Lists

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Today's Plan



Lists

Announcements

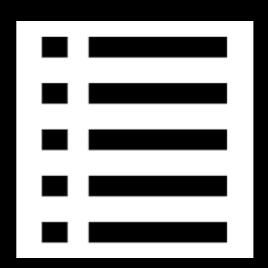
CUNY 2X: advising, the TTP Internships, and CUNY Tech Prep

Hunter spring career fair Friday, March 1 - B2 Level West Bldg

List ADT

What makes a list?

E.g. PlayList?

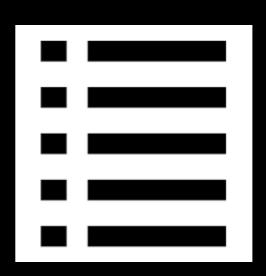


Duplicates allowed or not is not a defining factor

List ADT

What makes a list?

E.g. PlayList?



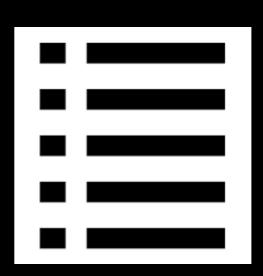
Duplicates allowed or not is not a defining factor

ORDER!!!

List ADT

What makes a list?

E.g. PlayList?



Duplicates allowed or not is not a defining factor



Project 2A + Extra Credit

Bag => List

```
#ifndef LIST H
#define LIST H
template<class T>
class List
                                                    Unsigned integer type.
                                                    Guarantee to store the
                                                  max size of objects of any
public:
    List(); // constructor
    List(const List<T>& a list); // const
                                           constructor
    ~List(); // destructor
    bool isEmpty() const;
    size t getLength() const;
    bool insert(size t position, const T& new element); //retains list order
    bool remove(size t position);//retains list order
    T getItem(size t position) const;
    void clear();
                                                          The book takes care of the
private:
                                                           case in which there is no
    //implementation details |
                                                          node at position. For now
                                                           we will assume it returns
                           Safe programming: position
}; // end List
                                                                  nullptr
                            not pointer - do not expose
                              data structure to direct
#include "List.cpp"
                          manipulation outside the class
```

#endif // LIST H

Implementation

Must preserve order No swapping tricks

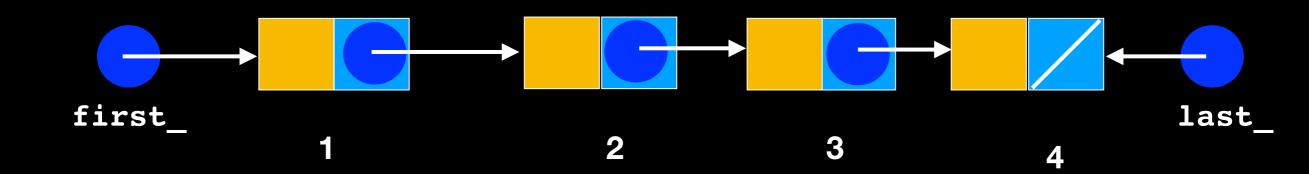


Array?

Linked Chain?

What makes a list?

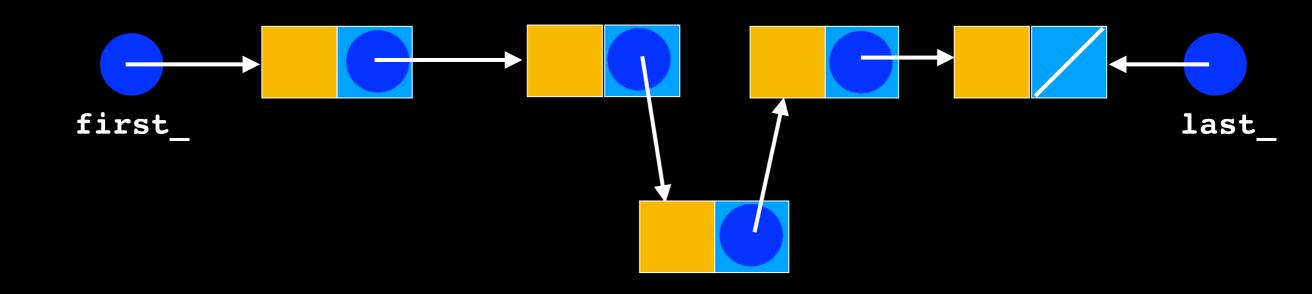
Order is implied



What makes a list?

Order is implied

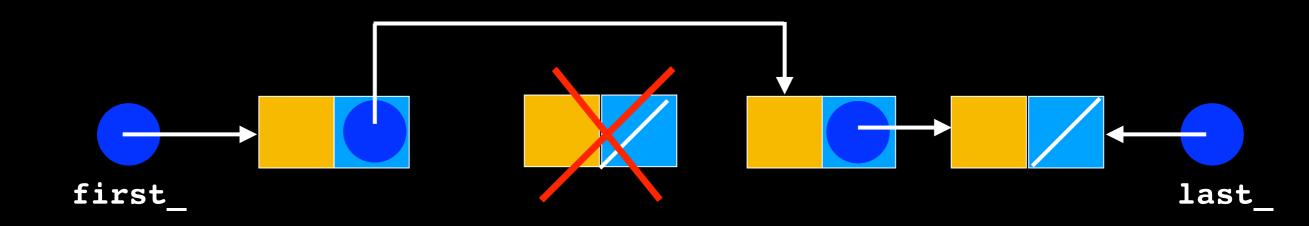
Insertion and removal from middle retains order



What makes a list?

Order is implied

Insertion and removal from middle retains order



What's the catch?

What's the catch?

No random access

As opposed to arrays or vectors with direct indexing





	Arrays	Linked List
Random/direct access		
Retain order with Insert and remove At the back		
Retain order with insert and remove at front		
Retain order with insert and remove In the middle		





	Arrays	Linked List
Random/direct access		
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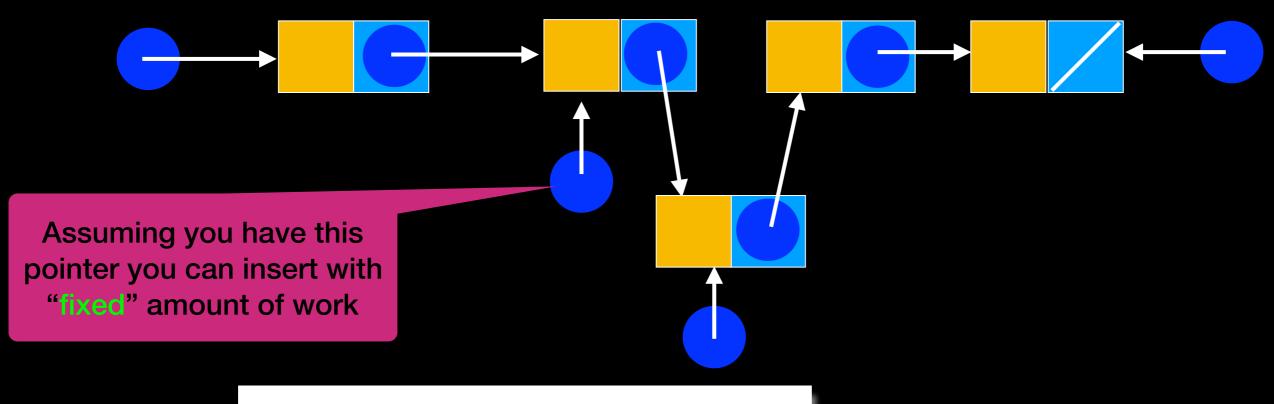
High cost of operation, depends on # of items

No sifting but incurs
cost of finding the node
to remove (call to
getPointerTo)

	Arrays	Linked List	
Random/direct access			
Retain order with Insert and remove At the back			
Retain order with insert and remove at front			
Retain order with insert and remove In the middle			

