$$M = G'm_1m_2r^2$$

From notes:

$$\dot{r} = \left(\frac{1}{u}\right)^2 \frac{1}{r^3} - \frac{1}{u} \frac{\partial U(r)}{\partial r}$$

$$\dot{r} = \left(\frac{\lambda}{u}\right)^2 \frac{1}{r^3} - \frac{2}{u} G'm_1m_2r$$

$$\frac{M_1 M_2}{M} = \frac{m_1 m_2}{m_1 m_2 / M} = N$$

a) 
$$\ddot{r} = \left(\frac{1}{\mu}\right)^2 \frac{1}{r^3} - 2GMr$$

b) 
$$0 = \left(\frac{\lambda}{u}\right)^{2} \frac{1}{c^{3}} - 2GMc.$$

$$0 = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 - 2 G' M r_0^4$$

$$\Gamma_{o}^{4} = \frac{1}{2G'M} \left(\frac{\lambda}{u}\right)^{2}, \quad \Gamma_{o} = \left(\frac{1}{2G'M} \left(\frac{\lambda}{u}\right)^{2}\right)^{1/4}$$

Stability Analysis

$$\left( \Gamma_{0} + \Delta \Gamma \right) = \left( \frac{1}{u} \right)^{2} \frac{1}{\left( \Gamma_{0} + \Delta \Gamma \right)^{3}} - 2 GM \left( \Gamma_{0} + \Delta \Gamma \right)$$

$$\left(L^{\circ} + \nabla L\right)_{3} = L_{3}^{\circ} \left(1 + \frac{L^{\circ}}{\nabla L}\right)_{3} \approx L_{3}^{\circ} \left(1 - 3 \frac{C}{\nabla L}\right)$$

$$\Delta \dot{r} = \left(\frac{1}{N}\right)^2 \frac{1}{r_o^3} \left(1 - 3\frac{\Delta r}{r_o}\right) - 26M \left(r_o + \Delta r\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{\lambda}{u}\right)^{2} \frac{1}{c_{o}^{3}} - 2GMr_{o} - 3\left(\frac{\lambda}{u}\right)^{2} \frac{\Delta r}{c_{o}^{2}} - 2GM\Delta r$$

$$= G$$

$$\Delta \dot{r} = -\left[3\left(\frac{1}{A}\right)^{2} + 2GM\right] \Delta r$$

$$= -\left[3\left(\frac{1}{A}\right)^{2} + GM\right] \Delta r$$

$$= -\left[6GM + GM\right] \Delta r$$

$$\Delta \dot{r} = -7GM$$

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No (malize

$$\vec{c} = \left(\frac{\lambda}{\mu}\right)^{2} \frac{1}{r^{3}} - 2GMr$$

$$\frac{d^{2}C}{dt^{2}} = \left(\frac{\lambda}{\mu}\right)^{2} \frac{1}{r^{3}} - 2GMr$$

$$\vec{c} = \vec{c}, \vec{r}$$

$$t = t, \vec{t}$$

$$\frac{d^{2}C}{dt^{2}} = \left(\frac{\lambda}{\mu}\right)^{2} \frac{1}{r^{3}} - 2GMr, \vec{r}$$

$$\frac{d^{2}C}{dt^{2$$

$$F = -G'm_1m_2 r$$

$$[F] = ML = [G']M^2L$$

$$[G'] = \frac{1}{MT^2}$$

$$\left[G'M\right] = \frac{1}{T^2}$$

Choose 
$$\pm^2 = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{\int_{0}^{4} = \left(\frac{l}{u}\right)^{2}}{t^{0}} = \left(\frac{l}{u}\right)^{2}$$

$$\int_{0}^{4} = \left(\frac{l}{u}\right)^{2}$$

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$$\int \frac{d^2r}{dt^2} = \frac{1}{r^3} - 2r$$

$$|-2|^{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$



$$\int_{a}^{2} = \int_{0}^{2} \int_{0}^{2} \frac{1}{t_{0}} dt$$

$$\int_{a}^{4} = \int_{0}^{2} \int_{0}^{2} \frac{1}{t_{0}} dt$$

$$\int_{a}^{4} \left( \frac{t_{0}}{c_{0}^{2}} \right)^{2} = \int_{0}^{2} \int_{0}^{2} dt$$

$$\int_{0}^{4} \left( \frac{t_{0}}{c_{0}^{2}} \right)^{2} dt$$

$$\int_{0}^{4} \left( \frac{t_{0}}{c_{0}^{2}} \right)^{2} dt$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\overline{z} = 1 \\
\hline
0 = \frac{1}{\overline{z}^z}
\end{array}$$

$$E = \frac{1}{2} u r^{2} + \frac{1}{2} u r^{2} \dot{\phi}^{2} + U(r)$$

$$\int = u r^{2} \dot{\phi}$$

$$\dot{\phi} = \frac{1}{2} u r^{2} \dot{\phi}$$

$$\dot{\phi}^{2} = \frac{1}{2} u r^{2} + \frac{1}{2} u r^{2} \dot{\phi}^{2} + U(r)$$

$$\dot{\phi}^{2} = \frac{1}{2} u r^{2} + \frac{1}{2} u r^{2} \dot{\phi}^{2} + U(r)$$

$$E = \frac{1}{2} u \dot{r}^{2} + \frac{1}{2} u \dot{r}^{2} \left(\frac{1}{u}\right)^{2} \dot{r}_{u} + U(r)$$

$$E = \frac{1}{2} u \dot{r}^{2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\lambda^{2}}{u r^{2}} + U(r)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{\lambda^{2}}{u r^{2}} - \frac{G_{m, m_{z}}}{r} = E$$

$$\frac{1}{2} u \dot{r}^{2} - \frac{1}{2} u \dot{r}^{2} + \frac{1}{2} u \dot{r}^{2} \dot{r}^{2} + U(r)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} u \dot{r}^{2} - \frac{1}{2} u \dot{r}^{2} \dot{r}^{2} + \frac{1}{2} u \dot{r}^{2} \dot{r}^{$$

Spring Growity

\[ \frac{1}{z \lambda r^2} + \frac{2}{5} \min\_1 \mathrace{n}\_2 \cdot = E E

$$E = \frac{1}{2} u \dot{r}^2 + \frac{1}{2} \frac{l^2}{u r^2} + U(r)$$

$$t_o^2 = \frac{1}{6'M}$$

$$\frac{\int_{0}^{4} = \left(\frac{l}{u}\right)^{2}}{t^{2}} = \left(\frac{l}{u}\right)^{2}$$

$$\int_{0}^{4} = G'M\left(\frac{l}{u}\right)^{2}$$

$$E = \frac{1}{Z} \frac{u c_0^2}{t_0^2} + \frac{1}{Z} \frac{l^2}{u c_0^2} + \frac{1}{Z} \frac{l^2}{u c_0^2} + \frac{1}{Z} + \frac{1}{Z} \frac{l^2}{u c_0^2} +$$

$$\int_0^2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{g/M}} \frac{d}{dx}$$

$$E = \frac{1}{2} l(G'M)^{2} \dot{r}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} l(G'M)^{2} \frac{1}{7} \frac$$