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(54) **OBJECT RECOGNITION BASED PHOTO FILTERS**

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

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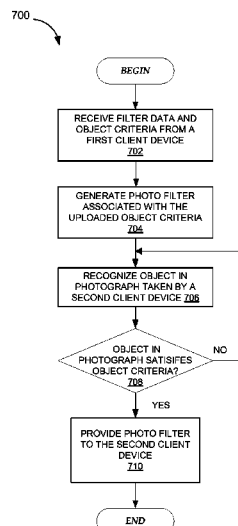
Systems and methods for generating and distributing photo filters are described. A photo filter publication application receives filter data and object criteria and generates a photo filter based on the filter data. The photo filter is associated with satisfaction of the object criteria. A photo filter engine then identifies that a client device has taken a photograph. The photo filter engine then provides the photo filter to the client device based on the photograph including an object that satisfies the object criteria. The photo filter may then be displayed as an option on a user interface of the client device. The object criteria may include associations between an object and a source of image data, for example, a brand of a merchant in which case the associated photo filter may include images associated with the brand of the merchant.

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
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None

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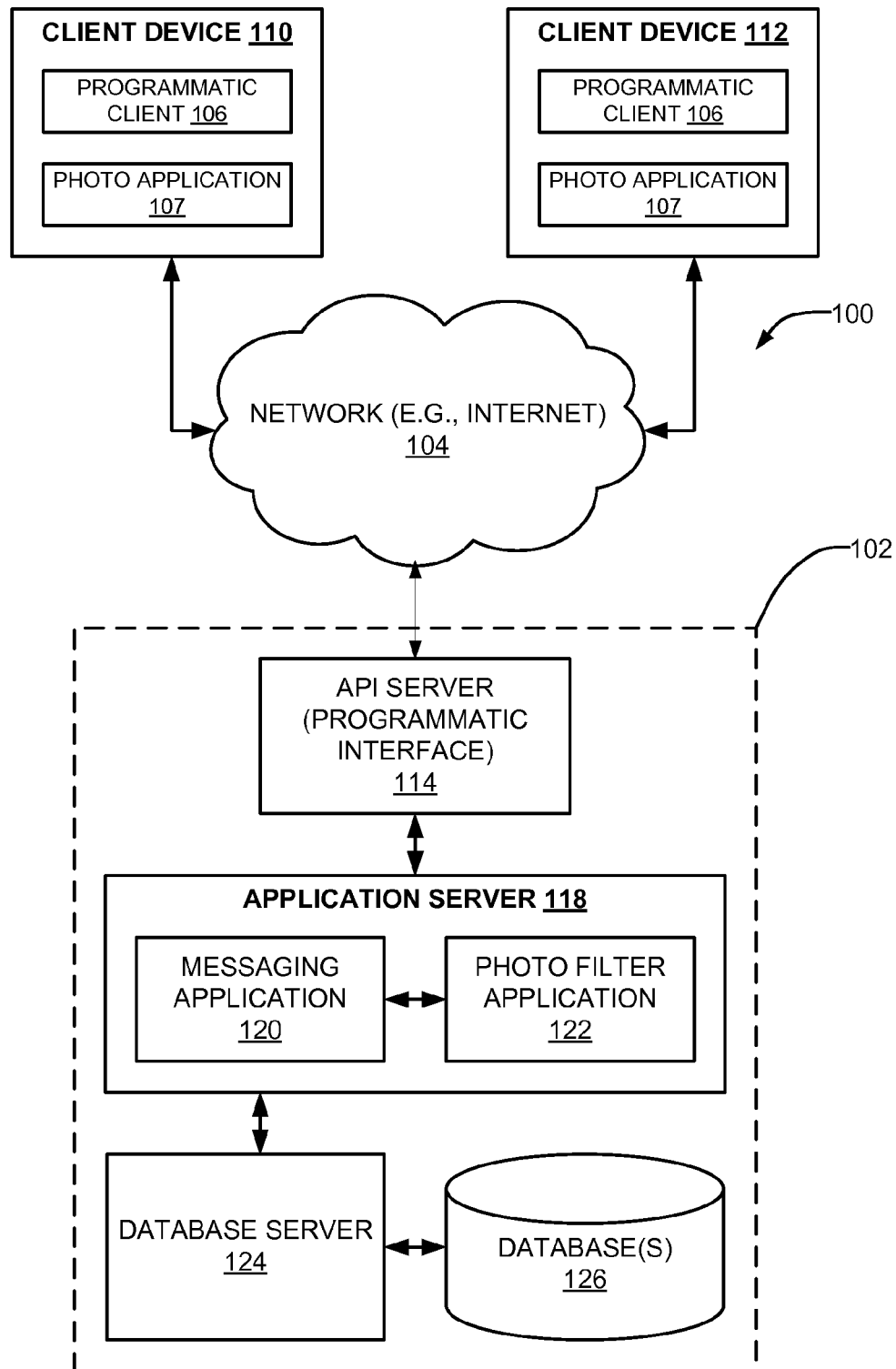
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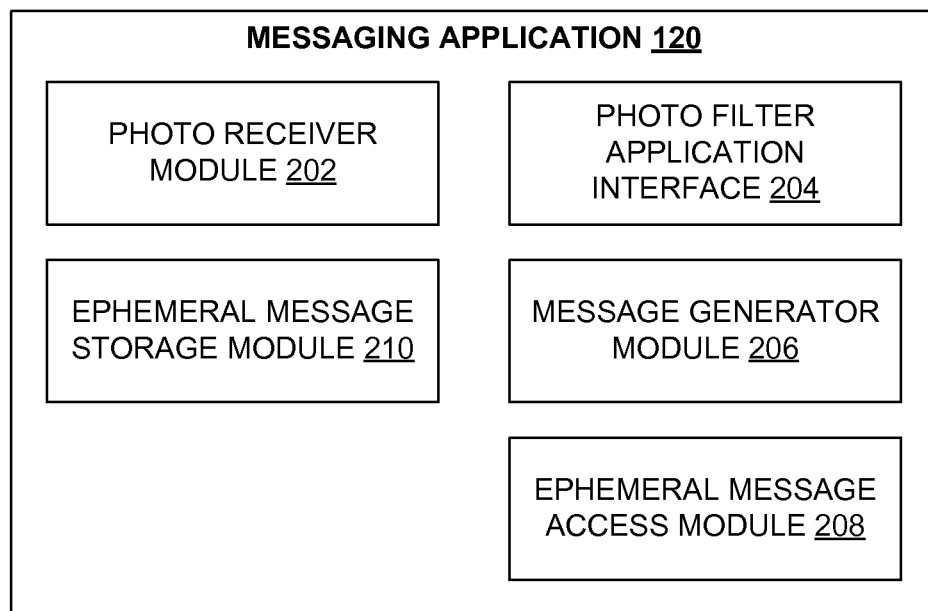
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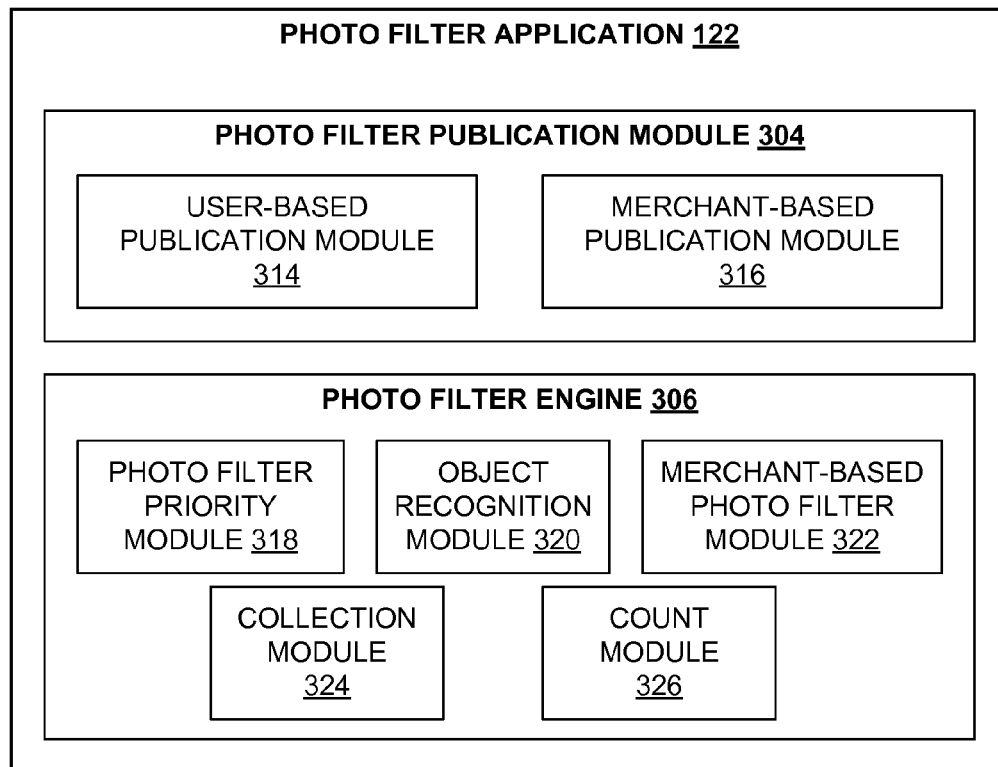
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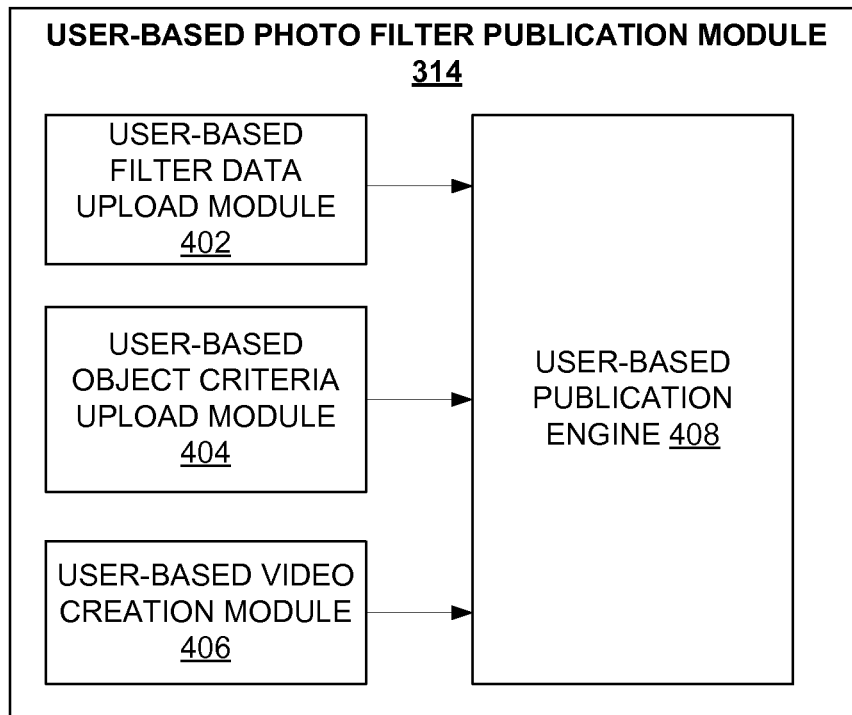
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**FIG. 1**

