Data Standards - TKI Indigenous Genomics

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Introduction

Here we outline TKI Indigenous Genomics groups standards for data storage, access and sharing. Where possible, these standards will align with the The Global Alliance for Genomics and Health GA4GH standards.

Background

Data descriptors & definitions

File type: This is the file format to be typically denoted by the file extension.

Description: A brief description of the file format.

Compression: The algorithm and/or method used to compress the file.

Permissions: The groups and users that have access to the data.

Access frequency: How often this data type may require access. These descriptions are based on a subset of the Google Cloud storage class descriptors.

- Standard: Standard Storage is for data that is frequently accessed and/or stored for only brief periods of time. Standard data files should be able to be regenerated from Nearline or Archive data files without too much time or effort.
- Nearline: Nearline Storage is ideal for data you plan to read or modify on average once per month or less. Nearline Storage is appropriate for data backup and short-term archiving.
- Archive: highly durable storage for data archiving, backup, and disaster recovery. Only used for infrequently accessed data.

Community access: Are their community custodians for these data? If so, who are they?

Identifiable: Could this data be used to identify an individual (YES/NO).

Location: Location(s) where the data should be stored.

Notes: Any additional information that would assist users of the data.

Sample: A sample of the file data with descriptions of each field. Useful if this file type is not a widely used and documented standard.

Whole genome sequencing

4.1 CRAM

File type: CRAM

Description: CRAM supports a wide range of lossless and lossy sequence data preservation strategies enabling users to choose which data should be preserved.

CRAM is the genomics compression standard for GA4GH

Compression: NA Permissions:

Community access:

Location: Notes: When used with a reference genome, this exact reference

genome file should be recorded.

CRAM specification

4.2 VCF

File type: VCF Description: Compression: Permissions: Access frequency:

Community access:

Identifiable: Location: Notes:

DNA methylation

5.1 Raw data

5.1.1 FASTQ

File type: FASTQ Description: Compression: Permissions: Access frequency: Community access: Identifiable:

Identifiable Location:
Notes:

5.2 Mapped data

5.2.1 CRAM

File type: CRAM

Description: Genomic alignments (typically). CRAM supports a wide range of lossless and lossy sequence data preservation strategies enabling users to choose which data should be preserved. CRAM is the genomics compression standard

for GA4GH

Compression: NA Permissions:

Community access:

Location: Notes: When used with a reference genome, this exact reference

genome file should be recorded.

CRAM specification

5.3 Processed data

5.3.1 CGmap

File type: CGmap

Description: TSV file of stranded pileup base calls for cytosine positions in the reference genome DNA methylation data. **Compression:** gzip **Permissions:**

Access frequency: Community access:

Identifiable: Location:

Notes: This file type is output from BSSeeker2 and used by CGmap tools

Sample:

```
chr1 G 3000851 CHH CC 0.1 1 10
chr1 C 3001624 CHG CA 0.0 0 9
chr1 C 3001631 CG CG 1.0 5 5
```

Format descriptions (columns):

- (1) chromosome \
- (2) nucleotide on Watson (+) strand \
- (3) position \
- (4) context (CG/CHG/CHH) \
- (5) dinucleotide-context (CA/CC/CG/CT) \
- (6) methylation-level = $\#_of_C / (\#_of_C + \#_of_T) \setminus$
- (7) #_of_C (methylated C, the count of reads showing C here) \
- (8) = #_of_C + #_of_T (all Cytosines, the count of reads showing C or T here)

5.3.2 ATCGmap

File type: ATCGmap

Description: TSV file of stranded pileup base calls for DNA methylation data.

Compression: gzip

```
Permissions:
Access frequency:
Community access:
Identifiable: YES
Location:
Notes: This file type is output from BSSeeker2 and used by CGmap tools
Sample:
chr1
        Τ
            3009410 -- --
                                10 0
                                                                 0
                                                                     na
chr1
        С
            3009411 CHH CC
                                10 0
                                             0
                                                 0
                                                     0
                                                             0
                                                                 0
                                                                     0.0
chr1
        C
            3009412 CHG CC
                                10 0
                                                 0
                                                                     0.0
        C
                                10 50 0
                                                 0
                                                             0
chr1
            3009413 CG CG 0
                                             0
                                                     0
                                                                     0.83
Format descriptions (columns):
(1) chromosome \
(2) nucleotide on Watson (+) strand \
(3) position \
(4) context (CG/CHG/CHH) \
(5) dinucleotide-context (CA/CC/CG/CT) \
(6) - (10) plus strand \
(6) # of reads from Watson strand mapped here, support A on Watson strand \
(7) # of reads from Watson strand mapped here, support T on Watson strand \
(8) # of reads from Watson strand mapped here, support C on Watson strand \
(9) # of reads from Watson strand mapped here, support G on Watson strand \
(10) # of reads from Watson strand mapped here, support N \
(11) - (15) minus strand \
(11) # of reads from Crick strand mapped here, support A on Watson strand and T on Crick strand \
(12) # of reads from Crick strand mapped here, support T on Watson strand and A on Crick strand
(13) # of reads from Crick strand mapped here, support C on Watson strand and G on Crick strand
(14) # of reads from Crick strand mapped here, support G on Watson strand and C on Crick strand \
(15) # of reads from Crick strand mapped here, support N \setminus
(16) methylation_level = #C/(#C+#T) = C8/(C7+C8) for Watson strand, =C14/(C11+C14) for Crick strand
"nan" means none reads support C/T at this position. \
```

5.3.3 Bigwig

File type: Bigwig
Description:
Compression:
Permissions:
Access frequency:
Community access:

Identifiable: Location: Notes:

How to contribute

Lorem ipsum