

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \left[ \frac{\ln(n)}{n+1} \right]_{n=1}^{\infty} \quad a_n = \frac{\ln(n)}{n+1}$$

$$a_1 = \frac{\ln(1)}{2}$$

$$a_3 = \frac{\ln(3)}{4}$$

$$a_5 = \frac{\ln(5)}{6}$$

$$a_2 = \frac{\ln(2)}{3}$$

$$a_4 = \frac{\ln(4)}{5}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln(n)}{n+1} = 0 ; \quad \text{converges}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \left[ \left( 1 - \frac{4}{n+2} \right)^n \right]_{n=1}^{\infty} \quad a_n = \left( 1 - \frac{4}{n+2} \right)^n$$

$$a_1 = \left( 1 - \frac{4}{3} \right)^1$$

$$a_4 = \left( 1 - \frac{4}{6} \right)^4$$

$$a_2 = \left( 1 - \frac{4}{4} \right)^2$$

$$a_5 = \left( 1 - \frac{4}{7} \right)^5$$

$$a_3 = \left( 1 - \frac{4}{5} \right)^3$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( 1 - \frac{4}{n+2} \right)^n :$$

$$\ln a_n = \ln \left( 1 - \frac{4}{n+2} \right)^n = n \ln \left( 1 - \frac{4}{n+2} \right)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \ln a_n = n \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \ln \left( 1 - \frac{4}{n+2} \right) = \infty \cdot 0$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln \left( 1 - \frac{4}{n+2} \right)}{\frac{1}{n}} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\left[ \ln \left( 1 - \frac{4}{n+2} \right) \right]'}{\left[ \frac{1}{n} \right]'} =$$

$$-4 \left( \frac{1}{n+2} \right)' = -4 \cdot -\frac{1}{(n+2)^2}$$

$$\left[ \ln \left( 1 - \frac{4}{n+2} \right) \right]' = \frac{\left( \frac{-4}{n+2} \right)}{1 - \frac{4}{n+2}} = \frac{\frac{-4}{n+2}}{\frac{n+2-4}{n+2}} = \frac{-4}{n-2}$$

$$\left[ \frac{1}{n} \right]' = -\frac{1}{n^2}$$

$$\frac{-4}{(n+2)(n-2)} \cdot \frac{n^2}{-1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[ \frac{-4n^2}{n^2 - 4} \right] = -4$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \ln a_n = -4$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} = \boxed{e^{-4}}$$

③  $\left[ \frac{(n+7)}{(n+8)} \right]_{n=1}^{\infty}$

$$a_n = \left( \frac{n+7}{n+8} \right)^n$$

$$a_1 = \left( \frac{8}{9} \right)^1$$

$$a_4 = \left( \frac{11}{12} \right)^4$$

$$a_2 = \left( \frac{9}{10} \right)^2$$

$$a_5 = \left( \frac{12}{13} \right)^5$$

$$a_3 = \left( \frac{10}{11} \right)^3$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{n+7}{n+8} \right)^n$$

$$a_n = \left( \frac{n+7}{n+8} \right)^n \Rightarrow \ln a_n = \ln \left( \frac{n+7}{n+8} \right)^n$$

$$\ln a_n = n \ln \left( \frac{n+7}{n+8} \right) = \frac{\left[ \ln \left( \frac{n+7}{n+8} \right) \right]'}{\left[ \frac{1}{n} \right]'}^1$$

$$= \frac{\frac{\left[ \frac{(n+7)}{(n+8)} \right]'}{\frac{n+7}{n+8}}}{-\frac{1}{n^2}} \quad \frac{(n+8) - (n+7)}{(n+8)^2} = \frac{1}{(n+8)^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(n+8)^2} \cdot \frac{n+8}{(n+7)} \cdot \frac{n^2}{-1}$$

$$= \frac{-n^2}{n^2 + 7n + 8n + 56} = \frac{-n^2}{n^2 + 15n + 56} = 1$$

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{l} \ln a_n = -1 \\ a_n = e^{-1} \end{array}}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad b_n = (n)^{\frac{4.9}{n}}$$

$$\ln b_n = \ln (n)^{\frac{4.9}{n}}$$

$$= \frac{4.9}{n} \ln(n) = \frac{[\ln(n)]^1}{\left[\frac{n}{4.9}\right]^1}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{n}}{\frac{1}{4.9}} = \frac{1}{n} \cdot 4.9 = \frac{4.9}{n}$$

$$\ln b_n = \frac{4.9}{n}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} b_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} e^{\frac{4.9}{n}} = 1$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad c_n = \ln \left( \frac{2n-7}{9n+4} \right) \approx \text{as } n \rightarrow \infty \quad \ln \left( \frac{2}{9} \right)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} c_n = \boxed{\ln \left( \frac{2}{9} \right)}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad \left[ \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{(n+1)^2} \right]_{n=1}^{\infty}$$