**FIG. 2**

**FIG. 3**

**FIG. 4A**

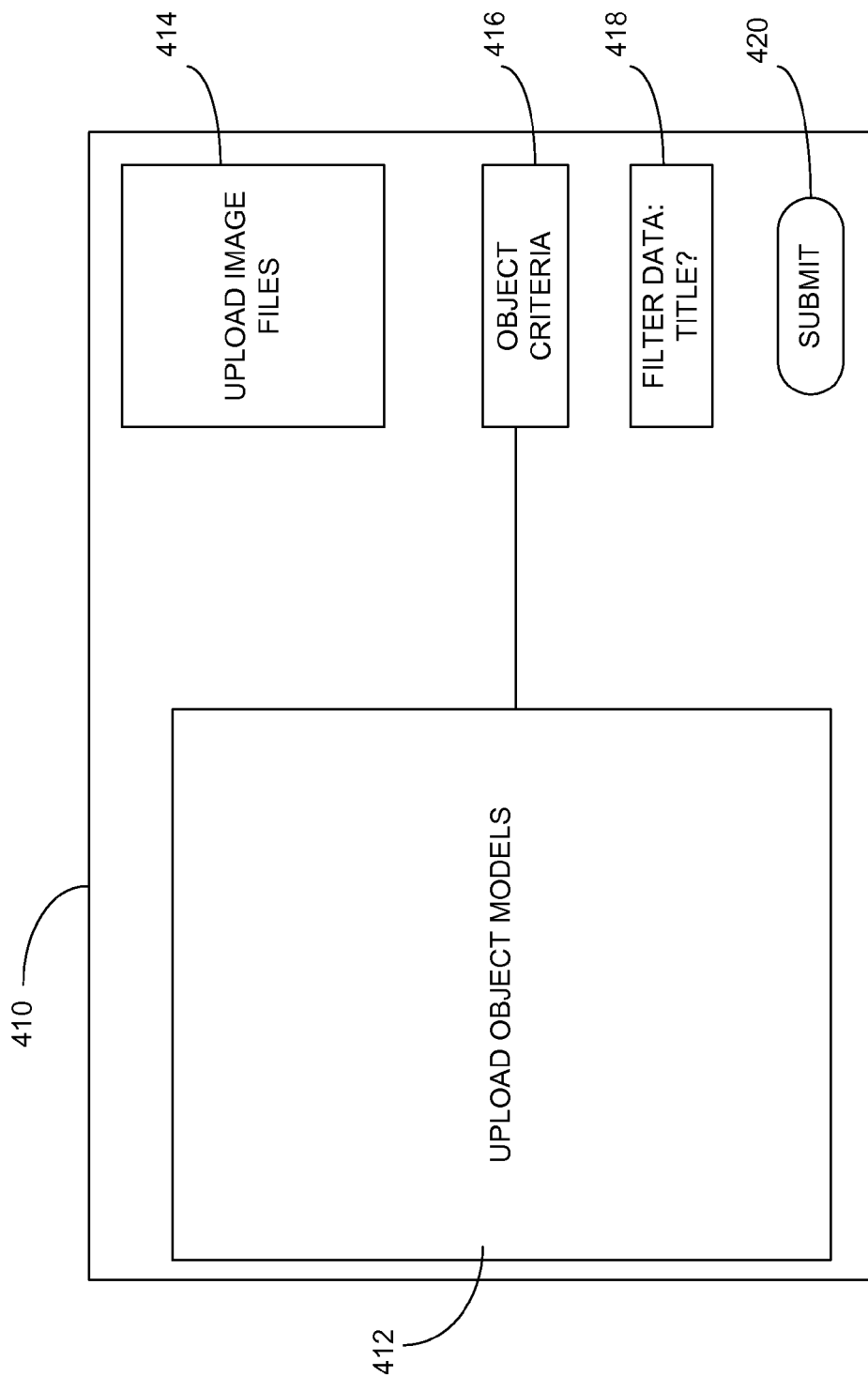


FIG. 4B

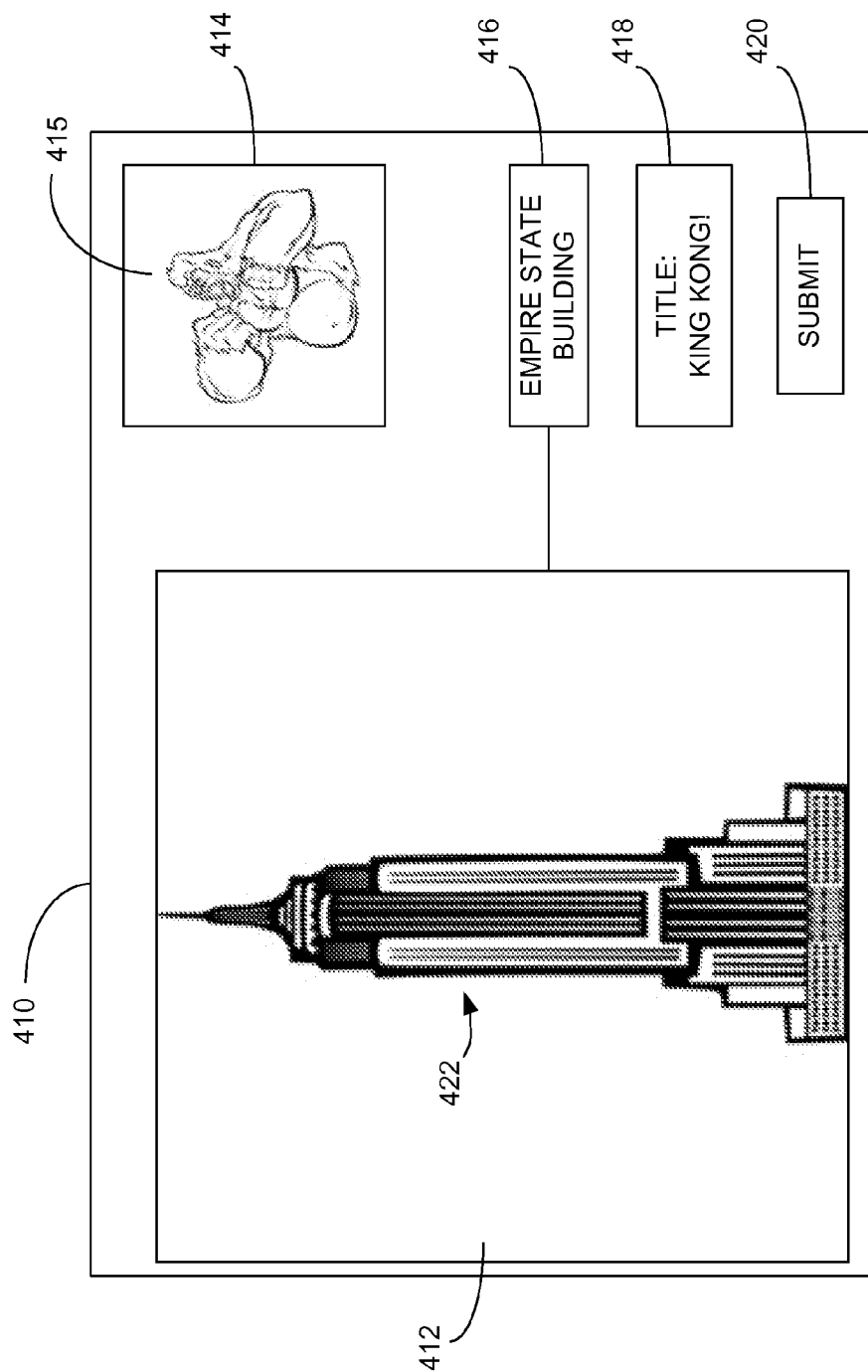


