



# Data Engineering Crontab Schedule

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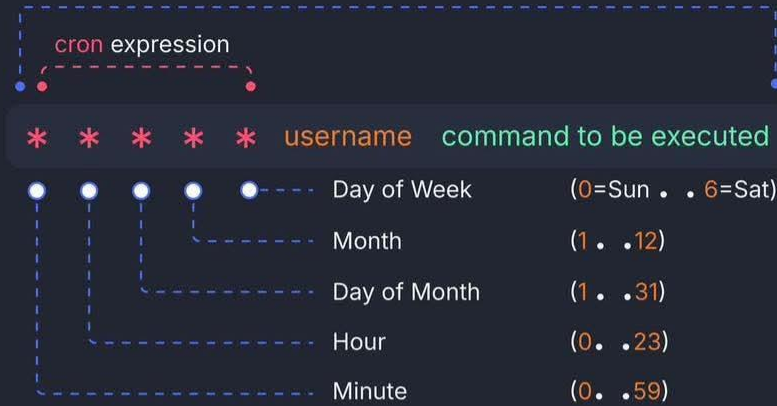
# Crontab vs Cronjob

- A **crontab** is a **file** which contains the **schedule of cronjob entries** to be run at specified times.
  - Crontab is short for cron table. You can think of a crontab as a configuration file that specifies shell commands to run periodically on a given schedule.
- A **cronjob** is basically **instructions** to run a command at a prescribed time.

# Cron Job

3

## CRON JOB



# every Mon midnight  
0 0 \* \* 1 command

# everyday 05:04 AM  
4 5 \* \* \* command

# every Sun 12:05 PM  
5 12 \* \* 0 command

# every year  
@yearly command  
@annually command

# every week  
@weekly command  
0 0 \* \* 0 command

# every hour  
@hourly command  
0 \* \* \* \* command

# every month  
@monthly command  
0 0 1 \* \* command

# every midnight  
@midnight command  
# same as daily

# every day  
@daily command  
0 0 \* \* \* command

# every reboot  
@reboot command

# every 6 hours  
0 \*/6 \* \* \* command

# every 5minutes  
\*/5 \* \* \* \* command



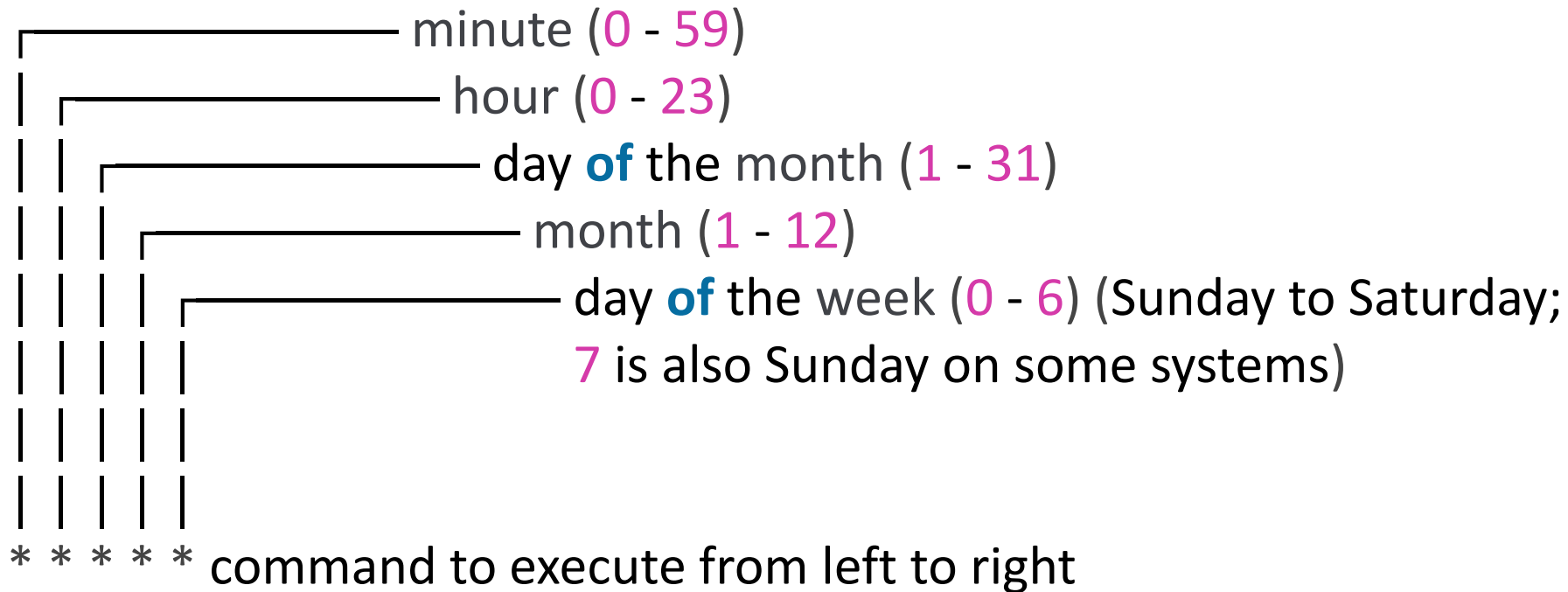
### Operators

*	All potential values in a field
,	List numerios values
-	A range of values
/	Specify a step value for a field
L	Last value, Only used in month and day-of-week field
W	Get the closest weekday from a given time
#	Only used in day-of-week field, followed by a number between 1 and 5.
?	No specific value. Used in day-of-month and day-of-week fields

### Crontab

\$ crontab -e	Edit or create a crontab file if it doesn't already exist
\$ crontab	Display crontab file
\$ crontab -r	Remove a crontab
\$ crontab -u username -l	Display another user's crontab file
\$ crontab -u username -e	Edit another user's crontab file
\$ echo "username" > /etc/cron.allow	Allow specific user to use to crontab
\$ echo "username" > /etc/cron.deny	Deny specific user to use to crontab
\$ crontab -v	Display the last time you edited your crontab file

# Crontab Syntax



- Each of the 5 asterisks represents minute, hour, day of month, month, and day of week.
- Finally on the very right is the actual command to execute.

