

Assignment_5

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2022-12-01

Data preprocess

```
cereal <- read.csv("Cereals.csv")
cereal <- na.omit(cereal) # 3 NA records removed, 74 records in total
summary(cereal) #original data summary
```

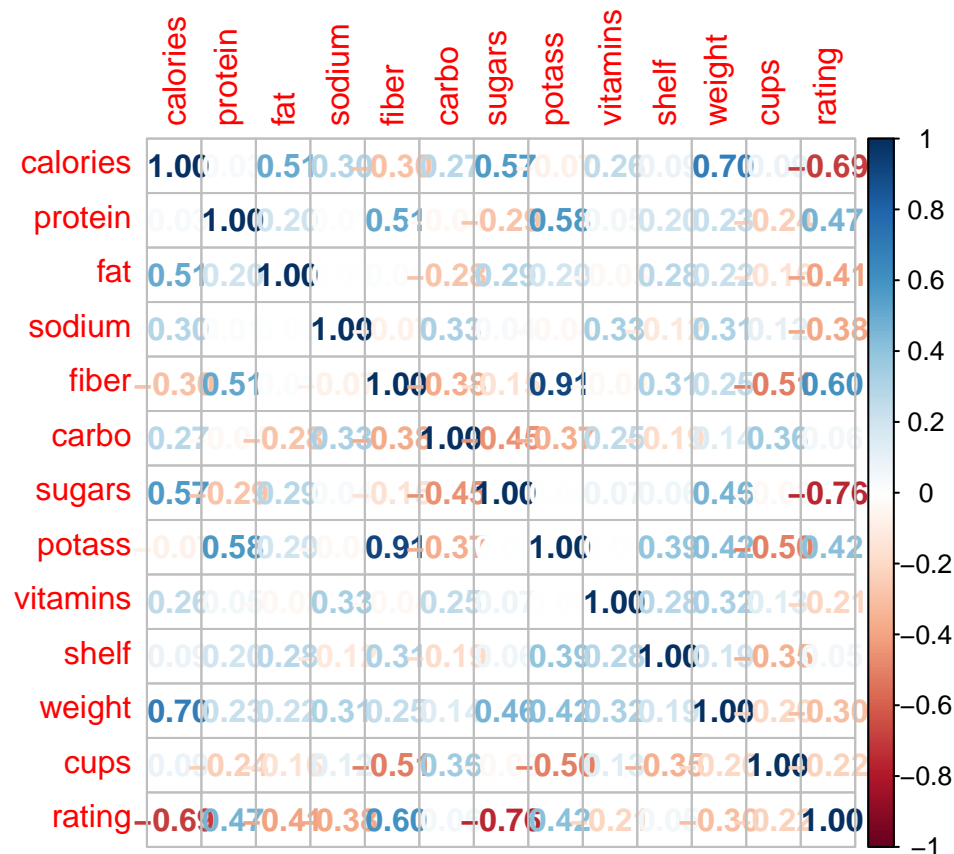
```
##      name           mfr           type           calories
## Length:74      Length:74      Length:74      Min.   : 50
## Class :character Class :character Class :character 1st Qu.:100
## Mode  :character Mode  :character Mode  :character Median :110
##                                           Mean  :107
##                                           3rd Qu.:110
##                                           Max.   :160
##      protein      fat      sodium      fiber      carbo
## Min.   :1.000    Min.   :0    Min.   : 0.0    Min.   : 0.000    Min.   : 5.00
## 1st Qu.:2.000    1st Qu.:0    1st Qu.:135.0  1st Qu.: 0.250    1st Qu.:12.00
## Median :2.500    Median :1    Median :180.0  Median : 2.000    Median :14.50
## Mean   :2.514    Mean   :1    Mean   :162.4  Mean   : 2.176    Mean   :14.73
## 3rd Qu.:3.000    3rd Qu.:1    3rd Qu.:217.5  3rd Qu.: 3.000    3rd Qu.:17.00
## Max.   :6.000    Max.   :5    Max.   :320.0  Max.   :14.000    Max.   :23.00
##      sugars      potass      vitamins      shelf
## Min.   : 0.000    Min.   : 15.00    Min.   : 0.00    Min.   :1.000
## 1st Qu.: 3.000    1st Qu.: 41.25    1st Qu.: 25.00    1st Qu.:1.250
## Median : 7.000    Median : 90.00    Median : 25.00    Median :2.000
## Mean   : 7.108    Mean   : 98.51    Mean   : 29.05    Mean   :2.216
## 3rd Qu.:11.000    3rd Qu.:120.00    3rd Qu.: 25.00    3rd Qu.:3.000
## Max.   :15.000    Max.   :330.00    Max.   :100.00    Max.   :3.000
##      weight      cups      rating
## Min.   :0.500    Min.   :0.2500    Min.   :18.04
## 1st Qu.:1.000    1st Qu.:0.6700    1st Qu.:32.45
## Median :1.000    Median :0.7500    Median :40.25
## Mean   :1.031    Mean   :0.8216    Mean   :42.37
## 3rd Qu.:1.000    3rd Qu.:1.0000    3rd Qu.:50.52
## Max.   :1.500    Max.   :1.5000    Max.   :93.70
```

```
head(cereal) #original data snapshot
```

```
##      name mfr type calories protein fat sodium fiber carbo
## 1      100%_Bran N   C       70      4  1   130  10.0   5.0
## 2 100%_Natural_Bran Q   C      120     3  5    15   2.0   8.0
## 3      All-Bran K   C       70      4  1   260   9.0   7.0
## 4 All-Bran_with_Extra_Fiber K   C      50     4  0   140  14.0   8.0
## 6  Apple_Cinnamon_Cheerios G   C     110     2  2   180   1.5  10.5
## 7      Apple_Jacks K   C     110     2  0   125   1.0  11.0
```

```
##      sugars potass vitamins shelf weight cups   rating
## 1         6    280      25     3      1 0.33 68.40297
## 2         8    135       0     3      1 1.00 33.98368
## 3         5    320      25     3      1 0.33 59.42551
## 4         0    330      25     3      1 0.50 93.70491
## 6        10     70      25     1      1 0.75 29.50954
## 7        14     30      25     2      1 1.00 33.17409
```

```
corrmatrix <- cor(cereal[, 4:16])
corrplot(corrmatrix, method = 'number')
```



```
#data scaling
df <- cereal[, 4:16]
df_scaled <- scale(df)
rownames(df_scaled) <- cereal[, 1] #create new dataframe with only numerical data
```

Early observations on the univariate data: there might be outliers on high or low ends

protein: outliers on max

fat: outliers on max

sodium: outliers on min

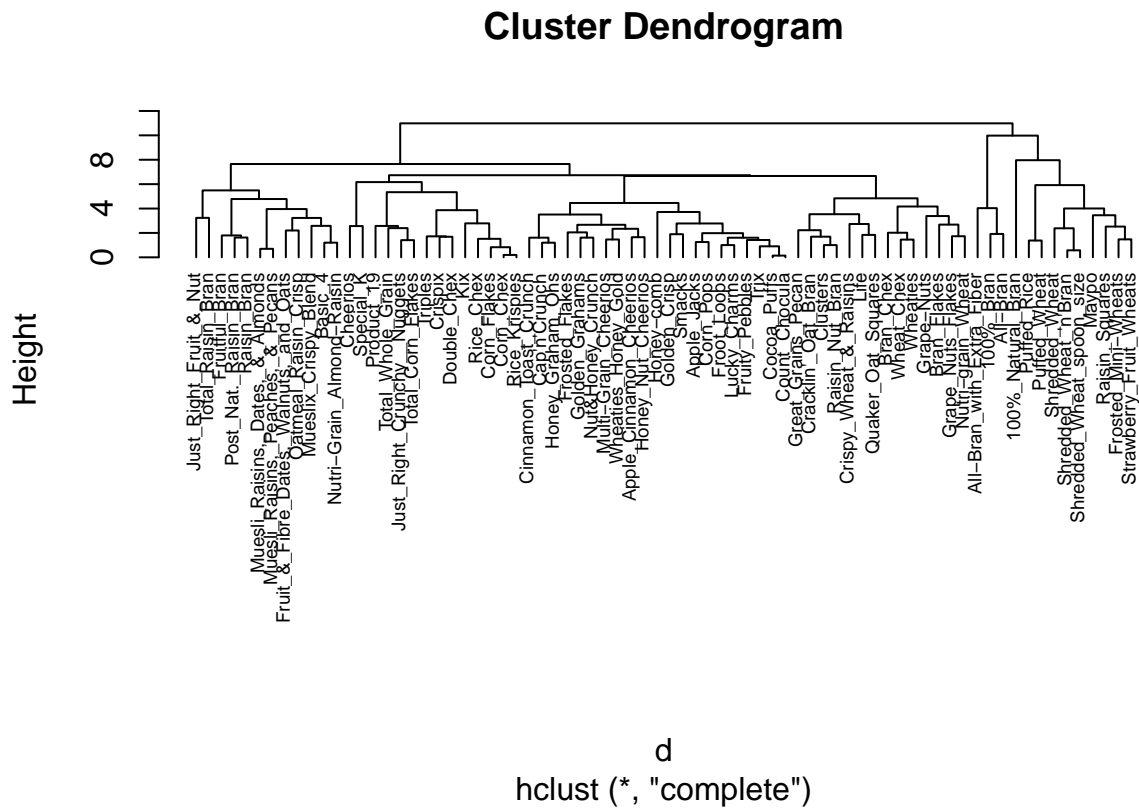
fiber: outliers on max

potass: outliers on max

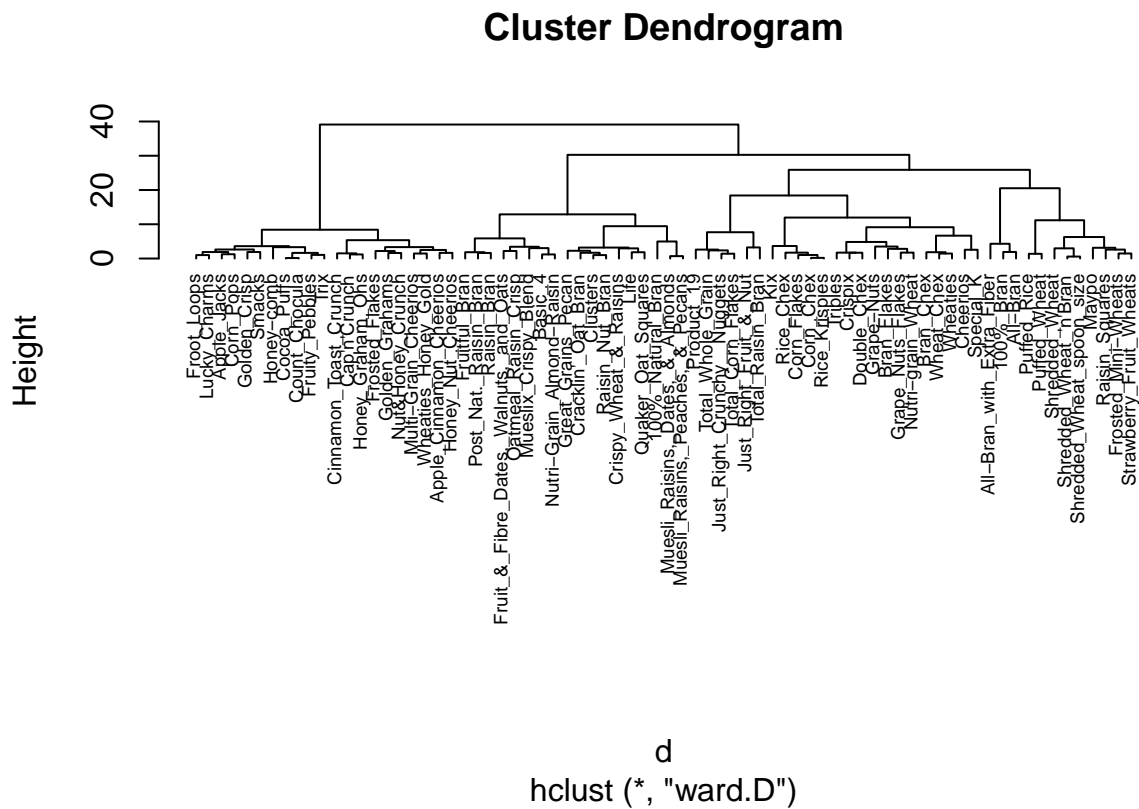
vitamins: outliers on max

rating: vitamins: outliers on max

Hierarchical clustering



```
plot(hc_w, cex = 0.6, hang = -1) #ward
```



Conclusion

(1) The best method is ward method as the agglomerative coefficient is max among the four methods. Complete method is also a good alternative.

If we use hclust to plot, complete and ward both show clean plots. Complete shows 5 clusters and ward shows 4. For this practice, we will go with ward method as the best method.

(2) I would choose 5 as the **number of clusters**. This is based on visual examination to the ward method and complete method.

#test plot of Euclidean distance vs no of clusters optimal no of clusters

Check on stability of clusters

```
set.seed(111)

train_index_c <- createDataPartition(df$rating, p= 0.6, list = FALSE)
validate_c <- df[[- train_index_c, ] # 40% as validation
train_c <- df[train_index_c, ] # 60% as training and testing

validate_c <- scale(validate_c)
train_c <- scale(train_c)

d2 <- dist(train_c, method = "euclidean")
d3 <- dist(validate_c, method = "euclidean")

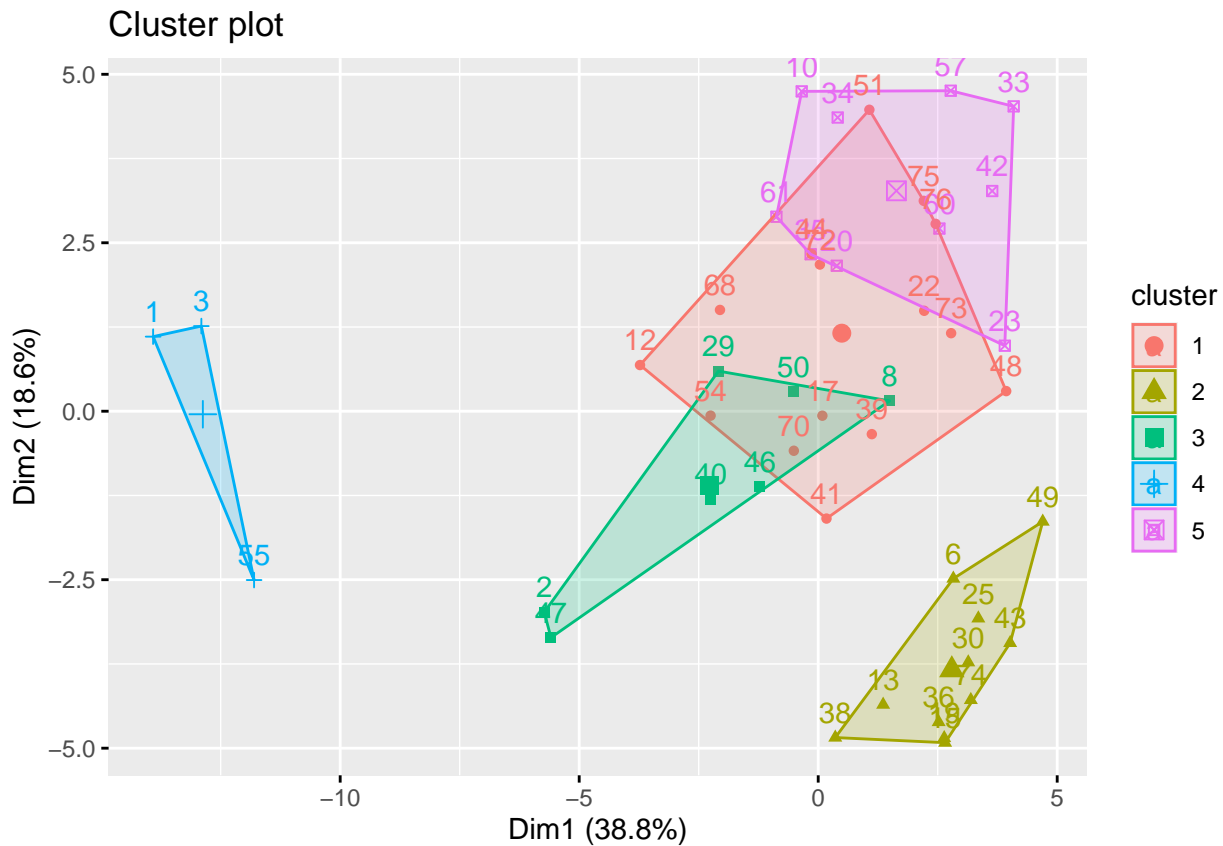
hc_ward_train <- agnes(d2, method = "ward")
hc_ward_validate <- agnes(d3, method = "ward")

k_t <- kmeans (d2, centers = 5, nstart = 25)
k_t$centers
```

```
##          1          2          3          6          8          10          12          13
## 1 7.967800 6.906590 7.594565 4.704842 4.681772 4.525528 4.331638 5.182774
## 2 8.535030 5.479877 8.309637 2.189860 4.321893 5.338304 6.121088 2.373743
## 3 7.872511 5.146281 7.601316 5.073019 2.808911 5.307493 6.273949 5.033307
## 4 3.677442 8.063725 3.827698 7.578475 8.131495 5.022271 8.116483 8.528609
## 5 5.769457 5.114209 5.739222 4.079760 4.086324 2.963445 5.594050 4.713348
##          15          17          19          20          22          23          25          29
## 1 4.974599 3.441628 4.980762 5.287565 3.251136 4.489539 4.724198 5.569449
## 2 1.423779 4.633822 1.456496 4.582716 4.381968 2.943412 1.765088 5.194076
## 3 5.257400 6.331684 5.226176 4.380366 5.345016 4.471176 5.010991 3.760662
## 4 8.197772 8.081412 8.168678 6.055757 7.576554 6.315716 7.662901 7.171546
## 5 4.665498 5.229181 4.645698 2.669497 4.219611 2.604431 4.068141 4.396180
##          30          33          34          35          36          38          39          40
## 1 4.848704 3.520775 4.401905 5.253916 4.909800 4.801771 3.796492 5.133637
## 2 1.638846 4.117616 5.253468 4.961404 1.758105 2.514624 4.278343 5.368813
## 3 5.188961 4.598047 5.236725 4.651842 4.965305 6.134692 5.164181 3.903471
## 4 7.947479 5.971325 6.301575 6.651761 8.327016 8.654483 7.971297 9.039925
## 5 4.211122 2.382682 2.893132 2.822867 4.684861 5.560833 4.557340 5.274525
##          41          42          43          44          46          47          48          49
## 1 3.611015 3.966265 4.493673 4.227321 5.511264 6.800480 3.344115 4.087701
## 2 4.360610 3.834046 1.469902 5.052422 4.770842 5.772907 3.039714 1.998316
## 3 5.914702 4.627010 4.916140 5.727665 3.535555 3.402447 5.240474 4.611051
## 4 8.600125 6.242160 7.854626 6.935653 8.122302 9.490221 7.101365 7.810482
## 5 5.504342 2.488657 4.171300 3.921031 4.514548 5.803263 3.978618 3.746769
##          50          51          54          55          57          60          61          68
```

```
## 1 4.995514 3.472850 3.889907 7.102305 4.152854 4.776383 5.048985 4.017793
## 2 5.149799 5.231537 5.642161 7.378183 4.501119 3.929099 5.102551 5.612719
## 3 2.955339 5.600655 6.199002 9.531091 4.640665 4.405843 5.806489 6.281182
## 4 8.325595 6.150310 8.391676 6.048828 5.917482 5.930290 6.044087 7.819170
## 5 4.498909 3.522954 5.515583 6.627048 2.135463 2.196201 3.109669 5.061386
##      70      72      73      74      75      76
## 1 3.768592 3.704618 3.415195 4.742373 3.381285 3.155341
## 2 4.986953 5.248200 4.104648 1.478435 4.461652 4.368525
## 3 5.687825 5.359895 4.956150 5.245854 5.364756 5.407231
## 4 8.526692 7.058347 7.674280 8.086594 6.597121 6.722869
## 5 5.167939 4.269072 3.990893 4.472778 3.692208 3.911365
```

```
fviz_cluster(k_t, data = d2)
```

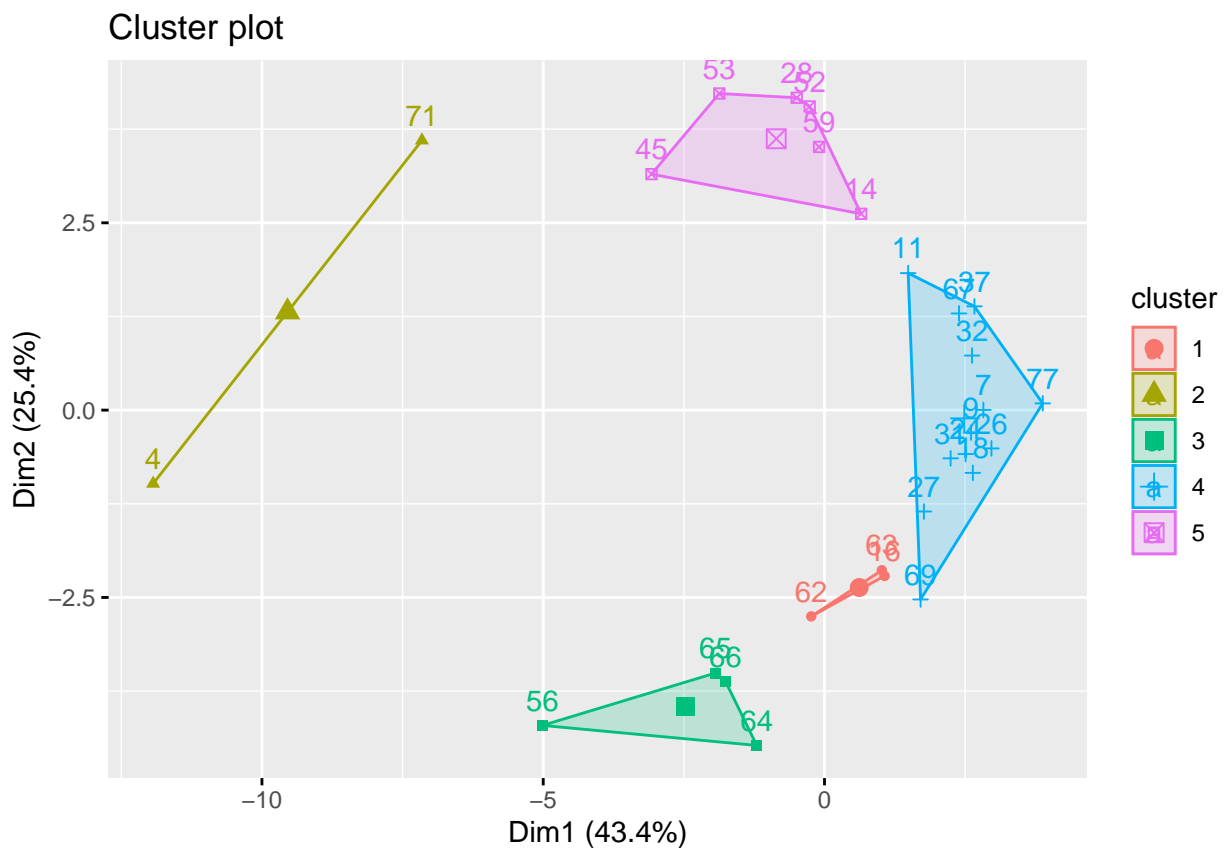


```
k_v <- kmeans (d3, centers = 5, nstart = 25)
k_v$centers
```

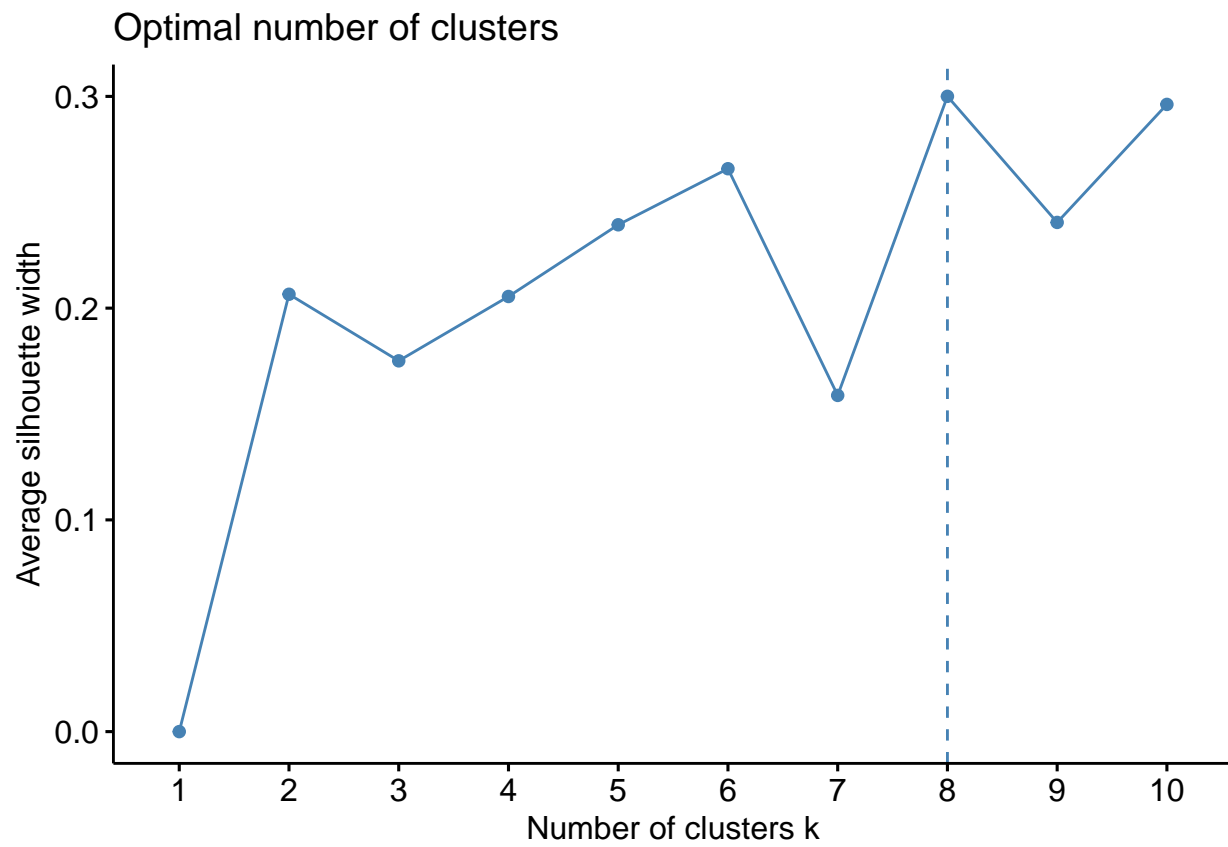
```
##      4      7      9      11      14      16      18      24
## 1 9.601893 4.237441 3.892908 4.809853 5.704819 0.5463308 3.910074 3.408813
## 2 4.833155 7.589936 6.868105 8.265568 6.924806 8.3872985 7.934525 7.132319
## 3 7.158142 5.351790 4.295151 6.601134 5.516432 5.2064151 5.192537 4.547096
## 4 8.303098 2.566362 2.961120 3.170624 3.904608 3.9381749 2.644556 3.063577
## 5 7.484726 4.657260 4.124080 4.398839 2.644996 5.8383736 5.127329 4.281198
##      26      27      28      31      32      37      45      52
## 1 3.460431 4.719206 6.159589 4.638341 3.550839 4.204707 6.432145 5.994403
## 2 8.079935 6.693864 6.083092 7.954386 8.016644 7.237645 7.460904 6.997815
## 3 5.421793 3.511469 6.224397 5.107198 5.971333 5.465410 6.944372 6.606051
## 4 2.574454 3.199756 4.388753 2.745396 2.815178 2.869911 5.416566 4.304330
```

```
## 5 5.099300 4.295649 1.959130 5.105719 4.564692 3.799829 3.391397 2.331039
##      53      56      59      62      63      64      65      66
## 1 6.617732 6.623279 5.455232 0.9922691 0.5579658 4.539289 5.152434 4.936438
## 2 5.898252 9.117837 5.993608 8.8657222 8.3649404 8.269973 7.645951 7.873446
## 3 6.814155 3.667565 6.146125 5.4699166 5.2622484 2.274254 2.156441 2.160669
## 4 4.839153 5.799647 4.219407 4.3864423 3.9610931 4.520096 4.908774 4.859670
## 5 2.455347 7.523936 2.442496 6.5225464 5.8210404 6.391993 5.758519 5.826574
##      67      69      71      77
## 1 5.318919 4.054697 7.476748 3.031851
## 2 7.580398 7.068308 4.833155 7.556155
## 3 5.592962 3.376229 9.295462 4.852509
## 4 2.721186 3.210505 6.770408 2.435456
## 5 4.050874 5.011296 5.634766 4.141704
```

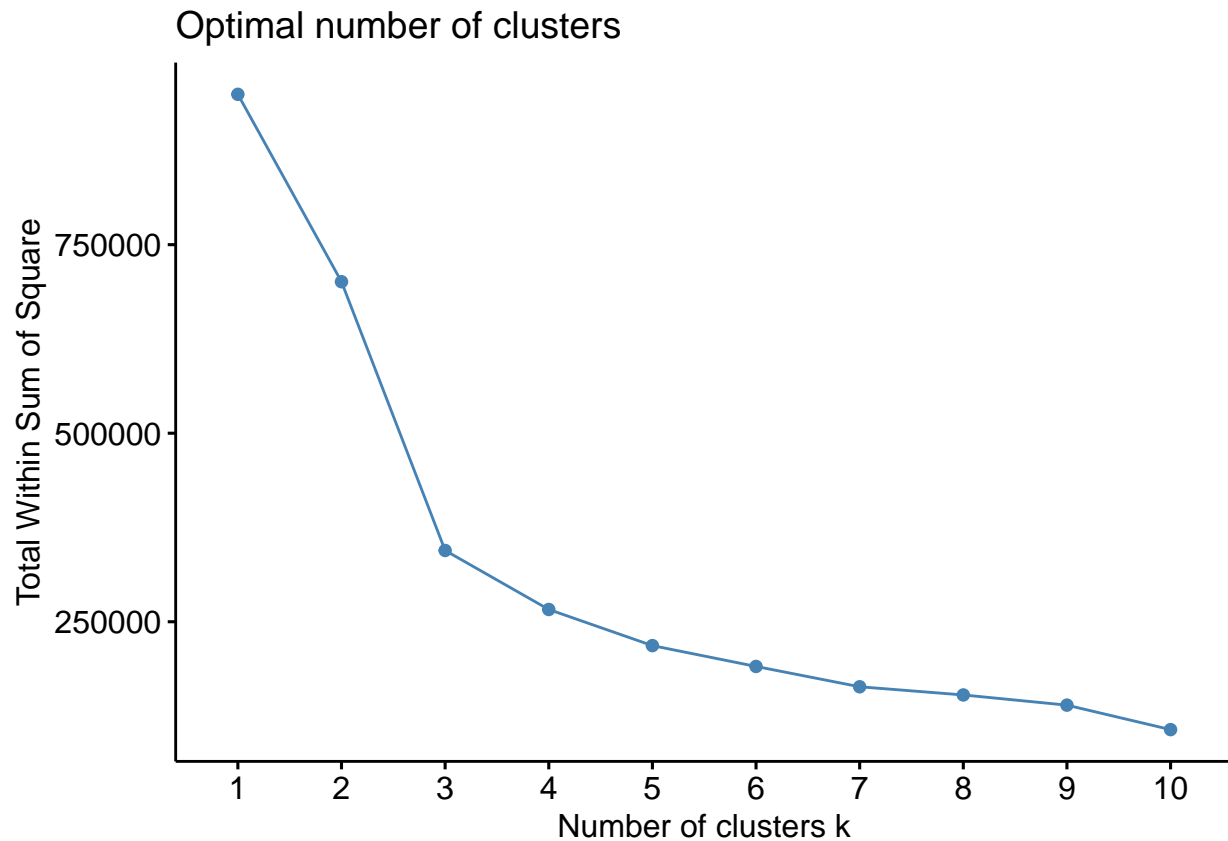
```
fviz_cluster(k_v, data = d3)
```



```
fviz_nbclust(df_scaled, kmeans, method='silhouette')
```



```
fviz_nbclust(df, kmeans, method = "wss")
```

k = 3 and k = 8 are suggested

Recommendation to Elementary school Should the data be normalized?

The data should not be normalized as we need to use units to filter healthy cereal.

The standard for healthy cereal should be full of nutrients (fiber) compared to other cereals which are simply tasty. Vitamins and minerals are also something nice to have. According to the official guideline from FDA, cereals have to contain three-fourth ounces of whole grains and no more than 1 gram of saturated fat, 230 milligrams of sodium and 2.5 grams of added sugars in order to be considered as healthy.

Reference: <https://www.cnbc.com/2022/10/11/fda-redefined-healthy-these-7-cereals-do-not-qualify.html>