FIG. 4C

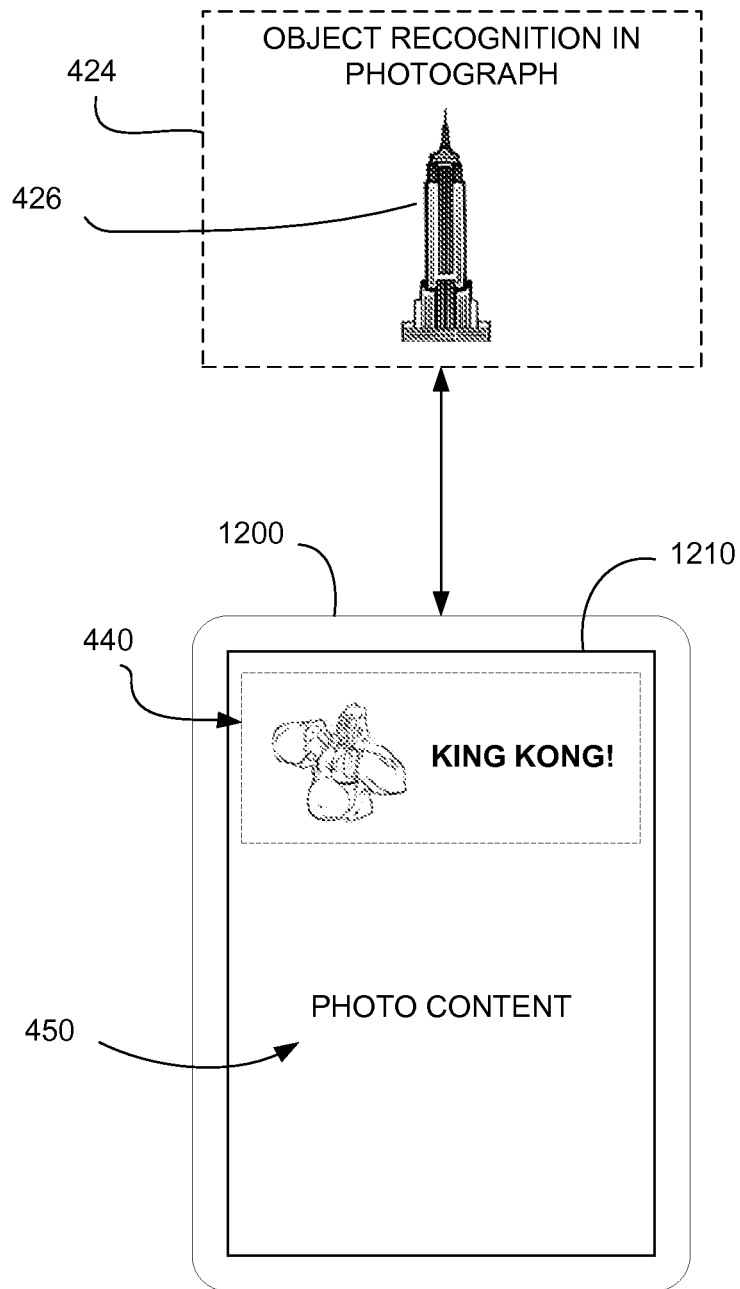
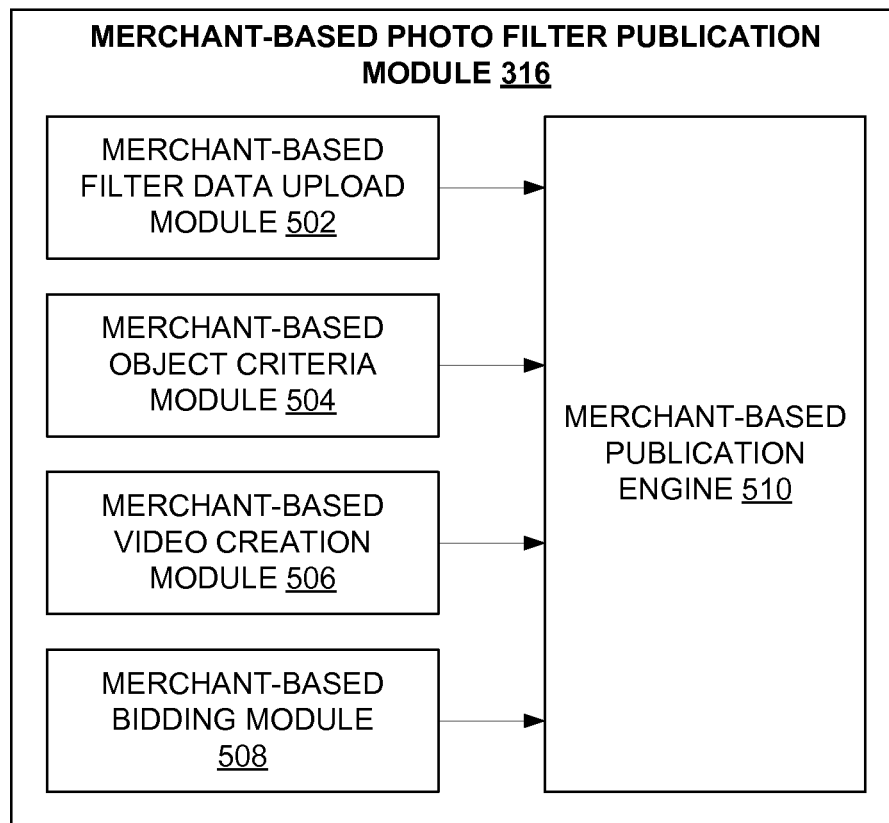
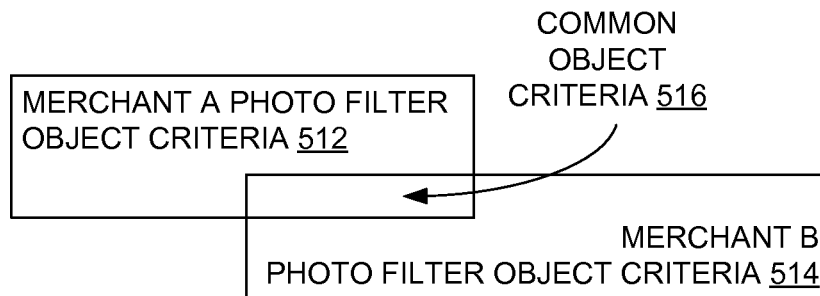


