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-- setting the "warn-incomplete-patterns" flag asks GHC to warn you
-- about possible missing cases in pattern-matching definitions
{-# OPTIONS_GHC -fwarn-incomplete-patterns #-}
-- see https://wiki.haskell.org/Safe_Haskell
{-# LANGUAGE Safe #-}
module Assessed4 (choose , simulate , cut , shuffle , riffles , permute , genTree)
where
import Types
----- DO **NOT** MAKE ANY CHANGES ABOVE THIS LINE ---------
-- import System.Random
-- import Control.Monad.Identity
-- import Control.Monad.State
{- Exercise 1 -}
choose :: PickingMonad m => [a] -> m a
choose list = do
                i <- pick 0 (length list - 1)</pre>
                pure (list !! i)
simulate :: Monad m => m Bool -> Integer -> m Integer
simulate mBool 0 = return 0
simulate mBool num = do
                         m <- mBool
                         if m == True then (fmap (+1) (simulate mBool (num - 1)))
                         else (simulate mBool (num - 1))
-- simulate :: Monad m => m Bool -> Integer -> m Integer
-- simulate mBool 0 = return 0
-- simulate mBool num = do
- -
                            m <- mBool
- -
                            simulated <- simulate mBool (num - 1)</pre>
                            if m == True then return (simulated + 1)
                            else return simulated
cut :: PickingMonad m \Rightarrow [a] \rightarrow m ([a],[a])
cut(x:xs) = do
                y <- pick 0 (length (x:xs))
                pure (splitAt y (x:xs))
cut [] = pure ([], [])
shuffle :: PickingMonad m \Rightarrow ([a], [a]) \rightarrow m [a]
shuffle ([], []) = return []
shuffle ([], sec) = return sec
shuffle (fir, []) = return fir
shuffle ((fir:firs) ,(sec:secs)) = do
                         choice <- pick 0 (length (fir:firs) + length (sec:secs) -</pre>
1)
                         if choice < (length (fir:firs)) then (fmap (fir:) (shuffle
(firs, (sec:secs))))
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else (fmap (sec:) (shuffle ((fir:firs), (secs))))
-- shuffle :: PickingMonad m => ([a],[a]) -> m [a]
-- shuffle ([], []) = return []
-- shuffle ([], sec) = return sec
-- shuffle (fir, []) = return fir
-- shuffle ((fir:firs) ,(sec:secs)) = do
                                                            choice <- pick 0 (length (fir:firs) + length (sec:secs)</pre>
- 1)
                                                            if choice < (length (fir:firs)) then do
                                                                                                                                                      shuffled <-
shuffle (firs, (sec:secs))
                                                                                                                                                     return (fir:
shuffled)
                                                            else do
                                                                              shuffled <- shuffle ((fir:firs), (secs))</pre>
                                                                              return (sec:shuffled)
-- shuffle :: PickingMonad m => ([a],[a]) -> m [a]
-- shuffle (fir, sec) = shuff2 (length fir) (length sec) (fir, sec)
-- shuff2 :: PickingMonad m => Int -> Int -> ([a],[a]) -> m [a]
-- shuff2 _ _ ([], []) = return []
-- shuff2 _ _ ([], sec) = return sec
-- shuff2 _ _ (fir, []) = return fir
-- shuff2 len1 len2 ((fir:firs) ,(sec:secs)) = do
                                                            choice <- pick 0 (len1 + len2 - 1)
                                                            if choice < (len1) then (fmap (fir:) (shuff2 (len1 - 1)
(len2) (firs, (sec:secs))))
                                                            else (fmap (sec:) (shuff2 (len1) (len2 - 1) ((fir:firs),
(secs))))
riffles :: PickingMonad m => ([a] -> m([a],[a])) -> (([a],[a]) -> m[a]) -> Int -> ([a],[a]) -> m[a]) -> [a] -> [
[a] -> m [a]
riffles cf sf 0 xs = (>>=) (cf xs) sf
riffles cf sf n xs = do
                                                     bound <- (>>=) (cf xs) sf
                                                     riffles cf sf (n-1) (bound)
-- riffles :: PickingMonad m => ([a] -> m([a],[a])) -> (([a],[a]) -> m[a]) -> Int
-> [a] -> m [a]
-- riffles cf sf 0 xs = sf (cf xs)
-- riffles cf sf n xs = do
- -
                                                            bound <- (>>=) (cf xs) sf
                                                            riffles cf sf (n-1) (bound)
-- riffles :: PickingMonad m => ([a] -> m ([a],[a])) -> (([a],[a]) -> m [a]) -> Int
-> [a] -> m [a]
-- riffles cf sf 0 xs = do
                                                            beenCut <- cf xs
