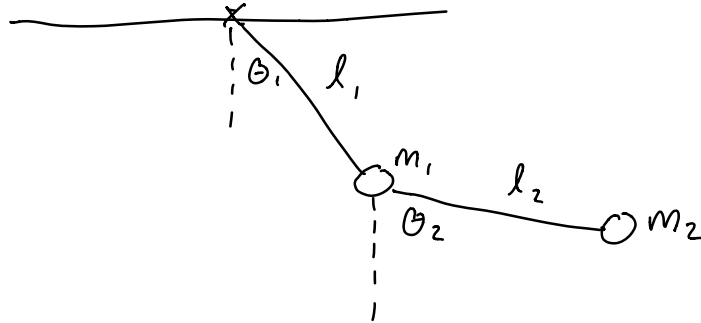


The double pendulum



$$\vec{r}_1 = l_1 \sin \theta_1 \hat{x} - l_1 \cos \theta_1 \hat{y}$$

$$\vec{r}_2 = \vec{r}_1 + l_2 \sin \theta_2 \hat{x} - l_2 \cos \theta_2 \hat{y}$$

$$\vec{r}_2 = (l_1 \sin \theta_1 + l_2 \sin \theta_2) \hat{x} - (l_1 \cos \theta_1 + l_2 \cos \theta_2) \hat{y}$$

$$\mathcal{L} = T - \mathcal{U}$$

$$T = T_1 + T_2$$

$$T_1 = \frac{1}{2} m_1 v^2, \quad v^2 = \dot{\vec{r}}_1 \cdot \dot{\vec{r}}_1$$

$$\dot{\vec{r}}_1 = l_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \cos \theta_1 \hat{x} + l_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \sin \theta_1 \hat{y}$$

$$\dot{\vec{r}}_1 = l_1 \dot{\theta}_1 [\cos \theta_1 \hat{x} + \sin \theta_1 \hat{y}]$$

$$\dot{\vec{r}}_1^2 = l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2$$

$$T_1 = \frac{1}{2} m_1 l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2$$

$$\vec{r}_2 = (l_1 \sin \theta_1 + l_2 \sin \theta_2) \hat{x} - (l_1 \cos \theta_1 + l_2 \cos \theta_2) \hat{y}$$

$$\dot{\vec{r}}_2 = (l_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \cos \theta_1 + l_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos \theta_2) \hat{x} - (-l_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \sin \theta_1 - l_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin \theta_2) \hat{y}$$

$$\dot{\vec{r}}_2 = (l_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \cos \theta_1 + l_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos \theta_2) \hat{x} + (l_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \sin \theta_1 + l_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin \theta_2) \hat{y}$$

$$\dot{\vec{r}}_2 \cdot \dot{\vec{r}}_2 = v_x^2 + v_y^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 \cos^2 \theta_1 + l_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 \cos^2 \theta_2 + 2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos \theta_1 \cos \theta_2 \\ &+ l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 \sin^2 \theta_1 + l_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 \sin^2 \theta_2 + 2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin \theta_1 \sin \theta_2 \\ &= l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + l_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 + 2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 (\cos \theta_1 \cos \theta_2 + \sin \theta_1 \sin \theta_2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{r}_2^2 = l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + l_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 + 2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2)$$

$$T_2 = \frac{1}{2} m_2 \left[l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + l_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 + 2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} T = & \frac{1}{2} m_1 l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 l_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 \\ & + m_2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T = & \frac{1}{2} m_1 l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + \\ & \frac{1}{2} m_2 \left(l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + l_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 + 2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$U = U_1 + U_2 = m_1 g y_1 + m_2 g y_2$$

$$U_1 = m_1 g y_1 = m_1 g \vec{r}_1 \cdot \hat{y} = -m_1 g l_1 \cos \Theta_1$$

$$U_2 = m_2 g y_2 = m_2 g \vec{r}_2 \cdot \hat{y} = -m_2 g (l_1 \cos \Theta_1 + l_2 \cos \Theta_2)$$