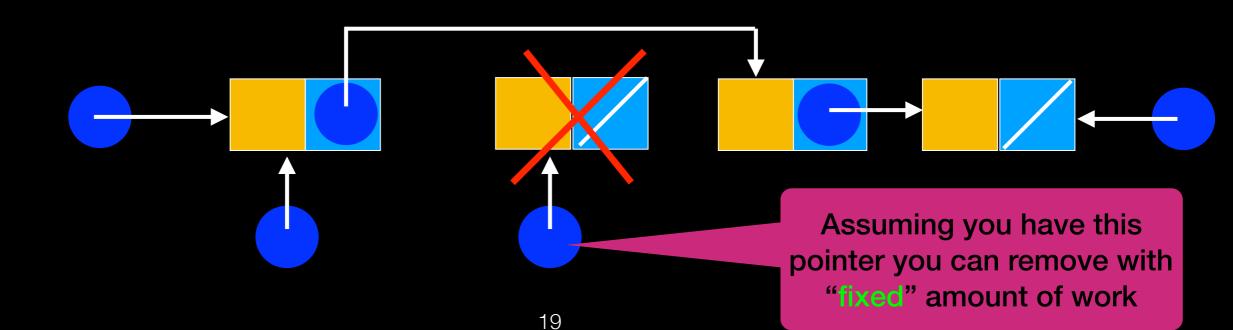


void insert(size_t position, T new_element);



REMOVE

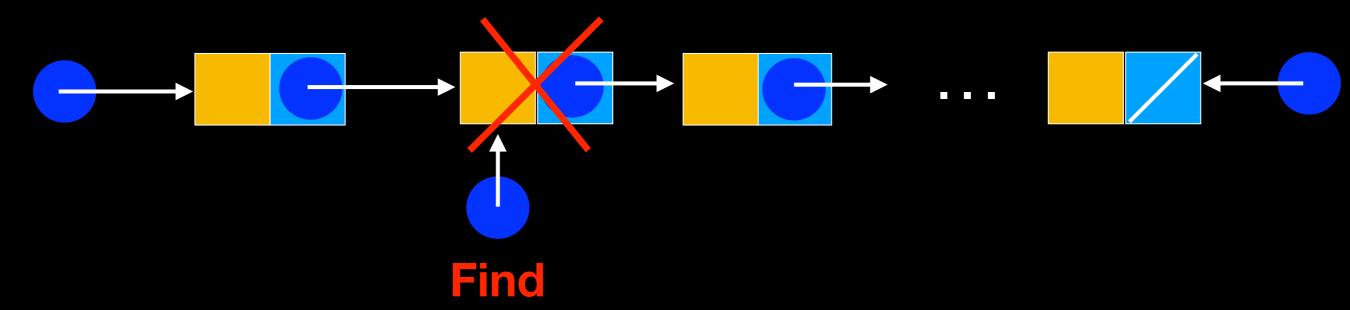
void remove(size_t position);

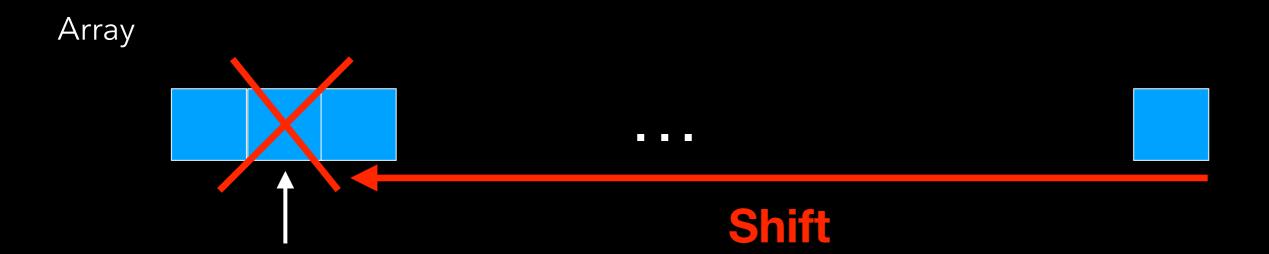


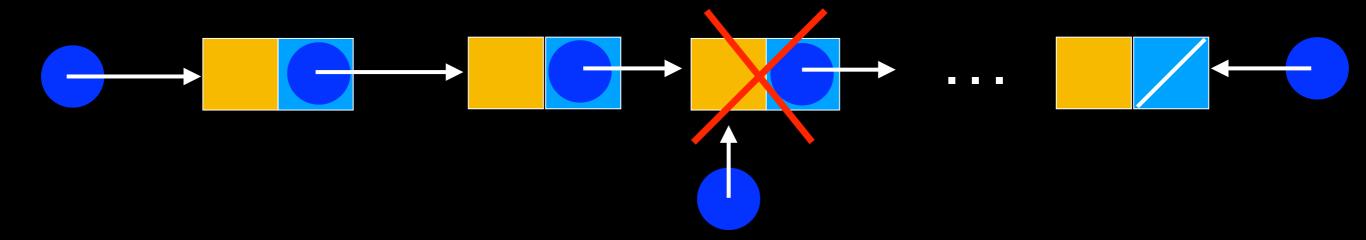
Caveat

Find the pointer to the node before inserting/ removing —> traversal: high cost - depends on number of elements in list

If operations (insertion/deletions) occur on nodes that are close to each other operation cost can stay low - in an ordered list this is more likely

