The Levy-area process A of a d-dimensional Brownian motion W is given by $A_t^{(i,j)} := \frac{1}{2} (\int_0^t W_u^{(i)} dW_u^{(j)} - \int_0^t W_u^{(j)} dW_u^{(i)})$. It is the unique process (in law) which obeys the following version of Chen's relation:

$$A_{0,t}^{(i,j)} = A_{0,s}^{(i,j)} + A_{s,t}^{(i,j)} + \frac{1}{2} \left(W_{0,s}^{(i)} W_{s,t}^{(j)} - W_{0,s}^{(j)} W_{s,t}^{(i)} \right)$$

for $0 \le s \le t$.

1 Brownian bridge flipping

bsz

$$A_{s,t} = H_{s,t} \otimes W_{s,t} - W_{s,t} \otimes H_{s,t} + b_{s,t}$$

$$H_{s,t} \sim \mathcal{N}^d \left(0, \frac{1}{12} (t - s) \right), \quad H_{s,t} \perp W_{s,t}$$

$$A_{s,t}^{(i,j)} := \frac{1}{2} \left(\int_s^t W_{s,u}^{(i)} dW_u^{(j)} - \int_s^t W_{s,u}^{(j)} dW_u^{(i)} \right)$$

$$\widetilde{A}_{s,t}^{(i,j)} = H_{s,t}^{(i)} W_{s,t}^{(j)} - W_{s,t}^{(i)} H_{s,t}^{(j)} + \widetilde{b}_{s,t}^{(i,j)} \quad \text{where } \widetilde{b}_{s,t}^{(i,j)} \sim \mathcal{N} \left(0, \frac{1}{12} (t - s)^2 \right)$$

$$b_{s,t}^{(i,j)} := \int_s^t B_{s,u}^{(i)} \circ dB_u^{(j)}$$

$$\widetilde{A}_{s,t}^{(i,j)} = c_i H_{s,t}^{(i)} W_{s,t}^{(j)} - c_j W_{s,t}^{(i)} H_{s,t}^{(j)} + c_i c_j \widetilde{b}_{s,t}^{(i,j)} \quad \text{for } c_i \sim \text{Rad}(1/2) \text{ i.i.d.}$$

$$\mathbb{E} \left[\widetilde{A}_{s,t} \mid W_{s,t} \right] = \mathbb{E} \left[A_{s,t} \mid W_{s,t} \right] = 0$$

$$\xi_k = \widetilde{Y}_k - Y_k, \quad A_{t_k,t_{k+1}} \perp \mathcal{F}_{t_k}$$

$$\widetilde{H} \sim \mathcal{N}^d \left(0, \frac{1}{12}\right)$$

$$s = 2^d$$
, $a = \frac{d(d-1)}{2}$, $h = d$, $W \leftarrow (b \times d)$, $H \leftarrow (b \times h)$

$$T = (t_{i,j,k})_{\substack{1 \le i \le d \\ 1 \le j \le h \\ 1 \le k \le a}} \quad \text{where } t_{i,j,k} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } j < i \text{ and } k = a_{\text{index}}(i,j) \\ -1 & \text{if } i < j \text{ and } k = a_{\text{index}}(j,i) \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$M = (m_{l,k})_{\substack{1 \le l \le s \\ 1 \le k \le a}}$$
 where $m_{l,k} = S_{l,i}S_{l,j}$ if $k = a_{\text{index}}(i,j)$

$$S = (x \in \{-1, 1\}^{h, \text{ row}}) \in \mathcal{M}^{s \times h}$$

W.shape = (bsz,w); T.shape = (w,h,a)

WT= tensordot(W,T,dims=1), WT.shape = (bsz,h,a)

S.shape = (1,s,h); H.shape = (bsz,1,h)

SH = mul(S,H), SH.shape = (bsz,s,h)

WTH = matmul(SH, WT), WTH.shape = (bsz,s,a)

M.shape = (s,1,a); B.shape = (1,bsz,a)

MB = mul(M,B), MB.shape = (s,bsz,a)

WTHMB = flatten(WTH) + flatten(MB.permute(1,0,2))

