22.3. Overriding Methods

If a method is defined for a class, and also defined for its parent class, the subclass' method is called and not the parent's. This follows from the rules for looking up attributes that you saw in the previous section.

We can use the same idea to understand overriding methods.

Let's return to our idea of making Cats, Dogs, and other pets generate a string for their "mood" differently. Here's the original Pet class again.

```
Original - 1 of 1
                                                                   Show in CodeLens
 1 from random import randrange
 3 # Here's the original Pet class
 4 class Pet():
       boredom_decrement = 4
       hunger_decrement = 6
       boredom threshold = 5
       hunger_threshold = 10
       sounds = ['Mrrp']
       def __init__(self, name = "Kitty"):
    self.name = name
11
            self.hunger = randrange(self.hunger threshold)
12
            self.boredom = randrange(self.boredom threshold)
self.sounds = self.sounds(:)  # copy the class attribute, so that when we me
13
                             Activity: 1 -- ActiveCode (inheritance_pet_class)
```

Now let's make two subclasses, Dog and Cat. Dogs are always happy unless they are bored and hungry. Cats, on the other hand, are happy only if they are fed and if their boredom level is in a narrow range and, even then, only with probability 1/2.

```
Original - 1 of 1
                                                                Show in CodeLens
                 Save & Run
 1 class Cat (Pet):
      sounds = ['Meow']
       def mood(self):
           if self.hunger > self.hunger_threshold:
                return "hungry"
            if self.boredom <2:
                return "grumpy; leave me alone"
           elif self.boredom > self.boredom_threshold:
    return "bored"
10
            elif randrange(2) == 0:
11
                return "randomly annoyed"
13
           else:
                return "happy"
grumpy; leave me alone
randomly annoyed randomly annoyed
randomly annoyed
randomly annoyed
happy
randomly annoyed
happy
happy
randomly annoyed
happy
                             Activity: 2 -- ActiveCode (inheritance override)
```

You have attempted 3 of 2 activities on this page

22.2. Inheriting Variables and Methods">

heriting Variables and Methods">

✓ Completed. Well Done!

2.4. Invoking the Parent Class's Method"

>