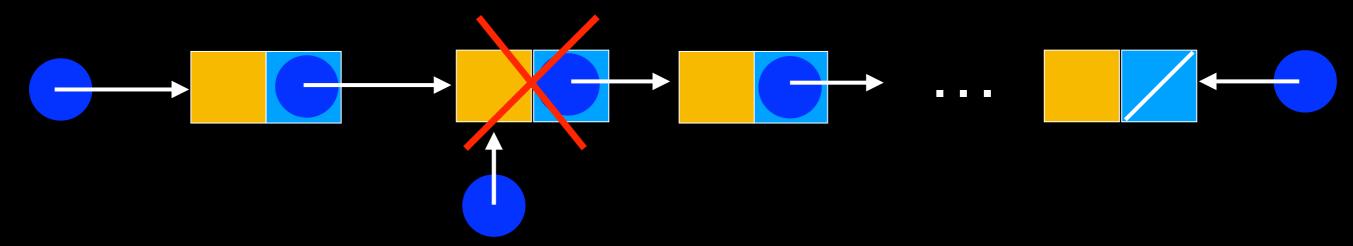


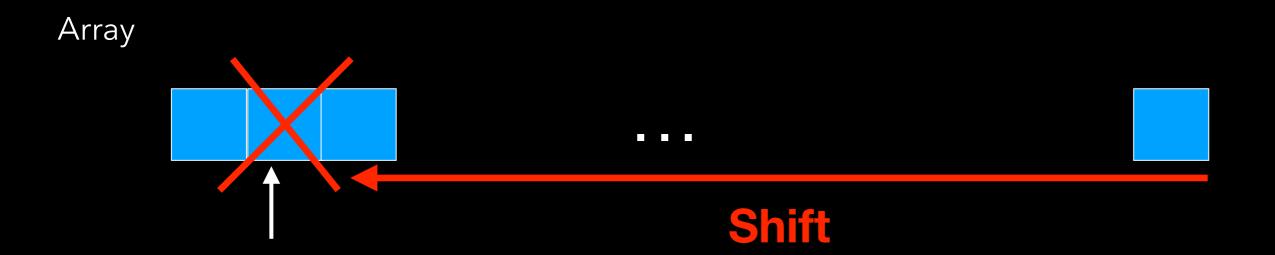


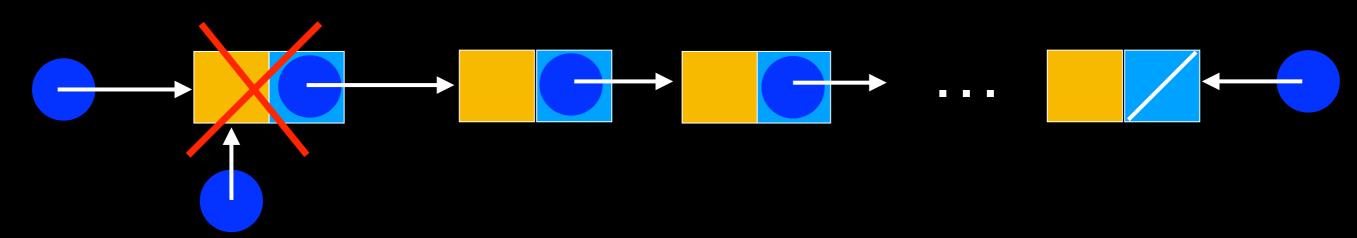


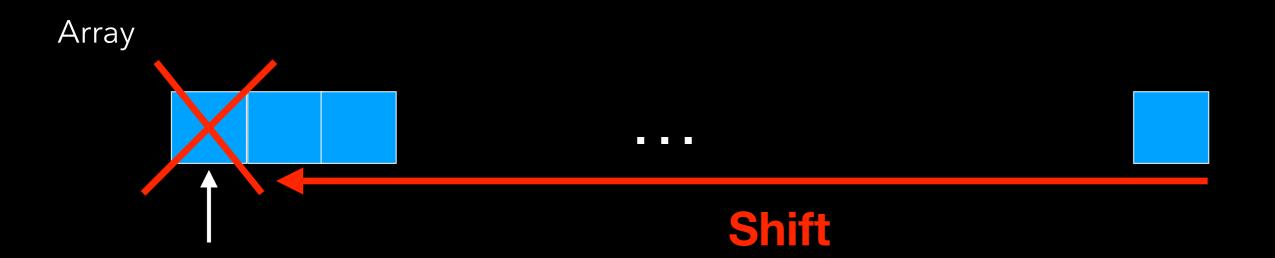
Array









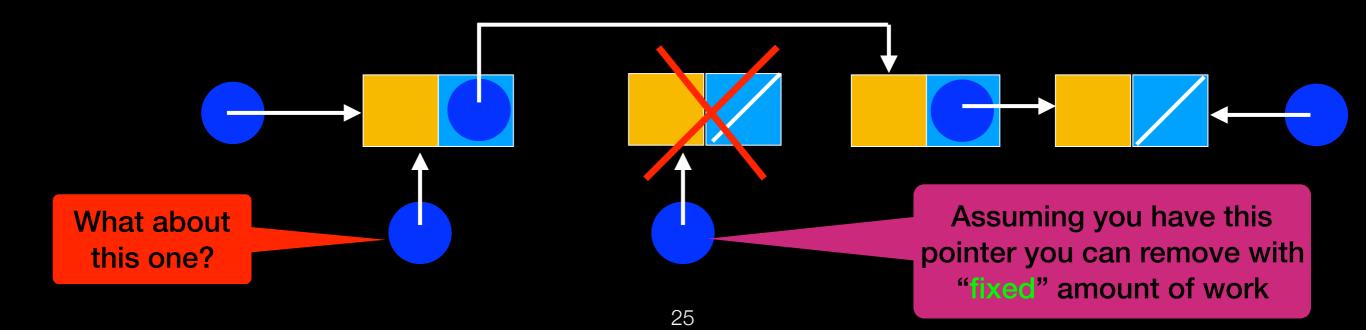


INSERT void insert(size_t position, T new_element); Assuming you have this

REMOVE void remove(size_t position);

pointer you can insert with

"fixed" amount of work

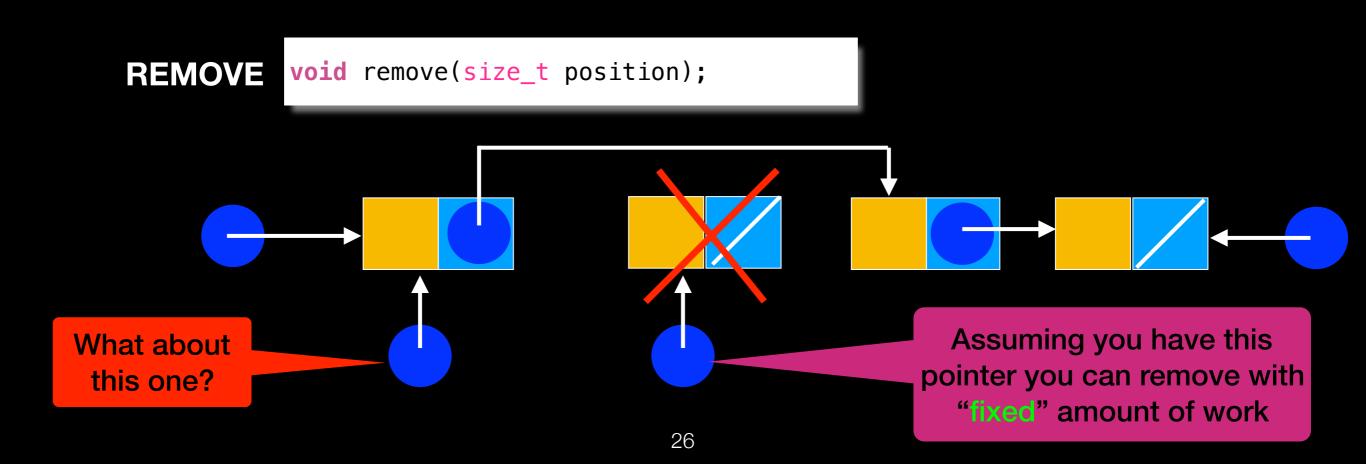


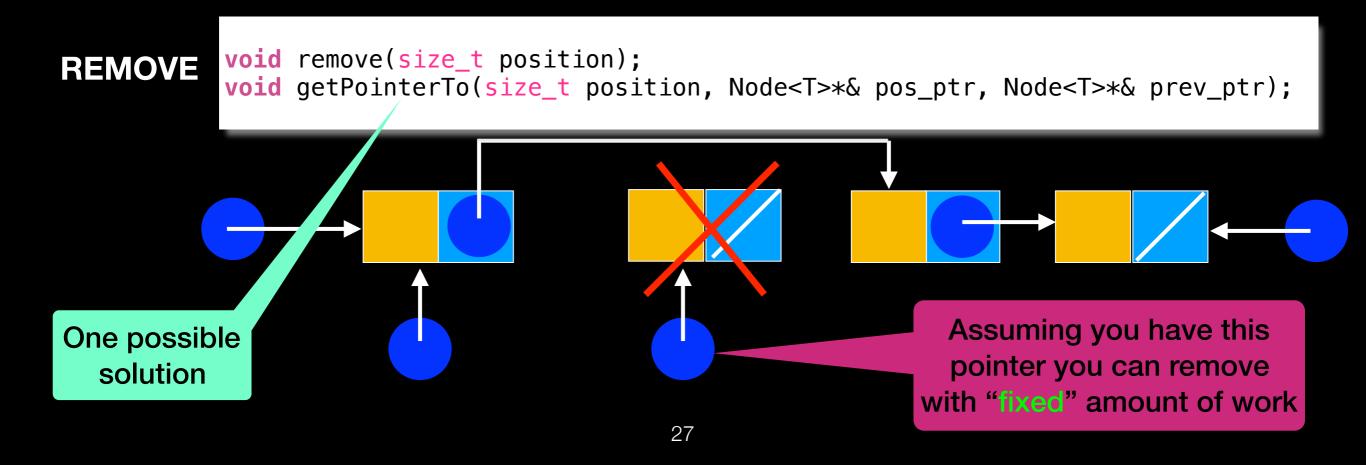
Lecture Activity



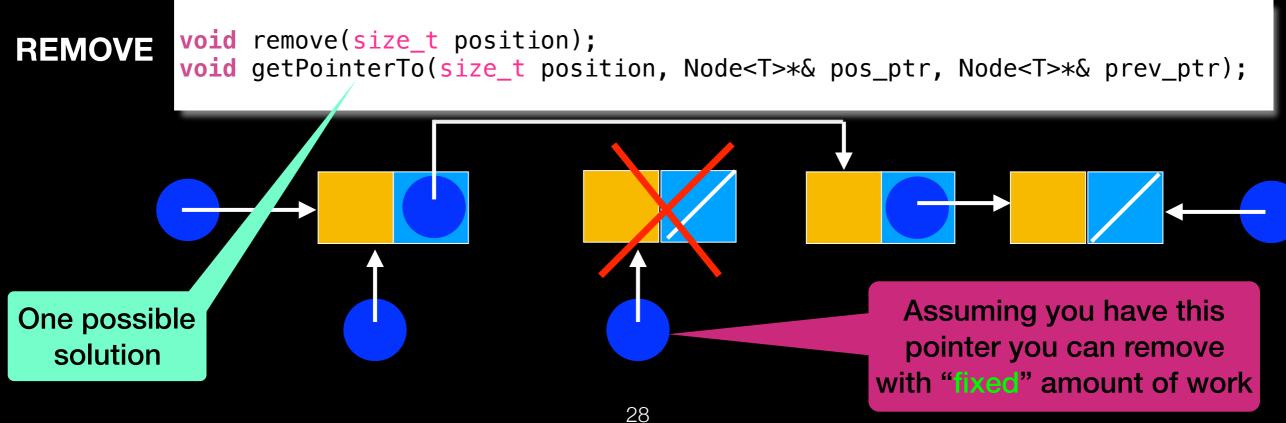
Propose a solution to this problem:

