Convexity

1 Characterization

Suppose $f: \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}$ is twice differentiable over an open domain. Then, the following are equivalent

- 1. f is convex
- 2. $f(y) \ge f(x) + \nabla f(x)^{\top} (y x)$, for all $x, y \in \text{dom}(f)$
- 3. $\nabla^2 f(x) \succeq 0$, for all $x \in \text{dom}(f)$

여기서 Condition 3은 모든 점에서 non-negative curvature를 가지고 있다는 의미.

- 1.1 Characterization of Strict Convexity
 - 1. $\nabla^2 f(x) \succ 0, \forall \in \Omega$ (The converse is not true)
 - 2. A function f is strictly convex on $\Omega \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ if and only if

$$f(y) > f(x) + \nabla^{\top} f(x)(y - x), \ \forall x, y, \in \Omega, x \neq y$$

3. f is strongly convex if and only if there exists m > 0 such that

$$f(y) \ge f(x) + \nabla^{\top} f(x)(y - x) + m \|y - x\|^{2}, \forall x, y, \in \text{dom}(f)$$

$$\iff \nabla^{2} f(x) \succeq m\mathbf{I}, \forall x \in \text{dom}(f)$$

1.2 When can we assume equal variables?

If the constraints and the function to be optimized are both symmetric with respect to a group of permutations of the variables, then the solution set will also be symmetric with respect to this group.

2 Dual Problem

 $g(\lambda, \nu) = \inf_{x \in \mathcal{D}} L(x, \lambda, \nu)$ is concave and lower bound of the optimal value.

Example

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{maxmize} & & \sum_{i=0}^{m} \mathbb{P}[F(t)=i] \cdot \mathbb{P}[\check{W}(t) \geq v-i] \\ & \text{subject to} & & \sum_{i=0}^{m} \mathbb{P}[F(t)=i] \cdot i \leq 2m \cdot \delta \\ & & & & \sum_{i=0}^{m} \mathbb{P}[F(t)=i] = 1, \text{and } \mathbb{P}[F(t)=i] \geq 0 \ \forall i \in \{0,1,\cdots,m\} \end{aligned}$$

Step 1. Find Lagrangian

$$L(F, \alpha, \beta, \lambda) = \sum_{i=0}^{m} \underset{F}{\mathbb{P}}[F(t) = i](\underset{\tilde{W}}{\mathbb{P}}[\check{W}(t) \ge v - i] - \alpha i - \beta - \lambda_i) + 2m\delta\alpha + \beta \quad (.1)$$

with $\alpha \geq 0, \lambda \geq 0$. Then, $g(\alpha, \beta, \lambda) := \sup_F L(F, \alpha, \beta, \lambda) \geq \sup_{F \in C} L(F, \alpha, \beta, \lambda) \geq f^*$. To drop the first term, add the constraint: $\alpha \cdot i + \beta \geq \mathbb{P}_{\check{W}}[\check{W}(t) \geq v - i] \ \forall i \in I$

$$\{0,1,\cdots,m\}.$$

Step 2. Optimize the Dual function

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{minimize} & 2m\delta\alpha+\beta\\ \text{subject to} & \alpha\cdot i+\beta\geq \underset{\check{W}}{\mathbb{P}}[\check{W}(t)\geq v-i] & \forall i\in\{0,1,\ldots,m\}\\ & \alpha>0 \end{array}$$

Make α, β as small as possible!

$$\begin{split} \beta &= \underset{\tilde{W}^*}{\mathbb{P}} [\check{W} \geq v], \\ \alpha &= \max \left(\{0\} \cup \left\{ \frac{1}{i} \left(\underset{\tilde{w}^*}{\mathbb{P}} [\check{W} \geq v - i] - \beta \right) : i \in \{1, 2, \cdots, m\} \right\} \right) \end{split}$$

where \hat{W}^* is a distribution on \mathbb{R} such that $\mathbb{P}[\check{W}^* \geq v - i] \geq \mathbb{P}[\check{W}(t) \geq v - i]$ for all $i \in \{0, 1, \cdots, m\}$ and all t in the support of T.

Remark. Dual problem을 구하는 과정에서 constraint 추가해도 괜찮음.