FIG. 4D

**FIG. 5A****FIG. 5B**

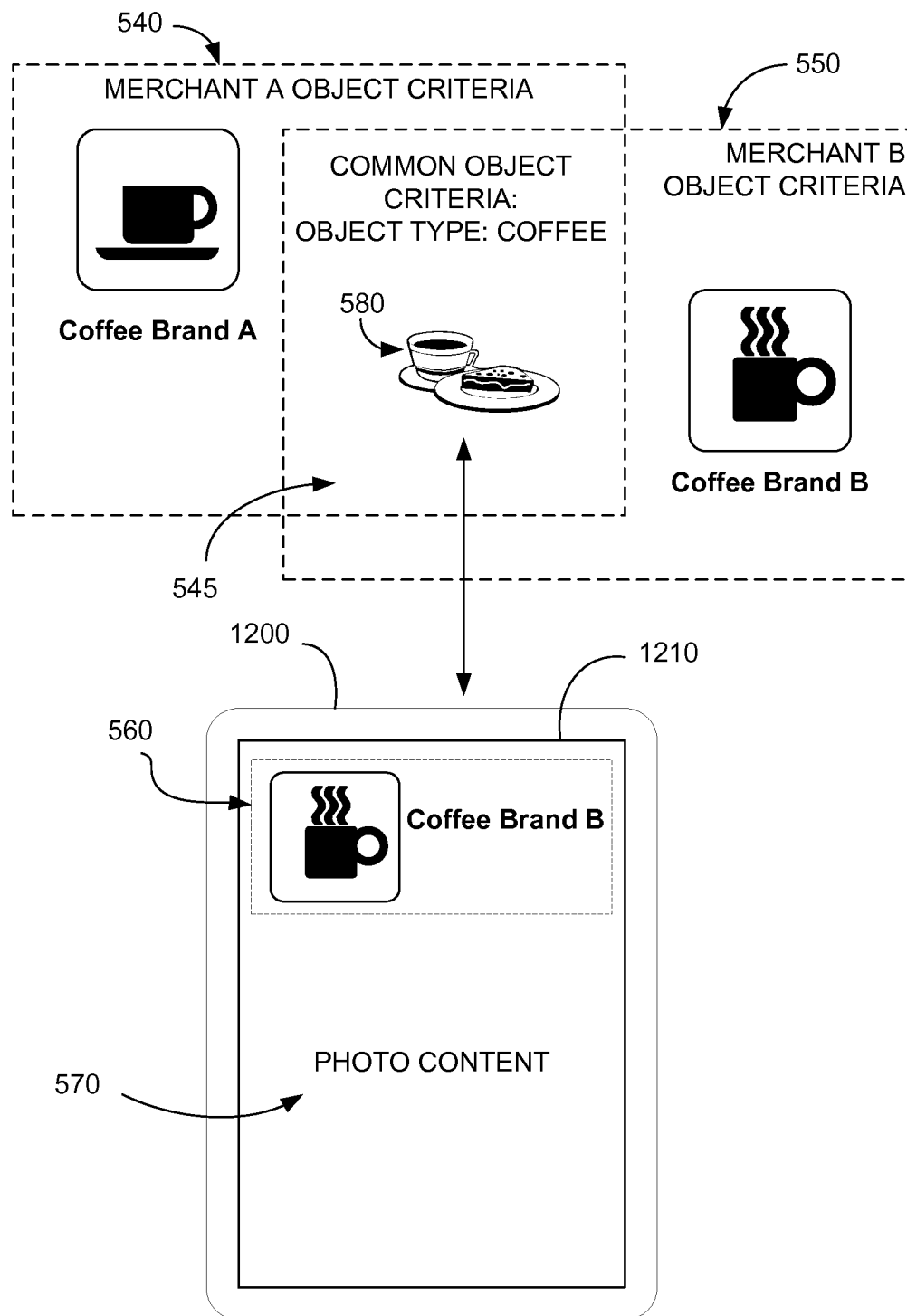


FIG. 5C

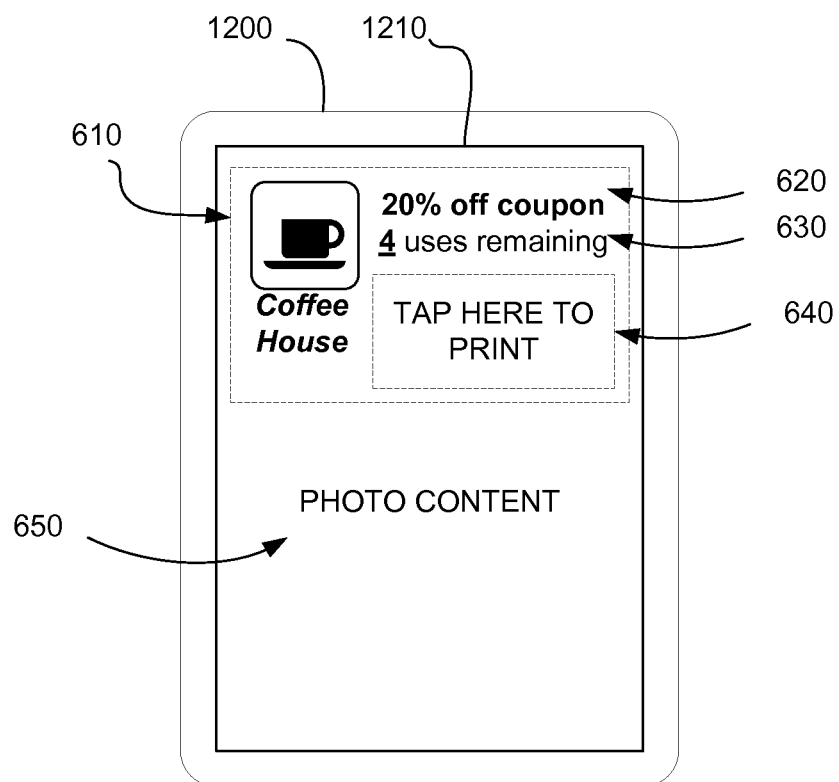


FIG. 6A

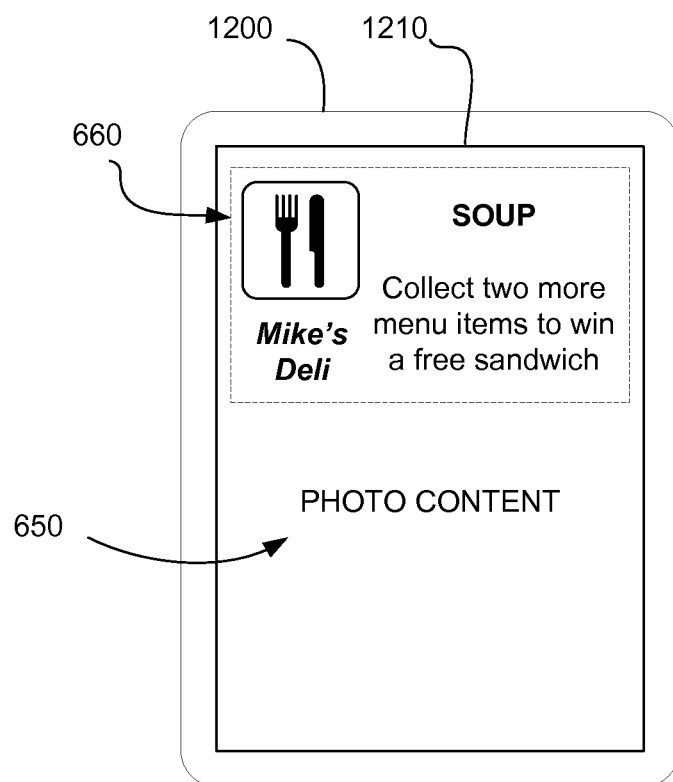
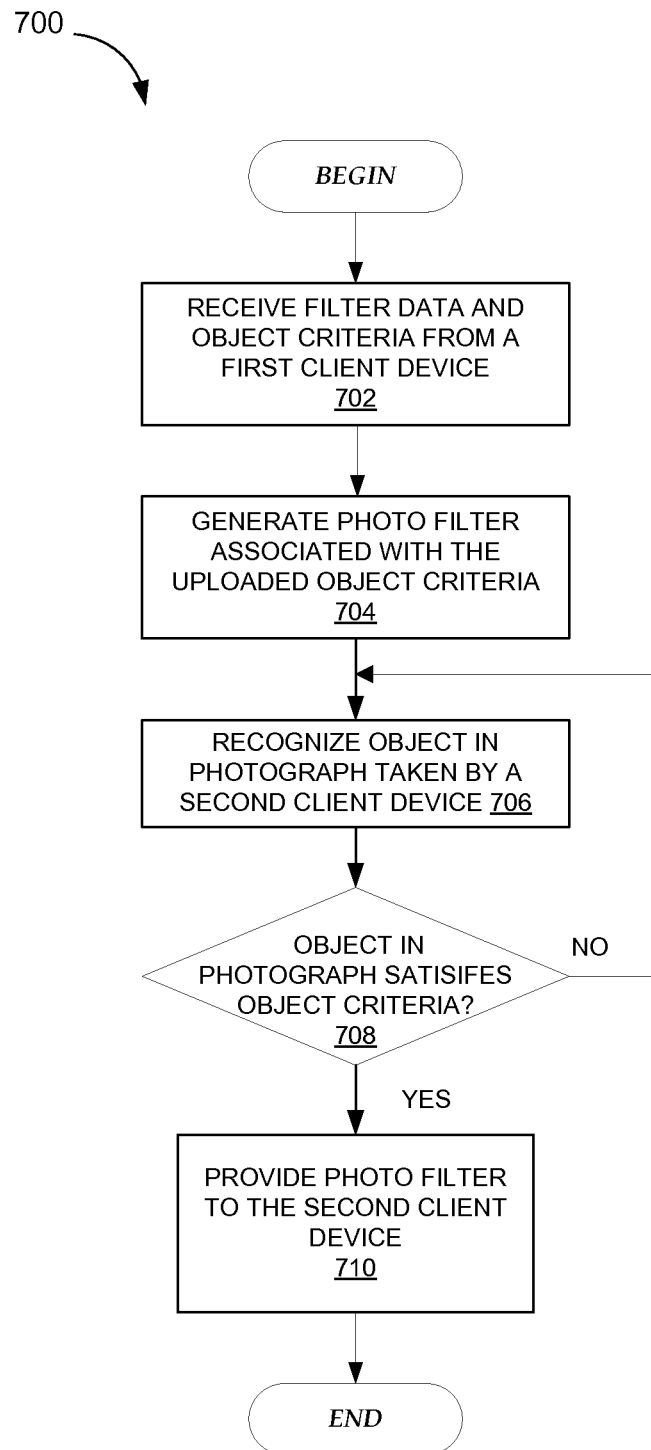