In English write a few sentences describing the changes you would make to the Linked-Chain implementation of the List ADT to remove from the middle





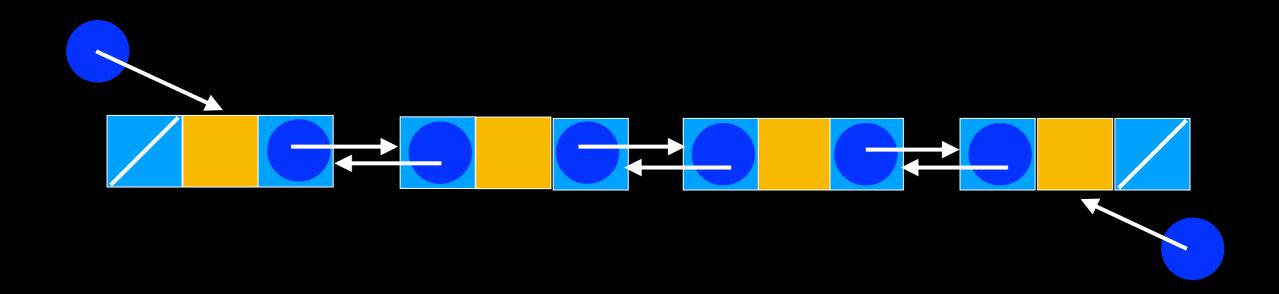




Another Solution?

```
#ifndef NODE H
#define NODE_H_
template<class T>
class Node
public:
    Node();
    Node(const T& an item);
    Node(const T& an_item, Node<T>* next_node_ptr);
    void setItem(const T& an item);
    void setNext(Node<T>* next node ptr);
    void setPrevious(Node<T>* prev node ptr);
    T getItem() const;
    Node<T>* getNext() const;
    Node<T>* getPrevious() const;
private:
                         // A data item
    T item;
   Node<T>* next; // Pointer to next node
    Node<T>* previous
                         // Pointer to previous node
}; // end Node
#include "Node.cpp"
#endif // NODE H
```

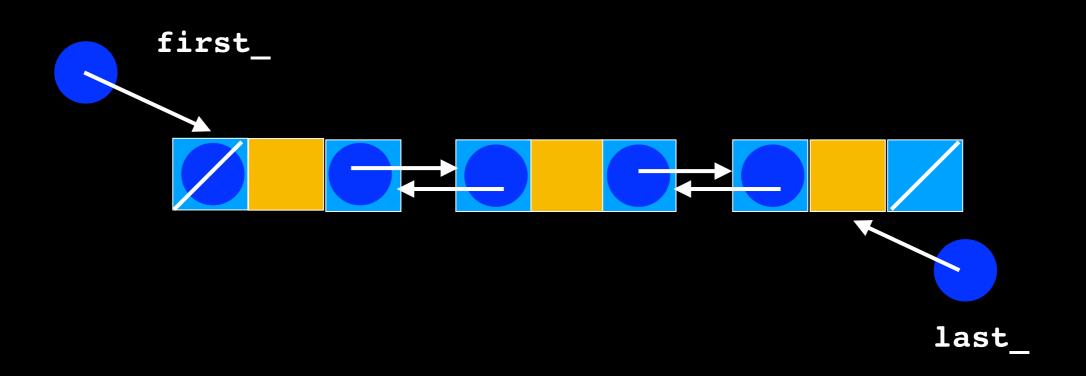
Doubly Linked List



```
#ifndef LIST H
#define LIST_H_
template<class T>
class List
public:
    List(); // constructor
    List(const List<T>& a list); // copy constructor
    ~List(); // destructor
    bool isEmpty() const;
    size t getLength() const;
    bool insert(size t position, const T& new element);//retains list order
    bool remove(size t position);//retains list order
    T getItem(size t position) const;
    void clear();
private:
    Node<T>* first_; // Pointer to first node
    Node<T>* last_; // Pointer to last node
    size_t item count; // number of items in the list
    Node<T>* getPointerTo(size t position) const;
}; // end List
#include "List.cpp"
#endif // LIST H
```

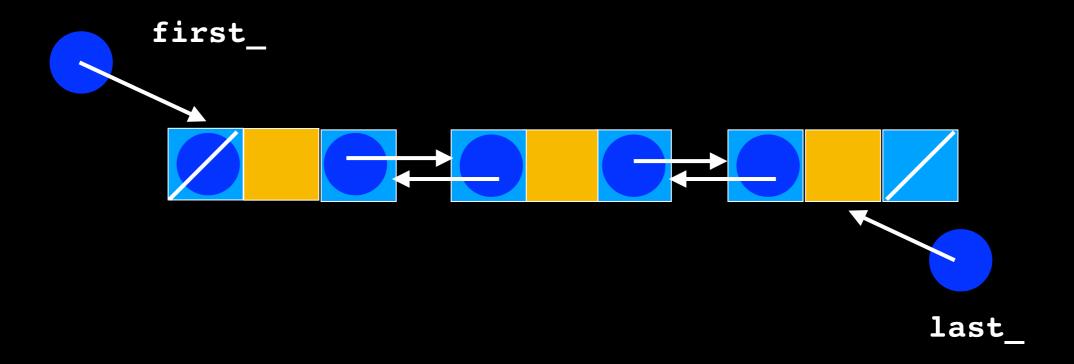
List::insert

What are the different cases that should be considered?

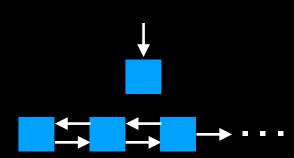


Lecture Activity

Write Pseudocode to insert a node at position 2 in a doubly-linked list (assume position follows classic indexing from 0 to item_count - 1)



Pseudocode



Instantiate new node

Obtain pointer

Connect new node to chain

Reconnect the relevant nodes

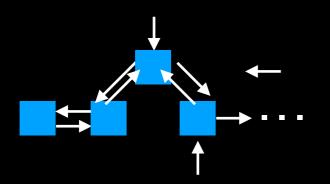
Pseudocode

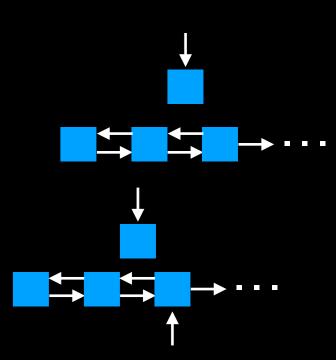
Instantiate new node

Obtain pointer

Connect new node to chain



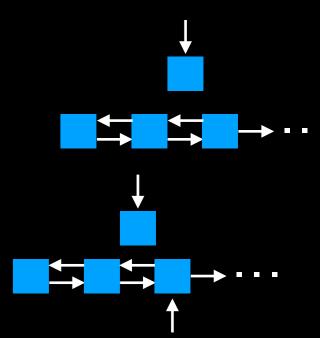




Pseudocode

Instantiate new node to be inserted and set its value

Obtain pointer to node currently at position 2



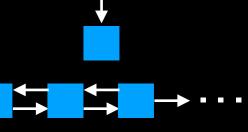
Connect new node to chain by pointing its next pointer to the node currently at position and its previous pointer to the node at position->previous

Reconnect the relevant nodes in the chain by pointing position->previous->next to the new node and position->previous to

the new node

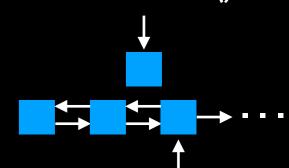
Order Matters!

