Baseball

2025-04-11

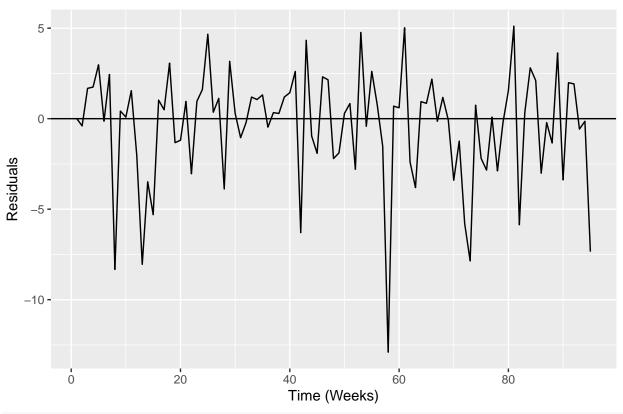
```
# Read in the data we processed/created in Python from the pybaseball library
weekly_data <- read.csv("weekly_data_for_r.csv")

## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'quantmod':
## method from
## as.zoo.data.frame zoo

## Baseline ARIMA(1,1,1) AIC: 491.1741

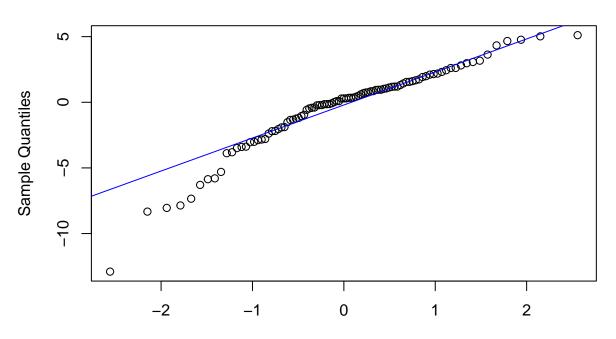
autoplot(residuals(model_baseline)) +
   ggtitle("Residuals Over Time") +
   xlab("Time (Weeks)") + ylab("Residuals") +
   geom_hline(yintercept = 0)</pre>
```

Residuals Over Time



```
# Q-Q plot
qqnorm(residuals(model_baseline))
qqline(residuals(model_baseline), col = "blue")
```

Normal Q-Q Plot



Theoretical Quantiles

```
# With exog featueres
exog_vars <- c("avg_velocity", "avg_release_pos_x", "avg_spin_rate",</pre>
               "avg_pitch_number", "avg_release_extension", "rest_days", "zone_rate")
df_all <- na.omit(weekly_data[, c("K_per_9", exog_vars)])</pre>
y_all <- df_all$K_per_9</pre>
X_all <- as.matrix(df_all[, exog_vars])</pre>
model_exog <- Arima(y_all, order = c(1, 1, 1), xreg = X_all)</pre>
cat("SARIMAX AIC:", AIC(model_exog), "\n")
## SARIMAX AIC: 498.4549
summary(model_exog)
## Series: y all
## Regression with ARIMA(1,1,1) errors
## Coefficients:
##
            ar1
                      ma1
                           avg_velocity avg_release_pos_x avg_spin_rate
         0.0565 -1.0000
##
                                 0.1796
                                                    -2.7910
                                                                     0.0019
## s.e. 0.1148
                  0.0347
                                 0.3952
                                                                     0.0054
                                                     3.0098
##
         avg_pitch_number avg_release_extension rest_days
                                                               zone_rate
##
                   0.0543
                                           -0.7006
                                                      -0.1819
                                                                  -9.3879
                                                                   8.0650
                    1.5177
                                            3.3222
                                                       0.1079
## s.e.
## sigma^2 = 10.03: log likelihood = -239.23
               AICc=501.11
## AIC=498.45
                               BIC=523.89
## Training set error measures:
```