FIG. 6B

**FIG. 7**

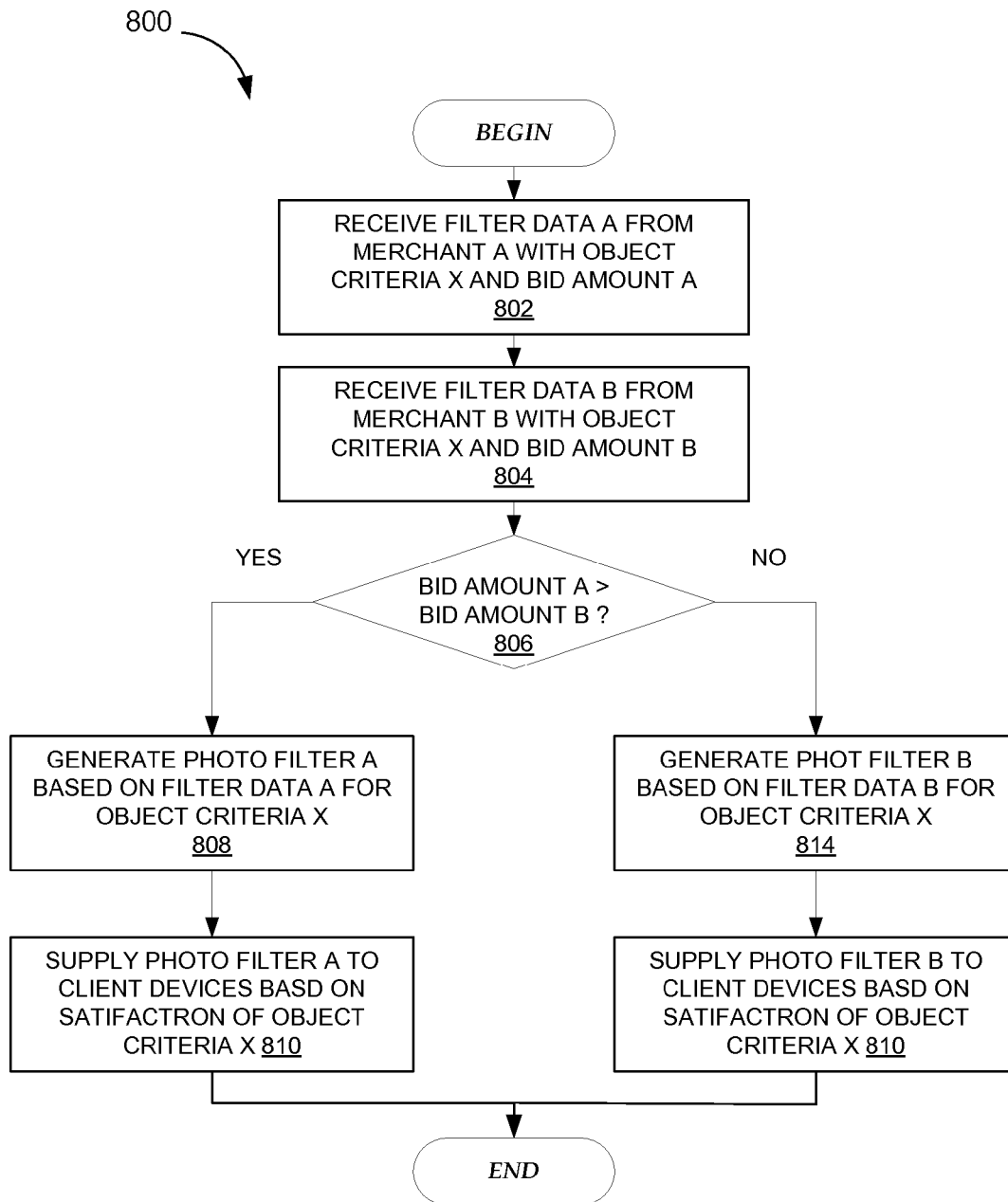
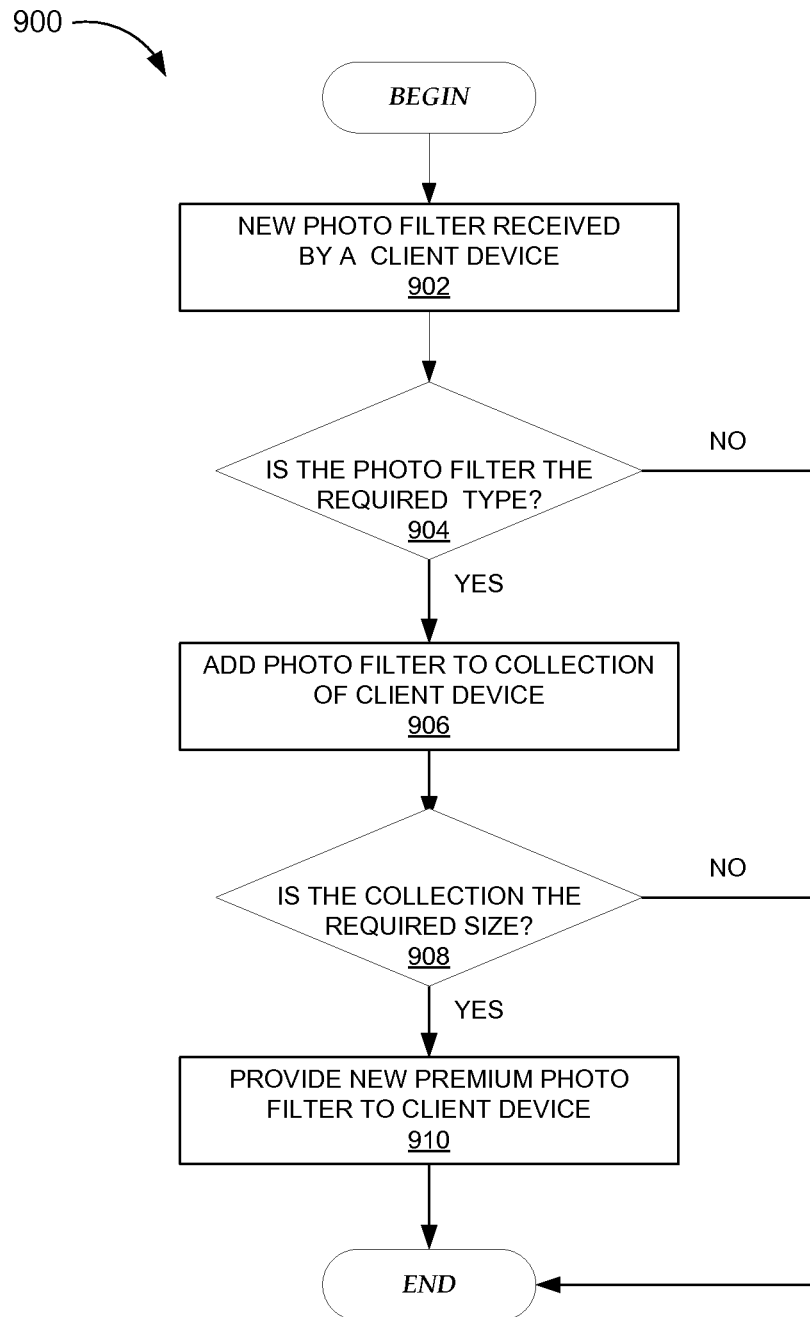