More Pseudocodey

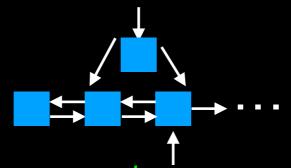


Instantiate new node new_ptr = new Node() and new_ptr->setItem()

Obtain pointer position_ptr = getPointerTo(2)

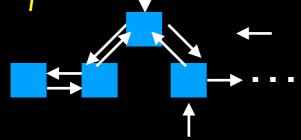


Connect new node to chain new_ptr->next = position_ptr and new_ptr->previous = temp->previous



Reconnect the relevant nodes

position_ptr->previous->next = new_ptr and position->previous = new_ptr



List::insert

```
template<class T>
bool List<T>::insert(size t position, const T& new element)
     // Create a new node containing the new entry and get a pointer to position
     Node<T>* new node ptr = new Node<T>(new element);
     Node<T>* pos ptr = getPointerTo(position);
                                                                     if (first == nullptr)
     // Attach new node to chain
                                                                          // Insert first node
     else if (pos ptr == first )
                                                                          new node ptr->setNext(nullptr);
                                                                          new node ptr->setPrevious(nullptr);
        // Insert new node at beginning of chain
        new node ptr->setNext(first );
                                                                          first = new node ptr;
        new node ptr->setPrevious(nullptr);
                                                                          last = new node ptr;
        first ->setPrevious(new node ptr);
        first = new node ptr;
     else if (pos ptr == nullptr)
         //insert at end of list
         new node ptr->setNext(nullptr);
         new node ptr->setPrevious(last );
         last ->setNext(new node ptr);
         last = new node ptr;
     else
        // Insert new node before node to which position points
        new node ptr->setNext(pos ptr);
        new node ptr->setPrevious(pos ptr->getPrevious());
        pos ptr->getPrevious()->setNext(new node ptr);
                                                                             Always insert
        pos ptr->setPrevious(new node ptr);
     } // end if
     item count ++; // Increase count of
      return true;
     end insert
```

```
if (first_ == nullptr)
{
    // Insert first node
    new_node_ptr->setNext(nullptr);
    new_node_ptr->setPrevious(nullptr);
    first_ = new_node_ptr;
    last_ = new_node_ptr;
}
                first_
                                last
```

```
else if (pos_ptr == first_)
         // Insert new node at beginning of chain
         new_node_ptr->setNext(first_);
         new_node_ptr->setPrevious(nullptr);
         first_->setPrevious(new_node_ptr);
         first_ = new_node_ptr;
                    first
                                                                 last
                         pos_ptr
```

```
else if (pos_ptr == first_)
         // Insert new node at beginning of chain
         new_node_ptr->setNext(first_);
         new_node_ptr->setPrevious(nullptr);
         first_->setPrevious(new_node_ptr);
         first_ = new_node_ptr;
                    first
      new_node_ptr
                                                                last
                         pos_ptr
```

```
else if (pos_ptr == first_)
         // Insert new node at beginning of chain
         new_node_ptr->setNext(first_);
         new_node_ptr->setPrevious(nullptr);
        first_->setPrevious(new_node_ptr);
         first_ = new_node_ptr;
                    first
      new_node_ptr
                                                                last
                         pos_ptr
```

```
else if (pos_ptr == first_)
         // Insert new node at beginning of chain
         new_node_ptr->setNext(first_);
         new_node_ptr->setPrevious(nullptr);
         first ->setPrevious(new node ptr);
         first_ = new_node_ptr;
                    first
      new_node_ptr
                                                                 last
```

pos_ptr

```
else if (pos_ptr == nullptr)
    //insert at end of list
    new_node_ptr->setNext(nullptr);
    new_node_ptr->setPrevious(last_);
    last_->setNext(new_node_ptr);
    last_ = new_node_ptr;
}
first_
                                                    pos_ptr
                                           last_
```

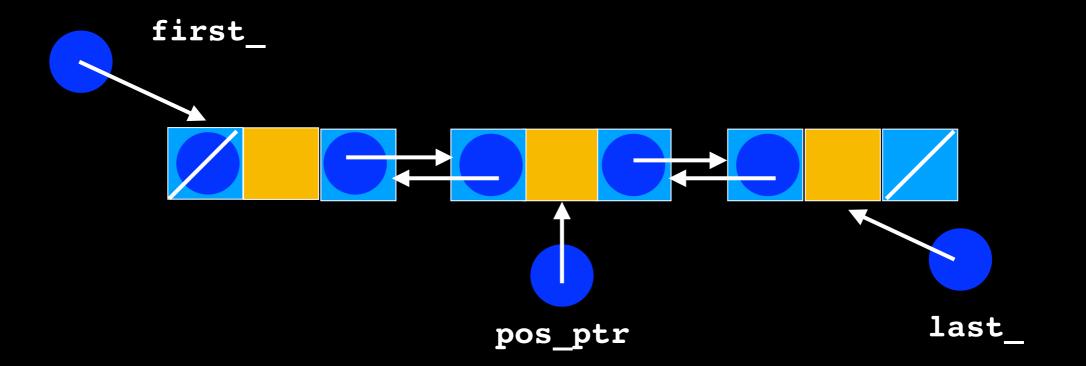
```
else if (pos_ptr == nullptr)
    //insert at end of list
    new_node_ptr->setNext(nullptr);
    new_node_ptr->setPrevious(last_);
    last_->setNext(new_node_ptr);
    last_ = new_node_ptr;
}
                                                 new_node_ptr
first
                                                    pos_ptr
                                           last_
```

```
else if (pos_ptr == nullptr)
    //insert at end of list
    new_node_ptr->setNext(nullptr);
    new_node_ptr->setPrevious(last_);
    last_->setNext(new_node_ptr);
    last_ = new_node_ptr;
}
                                                  new_node_ptr
first
                                                    pos_ptr
                                           last_
```

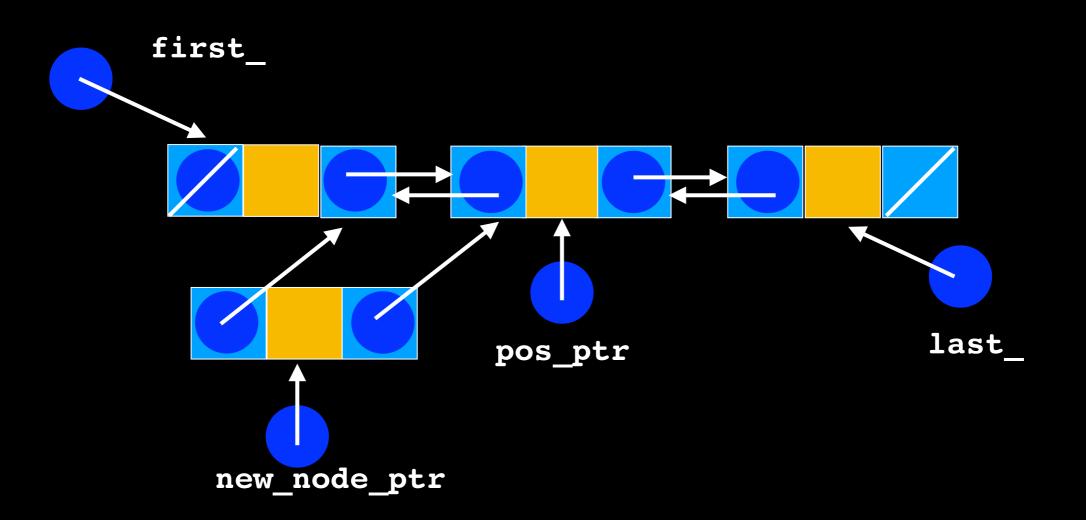
```
else if (pos_ptr == nullptr)
    //insert at end of list
    new_node_ptr->setNext(nullptr);
    new_node_ptr->setPrevious(last_);
    last_->setNext(new_node_ptr);
    last_ = new_node_ptr;
                                                 new_node_ptr
first
                                                    pos_ptr
                                           last
```

```
else

// Insert new node before node to which position points
   new_node_ptr->setNext(pos_ptr);
   new_node_ptr->setPrevious(pos_ptr->getPrevious());
   pos_ptr->getPrevious()->setNext(new_node_ptr);
   pos_ptr->setPrevious(new_node_ptr);
} // end if
```

