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1/1 point

1.

## Gradient descent for logistic regression

repeat {

$$w_{j} = w_{j} - \alpha \left[ \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} (f_{\overrightarrow{\mathbf{w}},b}(\overrightarrow{\mathbf{x}}^{(i)}) - \mathbf{y}^{(i)}) \mathbf{x}_{j}^{(i)} \right]$$
$$b = b - \alpha \left[ \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} (f_{\overrightarrow{\mathbf{w}},b}(\overrightarrow{\mathbf{x}}^{(i)}) - \mathbf{y}^{(i)}) \right]$$

} simultaneous updates

$$f_{\overrightarrow{\mathbf{w}},b}(\overrightarrow{\mathbf{x}}) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(\overrightarrow{\mathbf{w}} \cdot \overrightarrow{\mathbf{x}} + b)}}$$

Which of the following two statements is a more accurate statement about gradient descent for logistic

- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} The update steps are identical to the update steps for linear regression. \\ \hline \end{tabular}$
- igodesigm The update steps look like the update steps for linear regression, but the definition of  $f_{ec{w},b}(\mathbf{x}^{(i)})$  is

For logistic regression,  $f_{ec{w},b}(\mathbf{x}^{(i)})$  is the sigmoid function instead of a straight line.