FIG. 8

**FIG. 9**

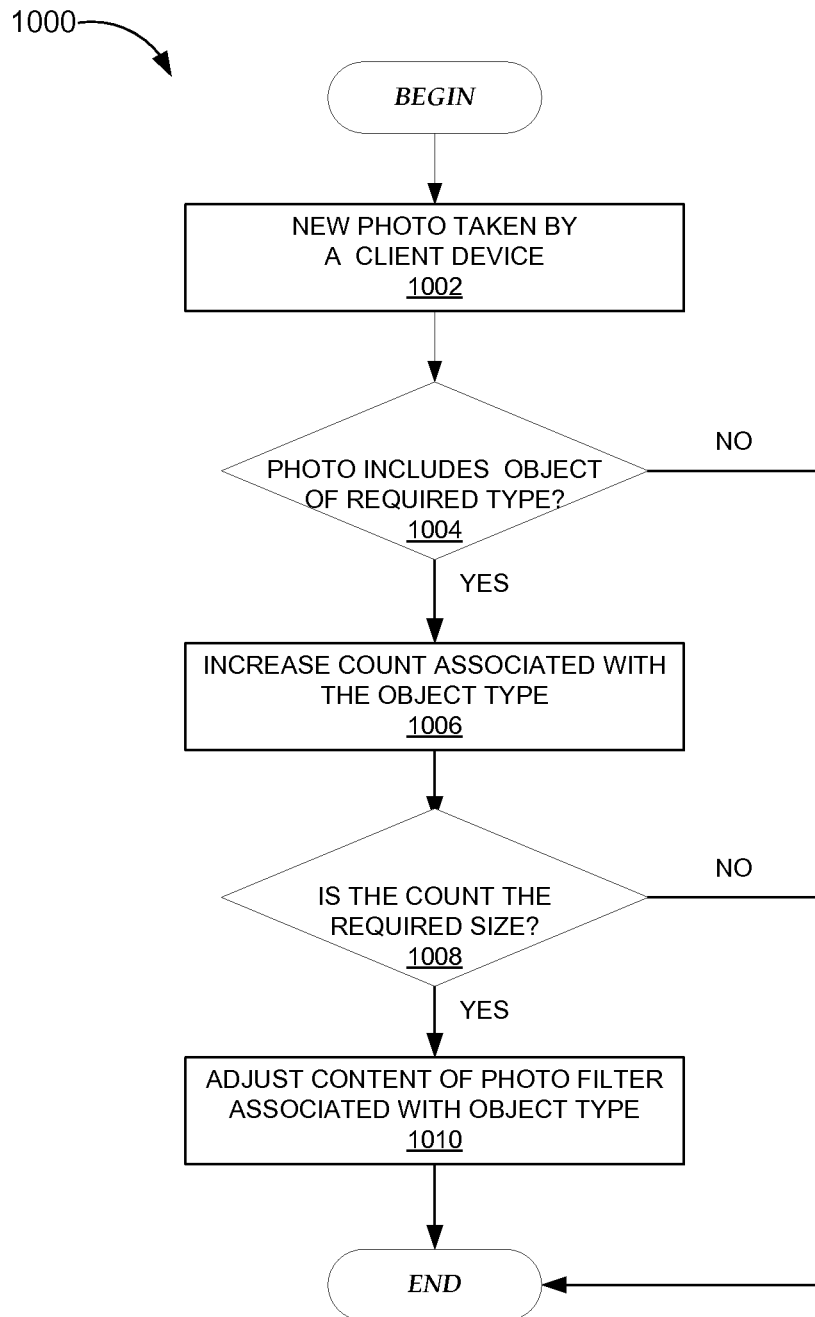
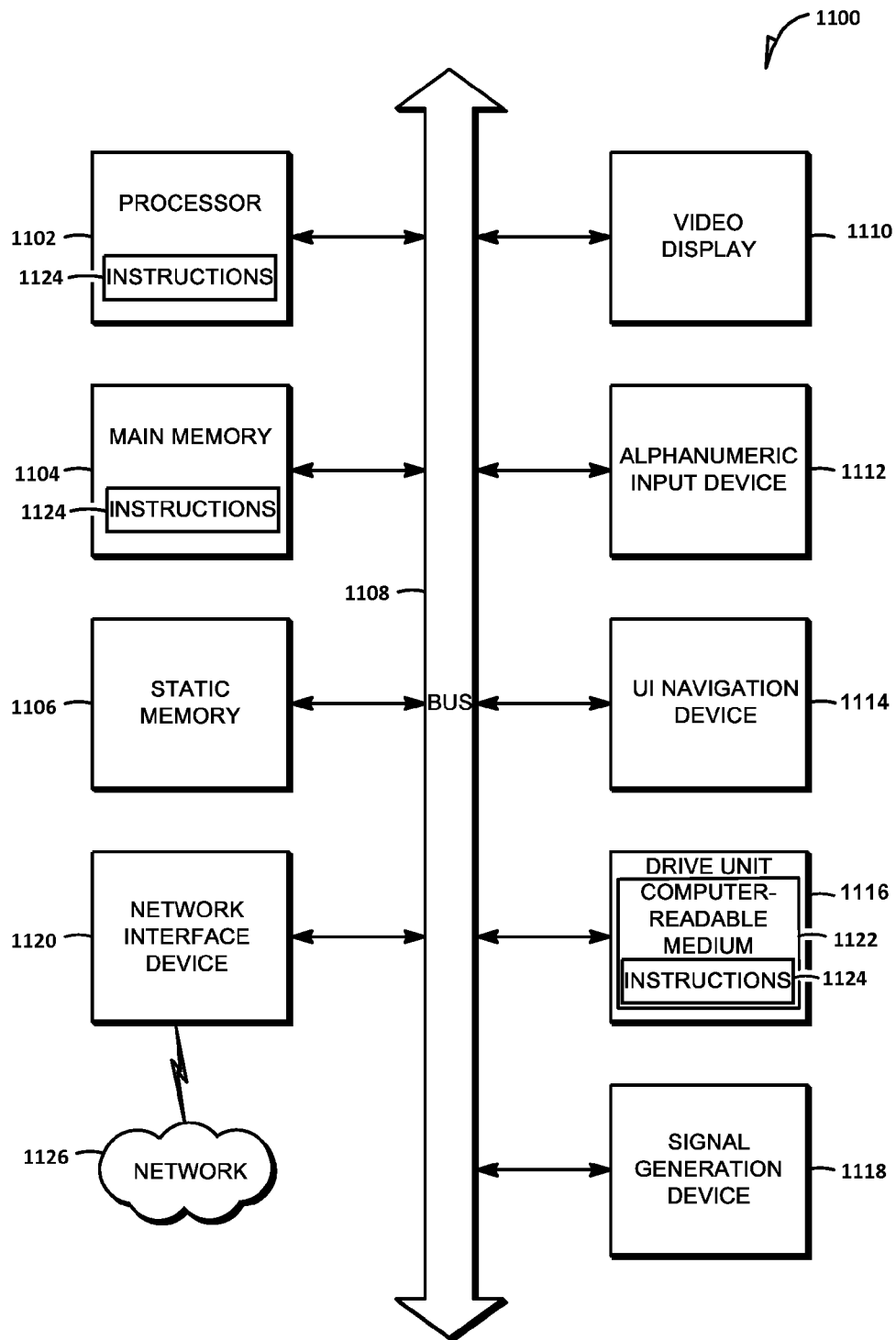
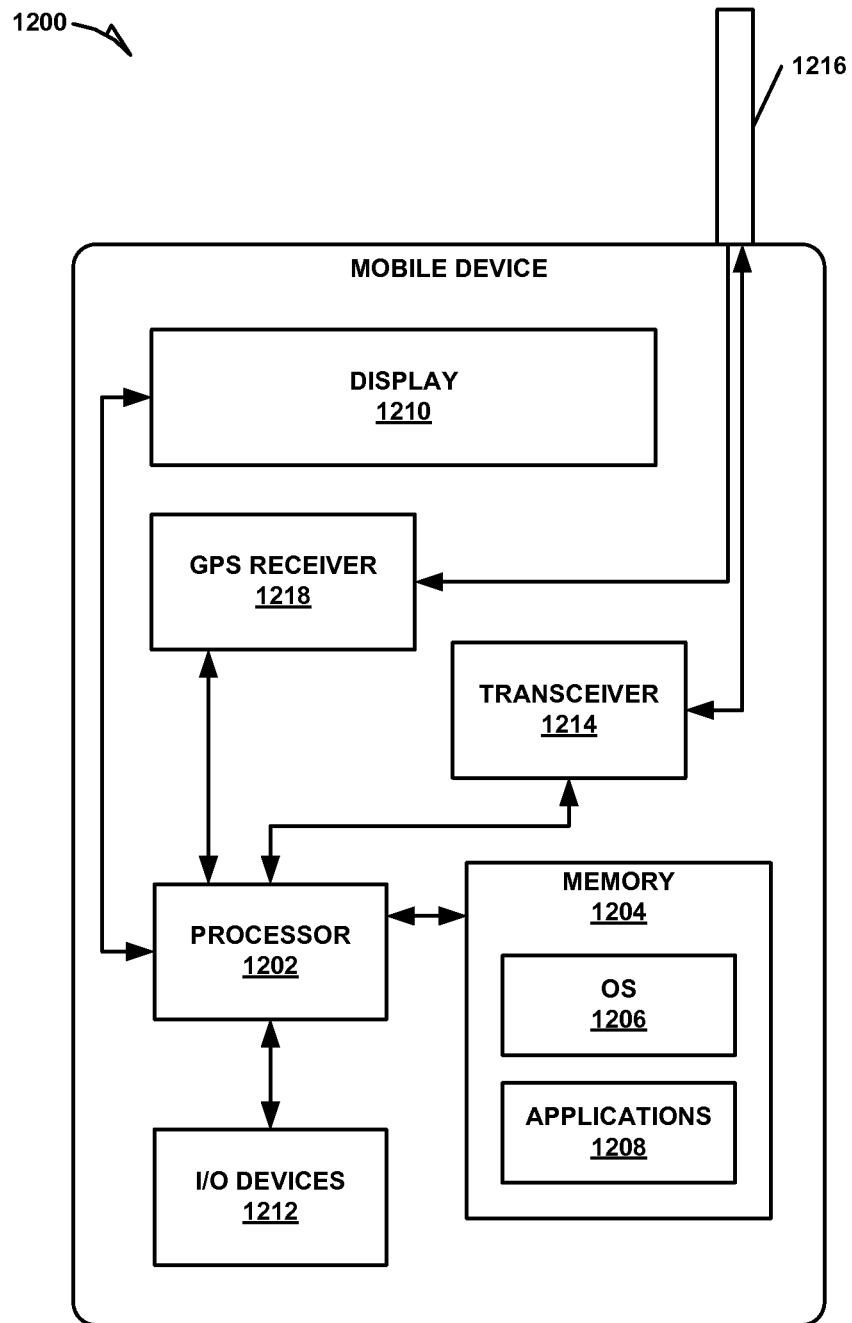


