Practical 3

B.1: Procedure of performed experiment

1. Gather TCP/IP configuration information

2. Ping the Loopback IP address of your computer

```
C:\Users\Hp>ping 127.0.0.1

Pinging 127.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 127.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 127.0.0.1:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

3. Ping using names like websites

```
C:\Users\Hp>ping www.w3schools.com

Pinging cs837.wac.edgecastcdn.net [192.229.179.87] with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.229.179.87: bytes=32 time=61ms TTL=54
Reply from 192.229.179.87: bytes=32 time=78ms TTL=54
Reply from 192.229.179.87: bytes=32 time=82ms TTL=54
Reply from 192.229.179.87: bytes=32 time=70ms TTL=54

Ping statistics for 192.229.179.87:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 61ms, Maximum = 82ms, Average = 72ms
```

```
C:\Users\Hp>ping www.sololearn.com

Pinging www.sololearn.com [2606:4700:8d74:a2b5:9d7:8b:ca0d:58a3] with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 2606:4700:8d74:a2b5:9d7:8b:ca0d:58a3: time=368ms
Reply from 2606:4700:8d74:a2b5:9d7:8b:ca0d:58a3: time=83ms
Reply from 2606:4700:8d74:a2b5:9d7:8b:ca0d:58a3: time=81ms
Reply from 2606:4700:8d74:a2b5:9d7:8b:ca0d:58a3: time=224ms

Ping statistics for 2606:4700:8d74:a2b5:9d7:8b:ca0d:58a3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 81ms, Maximum = 368ms, Average = 189ms
```

4. Trace the route to any website

```
C:\Users\Hp>tracert www.w3schools.com
Tracing route to cs837.wac.edgecastcdn.net [192.229.179.87]
over a maximum of 30 hops:
 1
      74 ms
               98 ms
                         2 ms 172.20.10.1
       *
 2
                                Request timed out.
 3
      45 ms
               55 ms
                        56 ms 10.71.2.194
               45 ms
 4
      48 ms
                        36 ms 192.168.70.215
                76 ms
 5
      359 ms
                        81 ms 192.168.70.214
 6
       *
                *
                                Request timed out.
 7
                        77 ms 172.25.50.6
      37 ms
               50 ms
 8
                                Request timed out.
 9
       ×
                *
                         *
                                Request timed out.
       *
                *
                         *
10
                                Request timed out.
                                Request timed out.
11
12
                                Request timed out.
       *
                *
                         *
13
                                Request timed out.
       *
                         *
14
                                Request timed out.
15
     130 ms 201 ms 303 ms 192.229.179.87
Trace complete.
```

```
C:\Users\Hp>tracert www.sololearn.com
Tracing route to www.sololearn.com [2606:4700:8d74:a2b5:9d7:3:ca0d:58a3]
over a maximum of 30 hops:
                                 2405:204:9e:40f:1560:74fa:cfe:8803
        4 ms
                 2 ms
                          3 ms
        *
                 *
                          *
                                 Request timed out.
  2
                85 ms
                         54 ms
  3
                                 2405:200:310:11::3
       92 ms
                                 2405:200:801:200::1ca1
 4
       72 ms
                78 ms
                         73 ms
  5
       68 ms
                48 ms
                         56 ms
                                 2405:200:801:200::1ca0
  6
                                 Request timed out.
  7
                                 Request timed out.
                         45 ms
  8
      243 ms
                99 ms
                                 2405:200:1602:600:49:44:187:2b
  9
       53 ms
                63 ms
                         90 ms 2606:4700:8d74:a2b5:9d7:3:ca0d:58a3
Trace complete.
```

5. Execute other commands to examine a network

PATH PING:

```
C:\Users\Hp>pathping www.sololearn.com
[racing route to www.sololearn.com [2606:4700:8d74:a2b5:9d7:3:ca0d:58a3]
over a maximum of 30 hops:
0 Vidhi [2405:204:9e:40f:907d:9b6c:e46d:26a0]
 1 2405:204:9e:40f:1560:74fa:cfe:8803
 2
omputing statistics for 25 seconds...
           Source to Here This Node/Link
    RTT
           Lost/Sent = Pct Lost/Sent = Pct Address
Hop
 0
                                             Vidhi [2405:204:9e:40f:907d:9b6c:e4
                               7/ 100 = 7%
                               0/ 100 = 0% 2405:204:9e:40f:1560:74fa:cfe:8803
              7/ 100 = 7%
     37ms
race complete.
```

```
C:\Users\Hp>pathping www.w3schools.com
Tracing route to cs837.wac.edgecastcdn.net [192.229.179.87]
over a maximum of 30 hops:
 0 Vidhi [172.20.10.2]
 1 172.20.10.1
Computing statistics for 25 seconds...
                            This Node/Link
           Source to Here
           Lost/Sent = Pct Lost/Sent = Pct
Hop
    RTT
                                              Address
                                              Vidhi [172.20.10.2]
 0
                                0/ 100 = 0%
              0/ 100 = 0%
                               0/ 100 = 0% 172.20.10.1
      19ms
 1
Trace complete.
```

ipconfig:

