Package 'ikde'

December 14, 2018

Title	Iterative	Kernel	Density	Estimation
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Version 0.0.1

Description Estimation of model marginal likelihoods for Bayesian model selection using iterative kernel density estimation. A multitude of methods exist for performing model selection in general and estimating marginal likelihood in specific, but none are partically well-suited to large models (such as Gaussian processes) applied to relatively limited datasets. Methods are provided to specific and construct Stan models, estimate those models, and estimate the marginal likelihood of those models.

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build.model Build Stan model

Description

Builds and compiles a defined Stan model

Usage

Index

build.model(ikde.model)

Arguments

ikde.model An object of class ikde.model

Details

Builds Stan model using defined ikde.model, then compiles the model and stores DSO for fast running.

Value

Returns an ikde.model object with the following elements

data A list of data passed to the Stan program

transformed.data

A list describing data transformations for the Stan program to perform

parameters A list of parameters used in the Stan program

transformed.parameters

A list describing parameter transformations for the Stan program to perform

model A list describing the Stan model

stan.code Stan code for the model

stan.data Data passed to Stan for estimation

stan.dso DSO for Stan model, allows Stan to run model without recompilation

built Boolean indicating whether the model has been built

density.variable

List containing two elements: "name" of the variable on which density estimation should be performed on, and "value" indicating the value the density should be estimated

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Examples

create.restricted.models

Creates restricted models for IKDE

Description

Creates set of restricted models to be used for posterior density estimation

Usage

```
create.restricted.models(ikde.model, eval.point)
```

Arguments

ikde.model

An object of class ikde.model, does not necessarily have to be built

Details

Posterior density can be estimated by breaking the multi-dimensional density into one-dimensional components. This method creates restricted models from which conditional densities can be estimated. Each real parameter and each entry of vector parameters are restricted one at a time, with values restricted at the specified point.

Value

Returns a list of built ikde.models for each restricted model

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Examples

```
data(lm.generated)
X <- lm.generated$X
y <- lm.generated$y
data <- list(N = list("int<lower=1>", nrow(X)),
             k = list("int<lower=1>", ncol(X)),
             X = list("matrix[N, k]", X),
             y = list("vector[N]", y))
parameters <- list(beta = "vector[k]",</pre>
                   sigma = "real<lower=0>")
model <- list(priors = c("beta ~ normal(0, 10)",</pre>
                         "sigma ~ inv_gamma(1, 1)"),
              likelihood = c("y ~ normal(X * beta, sigma)"))
ikde.model <- define.model(data, parameters, model)</pre>
eval.point \leftarrow list(beta = c(1, 2, 3, 4),
                   sigma = 5)
ikde.model.list <- create.restricted.models(ikde.model, eval.point)</pre>
for (restricted.ikde.model in ikde.model.list){
  cat(restricted.ikde.model$stan.code)
  cat("-----
                        ----\n")
```

define.model

Define Stan model

Description

Defines Stan model, creates model code, and stores input data

Usage

```
define.model(data, parameters, model, transformed.data = list(),
  transformed.parameters = list())
```

Arguments

data A list of data passed to the Stan program. Should be of the form list(data.name

= list(data.type, data.object)).

parameters A list of parameters used in the Stan program. Should be of the form list(parameter.name

= parameter.type).

model A list describing the Stan model. Should be a list with components "priors" and

"likelihood".

transformed.data

A list describing data transformations for the Stan program to perform. Should be of the form list(variable.name = list(variable.type, variable.expression)).

transformed.parameters

A list describing parameter transformations for the Stan program to perform. Should be of the form list(variable.name = list(variable.type, variable.expression)).

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Details

Defines inputs to be used for building and eventually fitting Stan model.

Value

Returns an ikde.model object with the following elements

data A list of data passed to the Stan program

transformed.data

A list describing data transformations for the Stan program to perform

parameters A list of parameters used in the Stan program

transformed.parameters

A list describing parameter transformations for the Stan program to perform

model A list describing the Stan model

stan.code Stan code for the model

stan.data Data passed to Stan for estimation

stan.dso DSO for Stan model, allows Stan to run model without recompilation

built Boolean indicating whether the model has been built

density.variable

List containing two elements: "name" of the variable on which density estimation should be performed on, and "value" indicating the value the density should be estimated

Examples

evaluate.expression

Evaluate expression from Stan program

Description

Evaluate expression from Stan program

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Usage

```
evaluate.expression(stan.expression, ...)
```

Arguments

```
stan.expression
```

String representing Stan expression. All variables must be passed in

Any variables present in the parent environment that are needed to evaluate stan.expression

Details

First, all variables specified in ... are loaded into the environment. Then, all multipliction is replaced by

Value

The result of the Stan expression

Examples

```
X <- matrix(1:9, nrow = 3)
b <- c(4, 5, 6)
stan.expression <- "(3 + 2) * X * (5 * b)"
# These results match:
evaluate.expression(stan.expression)
print((3 + 2) * X %*% (5 * b))
# [,1]
# [1,] 1650
# [2,] 2025
# [3,] 2400</pre>
```

evaluate.likelihood

Stan model likelihood evaluation

Description

Evaluates likelihood of Stan model at specified evaluation point

Usage

```
evaluate.likelihood(ikde.model, eval.point)
```

Arguments

ikde.model An object of class ikde.model which has been builteval.point A list of parameter names and the point to evaluate priors

Details

Parses sampling statements in ikde.model\$model\$likelihood and evaluates them at the specified evaluation point.

Value

A real number indicating value of the log-likelihood at the evaluation point

Examples

```
data(lm.generated)
X <- lm.generated$X</pre>
y <- lm.generated$y
data <- list(N = list("int<lower=1>", nrow(X)),
              k = list("int < lower = 1 > ", ncol(X)),
              X = list("matrix[N, k]", X),
              y = list("vector[N]", y))
parameters <- list(beta = "vector[k]",</pre>
                    sigma = "real<lower=0>")
model \leftarrow list(priors = c("beta \sim normal(0, 10)",
                           "sigma ~ inv_gamma(1, 1)"),
               likelihood = c("y ~ normal(X * beta, sigma)"))
ikde.model <- define.model(data, parameters, model)</pre>
ikde.model <- build.model(ikde.model)</pre>
eval.point \leftarrow list(beta = c(1, 2, 3, 4), sigma = 5)
# These results match:
evaluate.likelihood(ikde.model, eval.point)
sum(dnorm(y, X %*% eval.point$beta, eval.point$sigma, log = TRUE))
# [1] -1054.093
```

```
evaluate.marginal.likelihood
```

Stan model marginal likelihood evaluation

Description

Evaluates marginal likelihood of Stan model at the posterior mean

Usage

```
evaluate.marginal.likelihood(ikde.model, burn.iter = 1000,
    sample.iter = 1000, control = NULL, refresh = NULL,
    display.output = FALSE, show.trace = FALSE)
```

Arguments

ikde.model An object of class ikde.model, does not necessarily have to be built

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Details

Uses evaluate.likelihood, evaluate.priors, and evaluate.posterior to form an estimate of marginal likelihood at the posterior mean.

Value

A real number indicating value of the log-marginal-likelihood at the posterior mean

Examples

evaluate.posterior

Stan model posterior evaluation

Description

Evaluates posterior of Stan model at the posterior mean

Usage

```
evaluate.posterior(ikde.model, eval.point, burn.iter = 1000,
  sample.iter = 1000, control = NULL, refresh = NULL,
  display.output = FALSE, show.trace = FALSE)
```

Arguments

ikde.model An object of class ikde.model, does not necessarily have to be built

Details

Uses list of ikde.model objects created by create.restricted.models to estimate posterior density. Each ikde.model is fit, then conditional posterior density is estimated at the specified point.

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Value

A real number indicating value of the log-posterior at the posterior mean

Examples

```
data(lm.generated)
X <- lm.generated$X</pre>
y <- lm.generated$y
data <- list(N = list("int<lower=1>", nrow(X)),
              k = list("int<lower=1>", ncol(X)),
              X = list("matrix[N, k]", X),
              y = list("vector[N]", y))
parameters <- list(beta = "vector[k]",</pre>
                     sigma = "real<lower=0>")
model <- list(priors = c("beta ~ normal(0, 10)",</pre>
               "sigma ~ inv_gamma(1, 1)"),
likelihood = c("y ~ normal(X * beta, sigma)"))
ikde.model <- define.model(data, parameters, model)</pre>
ikde.model <- build.model(ikde.model)</pre>
stan.fit <- fit.model(ikde.model)</pre>
stan.extract <- rstan::extract(stan.fit)</pre>
eval.point <- list(beta = apply(stan.extract$beta, 2, mean),</pre>
                     sigma = mean(stan.extract$sigma))
evaluate.posterior(ikde.model, eval.point) # Only an estimation, may not exactly match presented result
# [1] -39.95366
```

evaluate.priors

Stan model prior evaluation

Description

Evaluates prior of Stan model at specified evaluation point

Usage

```
evaluate.priors(ikde.model, eval.point)
```

Arguments

ikde.model An object of class ikde.model which has been builteval.point A list of parameter names and the point to evaluate priors

Details

Parses sampling statements in ikde.model\$model\$priors and evaluates them at the specified evaluation point.

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Value

A real number indicating value of the log-prior at the evaluation point

Examples

```
data(lm.generated)
X <- lm.generated$X</pre>
y <- lm.generated$y
data <- list(N = list("int<lower=1>", nrow(X)),
             k = list("int<lower=1>", ncol(X)),
             X = list("matrix[N, k]", X),
             y = list("vector[N]", y))
parameters <- list(beta = "vector[k]",</pre>
                    sigma = "real<lower=0>")
model <- list(priors = c("beta ~ normal(0, 10)",</pre>
                           "sigma ~ inv_gamma(1, 1)"),
               likelihood = c("y ~ normal(X * beta, sigma)"))
ikde.model <- define.model(data, parameters, model)</pre>
ikde.model <- build.model(ikde.model)</pre>
eval.point \leftarrow list(beta = c(1, 2, 3, 4), sigma = 5)
# These results match:
evaluate.priors(ikde.model, eval.point)
sum(dnorm(eval.point$beta, 0, 10, log = TRUE),
    invgamma::dinvgamma(eval.point$sigma, 1, 1, log = TRUE))
# [1] -16.45497
```

evaluate.statement

Evaluate sampling statement from Stan program

Description

Evaluate sampling statement from Stan program

Usage

```
evaluate.statement(statement, ikde.model, eval.point)
```

Arguments

statement A string containing a sampling statement
ikde.model An object of class ikde.model, which has been built
eval.point A list of parameter names and the point to evaluate the statement

Details

Parses the given sampling statement and evaluates it at the specified evaluation point. The ikde.model object and eval.point object are needed to resolve variable values in the statement.

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Value

A real number indicating value of the log-density of the statement at the evaluation point

Examples

```
data(lm.generated)
X <- lm.generated$X</pre>
y <- lm.generated$y
data <- list(N = list("int<lower=1>", nrow(X)),
              k = list("int<lower=1>", ncol(X)),
             X = list("matrix[N, k]", X),
             y = list("vector[N]", y))
parameters <- list(beta = "vector[k]",</pre>
                    sigma = "real<lower=0>")
model <- list(priors = c("beta ~ normal(0, 10)",</pre>
                           "sigma ~ inv_gamma(1, 1)"),
               likelihood = c("y ~ normal(X * beta, sigma)"))
ikde.model <- define.model(data, parameters, model)</pre>
ikde.model <- build.model(ikde.model)</pre>
statement <- ikde.model$model$likelihood[1]</pre>
eval.point \leftarrow list(beta = c(1, 2, 3, 4), sigma = 5)
# These results match:
evaluate.statement(statement, ikde.model, eval.point)
sum(dnorm(y, mean = X %*% eval.point$beta, sd = eval.point$sigma, log = TRUE))
# [1] -1054.093
```

fit.model

Fits Stan model

Description

Uses a built ikde.model to draw samples from posterior distribution using Stan.

