## **Calculus: Numerical Differentiation, Step Size Exploration**

Consider the function:

$$y(x) = \sin(x)$$

- a) Analytically determine the derivative,  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ . Plot both y(x) and  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  from 0 to  $\pi$ .
- b) At x = 2, compute the numerical derivative using the backward, forward, and central difference schemes. Use a step size of  $\Delta x = 0.75$ . Append these results to your plot from (a).
- c) At x = 2, compute the approximate derivative using the backward difference scheme. Use step sizes of  $\Delta x = 0.1$  to 1 in increments of 0.1. Also compute the *percent error*, defined as:

$$\%error = \left| \frac{approx - exact}{exact} \right| * 100\%$$

Also plot the percent error versus the step size. Then, repeat using the central and forward differences.