

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd  
import numpy as np
```

```
create a series and print the output
```

```
In [2]: s=pd.Series([1,2,3,4,5])  
s
```

```
Out[2]: 0    1  
        1    2  
        2    3  
        3    4  
        4    5  
dtype: int64
```

```
create a dataframe with row and columns
```

```
In [3]: s=pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(10,5))  
s
```

```
Out[3]:
```

	0	1	2	3	4
0	0.656109	0.200659	0.061140	0.291621	-1.554581
1	-1.280845	0.777879	-1.011191	-0.765897	-0.651905
2	0.185243	-0.133339	0.747010	-0.619566	-1.001455
3	-0.949411	0.260495	-0.564892	0.456070	-0.088858
4	0.708772	0.914492	0.175782	1.037809	0.166929
5	1.065119	0.569842	-0.908779	-0.998158	0.771977
6	1.113596	0.542488	0.146780	0.015822	1.247468
7	0.680481	-0.365834	1.968470	-1.077360	-1.021815
8	1.236433	-0.470777	-0.550758	-0.652614	0.320818
9	-0.108824	-1.043398	0.052701	-0.461932	0.121185

```
list the table from last
```

In [4]: `s.tail()`

Out[4]:

	0	1	2	3	4
5	1.065119	0.569842	-0.908779	-0.998158	0.771977
6	1.113596	0.542488	0.146780	0.015822	1.247468
7	0.680481	-0.365834	1.968470	-1.077360	-1.021815
8	1.236433	-0.470777	-0.550758	-0.652614	0.320818
9	-0.108824	-1.043398	0.052701	-0.461932	0.121185

list the table from top

In [5]: `s.head()`

Out[5]:

	0	1	2	3	4
0	0.656109	0.200659	0.061140	0.291621	-1.554581
1	-1.280845	0.777879	-1.011191	-0.765897	-0.651905
2	0.185243	-0.133339	0.747010	-0.619566	-1.001455
3	-0.949411	0.260495	-0.564892	0.456070	-0.088858
4	0.708772	0.914492	0.175782	1.037809	0.166929

list all mathematical value

In [6]: `s.describe()`

Out[6]:

	0	1	2	3	4
count	10.000000	10.000000	10.000000	10.000000	10.000000
mean	0.330667	0.125251	0.011626	-0.277421	-0.169024
std	0.868839	0.621251	0.879478	0.696618	0.876136
min	-1.280845	-1.043398	-1.011191	-1.077360	-1.554581
25%	-0.035307	-0.307710	-0.561359	-0.737576	-0.914067
50%	0.668295	0.230577	0.056921	-0.540749	0.016164
75%	0.976032	0.563004	0.168532	0.222671	0.282346
max	1.236433	0.914492	1.968470	1.037809	1.247468

To describe the empty value

In [7]: `s.isna()`

Out[7]:

	0	1	2	3	4
0	False	False	False	False	False
1	False	False	False	False	False
2	False	False	False	False	False
3	False	False	False	False	False
4	False	False	False	False	False
5	False	False	False	False	False
6	False	False	False	False	False
7	False	False	False	False	False
8	False	False	False	False	False
9	False	False	False	False	False

create a data frame with no empty value

In [8]: `df1=pd.DataFrame({
 "A":1.0,
 "B":pd.Timestamp("20230721"),
 "C":pd.Series(index=list(range(4)))
 })
df1`

<ipython-input-8-1f7f2c8d165e>:4: DeprecationWarning: The default dtype for empty Series will be 'object' instead of 'float64' in a future version. Specify a dtype explicitly to silence this warning.

`"C":pd.Series(index=list(range(4)))`

Out[8]:

	A	B	C
0	1.0	2023-07-21	NaN
1	1.0	2023-07-21	NaN
2	1.0	2023-07-21	NaN
3	1.0	2023-07-21	NaN

to describe the empty value

```
In [9]: df1.isna()
```

```
Out[9]:
```

	A	B	C
0	False	False	True
1	False	False	True
2	False	False	True
3	False	False	True

to fill the empty value by constanst

```
In [10]: df1.fillna(1)
```

```
Out[10]:
```

	A	B	C
0	1.0	2023-07-21	1.0
1	1.0	2023-07-21	1.0
2	1.0	2023-07-21	1.0
3	1.0	2023-07-21	1.0

To describe the loc and iloc

```
In [ ]: df1.iloc[3]
```

```
In [12]: df1.iloc[1:3]
```

```
Out[12]:
```

	A	B	C
1	1.0	2023-07-21	NaN
2	1.0	2023-07-21	NaN

```
In [16]: df1.dropna()
```

```
Out[16]:
```

	A	B	C
--	---	---	---

```
In [17]: df1.dropna(axis=1,how="any")
```

```
Out[17]:
```

	A	B
0	1.0	2023-07-21
1	1.0	2023-07-21
2	1.0	2023-07-21
3	1.0	2023-07-21

To display columns

```
In [19]: df1.columns
```

```
Out[19]: Index(['A', 'B', 'C'], dtype='object')
```

To display row

```
In [20]: df1.index
```

```
Out[20]: Int64Index([0, 1, 2, 3], dtype='int64')
```

```
In [ ]:
```