Usage

```
fit.model(ikde.model, burn.iter = 1000, sample.iter = 1000,
  chains = 1, control = NULL, refresh = NULL,
  display.output = FALSE)
```

Arguments

ikde.model

An object of class ikde.model which has been built

Details

Takes a built ikde.model object, which contains model DSO, and fits the model using rstan::stan.

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Value

An object of S4 class stanfit. See rstan::stan for more details.

Examples

```
data(lm.generated)
X <- lm.generated$X</pre>
y <- lm.generated$y
data <- list(N = list("int<lower=1>", nrow(X)),
              k = list("int<lower=1>", ncol(X)),
X = list("matrix[N, k]", X),
              y = list("vector[N]", y))
parameters <- list(beta = "vector[k]",</pre>
                     sigma = "real<lower=0>")
model \leftarrow list(priors = c("beta \sim normal(0, 10)",
                            "sigma ~ inv_gamma(1, 1)"),
               likelihood = c("y ~ normal(X * beta, sigma)"))
ikde.model <- define.model(data, parameters, model)</pre>
ikde.model <- build.model(ikde.model)</pre>
stan.fit <- fit.model(ikde.model)</pre>
stan.extract <- extract(stan.fit)</pre>
print(apply(stan.extract$beta, 2, mean)) # Only an estimation, may not exactly match presented result
# [1] 3.236087 1.629510 4.496279 1.211404
```

lm.generated

Randomly generated multivariate linear model data

Description

A dataset for estimation of linear models

Usage

lm.generated

Format

A list with two components:

- **X** Matrix of independent variables
- y Vector of dependent variable observations

Details

Generated with the following code:

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```
set.seed(100)

N <- 100
k <- 4
sd <- 10

X <- cbind(1, matrix(runif(N * (k - 1), -10, 10), ncol = k - 1))
beta <- runif(k, -5, 5)
y <- X
y <- c(y)</pre>
```

prostatic.nodes

Prostatic nodal development data

Description

A dataset replicated from Chib (1995) indicating presence of prostatic nodal development among patients prostate cancer

Usage

```
prostatic.nodes
```

Format

A data frame with 53 observations of 7 variables:

Case Patient identifier

- y Binary outcome indicating nodal development
- X.1 Explanatory variable
- X.2 Explanatory variable
- X.3 Binary explanatory variable
- X.4 Binary explanatory variable
- X.5 Binary explanatory variable

Details

These data were replicated from Chib (1995)

References

Chib S (1995). "Marginal likelihood from the Gibbs output." *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, **90**(432), 1313–1321.

stan.dist.to.r.dist Mapping between Stan and R distribution functions

Description

Mapping between Stan and R distribution functions

Usage

```
stan.dist.to.r.dist
```

Format

An object of class list of length 12.

Details

A list of Stan distributions, associated R distribution functions, and arguments to those functions.

```
stan.operator.to.r.operator
```

Mapping between Stan and R operators

Description

Mapping between Stan and R operators

Usage

```
stan.operator.to.r.operator
```

Format

An object of class list of length 3.

Details

A list of Stan operators (regex) and associated R operators.

%stan*%

%stan*%

Function to replicate multiplication in Stan

Description

Function to replicate multiplication in Stan

Usage

```
x %stan*% y
```

Arguments

```
x First term in producty Second term in product
```

Details

Accepts arguments x and y. If either is a singleton, returns the value of x*y (in R notation). If both arguments are matrices or vectors, returns x

Value

Returns an object of the same type as the base

Examples

```
X <- matrix(1:9, nrow = 3)
b <- c(4, 5, 6)

(3 + 2) * X %stan*% (5 * b)
#      [,1]
# [1,] 1650
# [2,] 2025
# [3,] 2400</pre>
```

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