Note

• Instructions have been included for each segment. You do not have to follow them exactly, but they are included to help you think through the steps.

```
In [170]: # Dependencies and Setup
import pandas as pd

# File to Load (Remember to Change These)
file_to_load = "Resources/purchase_data.csv"

# Read Purchasing File and store into Pandas data frame
purchase_data = pd.read_csv(file_to_load)

In [171]: purchase_data.head()
purchase_data["Age"].max()
Out[171]: 45
```

Player Count

· Display the total number of players

```
In [172]: # Get count of unique players

unique = purchase_data["SN"].unique()
unique_count = len(unique)
unique_count

# Display as df

unique_df = pd.DataFrame({"Total Players": [unique_count]})
unique_df
Out[172]:

Total Players
```

Purchasing Analysis (Total)

576

- Run basic calculations to obtain number of unique items, average price, etc.
- · Create a summary data frame to hold the results
- · Optional: give the displayed data cleaner formatting
- Display the summary data frame

Out[173]:

	Number of Unique Items	Average Price	Number of Purchases	Total Revenue
0	179	\$3.05	780	\$2379.77

Gender Demographics

- · Percentage and Count of Male Players
- Percentage and Count of Female Players
- Percentage and Count of Other / Non-Disclosed

```
In [174]: # Group data by gender and count unique SN values
    gender_group = purchase_data.groupby("Gender")["SN"].nunique()

# Hold this data in a dataframe and sort from greatest to least
    gender_df = pd.DataFrame(gender_group)
    gender_df = gender_df.sort_values("SN", ascending = False)

# Rename column

gender_df = gender_df.rename(columns={"SN":"Total Count"})

# Calculate percentages based off of total count data
    gender_df["Percentage of Players"] = ((gender_df["Total Count"])/(gender_df

# Clean formatting of data and display df
    gender_df["Percentage of Players"] = gender_df["Percentage of Players"].map gender_df
```

Out[174]:

Total Count Percentage of Players

Gender		
Male	484	84.03%
Female	81	14.06%
Other / Non-Disclosed	11	1.91%

Purchasing Analysis (Gender)

- Run basic calculations to obtain purchase count, avg. purchase price, avg. purchase total per person etc. by gender
- Create a summary data frame to hold the results
- Optional: give the displayed data cleaner formatting
- · Display the summary data frame

```
In [175]: # Group data by gender
          gender_group2 = purchase_data.groupby("Gender")
          # Get count of purchases by gender and make df
          gender_purchase = gender_group2["SN"].count()
          gender group2 df = pd.DataFrame(gender purchase)
          # Rename column
          gender group2 df = gender group2 df.rename(columns={"SN":"Purchase Count"})
          # Calculate other required values and add them as columns in the df
          gender_group2_df["Average Purchase Price"] = gender_group2["Price"].mean()
          gender_group2_df["Total Purchase Value"] = gender_group2_df["Average Purcha
          gender group2 df["Avg Total Purchase per Person"] = gender group2 df["Total
          # Clean the formatting of the data and display summary df
          gender_group2_df["Average Purchase Price"] = gender_group2_df["Average Purc
          gender_group2_df["Total Purchase Value"] = gender_group2_df["Total Purchase
          gender_group2_df["Avg Total Purchase per Person"] = gender group2 df["Avg T
          gender group2 df
```

Out[175]:

	Purchase Count	Average Purchase Price	Total Purchase Value	Avg Total Purchase per Person
Gender				
Female	113	\$3.20	\$361.94	\$4.47
Male	652	\$3.02	\$1,967.64	\$4.07
Other / Non- Disclosed	15	\$3.35	\$50.19	\$4.56

Age Demographics

- Establish bins for ages
- Categorize the existing players using the age bins. Hint: use pd.cut()
- Calculate the numbers and percentages by age group
- Create a summary data frame to hold the results
- Optional: round the percentage column to two decimal points

