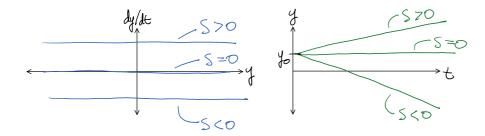
Phase Portraits: Example 3

Friday, July 3, 2020 1:36 PM

ODE and Initial Condition	Fixed Points	Stability
$\frac{dy}{dt} = S$ $y = y_0, t = 0$	S=0; any y	S=0: stable



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- 1) Draw the *phase portrait*. Sketch $\frac{dy}{dt}$ vs. $y(\frac{dy}{dt})$ on the y-axis, y on the x-axis)
- 2) Determine the fixed points.
 - a. Find all the points where $\frac{dy}{dt} = 0$. b. Mark those points on the phase portrait.
- 3) Determine the stability of each fixed point.

 - betermine the stability of each fixed point.

 a. Draw a right arrow (\rightarrow) in all regions where $\frac{dy}{dt} > 0$ b. Draw a left arrow (\leftarrow) in all regions where $\frac{dy}{dt} < 0$ c. Fixed point is *stable* if the arrows converge to the point: $\rightarrow *\leftarrow$
 - converge to the point: \rightarrow * \leftarrow
 - d. Fixed point is unstable if the arrows diverge from the point: $\leftarrow * \rightarrow$
- 4) Draw the anticipated solution based on completed phase portrait.
 - a. y(t) trends towards a stable fixed point
 - b. y(t) trends away from an unstable fixed point
 - c. All fixed points are horizontal lines (by definition, a fixed point doesn't change with time, so that's just a horizontal line).