Feedback — Programming Question-5

Help Center

You submitted this homework on **Fri 27 Feb 2015 1:20 PM IST**. You got a score of **5.00** out of **5.00**.

Question 1

In this programming problem you'll code up Dijkstra's shortest-path algorithm.

Download the text file here. (Right click and save link as).

The file contains an adjacency list representation of an undirected weighted graph with 200 vertices labeled 1 to 200. Each row consists of the node tuples that are adjacent to that particular vertex along with the length of that edge. For example, the 6th row has 6 as the first entry indicating that this row corresponds to the vertex labeled 6. The next entry of this row "141,8200" indicates that there is an edge between vertex 6 and vertex 141 that has length 8200. The rest of the pairs of this row indicate the other vertices adjacent to vertex 6 and the lengths of the corresponding edges.

Your task is to run Dijkstra's shortest-path algorithm on this graph, using 1 (the first vertex) as the source vertex, and to compute the shortest-path distances between 1 and every other vertex of the graph. If there is no path between a vertex v and vertex 1, we'll define the shortest-path distance between 1 and v to be 1000000.

IMPLEMENTATION NOTES: This graph is small enough that the straightforward O(mn) time

implementation of Dijkstra's algorithm should work fine. OPTIONAL: For those of you seeking an additional challenge, try implementing the heap-based version. Note this requires a heap that supports deletions, and you'll probably need to maintain some kind of mapping between vertices and their positions in the heap.

You entered:

 $2599,\!2610,\!2947,\!2052,\!2367,\!2399,\!2029,\!2442,\!2505,\!3068$

Your Answer		Score	Explanation
2599,2610,2947,2052,2367,2399,2029,2442,2505,3068	~	5.00	
Total		5.00 / 5.00	