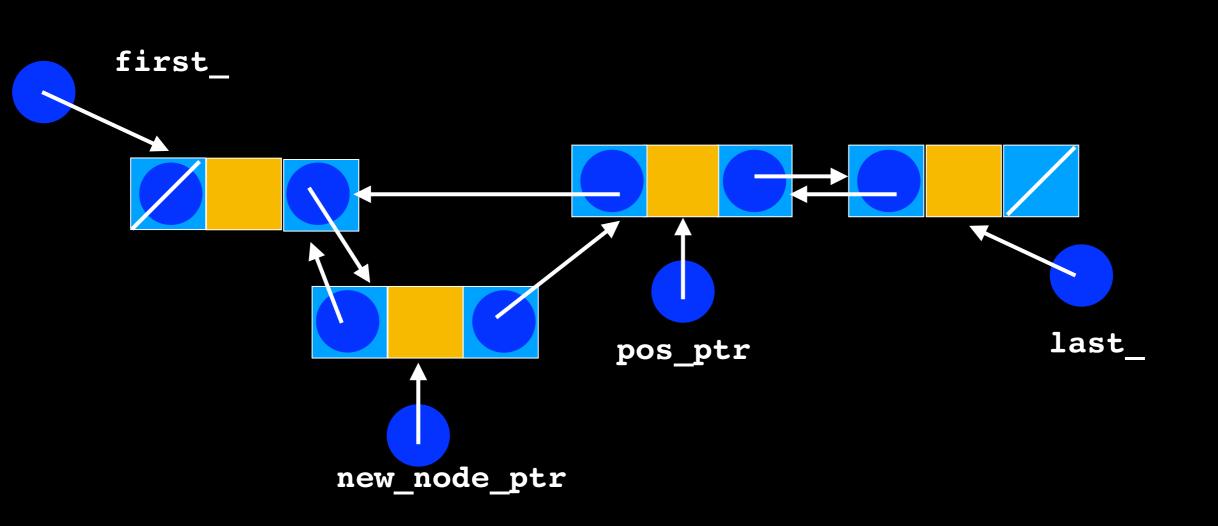


```
else
{
    // Insert new node before node to which position points
    new_node_ptr->setNext(pos_ptr);
    new_node_ptr->setPrevious(pos_ptr->getPrevious());
    pos_ptr->getPrevious()->setNext(new_node_ptr);
    pos_ptr->setPrevious(new_node_ptr);
} // end if
```



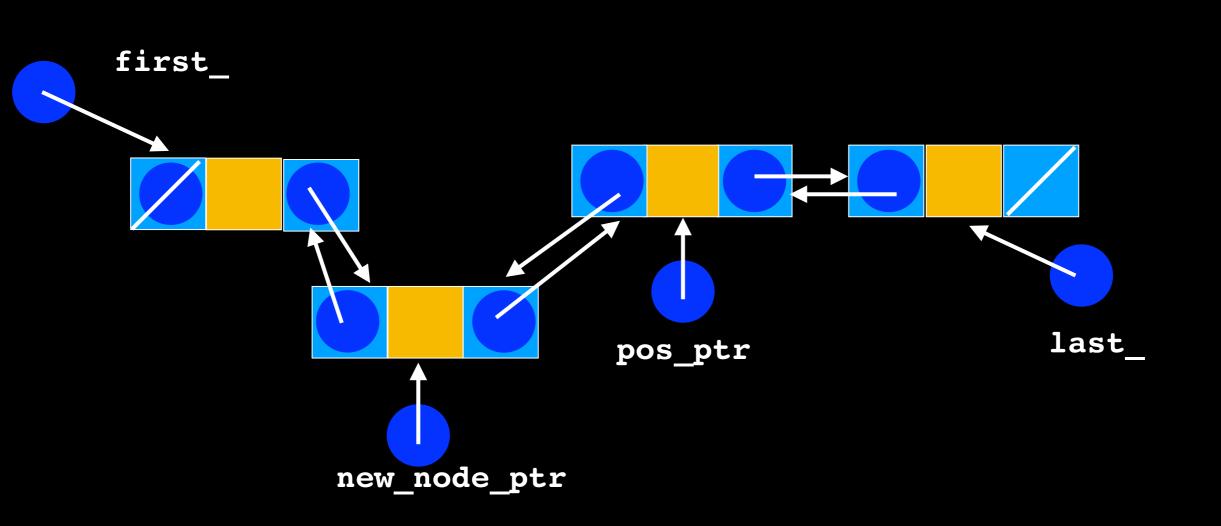
```
else

// Insert new node before node to which position points
   new_node_ptr->setNext(pos_ptr);
   new node ptr->setPrevious(pos_ptr->getPrevious());
   pos_ptr->getPrevious()->setNext(new_node_ptr);
   pos_ptr->setPrevious(new_node_ptr);
} // end if
```



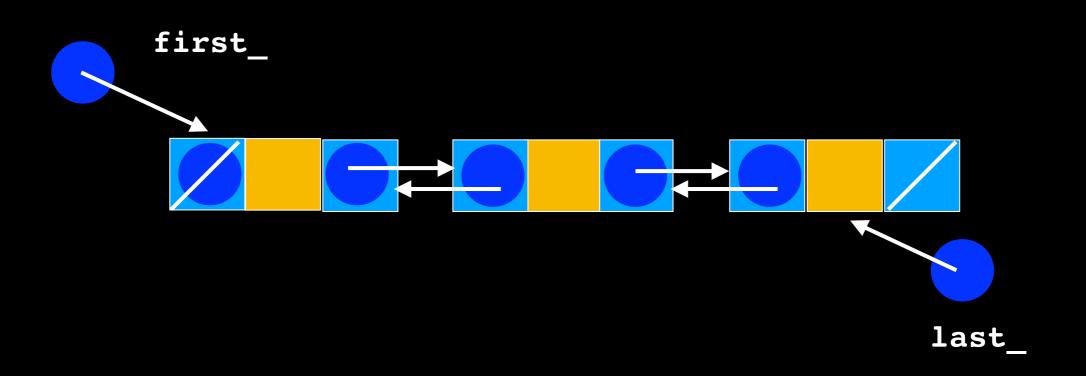
```
else

// Insert new node before node to which position points
    new_node_ptr->setNext(pos_ptr);
    new_node_ptr->setPrevious(pos_ptr->getPrevious());
    pos_ptr->getPrevious()->setNext(new_node_ptr);
    pos_ptr->setPrevious(new_node_ptr);
}
// end if
```



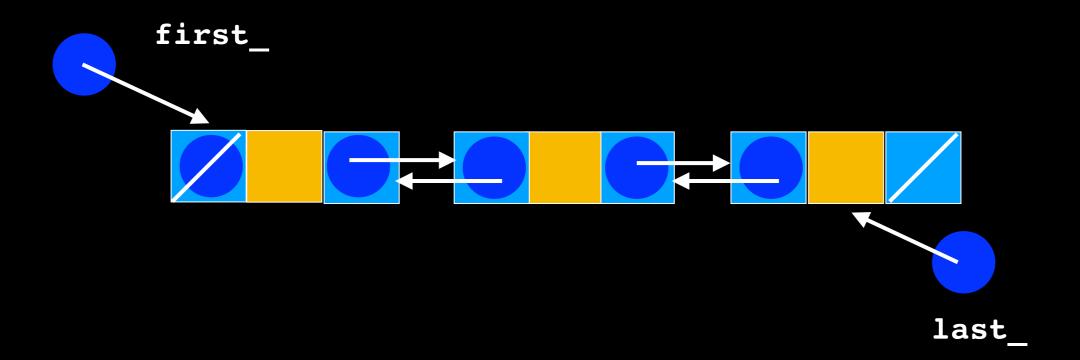
List::remove

What are the different cases that should be considered?



