A real estate agent want help to predict the house price for regions in Usa.he gave us the dataset to work on to use linear Regression model.Create a model that helps him to estimate

Data Collection

```
In [141]:
          #import libraries
          import numpy as np
          import pandas as pd
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          import seaborn as sns
In [147]:
          #import the dataset
          data=pd.read csv(r"C:\Users\user\Desktop\Vicky\4 drug200.csv")
In [148]: #to display top 10 rows
          data.head()
Out[148]:
              Age Sex
                           BP Cholesterol Na_to_K
                                                  Drug
                    F
                         HIGH
           0
               23
                                    HIGH
                                           25.355 drugY
                                           13.093 drugC
               47
                    M
                          LOW
                                    HIGH
           2
               47
                          LOW
                                    HIGH
                                           10.114 drugC
                    M
           3
               28
                    F NORMAL
                                    HIGH
                                            7.798 drugX
                          LOW
                                    HIGH
               61
                                           18.043 drugY
In [149]:
          #to display null values
          data.info()
          <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
          RangeIndex: 200 entries, 0 to 199
          Data columns (total 6 columns):
           #
               Column
                             Non-Null Count
                                             Dtype
                -----
                             -----
                                             ----
           0
               Age
                             200 non-null
                                             int64
           1
               Sex
                             200 non-null
                                             object
           2
               BP
                                             object
                             200 non-null
           3
               Cholesterol 200 non-null
                                             object
           4
               Na_to_K
                             200 non-null
                                             float64
           5
               Drug
                             200 non-null
                                             object
          dtypes: float64(1), int64(1), object(4)
```

memory usage: 9.5+ KB

```
In [150]: data.shape
Out[150]: (200, 6)
```

In [151]: #to display summary of statistics
data.describe()

Out[151]:

	Age	Na_to_K
count	200.000000	200.000000
mean	44.315000	16.084485
std	16.544315	7.223956
min	15.000000	6.269000
25%	31.000000	10.445500
50%	45.000000	13.936500
75%	58.000000	19.380000
max	74.000000	38.247000

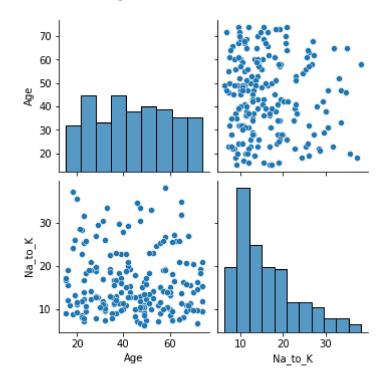
```
In [152]: #to display columns name
data.columns
```

Out[152]: Index(['Age', 'Sex', 'BP', 'Cholesterol', 'Na_to_K', 'Drug'], dtype='object')

In [153]: data1=data[['Age', 'Na to K']]

In [154]: sns.pairplot(data1)

Out[154]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x250f6ecd2b0>



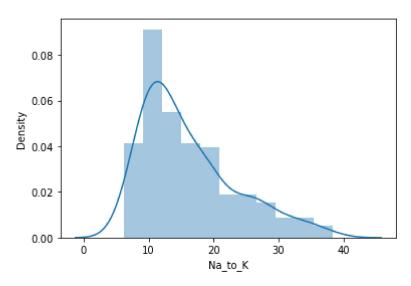
EDA and Visualization

In [156]: sns.distplot(data['Na to K'])

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: Fut ureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a futu re version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for hi stograms).

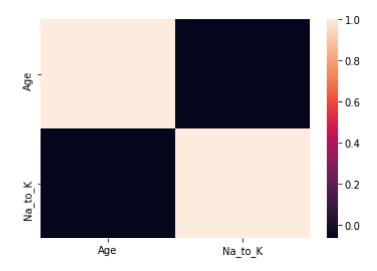
warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[156]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Na_to_K', ylabel='Density'>



In [157]: sns.heatmap(data1.corr())

Out[157]: <AxesSubplot:>



To train the model

we are going to train the linear regression model; We need to split the two variable x and y

```
x=data1[[ 'Age', 'Na_to_K']]
In [158]:
          y=data1["Age"]
In [160]:
          #To split test and train data
          from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
          x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.6)
In [161]: | from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
          lr=LinearRegression()
          lr.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[161]: LinearRegression()
In [162]: lr.intercept
Out[162]: 7.105427357601002e-15
          coeff = pd.DataFrame(lr.coef_,x.columns,columns=["Co-efficient"])
In [163]:
Out[163]:
                     Co-efficient
               Age 1.000000e+00
           Na_to_K -1.237332e-17
In [164]: | prediction = lr.predict(x_train)
          plt.scatter(y train, prediction)
Out[164]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x250f8cce340>
            70
            60
            50
            40
            30
            20
                          30
                                        50
                                                      70
In [165]: lr.score(x_test,y_test)
Out[165]: 1.0
In [166]: lr.score(x_train,y_train)
Out[166]: 1.0
```

In [167]:	from sklearn.linear model import Ridge,Lasso
	rr=Ridge(alpha=10)
	<pre>rr.fit(x_train,y_train) rr.score(x_test,y_test)</pre>
	TT.Score(x_test,y_test)
Out[168]:	0.999997579318577
In [169]:	la=Lasso(alpha=10)
	la.fit(x_train,y_train)
Ou+[160]•	la.score(x_test,y_test)
out[109].	0.998451174724841
In []:	
±11 []•	
In []:	
In []:	
Tn []:	