Source: <https://tonyteaches.tech/schedule-python-script/>

# More Examples of Cronjobs

Description	Crontab Syntax
Every day at midnight	0 0 * * *
Every day at 3:30 PM	30 15 * * *
Each hour	0 * * * *
Monthly at midnight on the first day of the month	0 0 1 * *
Midnight on the 1st ,10th, and 15th of every month	0 0 1,10,15 * *
Every weekday at 8:01 PM	1 20 * * 1-5
Midnight on the 15th of March, June, September, and December	0 0 15 3,6,9,12 *
Every year at midnight on April 25th	0 0 25 4 *

Source: <https://tonyteaches.tech/schedule-python-script/>

# watch

- A Linux command used to execute a program periodically, showing output in full screen.
- By default, the specified command will run every 2 seconds and watch will run until interrupted

## Syntax

`watch [options] command`

## Examples

`watch -d free -m`

`watch -n 1 free -m`

# Watch options

- b, --beep beep if command has a non-zero exit
- c, --color interpret ANSI color and style sequences
- d, --differences[=<permanent>] highlight changes between updates
- e, --errexist exit if command has a non-zero exit
- g, --chgexit exit when output from command changes
- n, --interval <secs> seconds to wait between updates
- p, --precise attempt run command in precise intervals
- t, --no-title turn off header
- w, --no-wrap turn off line wrapping
- x, --exec pass command to exec instead of "sh -c"
- h, --help display this help and exit
- v, --version output version information and exit

# A Very Simple Cronjob Example

```
crontab -e
```

-e here means *edit*

```
* * * * * date > /tmp/test.txt
```

```
watch cat /tmp/test.txt
```

```
Mon Oct 7 12:21:00 CEST 2018
```

```
Mon Oct 7 12:22:00 CEST 2018
```



# Schedule a Python Script with Crontab

```
import random
from datetime import datetime
now = datetime.now()
num = random.randint(1, 101)
with open('/tmp/rand.txt', 'a') as f:
    f.write('{} - Your random number is {}\n'.format(now, num))
```

# Test

```
python rand.py
```

```
cat /tmp/rand.txt
```

```
2018-10-07 12:33:21.211066 - Your random number is 65
```

# Schedule the Python script to execute every minute

```
crontab -e
```

```
* * * * * /usr/bin/python3 /home/pichaya/rand.py
```

```
watch cat /tmp/rand.txt
```

2018-10-01 13:57:31.158516 - Your random number is 27

2018-10-01 14:01:00.175556 - Your random number is 23

2018-10-01 14:02:00.267484 - Your random number is 81

2018-10-01 14:03:00.386802 - Your random number is 85

2018-10-01 14:04:00.504855 - Your random number is 22

2018-10-01 14:05:00.613324 - Your random number is 94

2018-10-01 14:06:00.706200 - Your random number is 45

# Clear out all of cronjobs

```
crontab -r
```

# Data Backup

- เทคนิคการสำเนาข้อมูลจากแหล่งแรกไปยังแหล่งที่สอง
- ทำเพื่อคุ้มครองกรณีเกิดภัยพิบัติ อุบัติเหตุ หรือการกระทำ
- จากผู้อื่นที่มุ่งร้าย
- ป้องกันการขัดจังหวะการดำเนินธุรกิจในองค์กรที่ใช้ข้อมูลใน
- การขับเคลื่อน

# ตัวเลือกในการทำสำเนา

- Removable Media – USB flash drive
- Redundancy
- External Hard Drive
- Hardware Appliances
- Backup Software
- Cloud Backup Service - Backup as a Service (BaaS)

# 3-2-1 Backup Strategy

- สำเนาข้อมูล **3** ชุด – 1 ชุดเดิม 2 ชุดใหม่
- สำเนาข้อมูลไว้ในหน่วยเก็บข้อมูล **2** ชนิดที่แตกต่างกัน
- สำเนาข้อมูลไปไว้ที่อื่น **1** แห่ง

# cp Command Syntax

\$ **cp** SOURCE DEST

\$ **cp** SOURCE DIRECTORY

\$ **cp** SOURCE1 SOURCE2 SOURCE3 SOURCE<sub>n</sub> DIRECTORY

\$ **cp** [OPTION] SOURCE DEST

\$ **cp** [OPTION] SOURCE DIRECTORY

Where,

- In the first and second syntax you copy SOURCE file to DEST file or DIRECTORY.
- In the third syntax you copy multiple SOURCE(s) (files) to DIRECTORY.



# Linux Copy File Examples

```
$ cp file.doc newfile.doc
```

```
$ ls -l *.doc
```

```
$ cp main.c demo.h lib.c backup
```

```
$ cp main.c demo.h lib.c /home/project/backup/
```

```
$ cp * /home/tom/backup # Copying all files
```

```
$ cp -R * /home/tom/backup # Recursive copy, including all its files and subdirectories
```

```
$ cp -i foo bar # Interactive option, get prompt before overwriting file
```

# เอกสารอ้างอิง

- <https://tonyteaches.tech/schedule-python-script/>
- How to Schedule a Python Script with a Cron Job  
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EgrpfvBc7ks>
- Linux/Mac Tutorial: Cron Jobs - How to Schedule Commands with crontab <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QZJ1drMQz1A>

