three_book_is_not_there(self):
    example inst = library("Ugli")
    book_example = Book("Webster's Dictionary", "Merriam-Webster")
    self_assertEqual(example_inst.can_check_out(book_example), "The book you are looking for has not been added to this librar
                                                   test_prompt_four_len(self):
self.assertEqual(len(hatcher.books), 4, "Testing that the number of books in hatcher is accurate")
                                          def test prompt four contents(self):
                                                     self.assertEqual(hatcher.books[('Darrell Huff', 'How to Lie with Statistics')]['available'], 2, "Testing that the book 'Ho
                                unittest.main(argv=['first-arg-is-ignored'], exit=False, verbosity=2)
                                     test_prompt_four_contents (__main__.MyTests) ... ok
test_prompt_four_len (__main__.MyTests) ... ok
test_prompt_one_attributes (__main__.MyTests) ... ok
test_prompt_one_method (__main__.MyTests) ... ok
test_prompt_three_book_is_available (__main__.MyTests) ... ok
test_prompt_three_book_is_not_available (__main__.MyTests) ... ok
test_prompt_three_book_is_not_three (__main__.MyTests) ... ok
test_prompt_three_book_is_not_three (__main__.MyTests) ... ok
test_prompt_three_book_is_not_three (__main__.MyTests) ... ok
test_prompt_three_book_is_not_three (__main__.MyTests) ... ok
                                      Ran 9 tests in 0.006s
         Out[5]: <unittest.main.TestProgram at 0x7f5bc415aba8>
```

M In [ ]: