

## CS 325 HW 4 Su17

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#### 1. Shortest Paths using LP: (5 points)

- a) Find the distance of the shortest path from G to C in the graph below.

LP OPTIMUM FOUND AT STEP 0		
OBJECTIVE FUNCTION VALUE		
1)	16.000000	
Max c		
st		
g= 0		
a-f <=5		
a-h <=4		
b-a <=8		
b-h <=9		
b-f <=7		
c-b <=4		
c-f <=3		
d-c <=3		
d-e <=9		
d-g <=2		
e-b <=10		
e-d <=25		
e-f <=2		
f-a <=10		
f-d <=18		
g-e <=7		
h-g <=3		
VARIABLE	VALUE	REDUCED COST
C	16.000000	0.000000
G	0.000000	0.000000
A	7.000000	0.000000
F	17.000000	0.000000
H	3.000000	0.000000
B	12.000000	0.000000
D	2.000000	0.000000
E	19.000000	0.000000
ROW	SLACK OR SURPLUS	DUAL PRICES
2)	0.000000	1.000000
3)	15.000000	0.000000
4)	0.000000	0.000000
5)	3.000000	0.000000
6)	0.000000	1.000000
7)	12.000000	0.000000
8)	0.000000	1.000000
9)	4.000000	0.000000
10)	17.000000	0.000000
11)	26.000000	0.000000
12)	0.000000	0.000000
13)	3.000000	0.000000
14)	8.000000	0.000000
15)	0.000000	0.000000
16)	0.000000	0.000000
17)	3.000000	0.000000
18)	26.000000	0.000000
19)	0.000000	1.000000
NO. ITERATIONS= 0		

The shortest path from G to C is 16, which is G -> H -> B -> C.

b) Find the distances of the shortest paths from G to all other vertices.

```

Max a+b+c+d+e+f+g+h
st
g= 0
a-f <=5
a-h <=4
b-a <=8
b-h <=9
b-f <=7
c-b <=4
c-f <=3
d-c <=3
d-e <=9
d-g <=2
e-b <=10
e-d <=25
e-f <=2
f-a <=10
f-d <=18
g-e <=7
h-g <=3

```

OBJECTIVE FUNCTION VALUE		
1)	76.00000	
VARIABLE	VALUE	REDUCED COST
A	7.000000	0.000000
B	12.000000	0.000000
C	16.000000	0.000000
D	2.000000	0.000000
E	19.000000	0.000000
F	17.000000	0.000000
G	0.000000	0.000000
H	3.000000	0.000000
ROW	SLACK OR SURPLUS	DUAL PRICES
2)	0.000000	8.000000
3)	15.000000	0.000000
4)	0.000000	3.000000
5)	3.000000	0.000000
6)	0.000000	2.000000
7)	12.000000	0.000000
8)	0.000000	1.000000
9)	4.000000	0.000000
10)	17.000000	0.000000
11)	26.000000	0.000000
12)	0.000000	1.000000
13)	3.000000	0.000000
14)	8.000000	0.000000
15)	0.000000	1.000000
16)	0.000000	2.000000
17)	3.000000	0.000000
18)	26.000000	0.000000
19)	0.000000	6.000000
NO. ITERATIONS=		6

The shortest path from G to A is 7, G to B is 12, G to C is 16, G to D is 2, G to E is 19, G to F is 17, G to H is 3.

## 2. Product Mix: (10 points)

- a) Formulate the problem as a linear program with an objective function and all constraints.

```

Max 3.45s+2.32p+2.81b+3.25c
st
s >=6000
s <=7000
p >=10000
p <=14000
b >=13000
b <=16000
c >=6000
c <=8500
0.125s <=1000
0.08p+0.05b+0.03c <=2000
0.05b+0.07c <=1250

```

- b) Determine the optimal solution for the linear program using any software you want. Include a copy of the code and output.

```

Max 3.45s+2.32p+2.81b+3.25c LP OPTIMUM FOUND AT STEP      4
st
s >=6000
s <=7000
p >=10000
p <=14000
b >=13000
b <=16000
c >=6000
c <=8500
0.125s <=1000
0.08p+0.05b+0.03c <=2000
0.05b+0.07c <=1250

```

OBJECTIVE FUNCTION VALUE		
1)	120196.0	
VARIABLE	VALUE	REDUCED COST
S	7000.000000	0.000000
P	13625.000000	0.000000
B	13100.000000	0.000000
C	8500.000000	0.000000

  

ROW	SLACK OR SURPLUS	DUAL PRICES
2)	1000.000000	0.000000
3)	0.000000	3.450000
4)	3625.000000	0.000000
5)	375.000000	0.000000
6)	100.000000	0.000000
7)	2900.000000	0.000000
8)	2500.000000	0.000000
9)	0.000000	0.476000
10)	125.000000	0.000000
11)	0.000000	29.000000
12)	0.000000	27.200001

NO. ITERATIONS= 4

- c) What are the optimal numbers of ties of each type to maximize profit?

- The number of each ties is 7000 for Silk,13625 for Poly, 13100 for Blend1, 8500 for Blend2. The optimal profit is 120196.

### 3. Transshipment Model (10 points)

- a) Formulate the problem as a linear program with an objective function and all constraints.

```
Min 10cp11+15cp12+11cp21+8cp22+13cp31+8cp32+9cp33
+14cp42+8cp43+5cw11+6cw12+7cw13+10cw14+12cw23+8cw24
+10cw25+14cw26+14cw34+12cw35+12cw36+6cw37
st
cp11+cp12 =150
cp21+cp22 =450
cp31+cp32+cp33 =250
cp42+cp43 =150
cw11 >=100
cw12 >=150
cw13+cw23 >=100
cw14+cw24+cw34 >=200
cw25+cw35 >=200
cw26+cw36 >=150
cw37 >=100
cp11+cp21+cp31-cw11-cw12-cw13-cw14 >=0
cp12+cp22+cp32+cp42-cw23-cw24-cw25-cw26 >=0
cp33+cp43-cw34-cw35-cw36-cw37 >=0
```

- b) Determine the optimal solution for the linear program using any software you want. Include a copy of the code and output.

```
Min 10cp11+15cp12+11cp21+8cp22+13cp31+8cp32+9cp33
+14cp42+8cp43+5cw11+6cw12+7cw13+10cw14+12cw23+8cw24
+10cw25+14cw26+14cw34+12cw35+12cw36+6cw37
st
cp11+cp12 =150
cp21+cp22 =450
cp31+cp32+cp33 =250
cp42+cp43 =150
cw11 >=100
cw12 >=150
cw13+cw23 >=100
cw14+cw24+cw34 >=200
cw25+cw35 >=200
cw26+cw36 >=150
cw37 >=100
cp11+cp21+cp31-cw11-cw12-cw13-cw14 >=0
cp12+cp22+cp32+cp42-cw23-cw24-cw25-cw26 >=0
cp33+cp43-cw34-cw35-cw36-cw37 >=0
```

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LP OPTIMUM FOUND AT STEP 15

OBJECTIVE FUNCTION VALUE

1) 17100.00

VARIABLE	VALUE	REDUCED COST
CP11	150.000000	0.000000
CP12	0.000000	8.000000
CP21	200.000000	0.000000
CP22	250.000000	0.000000
CP31	0.000000	2.000000
CP32	150.000000	0.000000
CP33	100.000000	0.000000
CP42	0.000000	7.000000
CP43	150.000000	0.000000
CW11	100.000000	0.000000
CW12	150.000000	0.000000
CW13	100.000000	0.000000
CW14	0.000000	5.000000
CW23	0.000000	2.000000
CW24	200.000000	0.000000
CW25	200.000000	0.000000
CW26	0.000000	1.000000
CW34	0.000000	7.000000
CW35	0.000000	3.000000
CW36	150.000000	0.000000
CW37	100.000000	0.000000

ROW	SLACK OR SURPLUS	DUAL PRICES
2)	0.000000	-7.000000
3)	0.000000	-8.000000
4)	0.000000	-8.000000
5)	0.000000	-7.000000
6)	0.000000	-8.000000
7)	0.000000	-9.000000
8)	0.000000	-10.000000
9)	0.000000	-8.000000
10)	0.000000	-10.000000
11)	0.000000	-13.000000
12)	0.000000	-7.000000
13)	0.000000	-3.000000
14)	0.000000	0.000000
15)	0.000000	-1.000000

NO. ITERATIONS= 15

- c) What are the optimal shipping routes and minimum cost.

P1 to W1 is 150, P2 to W1 is 200, P2 to W2 is 250, P3 to W2 is 150, P3 to W3 is 100, P4 to W3 is 150.

W1 to R1 is 100, W1 to R2 is 150, W1 to R3 is 100, W2 to R4 is 200, W2 to R5 is 200, W3 to R6 is 150, W3 to R7 is 100.