                                                            sf beenCut
-- riffles cf sf n xs = do
                                                            beenCut <- cf xs
- -
                                                            beenShuffled <- sf beenCut
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riffles cf sf (n-1) (beenShuffled)
-- riffles :: PickingMonad m => ([a] -> m ([a],[a])) -> (([a],[a]) -> m [a]) -> Int
-> [a] -> m [a]
-- riffles cf sf 0 xs = do
                            result <- (>>=) (cf xs) sf
                            result
-- riffles cf sf n xs = riffles cf sf (n-1) ((>>=) (cf xs) sf)
permute :: PickingMonad m => [a] -> m [a]
-- permute = undefined
permute [] = return []
permute (x:xs) =
                dο
                    i <- pick 0 (length xs)
                    fmap (((x:xs) !! i):) (permute (delete i (x:xs)))
delete :: Int -> [a] -> [a]
                = []
delete _ []
delete i(x:xs) \mid i == 0 = xs
                | otherwise = x : delete (i-1) xs
-- genTree :: PickingMonad m => [a] -> m (Bin a)
-- genTree [list] = return (L list)
-- genTree (l:ls) = do
- -
                        list <- permute (l:ls)</pre>
                       mkTree (list)
-- genTree = undefined
-- mkTree2 :: PickingMonad m => [a] -> m (Bin a)
-- mkTree2 [x] = return (L x)
-- mkTree2 (x:xs) = do
                       i <- pick 0 (length xs)
- -
                       f <- pick 0 1
- -
                       tree <- mkTree2 xs
                       if f == 0 then (fmap (((L x), binn) \rightarrow (B (L x) (binn))) (L
x, tree))
                       else (fmap (\((L x), binn) -> (B (binn) (L x))) (L x,
tree))
-- mkTree :: PickingMonad m => [a] -> m (Bin a)
-- mkTree[x] = return(Lx)
-- mkTree(x:xs) =
                   do
                       tree <- mkTree xs
                       i <- pick 0 1
                       if i == 0 then return (B (L x) (tree))
                       else return (B (tree) (L x))
-- mkTree :: PickingMonad m => Int -> Int -> Int -> [a] -> m [a]
-- mkTree _ _ _ [x] = return [x]
-- mkTree intNodes n l0 list | n == intNodes = return list
                              | otherwise = do
                                            cX <- pick 0 (4*n + 1)
- -
                                            let n2 = n + 1
- -
                                            let b = cX \mod 2
- -
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let k = cX \cdot div \cdot 2
                                             newList1 <- return (replace list (2 * n2
- b) (2 * n2))
                                             newList2 <- return (replace list (2*n2 -
1 + b) (newList1 !! k))
                                             newList3 <- return (replace list (k)</pre>
(2*n2 - 1))
                                             mkTree intNodes n2 l0 newList3
replace :: [a] -> Int -> a -> [a]
replace [] _ _ = []
replace (x:xs) i val = if i > (length (x:xs)) - 1 then (x:xs)
                         else
                             do
                             let (x1, x2) = splitAt i (x:xs)
                             x1 ++ val : (tail x2)
-- replaceLeaf :: PickingMonad m => a -> Bin a -> m (Bin a)
-- replaceLeaf x tree = do
                        i <- pick 0 1
                        if i == 0 then return (B (L x) (tree))
- -
- -
                       else return (B (tree) (L x))
-- genTree3 :: PickingMonad m => [a] -> m (Bin a)
-- genTree3 [x] = return (L x)
-- genTree3 (x:xs) = do
                       ran <- genTree3 xs
                       goToRandomLeaf x (ran)
--[1,2,3]
--ran <- genTree[2,3]
      --ran <- genTree[3]
              --L 3
- -
- -
         ran <- L3
         goToRandomLeaf 2 (L 3)
--ran <- (B (L 2) (L 3),1 % 2), (B (L 3) (L 2),1 % 2)
--goToRandomLeaf 1 ((B (L 2) (L 3),1 % 2),(B (L 3) (L 2),1 % 2))
-- goToRandomLeaf :: PickingMonad m => a -> Bin a -> m (Bin a)
-- goToRandomLeaf val (L x) = (genTree2 val (L x))
-- goToRandomLeaf val (B (left) (right)) = do
- -
                                                 i <- pick 0 1
                                                 if i == 0 then do
- -
                                                                  newLeft <-
goToRandomLeaf val left
                                                                  return (B (newLeft)
(right))
                                                 else do
                                                         newRight <- goToRandomLeaf
val right
                                                         return (B (left) (newRight))
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-- goToRandomLeaf :: PickingMonad m => a -> Bin a -> m (Bin a)
-- goToRandomLeaf val (L x) = (replaceLeaf val (L x))