$$U = -(m_1 + m_2) g l_1 \cos \Theta_1 - m_2 g l_2 \cos \Theta_2$$

NORMALIZE

$$E = \frac{1}{2} m_1 l_1^2 \omega_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 l_1^2 \omega_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 l_2^2 \omega_2^2 + m_2 l_1 l_2 \omega_1 \omega_2$$

$$-(m_1 + m_2) g l_1 - m_2 g l_2$$

$$\bar{E} = \frac{E}{E_0}, \quad \bar{\omega}_{1/2} = \frac{\omega_{1/2}}{\omega_0}$$

$$\bar{E} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} m_1 l_1^2 \bar{\omega}_1^2 \omega_0^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 l_1^2 \bar{\omega}_1^2 \omega_0^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 l_2^2 \bar{\omega}_2^2 \omega_0^2}{E_0} + \frac{m_2 l_1 l_2 \bar{\omega}_1 \bar{\omega}_2 \omega_0^2}{E_0}$$

$$-(m_1 + m_2) g l_1 / E_0 - m_2 g l_2 / E_0$$

NORMALIZE (CONT)

$$m_1 l_1^2 = I_1, \quad m_2 l_2^2 = I_2$$

$$\omega_0^2 = \frac{E_0}{I_1 + I_2}$$

$$\bar{E} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} I_1 \bar{\omega}_1^2}{I_1 + I_2} + \frac{\frac{1}{2} I_1 \frac{m_2}{m_1} \bar{\omega}_1^2}{I_1 + I_2}$$

$$+ \frac{\frac{1}{2} I_2 \bar{\omega}_2^2}{I_1 + I_2} + \frac{I_2 \frac{l_1}{l_2} \bar{\omega}_1 \bar{\omega}_2}{I_1 + I_2}$$

$$\frac{-(m_1 g l_1)}{E_0} \quad \frac{-m_2 g l_1}{E_0} \quad \frac{-m_2 g l_2}{E_0}$$

$$i_{1/2} = \frac{I_{1/2}}{I_1 + I_2} \quad \mu = \frac{m_2}{m_1} \quad \lambda = \frac{l_2}{l_1}$$

$$t = \frac{1}{2} i_1 \bar{\omega}_1^2 (1 + \mu) + \frac{1}{2} i_2 \bar{\omega}_2^2 + \frac{1}{\lambda} i_2 \bar{\omega}_1 \bar{\omega}_2$$

$$\bar{E} = t - \frac{m_1 g l_1}{E_0} - \frac{m_2 g l_1}{E_0} - \frac{m_2 g l_2}{E_0}$$

$$E_0 = (m_1 l_1 + m_2 l_2) g$$

$$\frac{m_1 l_1}{m_1 l_1 + m_2 l_2} = \frac{m_1 l_1}{m_1 l_1 + \mu \lambda m_1} = \frac{1}{1 + \mu \lambda}$$

$$\frac{m_2 l_1}{m_1 l_1 + m_2 l_2} = \frac{m_2 \frac{l_2}{\lambda}}{\frac{m_2 l_2}{\mu \lambda} + m_2 l_2} = \frac{\frac{1}{\lambda}}{\frac{1}{\mu \lambda} + 1}$$

$$= \frac{\mu}{1 + \mu \lambda}$$

$$\frac{m_2 l_2}{m_1 l_1 + m_2 l_2} = \frac{m_2 l_2}{\frac{m_2 l_2}{\mu \lambda} + 1} = \frac{\mu \lambda}{1 + \mu \lambda}$$

$$u = \frac{1}{1 + \mu \lambda} \left[(1 + \mu) \cos \Theta_1 + \mu \lambda \cos \Theta_2 \right]$$

