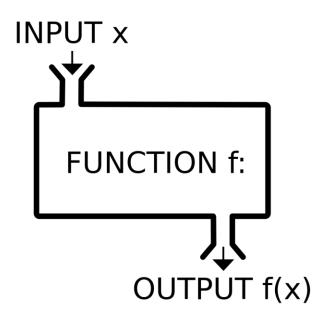
ME 2004

- Two types of .m files: scripts and functions
- Function files perform a task and can accept inputs and return outputs
- Two storage options:
 - At the very end of a script file
 - As a standalone .m file (recommended)
- Typically used to break a large problem into smaller, simpler subparts
 - Basis of modular programming





```
function [out1,out2] = functionName(in1,in2)
% Comments describing the function

code goes here
end
```

• If the function is saved as a standalone .m file, the filename must be the functionName, so choose appropriately!



```
function [perim, area] = get geometry(length, width)
% get geometry: Computes the perimeter and area of a rectangle given its length and
width.
% Inputs:
   length: rectangle's length [m] (scalar)
   width: rectangle's width [m] (scalar)
% Outputs:
   perim: rectangle's perimeter [m] (scalar)
    area: rectangle's area [m^2] (scalar)
% Calculate perimeter
perim = 2*length + 2*width;
% Calculate area
area = length*width;
fprintf('The area of the rectangle is %4.4f \text{ m}^2 \ln n', area)
end
```



Documentation is important!

```
Command Window

>>> help get_geometry
  get_geometry: Computes the perimeter and area of a rectangle given its length and width.

Inputs:
    length: rectangle's length [m] (scalar)
    width: rectangle's width [m] (scalar)

Outputs:
    perim: rectangle's perimeter [m] (scalar)
    area: rectangle's area [m^2] (scalar)
```



 Once functions are created, they are stored in the appropriate ____ folder until called (or invoked)

Calling the function can happen:

- In the Command Window
- In a script (often referred to as a driver script or driver file)

```
Date modified
  Name
                                                         Type
   M Function m Files
                                     6/5/2022 2:26 PM
                                                         Microsoft Power
     get_geometry
                                                         MATLAB Code
                                     6/5/2022 2:21 PM
   🖄 get_geometry_driver
                                                         MATLAB Code
                                     6/5/2022 2:30 PM
Command Window
  >> [perim, area] = get geometry(10,20);
  The area of the rectangle is 200.0000 m^2
fx >>
```



• Functions can have $0 - \infty$ input and output arguments

Use Case	# Inputs	# Outputs
Print text (such as an introduction or usage instructions)	0	0
Print a customized message (such as a greeting)	1	0
Compute a quantity or multiple quantities	1+	1+

```
function print hamlet()
% print hamlet (): Prints the first 14 lines of Shakespeare's famous "to be or not to be" soliloquy.
% Inputs:
   None
% Outputs:
   None
fprintf('To be, or not to be, that is the question:\n')
fprintf("Whether 'tis nobler in the mind to suffer\n")
fprintf('The slings and arrows of outrageous fortune, \n')
fprintf('Or to take arms against a sea of troubles\n')
fprintf('And by opposing end them. To die-to sleep, \n')
fprintf('No more; and by a sleep to say we end\n')
fprintf('The heart-ache and the thousand natural shocks\n')
fprintf("That flesh is heir to: 'tis a consummation\n")
fprintf("Devoutly to be wish'd. To die, to sleep; \n")
fprintf("To sleep, perchance to dream-ay, there's the rub:\n")
fprintf('For in that sleep of death what dreams may come, \n')
fprintf('When we have shuffled off this mortal coil, \n')
fprintf("Must give us pause-there's the respect\n")
fprintf('That makes calamity of so long life.\n')
end
```

Command Window

>> print hamlet()

To be, or not to be, that is the question: Whether 'tis nobler in the mind to suffer The slings and arrows of outrageous fortune, Or to take arms against a sea of troubles And by opposing end them. To die-to sleep, No more; and by a sleep to say we end The heart-ache and the thousand natural shocks That flesh is heir to: 'tis a consummation Devoutly to be wish'd. To die, to sleep; To sleep, perchance to dream-ay, there's the rub: For in that sleep of death what dreams may come, When we have shuffled off this mortal coil, Must give us pause-there's the respect That makes calamity of so long life. $f_{\underline{x}} >>$



```
function make_greeting(name)
% make_greeting(): Prints a greeting given a person's name.
%
% Inputs:
%    name: Name of the person to be greeted (string or character vector)
% Outputs:
%    None

fprintf('Hello, %s! How are you?\n', name)
fprintf('I hope you have a great day!\n')
```

```
>> make_greeting('Jaisohn')
Hello, Jaisohn! How are you?
I hope you have a great day!
>> |
```

end



 When calling a function, you can pass in a variable with a different name because the argument is assigned to the corresponding parameter

```
Command Window

>> zxlskdmkjx = 'John Doe';
>> make_greeting(zxlskdmkjx)
Hello, John Doe! How are you?
I hope you have a great day!
>> second_person = 'James';
>> make_greeting(second_person)
Hello, James! How are you?
I hope you have a great day!

fx >> |
```

• The zxlskdmkjx variable is mapped to the name parameter



To ignore an output, replace the variable name in the function call with a ~

```
[items, \sim, \sim, things] = do_random_stuff(x, y)
```

• 2nd and 3rd outputs of the do_random_stuff function will be ignored



Summary

- Function .m files perform a particular task and are capable of accepting inputs and outputs (unlike scripts)
- Functions are stored at the very end of a script file, or as a standalone .m file (recommended)
- Calling the function can happen in the Command Window, or in a driver script/driver file (recommended)
- Functions are primarily used to decompose a large problem into more manageable chunks (modular programming)