```
C:\Users\Hp>ipconfig
Windows IP Configuration
Ethernet adapter Ethernet:
  Media State . . . . . . . . . : Media disconnected
  Connection-specific DNS Suffix .:
Wireless LAN adapter Local Area Connection* 1:
  Media State . . . . . . . . : Media disconnected
  Connection-specific DNS Suffix .:
Wireless LAN adapter Local Area Connection* 2:
  Media State . . . . . . . . : Media disconnected
  Connection-specific DNS Suffix .:
Wireless LAN adapter Wi-Fi:
  Connection-specific DNS Suffix .:
   IPv6 Address. . . . . . . . . . : 2405:204:9e:40f:89c0:bd71:93df:ad5a
   Temporary IPv6 Address. . . . . . : 2405:204:9e:40f:907d:9b6c:e46d:26a0
  Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . : fe80::89c0:bd71:93df:ad5a%8
   IPv4 Address. . . . . . . . . . : 172.20.10.2
  Subnet Mask . . . . . . . . . : 255.255.255.240
  Default Gateway . . . . . . . : fe80::c2b:721a:b848:1eec%8
                                     172.20.10.1
Ethernet adapter Bluetooth Network Connection:
  Media State . . . . . . . . . : Media disconnected
  Connection-specific DNS Suffix .:
```

Netstat:

Nslookup

C:\Users\Hp>nslookup www.sololearn.com

DNS request timed out.

timeout was 2 seconds.

Server: UnKnown

Address: fe80::1ca1:71a6:6141:606c

Non-authoritative answer: Name: www.sololearn.com

Addresses: 2606:4700:8d74:a2b5:9d7:8a:ca0d:58a3

172.67.7.142 104.22.10.227 104.22.11.227

C:\Users\Hp>nslookup www.w3schools.com

DNS request timed out.

timeout was 2 seconds.

Server: UnKnown

Address: fe80::1ca1:71a6:6141:606c

Non-authoritative answer:

Name: cs837.wac.edgecastcdn.net

Address: 192.229.179.87

Aliases: www.w3schools.com

Route:

```
::\Users\Hp>route www.w3schools.com
Manipulates network routing tables.
 ROUTE [-f] [-p] [-4|-6] command [destination]
[MASK netmask] [gateway] [METRIC metric] [IF interface]
                              Clears the routing tables of all gateway entries. If this is used in conjunction with one of the commands, the tables are cleared prior to running the command.
                               When used with the ADD command, makes a route persistent across boots of the system. By default, routes are not preserved when the system is restarted. Ignored for all other commands, which always affect the appropriate persistent routes.
                               Force using IPv4.
                               Force using IPv6.
  command

One of thes:

PRINT Prints a route

ADD Adds a route

DELETE Deletes a route

CHANGE Modifies an existing route

Specifies the host.

NASK Specifies that the next parameter is the 'netmask' value.

retmask Specifies a subnet mask value for this route entry.

If not specified, it defaults to 255.255.255.255.

gateway Specifies gateway.

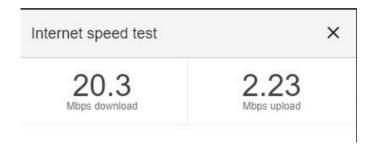
Interface METRIC specifies the metric, ie. cost for the destination.
All symbolic names used for destination are looked up in the network database file NETWORKS. The symbolic names for gateway are looked up in the host name database file HOSTS.
If the command is PRINT or DELETE. Destination or gateway can be a wildcard, (wildcard is specified as a star '*'), or the gateway argument may be omitted.
If Dest contains a * or ?, it is treated as a shell pattern, and only matching destination routes are printed. The '*' matches any string, and '?' matches anv one char. Examoles: 157.*.1. 157.*. 127.*. *224*.
Pattern match is only allowed in PRINT command.
Pattern match is Only allowed in the Diagnostic Notes:
Diagnostic Notes:
Invalid MASK generates an error, that is when (DEST & MASK) != DEST.
Example> route ADD 157.0.0.0 MASK 155.0.0.0 157.55.80.1 IF 1
The route addition failed: The specified mask parameter is invalid. (Destination & Mask) != Destination.
        > route PRINT
> route PRINT -4
> route PRINT -6
> route PRINT 157*
                                                                 .... Only prints those matching 157*
        > route ADD 157.0.0.0 MASK 255.0.0.0 157.55.80.1 METRIC 3 IF 2 destination^ ^mask ^gateway metric^ ^
                                                                                                                      Interface^
            If IF is not given, it tries to find the best interface for a given
        gateway.
> route ADD 3ffe::/32 3ffe::1
        > route CHANGE 157.0.0.0 MASK 255.0.0.0 157.55.80.5 METRIC 2 IF 2
            CHANGE is used to modify gateway and/or metric only.
        > route DELETE 157.0.0.0
> route DELETE 3ffe::/32
```

6. MAC address/ Mobile and laptop speed

LAPTOP:

MAC address: 80-C5-F2-F64A-69

Speed:



MOBILE:

MAC address: 64:A5:C3:55:99:EA

Speed:



2.01 // 11

B.2: Observations and Learning's:

In the above experiment, we learnt various commands that will give us details regarding our network. We found out how a request travels from our devices to the server and back. We also checked the speed of internet of out=r laptops and mobile phones.

B.3: Conclusion:

An error in connecting to a website can be easily decoded using the commands we learnt in this experiment. We can also find the speed of various networks easily.