-- goToRandomLeaf val (B (left) (right)) = do
                                                i <- pick 0 2
                                                if i == 0 then do
- -
                                                                 newLeft <-
goToRandomLeaf val left
                                                                 return (B (newLeft)
(right))
                                                else if i == 1 then do
                                                                 newRight <-
goToRandomLeaf val right
                                                                 return (B (left)
(newRight))
                                                else do
                                                             j <- pick 0 1
                                                             if j == 0 then return (B
(B (left) (right)) (L val) )
                                                             else return (B (L val)
(B (left) (right)))
genTree :: PickingMonad m => [a] -> m (Bin a)
genTree[x] = return(Lx)
genTree(x:xs) = do
                        tree <- genTree xs
                        let len = length xs
                        let totNodes = ((len * 2) - 1)
                        i <- pick 1 totNodes
                        replaceTreeAlg x i tree
--[1,2,3]
--tree <- genTree4 [2,3]
          tree <- genTree[3]
                  L 3
- -
          tree = L 3
          len = 1
- -
          replaceTreeAlg 2 1 (L 3)
- -
          (B (L 2) (L 3))
-- tree = (B (L 2) (L 3))
-- len = 2
--replaceTreeAlg 1 2 (B (L 2) (L 3))
     totNodes = 2 * 2 - 1 = 3
     i = pick 1 3
- -
- -
     i = 1
     leftCount = 1
     rightCount = 1
-- replaceTreeAlg :: PickingMonad m => a -> Int -> Bin a -> m (Bin a)
-- replaceTreeAlg val len (L \times) = replaceTree val (L \times)
-- replaceTreeAlg val len (B (left) (right)) = do
                                                     let totNodes = ((len * 2) - 1)
                                                     i <- pick 1 totNodes
                                                     let leftCount = countNodes left
- -
                                                     let rightCount = countNodes
right
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if i <= leftCount then do
                                                                            newLeft
<- replaceTreeAlg val (len - rightCount - 1) left
                                                                            return
(B (newLeft) (right))
                                                    else if i == (leftCount + 1)
then replaceTree val (B (left) (right))
                                                    else do
                                                            newRight <-
replaceTreeAlg val (len - leftCount - 1) right
                                                            return (B (left)
(newRight))
replaceTreeAlg :: PickingMonad m => a -> Int -> Bin a -> m (Bin a)
replaceTreeAlg val i (L x) = replaceTree val (L x)
replaceTreeAlg val i (B (left) (right)) = do
                                                 let leftCount = countNodes left
                                                 let rightCount = countNodes right
                                                 if i <= leftCount then do
                                                                         newLeft <-
replaceTreeAlg val i left
                                                                         return (B
(newLeft) (right))
                                                else if i == (leftCount + 1) then
replaceTree val (B (left) (right))
                                                 else do
                                                         newRight <- replaceTreeAlg</pre>
val (i - leftCount - 1) right
                                                         return (B (left)
(newRight))
replaceTree :: PickingMonad m => a -> Bin a -> m (Bin a)
replaceTree val tree = do
                        i <- pick 0 1
                        if i == 0 then return (B (L val) (tree))
                        else return (B (tree) (L val))
-- countNodes :: Int -> Int -> [Int] -> Bin a -> [Int]
-- countNodes count index array (B(Lx)(Ly)) = do
                                                    replace (index - 1) 1
                                                    replace (2 * index - 1) 0
                                                    replace (2 * index) 0
-- countNodes count index array (B (left) (right)) = if (array !! index) == 0 then
B(left)
countNodes :: Bin a -> Int
countNodes (L x) = 1
countNodes (B (left) (right)) = countNodes left + countNodes right
```