Lecture Activity

Write Pseudocode to remove the node at position 1 in a doubly-linked list (assume position follows classic indexing from 0 to item_count - 1, and there is a node at position 2)



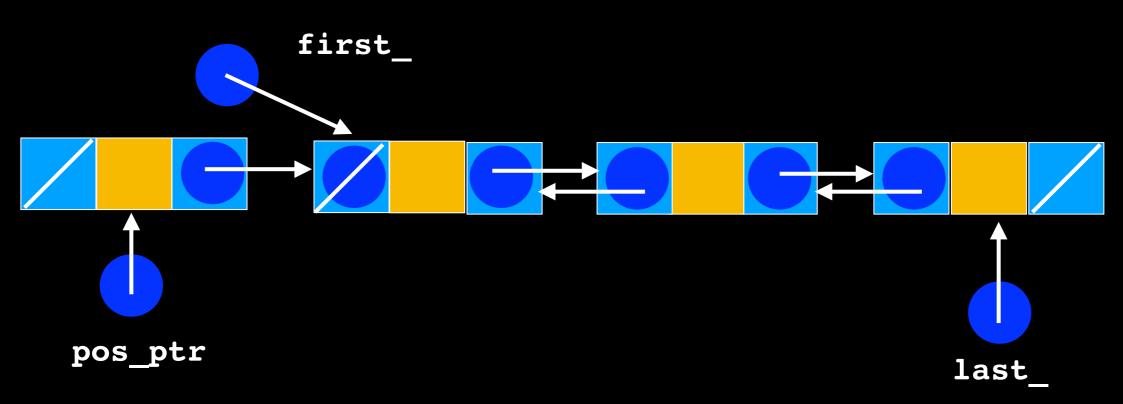
List::Remove

```
template<class T>
bool List<T>::remove(size t position)
   // get pointer to position
   Node<T>* pos_ptr = getPointerTo(position);
   if (pos ptr == nullptr) // no node at position
      return false;
  else
   {
      // Remove node from chain
                                                              (pos_ptr == first_)
                                                                 // Remove first node
      else if (pos_ptr == last_ )
                                                                 first = pos ptr->getNext();
                                                                 first_->setPrevious(nullptr);
         //remove last node
         last = pos ptr->getPrevious();
         last ->setNext(nullptr);
                                                                 // Return node to the system
                                                                 pos ptr->setNext(nullptr);
         // Return node to the system
                                                                 delete pos_ptr;
         pos_ptr->setPrevious(nullptr);
                                                                 pos ptr = nullptr;
         delete pos_ptr;
         pos ptr = nullptr;
      else
         //Remove from the middle
         pos_ptr->getPrevious()->setNext(pos_ptr->getNext());
         pos ptr->getNext()->setPrevious(pos ptr->getPrevious());
         // Return node to the system
         pos_ptr->setNext(nullptr);
         pos ptr->setPrevious(nullptr);
         delete pos_ptr;
         pos_ptr = nullptr;
      item count--;
      return true:
     end remove
                                                      55
```

```
Remove node from chain
   (pos_ptr == first_)
{
    // Remove first node
    first_ = pos_ptr->getNext();
    first_->setPrevious(nullptr);
    // Return node to the system
    pos_ptr->setNext(nullptr);
    delete pos_ptr;
    pos_ptr = nullptr;
  first_
  pos_ptr
                                                         last_
```

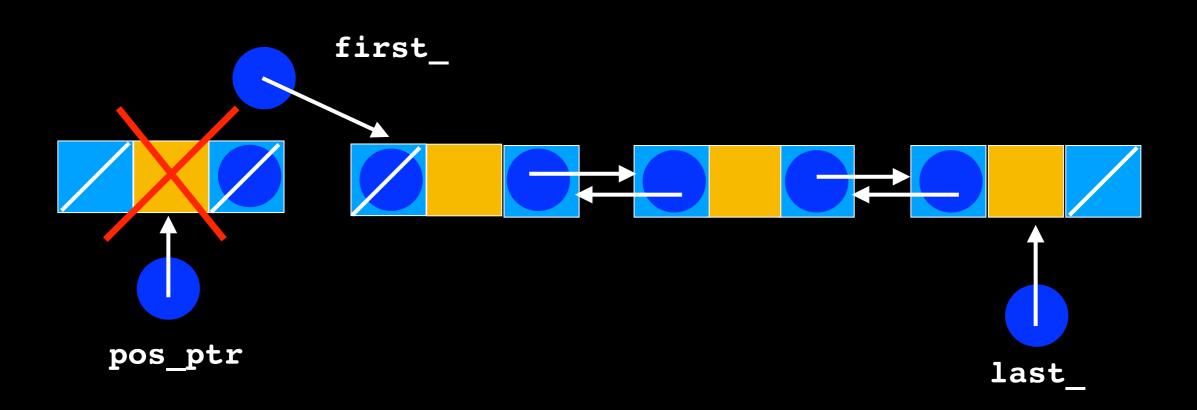
```
// Remove node from chain
if (pos_ptr == first_)
{
    // Remove first node
    first_ = pos_ptr->getNext();
    first_->setPrevious(nullptr);

    // Return node to the system
    pos_ptr->setNext(nullptr);
    delete pos_ptr;
    pos_ptr = nullptr;
}
```



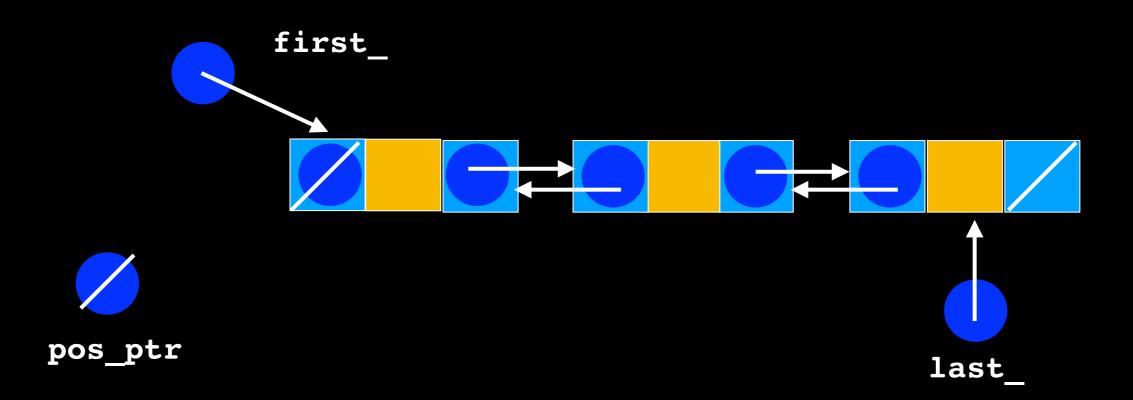
```
// Remove node from chain
if (pos_ptr == first_)
{
    // Remove first node
    first_ = pos_ptr->getNext();
    first_->setPrevious(nullptr);

    // Return node to the system
    pos_ptr->setNext(nullptr);
    delete pos_ptr;
    pos_ptr = nullptr;
}
```



```
// Remove node from chain
if (pos_ptr == first_)
{
    // Remove first node
    first_ = pos_ptr->getNext();
    first_->setPrevious(nullptr);

    // Return node to the system
    pos_ptr->setNext(nullptr);
    delete pos_ptr;
    pos_ptr = nullptr;
}
```



```
else if (pos_ptr == last_ )
    //remove last_ node
    last_ = pos_ptr->getPrevious();
    last_ ->setNext(nullptr);
    // Return node to the system
    pos_ptr->setPrevious(nullptr);
    delete pos_ptr;
    pos_ptr = nullptr;
}
  first_
                                                    last_
                                                   pos_ptr
```

```
else if (pos_ptr == last_ )
   //remove last node
    last_ = pos_ptr->getPrevious();
    last_ ->setNext(nullptr);
    // Return node to the system
    pos_ptr->setPrevious(nullptr);
   delete pos_ptr;
    pos_ptr = nullptr;
}
  first_
                                                   last_
                                                   pos_ptr
```

