



A graph of a function $y = f(x)$ is shown on a Cartesian coordinate system. The x-axis and y-axis are labeled with x and y respectively. The function is represented by a red curve that is continuous and strictly decreasing. It passes through the x-axis at $x = -2$ and the y-axis at $y = -1$. The curve approaches the y-axis as x increases and approaches the x-axis as x decreases.

$$y = f(x)$$