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Title

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Abstract

Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. If you read this text, you will get no information. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language. There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language.

This is the second paragraph. Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. If you read this text, you will get no information. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language. There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language.

And after the second paragraph follows the third paragraph. Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. If you read this text, you will get no information. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language. There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language.

After this fourth paragraph, we start a new paragraph sequence. Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. If you read this text, you will get no information. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of

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Preface

Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. If you read this text, you will get no information. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language. There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language.

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List of Symbols

A_B^C A dummy symbol.

List of Acronyms

DNS Domain Name System.

NTNU Norwegian University of Science and Technology.

TTL Time to live.

VPN Virtual Private Network.

Chapter 1

Overview

1.1 DNS

Domain Name System (DNS) is an important protocol for the internet. It is mostly used to translate a domain name to an IP address which the network use to route http traffic. This type of lookup receive an 'A' record if the IP is an ipv4 address and 'AAAA' if it's an ipv6 address. 'CNAME' is also a much used response. it returns the correct domain name for the 'A' lookup, e.g. if you want to go to `aftenposten.no`, you could write `ap.no` the DNS then respond with a CNAME response containing `aftenposten.no` which automatically trigger a new request for `aftenposten.no` which give an 'A' response containing the ipv4 address. There are over 30 different record types in the DNS. Every one has their different purpose and therefore different maximum size on the payload. DNS mostly use UDP on port 53, but could also use TCP on the same port. TCP is used when the payload is over 512 bytes or if there is a zone transfer.

DNS is build as a hierarchical system where each level sends you along until you have reached the correct server. The internet has 13 root servers, and a lookup in the system is backwards. The easiest way to explain this is with an example. If you request `some.test.example.com` the first request will be to the root server which will look up the IP-address of the server that controls the `.com` domain. Next the `.com` server looks up who controls the `example.com` domain, and the `example.com` server finds the DNS server of `test.example.com`. At last the `test.example.com` DNS server returns the IP-address of `some.test.example.com`. Since this process takes a long time, most responses has a Time to live (TTL) which is how long the router should use the given IP-address as a response to requests for that domain.

Normally a DNS server in an enterprise does not send requests directly to the internet, but use an internal DNS server instead. If you are the owner of the authoritative server for a domain, you can control the responses. This is what a DNS tunnel exploits, which will be explained more in the next section.

1.2 DNS Tunneling

DNS tunneling was first used by people who exploited that DNS was not monitored in network you had to pay to use, e.g. hotels and cafés. It was used as an Virtual Private Network (VPN) tunnel. In later years it has been discovered that in enterprises the DNS are not monitored as much as other traffic on the network. People has therefore figured out that it is a good way to ex filtrate data in secure networks. DNS could also be used for a "command and control" attack, where commands are sent over DNS.

The way DNS works it that if you control the authoritative DNS server for a domain you can easily send commands.

With the increase of smartphones it has been discovered that DNS tunneling could again be used as the it started, to use the network without having to pay for it. Carriers can not start charging for regular queries since just regular use of a the internet produces a lot of DNS traffic. Which an user would not see and it would be hard for the carrier to explain for an user what he has been charged for.

References