• Display Age Demographics Table

```
In [176]: # Establish bins/group labels
          bins = [0, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29,
                  34, 39, 45]
          group labels = ["<10", "10-14", "15-19", "20-24", "25-29", "30-34", "35-39", "40+
          # Add binned data to df
          purchase data["Age Group"] = pd.cut(purchase data["Age"], bins, labels=grou
          purchase data
          # Group by Age Group and unique SN and create a new df
          age_group = purchase_data.groupby("Age Group")["SN"].nunique()
          age_df = pd.DataFrame(age_group)
          # Rename df column and index
          age df = age df.rename(columns={"SN":"Total Count"})
          age_df.index.names = ["Age Ranges"]
          # Calculate percentages based off of total count data
          age df["Percentage of Players"] = ((age df["Total Count"]) / (gender df["To
          # Clean the formatting of the data and display summary df
          age_df["Percentage of Players"] = age_df["Percentage of Players"].map("{:,.
          age df
```

Out[176]:

Total Count Percentage of Players

Age Ranges		
<10	17	2.95%
10-14	22	3.82%
15-19	107	18.58%
20-24	258	44.79%
25-29	77	13.37%
30-34	52	9.03%
35-39	31	5.38%
40+	12	2.08%

Purchasing Analysis (Age)

- Bin the purchase_data data frame by age
- Run basic calculations to obtain purchase count, avg. purchase price, avg. purchase total per person etc. in the table below
- Create a summary data frame to hold the results
- Optional: give the displayed data cleaner formatting
- · Display the summary data frame

```
In [177]: # Using df with binned data, group by Age Group
          age_group2 = purchase_data.groupby("Age Group")
          # Retrieve purchase counts by age
          age2_purchase = age_group2["SN"].count()
          age2 df = pd.DataFrame(age2 purchase)
          # Rename column and index
          age2_df = age2_df.rename(columns={"SN":"Purchase Count"})
          age2 df.index.names = ["Age Ranges"]
          age2 df
          # Calculate other required values and add them as columns in the df
          age2 df["Average Purchase Price"] = age group2["Price"].mean()
          age2 df["Total Purchase Value"] = age2_df["Average Purchase Price"] * age2_
          age2 df["Avg Total Purchase per Person"] = age2 df["Total Purchase Value"]
          # Clean the formatting of the data and display summary df
          age2_df["Average Purchase Price"] = age2_df["Average Purchase Price"].map("
          age2 df["Total Purchase Value"] = age2 df["Total Purchase Value"].map("${:,
          age2_df["Avg Total Purchase per Person"] = age2_df["Avg Total Purchase per
          age2 df
```

Out[177]:

	Purchase Count	Average Purchase Price	Total Purchase Value	Avg Total Purchase per Person
Age Ranges				
<10	23	\$3.35	\$77.13	\$4.54
10-14	28	\$2.96	\$82.78	\$3.76
15-19	136	\$3.04	\$412.89	\$3.86
20-24	365	\$3.05	\$1,114.06	\$4.32
25-29	101	\$2.90	\$293.00	\$3.81
30-34	73	\$2.93	\$214.00	\$4.12
35-39	41	\$3.60	\$147.67	\$4.76
40+	13	\$2.94	\$38.24	\$3.19

Top Spenders

- Run basic calculations to obtain the results in the table below
- Create a summary data frame to hold the results

- · Sort the total purchase value column in descending order
- Optional: give the displayed data cleaner formatting
- Display a preview of the summary data frame

```
In [209]: # Group by SN
          sn_group = purchase_data.groupby("SN")
          # Retrieve Purchase Count and convert to df
          sn_purchase_count = sn_group["Purchase ID"].count()
          sn df = pd.DataFrame(sn purchase count)
          # Rename column
          sn_df = sn_df.rename(columns={"Purchase ID":"Purchase Count"})
          # Calculate other required values and add them as columns in the df
          sn_df["Average Purchase Price"] = sn_group["Price"].mean()
          sn_df["Total Purchase Value"] = sn_df["Average Purchase Price"] * sn_df["Pu
          # Sort by Total Purchase Value
          sn df = sn df.sort values("Total Purchase Value", ascending = False)
          # Clean the formatting of the data and display summary df
          sn_df["Average Purchase Price"] = sn_df["Average Purchase Price"].map("${:.
          sn df["Total Purchase Value"] = sn df["Total Purchase Value"].map("${:.2f}"
          sn df.head()
```

