

## Lab 4

## Questions

addnumbers (4)

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1. What will this code output? (First predict, then check!)
  def greet():
    print("Hello!")
  print("What's up?")
   Access this code here
2. Consider the following program:
  def print_greetings(name):
    print("Hello, ",name)
   print_greetings("Pam")
   Access this code here
   (a) What is the argument to the function call? What is the function parameter?
   (b) Modify the program to create a variable, name = "Pam", and send this variable as the argument to the
       print_greetings function. Does sending the argument as a variable affect your program?
   (c) Modify the program once more. Remove the name = "Pam" statement, and add a person = "Pam". Now pass
       person as the argument. Does it matter that the argument variable (person) has a different name than the
       function parameter (name)?
3. The programmer was expecting this program to print 200. What does it print instead?
  def proc(x):
    x = 2 * x * x
   def main():
    num = 10
    proc(num)
    print(num)
  main()
   Access this code here
4. What will be printed by the following program? (First predict, then check!)
   def addnumbers(num1,num2):
    print("Sum is: ", num1 + num2)
   addnumbers(2,3)
5. What will be printed by the following program? (First predict, then check!)
  def addnumbers(num1,num2):
    print("Sum is: ", num1 + num2)
   addnumbers (5,7,2)
6. What will be printed by the following program? (First predict, then check!)
  def addnumbers(num1,num2):
     print("Sum is: ", num1 + num2)
```



7. What will this program print? (First predict, then check!)
def proc():
 name = "Toby"

name = "Taylor"
proc()
print(name)
Access this code here

## Writing Programs

1. Write a program to print the value of gravitational acceleration g on any planet, given values for the planet's mass and radius. Use a function to perform the calculation. The user should input the mass and radius, and then these values should be passed as arguments to the function.

$$g = \frac{GM}{R^2}$$

Where G is Newton's constant:  $G \approx 6.7 \times 10^{-11} \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2 \cdot \text{kg}^{-2}$ . Verify that  $g \approx 9.8 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-2}$  for Earth ( $R \approx 6.4 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$ ,  $M \approx 6 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg}$ ) Note: To input numbers this large and have them successfully convert to floats, use "e notation", so  $6 \times 10^{24}$  becomes 6e24. You are also free to type a 6 followed by 24 zeros.

2. Modify your quadratic equation code to use a function, solve\_quadratic(a,b,c) which takes 3 numbers as parameters and prints the solution to the quadratic equation  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  (you can and should use the code you've already written, just turn it into a function)