



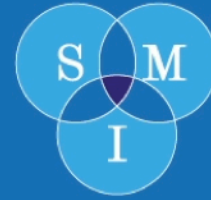
The
University
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Q - Step

**A step-change in
quantitative social
science skills**

Funded by the
Nuffield Foundation,
ESRC and HEFCE



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Learning R is difficult... but worth the investment!

Dr Todd Hartman
Senior Lecturer, Quantitative Social Science
Director, Sheffield Q-Step Centre
<http://tkhartman.staff.shef.ac.uk/>



Brief Biography

Why should you listen to me?

- Teaching statistics 10+ years (yikes!)
 - (Mostly) introductory statistics / quantitative data analysis
 - UG and PG levels
 - To students with range of backgrounds but all R 'newbies' (e.g., 'believers' vs 'skeptics')
 - Made the switch from Stata to R 5 years ago



Why We Teach Our Students R?

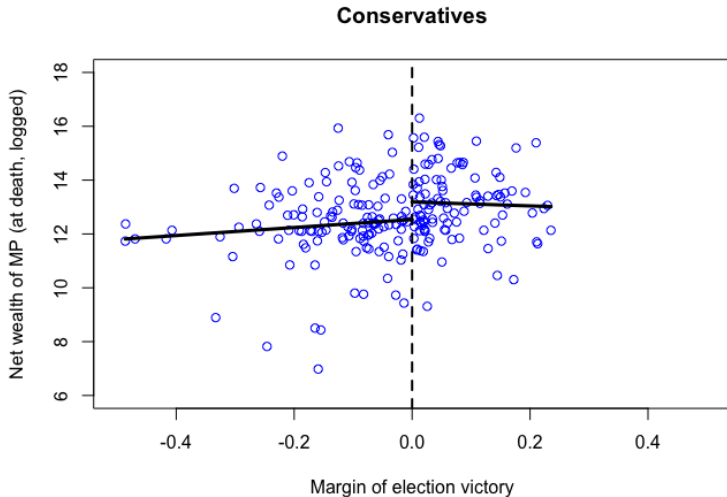
- Top 5 Reasons

1. Powerful, free software with large and helpful user base (e.g., Stack Overflow)
2. Encourages creative problem solving
3. Fosters transparency and the importance of replication
4. Programming is a marketable skill / heuristic (data science / analysis jobs = R & MySQL)
5. We use it to do our own research / consultancy (we're the converted)

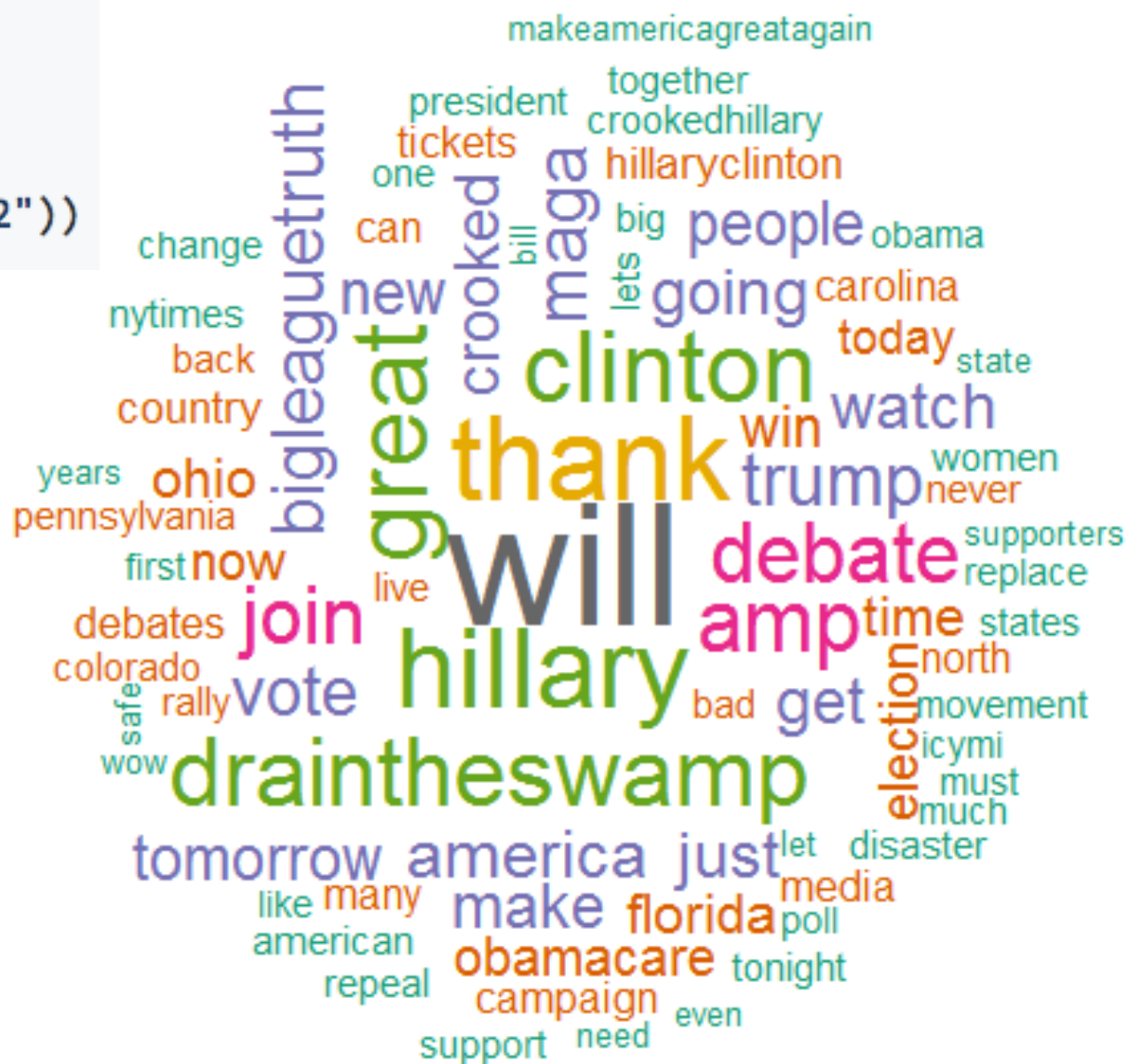
How We Teach R?

Key Concepts: Use Real Data

- Use real data from the social sciences
 - Toy datasets = false sense of security
 - Students need to understand that 90% of data analysis is data cleaning, 10% analysis
 - And like to think that they're doing something important
 - e.g., discovering real relationships in the world
 - Don't reuse the same data over and over
 - Show them where to find it

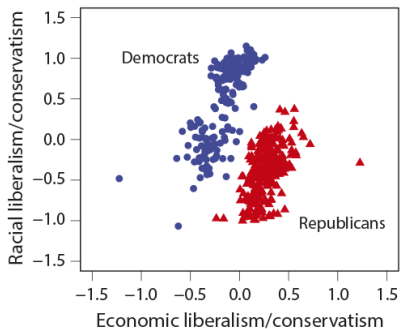



```
wordcloud(words = names(word.freq),
          freq = word.freq,
          min.freq = 10,
          random.order = FALSE,
          colors=brewer.pal(8, "Dark2"))
```

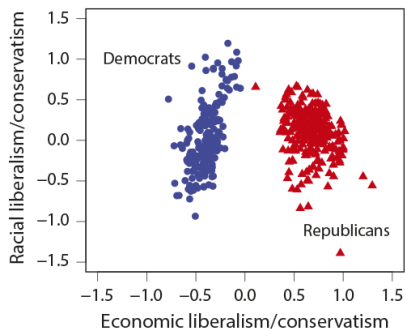


Cluster Analysis

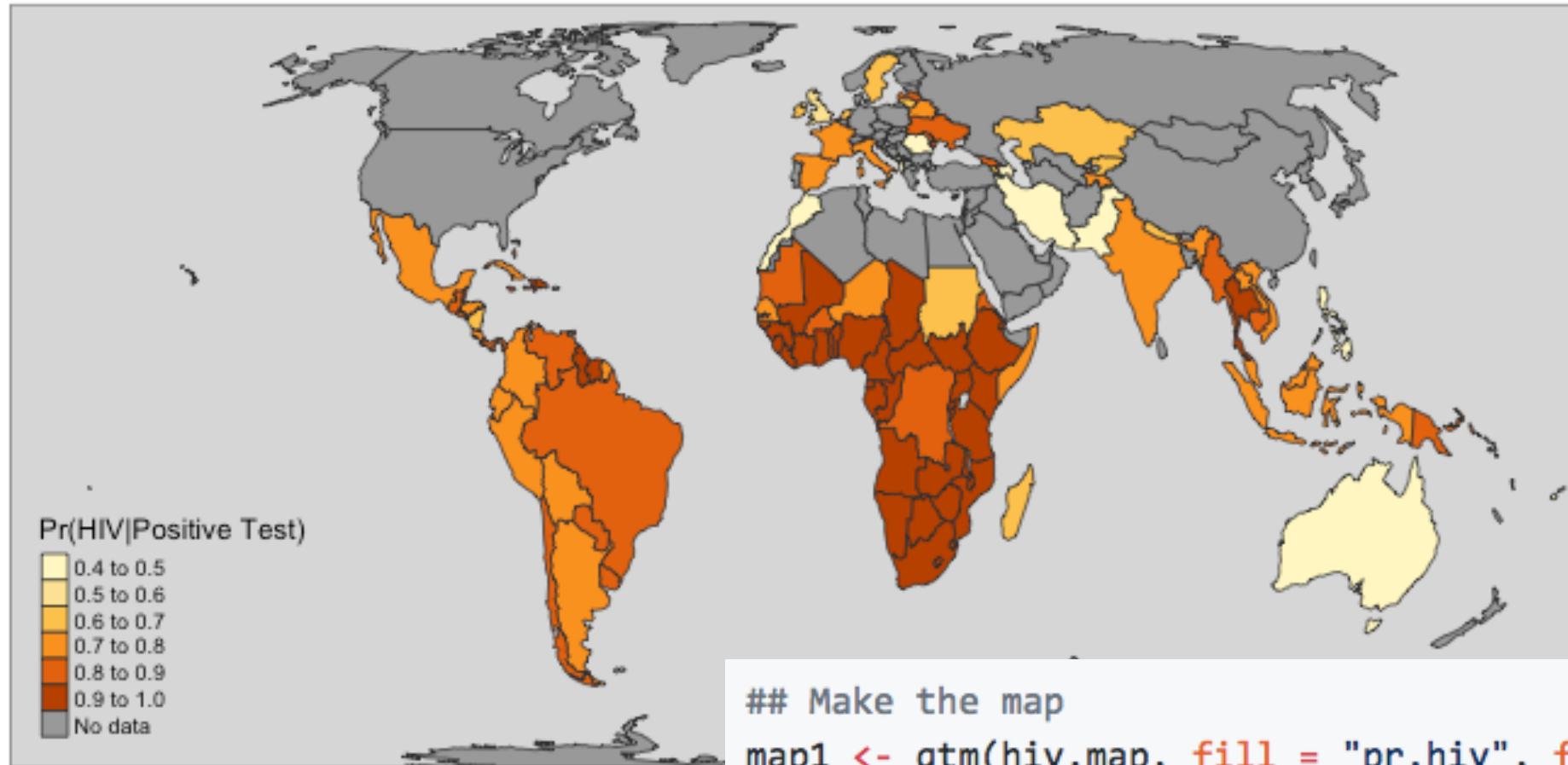
80th Congress



112th Congress



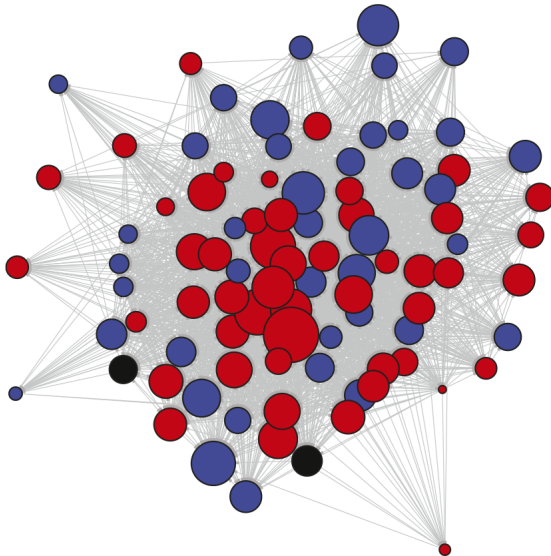
Global Probabilities of HIV Given a Positive Test



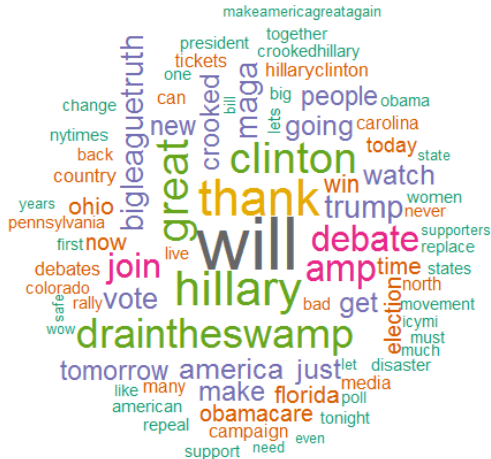
```
## Make the map
map1 <- qtm(hiv.map, fill = "pr.hiv", format = "World",
            style = "gray", text.root = 5,
            fill.title = "Pr(HIV|Positive Test)",
            fill.textNA = "No data")

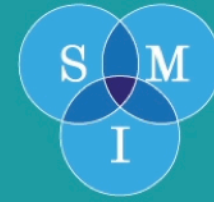
map1
```

Social Network Analysis



Text Analysis





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Quantitative
Social Science
An Introduction
Kosuke Imai

- Find a non-traditional 'statistics' textbook
- Pros: uses real data from published social science research; lots of example code
- Cons: focuses on breadth over depth; for more advanced users (exercises are quite difficult)