Out[209]:

SN			
Lisosia93	5	\$3.79	\$18.96
Idastidru52	4	\$3.86	\$15.45
Chamjask73	3	\$4.61	\$13.83

\$3.40

\$4.37

\$13.62

\$13.10

Purchase Count Average Purchase Price Total Purchase Value

Most Popular Items

Iral74

Iskadarya95

Retrieve the Item ID, Item Name, and Item Price columns

- Group by Item ID and Item Name. Perform calculations to obtain purchase count, average item price, and total purchase value
- · Create a summary data frame to hold the results
- · Sort the purchase count column in descending order
- Optional: give the displayed data cleaner formatting
- Display a preview of the summary data frame

```
In [239]: # Retrieve Item ID, Item Name, Item Price Columns
          popular = purchase_data[["Item ID","Item Name","Price"]]
          # Group by Item ID and Item Name
          popular_group = popular.groupby(["Item ID","Item Name"])
          # Obtain purchase count and store in df
          popular_purchase_count = popular_group["Price"].count()
          popular df = pd.DataFrame(popular purchase count)
          # Rename column
          popular df = popular_df.rename(columns={"Price":"Purchase Count"})
          # Calculate other required values and add them as columns in the df
          popular df["Item Price"] = popular group["Price"].mean()
          popular df["Total Purchase Value"] = popular df["Purchase Count"] * popular
          # Sort by Purchase Count
          popular_df = popular_df.sort_values("Purchase Count", ascending = False)
          # Clean the formatting of the data and display summary df
          popular df["Item Price"] = popular df["Item Price"].map("${:.2f}".format)
          popular df["Total Purchase Value"] = popular df["Total Purchase Value"].map
          popular df.head()
```

Out[239]:

		Purchase Count	Item Price	Total Purchase Value
Item ID	Item Name			
92	Final Critic	13	\$4.61	\$59.99
178	Oathbreaker, Last Hope of the Breaking Storm	12	\$4.23	\$50.76
145	Fiery Glass Crusader	9	\$4.58	\$41.22
132	Persuasion	9	\$3.22	\$28.99
108	Extraction, Quickblade Of Trembling Hands	9	\$3.53	\$31.77

Most Profitable Items

- Sort the above table by total purchase value in descending order
- Optional: give the displayed data cleaner formatting

· Display a preview of the data frame

```
In [242]: # Re-running the entire code from the previous part to clear formatting for
# Data is sorted by Total Purchase Value.

popular = purchase_data[["Item ID","Item Name","Price"]]

popular_group = popular.groupby(["Item ID","Item Name"])
    popular_purchase_count = popular_group["Price"].count()
    popular_df = pd.DataFrame(popular_purchase_count)

popular_df = popular_df.rename(columnns={"Price":"Purchase Count"})
    popular_df["Item Price"] = popular_group["Price"].mean()
    popular_df["Total Purchase Value"] = popular_df["Purchase Count"] * popular
    popular_df = popular_df.sort_values("Total Purchase Value", ascending = Fal
    popular_df["Item Price"] = popular_df["Item Price"].map("${:.2f}".format)
    popular_df["Total Purchase Value"] = popular_df["Total Purchase Value"].map
    popular_df.head()
```

Out[242]:

		Purchase Count	Item Price	Total Purchase Value
Item ID	Item Name			
92	Final Critic	13	\$4.61	\$59.99
178	Oathbreaker, Last Hope of the Breaking Storm	12	\$4.23	\$50.76
82	Nirvana	9	\$4.90	\$44.10
145	Fiery Glass Crusader	9	\$4.58	\$41.22
103	Singed Scalpel	8	\$4.35	\$34.80

In []: