

Command Line Example 1

Who am I?

➤ **whoami**

Command Line Example 2

Become root:

- **sudo -l** (Now you can do anything on your computer including deleting important files, etc)

Back to the safe user:

- **su devisland**

Command Line Example 3

Where am I?

➤ **pwd**

Command Line Example 4

Move to a directory?

- `cd directory_name`
- `cd full_directory_path`

Command Line Example 5

Move to root directory



```
cd /
```



```
cd ~
```

Command Line Example 6

Move up one directory

➤ `cd ..`

Command Line Example 7

Move to relative path

➤ **`cd ../../directory`**

Command Line Example 8

Create a directory named nodecourse:

➤ **mkdir nodecourse**

Command Line Example 9

List elements inside the Node directory

if you run the command inside Node:

➤ **ls**

Otherwise:

➤ **ls /Users/devisland/Desktop/Node**

Command Line Example 10

Remove the directory named nodecourse:

- **man rm**
- **rmdir nodecourse (works only with an empty directory)**
- **rm -rf nodecourse (remove the directory and its contents)**

Command Line Example 11

Create a file app.js

➤ **touch app.js**

Command Line Example 12

check permissions of a file

(u-> user, g-> group, o->other)

(r-> read, w-> write, x-> execute)

➤ **ls -l app.js**

Command Line Example 13

add x permission to group

➤ **chmod g+x app.js**

Command Line Example 14

remove w and x permissions to group and other

➤ **`chmod go-wx app.js`**

Permissions using numbers:

x -> 1, w -> 2, r -> 4

Ex: xw->3

Number	r	w	x
0	No	No	No
1	No	No	Yes
2	No	Yes	No
3	No	Yes	Yes
4	Yes	No	No
5	Yes	No	Yes
6	Yes	Yes	No
7	Yes	Yes	Yes

Example:

➤ **chmod 751 app.js**

Number	r	w	x
0	No	No	No
1	No	No	Yes
2	No	Yes	No
3	No	Yes	Yes
4	Yes	No	No
5	Yes	No	Yes
6	Yes	Yes	No
7	Yes	Yes	Yes

Command Line Example 17

Create a copy app2.js of file app.js

➤ **cp app.js app2.js**

Command Line Example 18

Create a copy app3.js of file ~/app.js

➤ **`cp ~/app.js app3.js`**

Remove app.js

➤ **`rm -f app.js (-f to avoid the confirmation prompt)`**

Command Line Example 20

move app.js to js folder (works with directories too)

- **mkdir js**
 - **mv app.js js/script.js**
- Or
- **mv app.js js/**

Command Line Example 21

rename app.js server.js

➤ **mv app.js server.js**

Create a copy of directory js

➤ **cp -r js js2**

improved version: preserves file attributes and
copies hidden files too

➤ **cp -a js/. js2**

You can also use full paths

cp -a ~/Users/devisland/Desktop/js/. js2

Command Line Example 23

overwrite into app.js

➤ `echo "console.log('hi');" > app.js`

Append to app.js

➤ **`echo "console.log('hello');" >> app.js`**

Command Line Example 25

read app.js

- **cat app.js (add -n to number output lines)**
- **vim app.js**

read unique lines (no duplicates)

- **uniq app.js**

Command Line Example 26

Print first 3 lines of app.js

➤ **head -3 app.js**

Print last 3 lines of app.js

➤ **tail -3 app.js**

Command Line Example 27

Print row 3 of app.js

➤ **head -3 app.js | tail -1**

Command Line Example 28

Print last 20 lines of your bash history

➤ **history | tail -20**

look for lines including the word 'hello' inside app.js

➤ **grep "hello" app.js**

- ✓ Add -i to make the search case insensitive
- ✓ Add -n to display line numbers
- ✓ Add --color to highlight matching words
- ✓ Add -v to look for lines excluding the word

Command Line Example 30

look for first two lines including the word 'hello'
inside app.js

➤ **grep -m 2 "hello" app.js**

Another way:

➤ **cat app.js | grep -m2 "hello"**

Command Line Example 31

look for lines including the word 'hello' inside
files ending .js

➤ **grep "hello" *.js**

look for lines including the pattern “h*o” inside
app.js

➤ **grep “h*o” app.js**

look for “hello” recursively inside files located inside the folder Node

If you run the command inside the folder Node

➤ **grep -r “hello” “.”**

look for “hello” recursively inside files located inside the folder Node and return file names instead of lines

If you run the command inside the folder Node

➤ **grep -rl “hello” “.”**

Command Line Example 35

look for lines containing both "hello" and
"console" inside app.js

➤ **grep "hello" app.js | grep "console"**

Command Line Example 36

look for lines containing "hello" or "hi" inside
app.js

➤ **egrep "hello | console" app.js**

Command Line Example 37

look for lines containing "hello" but not
containing "console" inside app.js

➤ **grep "hello" app.js | grep -v "console"**

Command Line Example 38

Look recursively for files (exclude folders)
named `app*` inside the folder Node

If you run the command inside Node

➤ `find . -name "app*" -type f`

Command Line Example 39

Look recursively for folders named app* inside the folder Node

If you run the command inside Node

➤ **find . -name "app*" -type d**

Command Line Example 40

Look recursively for folders named app* inside the folder Node and remove them

If you run the command inside Node

➤ `find . -name "app*" -type d -exec rm -rf
"{" \;`

Get the size of the folder Node

If you run the command inside Node

➤ **`du -ch . | grep total`**

Command Line Example 42

Find in which location an executable file is located:

➤ **which node**

Command Line Example 43

Find in which location an executable file is located:

➤ **which node**

Command Line Example 44

Replace all occurrences of “hi” in app.js with
“hi there”

➤ **sed -i.backup 's/hi/hi there/g' app.js**
(creates a backup file app.js.backup)

Download a file from the internet

First Install wget using Homebrew:

- `ruby -e "$(curl -fsSL https://raw.githubusercontent.com/Homebrew/install/master/install)" < /dev/null 2> /dev/null`
- `brew install wget`

Then

- `wget https://cdn.pixabay.com/photo/2015/12/01/20/28/road-1072823_1280.jpg`

Command Line Example 45

Create a bash script and run it:

Create a file run, make it executable, write bash code and execute:

- `touch run`
- `chmod +x run`
- `./run`