WTHMB.shape = (s*bsz,a)

$$dX_{t} = \mu(X_{t}, t)dt + \sigma(X_{t}, t)dW_{t}$$

$$\hat{X}_{t_{k+1}} = \hat{X}_{t_{k}} + \mu(\hat{X}_{t_{k}}, t_{k}) \Delta t_{k} + \sigma(\hat{X}_{t_{k}}, t_{k}) \Delta W_{k} + 1$$

$$\mathbb{E}X_{i} = 0, \quad \mathbb{E}X_{i}^{2} = \text{ and } \mathbb{E}[XY] = 0 \implies \|X + Y\|_{L^{2}} = \sqrt{2} \|X\|_{L^{2}}$$

$$\theta^{(i,j)} := \int_{s}^{t} W_{s,u}^{(i)} dW_{u}^{(j)} = \int_{s}^{t} \int_{s}^{u} dW_{v}^{(i)} dW_{u}^{(j)}$$

$$A_{s,t}^{(i,j)} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\int_{s}^{t} \int_{s}^{u} dW_{v}^{(i)} dW_{u}^{(j)} - \int_{s}^{t} \int_{s}^{u} dW_{v}^{(j)} dW_{u}^{(i)} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\theta^{(i,j)} - \theta^{(j,i)} \right)$$

$$\|\theta - F(L_{1}(\mathbf{W}), \dots, L_{n}(\mathbf{W}))\|_{L^{2}(\mathbb{P})} \ge \frac{C}{\sqrt{n}} \approx \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\pi \sqrt{n}} \qquad \|A_{s,t}^{(i,j)} - \mathbb{E}[A_{s,t}^{(i,j)} \mid \mathcal{G}_{n}]\|_{L^{2}(\mathbb{P})} \ge \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\|A_{s,t}^{(i,j)} - \mathbb{E}[A_{s,t}^{(i,j)} \mid \mathcal{G}_{n}]\|_{L^{2}(\mathbb{P})} \ge \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\mathcal{I}(h) = \frac{1}{2} (W_{h}W_{h}^{\top} - hI_{d}) + A(h) = (\theta_{h}^{(i,j)})_{1 \le i,j \le d}$$

$$d \quad a = d(d-1)/2 \qquad n = 2dp, \ h = 1 \qquad \dots = \frac{\sqrt{d}}{\pi \sqrt{n}}$$

$$A_{0,t} \stackrel{d}{=} tA_{0,1} \quad W_{0,t} \stackrel{d}{=} \sqrt{t}W_{0,1} \quad \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \quad \times \frac{1}{2} \quad W_{0,\frac{1}{2}} \quad A_{0,\frac{1}{2}} \quad W_{\frac{1}{2},1} \quad A_{\frac{1}{2},1}$$

$$W_{0,1} = W_{0,\frac{1}{2}} + W_{\frac{1}{2},1}$$

$$d \rightarrow 2d \implies \epsilon \rightarrow \frac{\epsilon}{\sqrt{2}}$$

 $C_{\text{GAN,time}} = \epsilon_{\text{GAN}} \sqrt{t_{\text{GAN}}} \quad C_{\text{julia,time}} = \epsilon_{\text{julia}} \sqrt{t_{\text{julia}}} \quad C_{\text{GAN,noise}} = \epsilon_{\text{GAN}} \sqrt{n} \quad \text{where } n \coloneqq [\text{noise size}]$

 $C_{\text{time}} \coloneqq \epsilon \sqrt{t}, \quad C_{\text{true}} \coloneqq \epsilon \sqrt{n} \quad \epsilon_{\text{joint}} \quad \epsilon_{\text{coord-wise}}$

$$C_{\text{julia,true}} = \epsilon_{\text{julia}} \sqrt{n}$$

$$C_{\text{GAN,noise}} = \epsilon_{\text{GAN}} \sqrt{n}$$

$$C_{\text{julia,time}} = \epsilon_{\text{julia}} \sqrt{t_{\text{julia}}}$$

$$C_{\text{GAN,time}} = \epsilon_{\text{GAN}} \sqrt{t_{\text{GAN}}}$$

$$C_{4\text{mom,time}} = \epsilon_{4\text{mom}} \sqrt{t_{4\text{mom}}}$$

$$C_{F\&L,\text{time}} = \epsilon_{F\&L} \sqrt{t_{F\&L}}$$

$$(5)$$

$$C_{\rm julia,true} \approx \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\pi} \approx 0.45$$
 (8)

$$C_{\text{GAN,noise}} = 0.36 \tag{9}$$

$$C_{\text{julia,time}} = 1.38 \times 10^{-4}$$
 (10)

$$C_{\text{GAN,time}} = 1.15 \times 10^{-4}$$
 (11)

$$C_{4\text{mom,time}} = 6.6 \times 10^{-5}$$
 (12)

$$C_{\text{F\&L,time}} = 5.5 \times 10^{-5}$$
 (13)

$$p_1 = 1.5 (14)$$

$$p_2 = 1 \tag{15}$$

$$p = 0.5 \tag{16}$$

where n := [noise size]

$$d_{1\text{-Wass}}(\boldsymbol{x}, \widetilde{\boldsymbol{x}}) \approx$$