MAE MPE MAPE

ME

RMSE

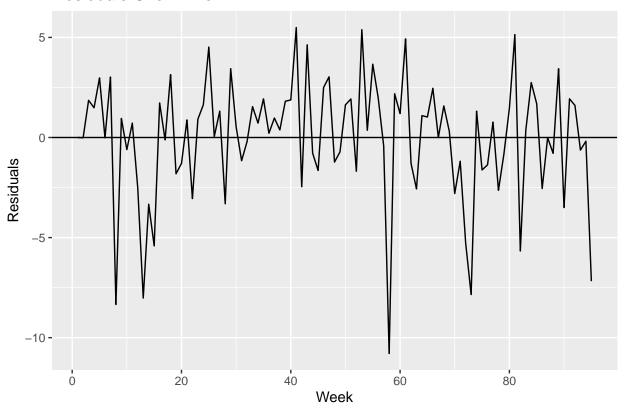
##

ACF1

MASE

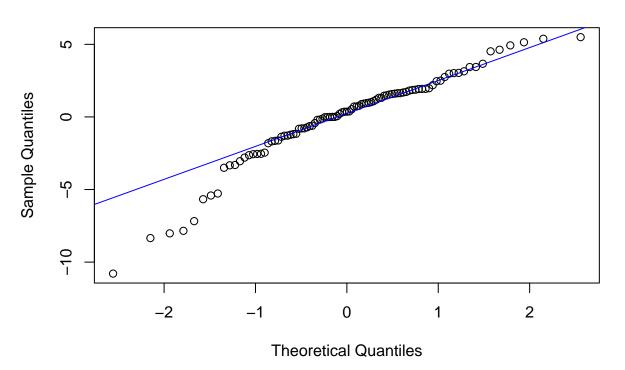
```
## Training set -0.07209907 2.995522 2.187366 -Inf Inf 0.6944949 -0.009612914
# With the promising features
exog_specific <- c("avg_release_pos_x", "rest_days")</pre>
df_sel <- na.omit(weekly_data[, c("K_per_9", exog_specific)])</pre>
y_sel <- df_sel$K_per_9</pre>
X_sel <- as.matrix(df_sel[, exog_specific])</pre>
model_sel <- Arima(y_sel, order = c(1, 1, 1), xreg = X_sel)</pre>
cat("SARIMAX AIC (release_pos_x + rest_days):", AIC(model_sel), "\n")
## SARIMAX AIC (release_pos_x + rest_days): 490.591
summary(model_sel)
## Series: y_sel
## Regression with ARIMA(1,1,1) errors
## Coefficients:
##
            ar1
                     ma1 avg_release_pos_x rest_days
##
         0.0951 -1.0000
                                    -3.7181
                                                -0.1846
## s.e. 0.1084 0.0465
                                     1.5782
                                                 0.1108
##
## sigma^2 = 9.697: log likelihood = -240.3
## AIC=490.59 AICc=491.27
                              BIC=503.31
## Training set error measures:
                         ME
                                RMSE
                                           MAE MPE MAPE
                                                              MASE
                                                                           ACF1
## Training set -0.02621395 3.030981 2.224133 -Inf Inf 0.7061685 -0.01500854
autoplot(residuals(model_sel)) +
 ggtitle("Residuals Over Time") +
 xlab("Week") + ylab("Residuals") +
geom_hline(yintercept = 0)
```

Residuals Over Time



```
# Q-Q plot
qqnorm(residuals(model_sel))
qqline(residuals(model_sel), col = "blue")
```

Normal Q-Q Plot



```
pred <- fitted(model_sel)</pre>
comparison_df <- data.frame(</pre>
  Actual_K_per_9 = round(y_sel, 2),
  Predicted_K_per_9 = round(pred, 2)
print(head(comparison_df, 10))
##
      Actual_K_per_9 Predicted_K_per_9
## 1
                12.60
                                    12.60
## 2
                12.06
                                    12.08
## 3
                14.29
                                    12.44
## 4
                15.00
                                    13.51
## 5
                16.78
                                    13.81
## 6
                14.14
                                    14.16
## 7
                16.71
                                    13.70
## 8
                 6.00
                                    14.34
## 9
                13.50
                                    12.55
## 10
                13.50
                                    14.11
sd(y_sel)
## [1] 3.194137
sd(pred)
## [1] 1.024033
library("Metrics")
##
## Attaching package: 'Metrics'
## The following object is masked from 'package:forecast':
##
##
       accuracy
exog_vars <- c("avg_release_pos_x", "rest_days")</pre>
df <- na.omit(weekly_data[, c("K_per_9", exog_vars)])</pre>
n <- nrow(df)
train_size <- floor(0.8 * n)</pre>
train <- df[1:train_size, ]</pre>
test <- df[(train_size + 1):n, ]</pre>
y_train <- train$K_per_9</pre>
xreg_train <- as.matrix(train[, exog_vars])</pre>
xreg_test <- as.matrix(test[, exog_vars])</pre>
y_test <- test$K_per_9</pre>
model <- Arima(y_train, order = c(1, 1, 1), xreg = xreg_train)</pre>
forecast_test <- forecast(model, xreg = xreg_test, h = nrow(test))</pre>
```

```
cat("Train AIC:", AIC(model), "\n")
## Train AIC: 394.4264
pred_test <- forecast_test$mean</pre>
rmse_value <- rmse(y_test, pred_test)</pre>
mae_value <- mae(y_test, pred_test)</pre>
cat("Test RMSE:", round(rmse_value, 2), "\n")
## Test RMSE: 2.98
cat("Test MAE:", round(mae_value, 2), "\n")
## Test MAE: 2.3
comparison <- data.frame(</pre>
  Actual_K_per_9 = round(y_test, 2),
  Predicted_K_per_9 = round(pred_test, 2)
)
print(head(comparison, 10))
##
      Actual_K_per_9 Predicted_K_per_9
## 77
              10.80
                                  10.11
## 78
               7.94
                                  10.84
## 79
               10.29
                                  11.64
## 80
               12.15
                                  11.17
                                 11.00
## 81
               15.88
## 82
               5.40
                                 10.97
## 83
               10.80
                                  11.30
## 84
               13.50
                                 11.19
## 85
               13.09
                                 11.45
## 86
               8.10
                                 10.82
```