FUNDAMENTAL OF COMPUTER (DCA-101) NOVEMBER 2021 QUESTION (ONLINE THEORY EXAM)

EXAM CONDUCTED BY MIZORAM STATE COUNCIL FOR TECHNICAL EDUCATION

(Prepared by Jojo Computer Insitute)

- 1. A Computer is a calculating device
- a) Fast

- b) Volatile c) Strong d) None of these
- 2. The father of Computer is
- a) Bill Gates b) Charles Babbage
- c) Allan Turing
- d) None of these
- 3. How many generation of computer are present till date
- a) 3 b) 4 c) **5**

- 4. First Generation Computer falls in the year

- a) 1932-1942 b) **1942-1955** c) 1955-1964 d) 1901-1913
- 5. Which of the following statement is false?
- a) Computer is very fast device for calculation b) Computer can perform task for long period of time c) **Computer has feelings**
- d) Computer has no IQ
- 6. Unit 1 in diagram represent

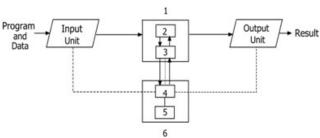


Fig: Basic Organisation of Computer System

- a) Storage unit
- b) RAM
- c) Control Unit d) None of these
- 7. Which unit is called as ALU?

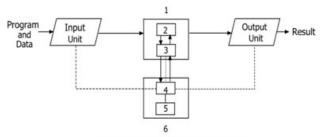


Fig: Basic Organisation of Computer System

- b) 6 c) 1 d) 2
- 8. Unit 4 in the diagram represent

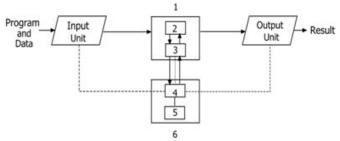


Fig: Basic Organisation of Computer System

- a) CPU b) **Control Unit** c) Storage Unit d) Process Unit

- 9. Which Unit represent primary storage

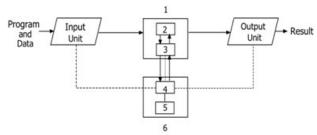


Fig: Basic Organisation of Computer System

- a) 4 and 5 b) 4

- c) 5 d) **3**
- 10. Unit 4 and 5 together represent

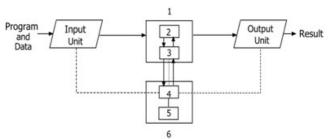


Fig: Basic Organisation of Computer System

- a) ALU b) Flow of Data
- c) Storage Unit d) CPU
- 11. Full form of ALU is
- a) Arithmetic Legal Unitb) Arithmetic Local Unit
- c) Arithmetic Logic Unit d) Arithmetic Logic Utility
- 12. Special memory unit to hold data or instruction on temporary basis are also known as
- a) Temp Memory
- b) Processor Memory c) Register

- 13. If a storage unit lose data after computer is switched off it is called
- a) Volatile storage
- b) Non-Volatile storage
- c) Magnetic Storage d) Main Memory
- 14. ROM stand for
- a) Read Of Memory
 b) Recursive Online Memory
 c) Readable Only Memory
 d) Read Only Memory

15. Limitation of Primary storage device is
a) Very expensive b) Less Capacity c) Slow speed d) Big build in size
16. Which of the following is not among secondary Memory?
a) Memory Card b) Hard Disk c) RAM d) DVD
17. Which of the following is magnetic storage system?
a) DVD b) Pen drive c) Floppy Disk d) CD
18. Full form of FAT is
a) File Access Format b) File Attribute Technique c) File Attribute Table d) File Allocation Table
19. Which of the following statement is true in relation to computer memory system?
a) Transfer speed of primary memory is slower than secondary memory b) Storage size of primary memory is usually less than secondary memory c) ROM is a secondary memory d) None of the statement is true
20. The most popular secondary storage device is
a) Hard Disk b) DVD c) RAM d) Pen Drive
21. Which of the following is an input device?
a) Mouse b) Speaker c) Printer d) Plotters
22. Which of the following is an output device?
a) Monitor b) Scanner c) Joystick d) Keyboard
23. Which of the following is the most popular point and draw devices?
a) Joy Stick b) Digital Pen c) Mouse d) Touch Screen
24. Which among the following printing device prints one page at a time?
a) Laser Printer b) Inkjet Printer c) Dot-Matrix Printer d) Drum Printer
25. A set of computer programs is also known as
a) Computer Language b) Software c) Operating System d) Machine Language
26. Software's are broadly classified into two categories, such as
a) System Software and Application Software b) Utility Software and Processing Software c) Free Software and paid Software d) Processing Software and Operating Software
27. Example of System Software is
a) Personal Assistance Software b) Antimalware Software c) Operating system d) Android Software
28 Microsoft Word software is a good example of

a) Computer System Software b) Application Software c) Operating System d) Machine Software
29. Computer languages are broadly classified into
a) Binary, Assembly and Local Languages b) Machine and computer Languages c) Machine, Universal and Mid Level Languages d) Machine, Assembly and High Level Languages
30. When we want to convert assembly language into machine language we use
a) Code Converter b) Compiler c) Translator d) Assembler
31. A computer Language written using 0's and 1's is known as
a) Code Language b) Binary language c) Machine Language d) Digits Language
32. C and C++ are written in
a) High Level Language b) Human Language c) Computer Language d) None of these
33. Which of the following Computer is considered to be portable?
a) Tower PC b) Desktop Computer c) Work Station d) Notebook Computer
34. Full form of NIC is
a) Network Internet Card b) Net Inlet Card c) Network Interface Card d) None of these
35. Choose the correct statement from the following
a) Supercomputer are less expensive than MAC book b) Personal PC's are commonly used in railway station and automobile industry c) PDA has faster processing speed than Workstation computer d) Tablet PC is lighter than Laptop
36. Which of the following device is mostly included is Personal Computer system?
a) Monitor b) Keyboard c) Mouse d) All of these
37. Full form of ITA 2000 is
a) Information Treaty Act 2000 b) Individual Technology Act 2000 c) Intellectual Treaty Act 2000 d) Information Technology Act 2000
38. The ITA 2000 consist of
a) 94 Sections b) 104 Sections c) 14 Sections d) 4 Sections
39. The Information Technology Act 2000 (ITA-2000) amendment Bill 2006 has been passed by Indian parliament on
a) 7th November 2000 b) 3rd October 2018 c) 23rd December 2008 d) 7th October 2000
40. IPR stand for
a) Industrial Property Right b) Industrial Publication Right c) Intellectual Property Right d) Intellectual Publication Right

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