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$$t = \frac{1}{2} i_1 \dot{\theta}_1^2 (1 + \mu) + \frac{1}{2} i_2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 + \frac{1}{\lambda} i_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2)$$

$$u = \frac{-1}{1 + \mu\lambda} \left[(1 + \mu) \cos \theta_1 + \mu\lambda \cos \theta_2 \right]$$

$$i_1 = \frac{I_1}{I_1 + I_2} \quad \mu = \frac{m_2}{m_1} \quad \lambda = \frac{l_2}{l_1}$$

$$\mathcal{L} = t - u$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} i_1 \dot{\theta}_1^2 (1 + \mu) + \frac{1}{2} i_2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 + \frac{1}{\lambda} i_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{1 + \mu\lambda} \left[(1 + \mu) \cos \theta_1 + \mu\lambda \cos \theta_2 \right]$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} m_1 l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 (l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + l_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 + 2l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2))$$

$$U = -(m_1 + m_2) g l_1 \cos \theta_1 - m_2 g l_2 \cos \theta_2$$

$$\mathcal{L} = T - U$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2} m_1 l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 (l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + l_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 + 2l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2)) + (m_1 + m_2) g l_1 \cos \theta_1 + m_2 g l_2 \cos \theta_2$$

Euler Lagrange

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \theta_1} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\theta}_1} \right) \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \theta_2} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\theta}_2} \right) \quad (2)$$

$$(1) \quad \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \theta_1} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\theta}_1} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \theta_1} = -m_2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - (m_1 + m_2) g l_1 \sin \theta_1$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\theta}_1} = m_1 l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1 + m_2 l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1 + m_2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\theta}_1} \right) = m_1 l_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_1 + m_2 l_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_1 + m_2 l_1 l_2 \left[\ddot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - \dot{\theta}_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + \dot{\theta}_2^2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) \right]$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\theta}_1} \right) = (m_1 + m_2) l_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_1 + m_2 l_1 l_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_2 (\dot{\theta}_1 - \dot{\theta}_2) \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2)$$

(1)

$$(m_1 + m_2) l_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_1 + m_2 l_1 l_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_2 (\dot{\theta}_1 - \dot{\theta}_2) \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) = -m_2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - (m_1 + m_2) g l_1 \sin \theta_1$$

in $(\dot{\theta}_1 - \dot{\theta}_2)$ term $\dot{\theta}_1$ cancels
 \div by l_1

$$(m_1 + m_2) l_1 \ddot{\theta}_1 + m_2 l_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + m_2 l_2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + (m_1 + m_2) g \sin \theta_1 = 0 \quad (a)$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2} m_1 l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 (l_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + l_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 + 2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2)) + (m_1 + m_2) g l_1 \cos \theta_1 + m_2 g l_2 \cos \theta_2$$

$$(2) \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \theta_2} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\theta}_2} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \theta_2} = m_2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_2 g l_2 \sin \theta_2$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\theta}_2} = m_2 l_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2 + m_2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\theta}_2} \right) = m_2 l_2^2 \ddot{\theta}_2 + m_2 l_1 l_2 \left[\ddot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - \dot{\theta}_1^2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) \right]$$

$$= m_2 l_2^2 \ddot{\theta}_2 + m_2 l_1 l_2 \ddot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_2 l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) (\dot{\theta}_1 - \dot{\theta}_2)$$

$$(\dot{\theta}_1 - \dot{\theta}_2), \dot{\theta}_2 \text{ cancels} \\ \div \text{ by } l_2$$



$$m_2 l_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 + m_2 l_1 \ddot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_2 l_1 \dot{\theta}_1^2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + m_2 g \sin \theta_2 = 0 \quad (b)$$

$$(m_1 + m_2) l_1 \ddot{\theta}_1 + m_2 l_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + m_2 l_2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + (m_1 + m_2) g \sin \theta_1 = 0 \quad (a)$$

$$m_2 l_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 + m_2 l_1 \ddot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_2 l_1 \dot{\theta}_1^2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + m_2 g \sin \theta_2 = 0 \quad (b)$$