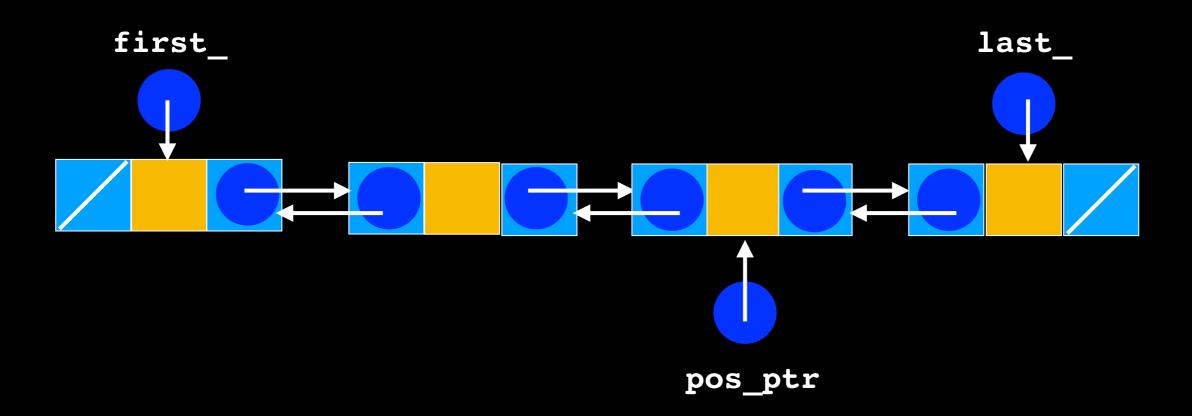
```
else if (pos_ptr == last_ )
    //remove last_ node
    last_ = pos_ptr->getPrevious();
    last_ ->setNext(nullptr);
    // Return node to the system
   pos_ptr->setPrevious(nullptr);
   delete pos ptr:
    pos_ptr = nullptr;
}
  first_
                                                   last_
```

pos_ptr

```
else if (pos_ptr == last_ )
    //remove last_ node
    last_ = pos_ptr->getPrevious();
    last_ ->setNext(nullptr);
    // Return node to the system
    pos_ptr->setPrevious(nullptr);
    <u>delete pos ptr:</u>
    pos_ptr = nullptr;
}
  first_
                                                     last
                                                     pos_ptr
```

```
else if (pos_ptr != nullptr)
{
    //Remove from the middle
    pos_ptr->getPrevious()->setNext(pos_ptr->getNext());
    pos_ptr->getNext()->setPrevious(pos_ptr->getPrevious());

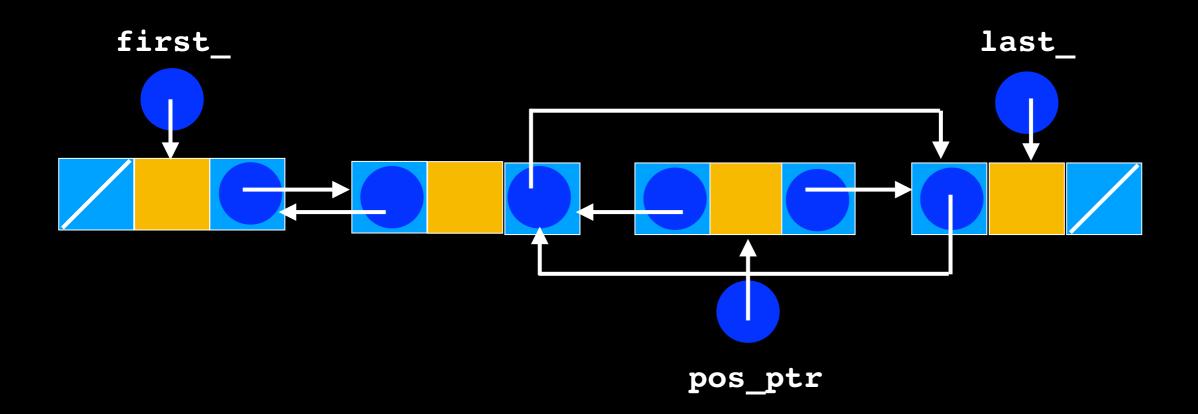
    // Return node to the system
    pos_ptr->setNext(nullptr);
    pos_ptr->setPrevious(nullptr);
    delete pos_ptr;
    pos_ptr = nullptr;
} // end if
```



```
else if (pos_ptr != nullptr)
{
    //Remove from the middle

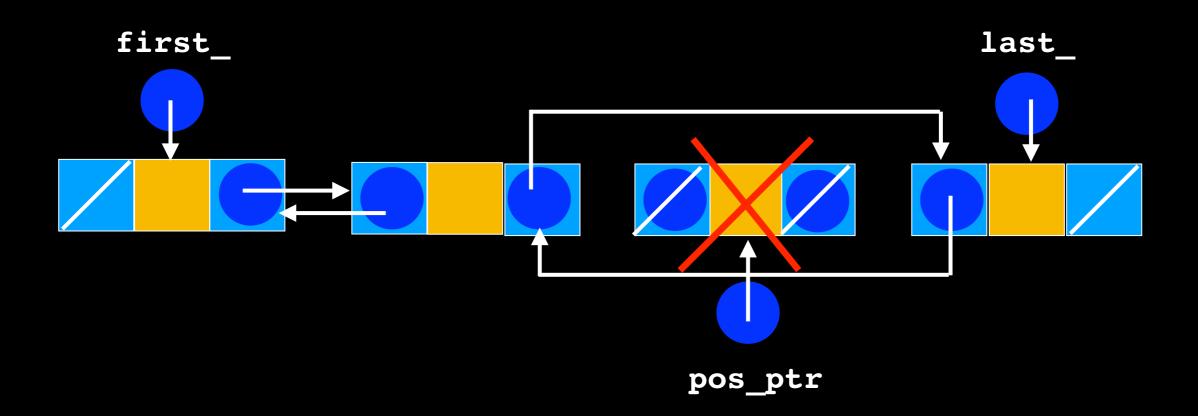
    pos_ptr->getPrevious()->setNext(pos_ptr->getNext());
    pos_ptr->getNext()->setPrevious(pos_ptr->getPrevious());

    // Return node to the system
    pos_ptr->setNext(nullptr);
    pos_ptr->setPrevious(nullptr);
    delete pos_ptr;
    pos_ptr = nullptr;
} // end if
```



```
else if (pos_ptr != nullptr)
{
    //Remove from the middle
    pos_ptr->getPrevious()->setNext(pos_ptr->getNext());
    pos_ptr->getNext()->setPrevious(pos_ptr->getPrevious());

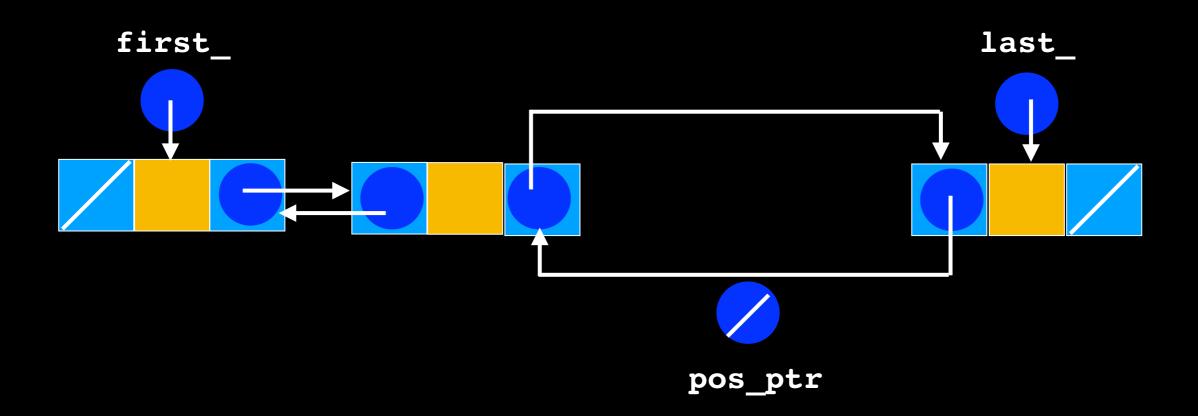
    // Return node to the system
    pos_ptr->setNext(nullptr);
    pos_ptr->setPrevious(nullptr);
    delete pos_ptr;
    pos_ptr = nullptr;
} // end if
```



```
else if (pos_ptr != nullptr)
{
    //Remove from the middle
    pos_ptr->getPrevious()->setNext(pos_ptr->getNext());
    pos_ptr->getNext()->setPrevious(pos_ptr->getPrevious());

    // Return node to the system
    pos_ptr->setNext(nullptr);
    pos_ptr->setPrevious(nullptr);
    delete pos_ptr;

    pos_ptr = nullptr;
} // end if
```



List::getPointerTo

```
template<class T>
Node<T>* List<T>::getPointerTo(size_t position) const
    Node<T>* find_ptr = nullptr;
    // return nullptr if there is no node at position
    if(position < item_count)</pre>
    {//there is a node at position
        find_ptr = first_;
        for(size_t i = 0; i < position; ++i)</pre>
            find_ptr = find_ptr->getNext();
         //find_ptr points to the node at position
    return find_ptr;
}//end getPointerTo
```