$$a_n = \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{(n+1)^2}$$

$$a_1 = (-1)^2 = 1$$

$$a_4 = (-1)^5 = -1$$

$$a_2 = \frac{(-1)^3}{3^2} = -\frac{1}{9} \quad a_5 = \frac{(-1)^6}{6^2} = \frac{1}{36}$$

$$a_3 = \frac{(-1)^4}{4^2} = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{(n+1)^2} = \frac{0}{(n+1)^2} = 0$$

$$\textcircled{7} S_n = \frac{4^n}{(3n)!}$$

$$\frac{\frac{4^{n+1}}{(3(n+1))!}}{\frac{4^n}{(3n)!}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{4^{n+1}}{(3(n+1))!} \cdot \frac{(3n)!}{4^n} = \frac{4^{n+1}}{4^n} \cdot \frac{(3n)!}{(3n+3)!}$$

$$= 4^{n+1-n} \cdot \frac{3n}{(3n+3)(3n+2)(3n+1)(3n)}$$

$$= \frac{4}{(3n+3)(3n+2)(3n+1)}$$

$$\textcircled{8} \quad \frac{n}{5+4n}$$

Difference test:

$$S_{n+1} - S_n$$

$$\frac{n+1}{5+4(n+1)} - \frac{n}{5+4n}$$

$$= \frac{n+1}{5+4n+4} - \frac{n}{5+4n}$$

$$= \left( \frac{n+1}{4n+9} \right) \left( \frac{5+4n}{5+4n} \right) - \frac{n}{5+4n} \left( \frac{4n+9}{4n+9} \right)$$

$$= \frac{5\cancel{n} + 4\cancel{n^2} + 5 + 4\cancel{n} - 4\cancel{n^2} - 9\cancel{n}}{16n^2 + 56n + 45}$$

$$= \frac{5}{16n^2 + 56n + 45}$$

$$\frac{n}{5+4n}$$

(9)

$$a = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = \frac{1}{2} \left( a + \frac{2}{a} \right)$$

$$a = \frac{1}{2} a + \frac{1}{a}$$

$$\frac{a}{2} = \frac{1}{a}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$a = \pm\sqrt{2}$$

(10)

$$1. \quad a_n = \frac{n-4}{n+4}$$

$$a_{n+1} = \frac{n+1-4}{n+1+4} = \frac{n-3}{n+5}$$

$$\frac{(n-3)}{(n+5)} \cdot \frac{(n+4)}{(n-4)}$$

$$\begin{array}{cc} \textcircled{1} & \textcircled{100} \\ \frac{-}{+} \cdot \frac{+}{-} & \frac{+}{+} \cdot \frac{+}{+} \end{array}$$

$$= \frac{n^2 + 4n - 3n - 12}{n^2 - 4n + 5n - 20} = \frac{n^2 + n - 12}{n^2 - n - 20}$$

$$a_n' = \frac{1(n+4) - 1(n-4)}{(n+4)^2}$$

$$= n+4 - n+4 = 8$$

$$2. \quad a_n = \frac{\sqrt{n+4}}{9n+4} = \frac{(n+4)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{9n+4}$$

$$(a_n)' = \frac{1}{2} (n+4)^{-\frac{1}{2}} (9n+4)$$

$$a_{n+1} = \frac{\sqrt{n+1+4}}{9(n+1)+4} = \frac{\sqrt{n+5}}{9n+9+4} = \frac{\sqrt{n+5}}{9n+13}$$

$$\frac{9n+4}{9n+4} \left( \frac{\sqrt{n+5}}{9n+13} \right) - \left( \frac{\sqrt{n+4}}{9n+4} \right) \frac{9n+13}{9n+13} = \frac{(9n+4)\sqrt{n+5} - (9n+13)\sqrt{n+4}}{(9n+4)(9n+13)}$$

$$3. \quad a_n = \frac{1}{4n+9} = (4n+9)^{-1}$$

$$(a_n)' = -1 (4n+9)^{-2} \cdot 4$$

$$= -\frac{4}{(4n+9)^2}$$

$$4. \quad a_n = \frac{\cos n}{4^n}$$

$$a_{n+1} = \frac{\cos(n+1)}{4^{n+1}}$$

$$\frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} = \frac{\cos(n+1)}{4^{n+1}} \cdot \frac{4^n}{\cos(n)}$$

$$= \frac{\cos(n+1)}{\cos(n)} \cdot 4^{n-n-1}$$

$$= \frac{1}{-1}$$