FIG. 10

**FIG. 11**

**FIG. 12**

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**OBJECT RECOGNITION BASED PHOTO
FILTERS**

TECHNICAL FIELD

The subject matter disclosed herein generally relates to generating and distributing photo filters. More specifically, the present disclosure addresses systems and methods for presenting photo filters on a user interface of a mobile device based on recognizing, in a photograph taken with the mobile device, objects that satisfy specified object criteria.

BACKGROUND

The number of digital photographs taken with mobile wireless devices is increasing and may soon outnumber photographs taken with dedicated digital and film based cameras. Thus, there is a growing need to improve the experience associated with mobile wireless digital photography by providing a broader range of features that is often associated with dedicated digital and film based cameras.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present disclosure is illustrated by way of example, and not by way of limitation, in the figures of the accompanying drawings, in which:

FIG. 1 is a network diagram depicting a network system having a client-server architecture configured for exchanging data over a network, according to one embodiment.

FIG. 2 shows a block diagram illustrating one example embodiment of a messaging application.

FIG. 3 shows a block diagram illustrating one example embodiment of a photo filter application.

FIG. 4A shows a block diagram illustrating one example embodiment of a user-based photo filter publication module.

FIG. 4B shows an example of a graphical user interface for a user-based photo filter publication module.

FIG. 4C shows an example of an operation of the graphical user interface of FIG. 4B.

FIG. 4D illustrates an example of a publication of a user-based photo filter.

FIG. 5A shows a block diagram illustrating one example embodiment of a merchant-based photo filter publication module.

FIG. 5B illustrates an example of a common geolocation.

FIG. 5C illustrates an example of an operation of a merchant-based photo filter.

FIG. 6A shows a diagram illustrating an example of a photo filter operating with a count module.

FIG. 6B shows a diagram illustrating an example of a photo filter operating with a collection module.

FIG. 7 shows a flow diagram illustrating one example embodiment of an operation of the user-based photo filter publication module.

FIG. 8 shows a flow diagram illustrating one example embodiment of an operation of the merchant-based photo filter publication module.

FIG. 9 shows a flow diagram illustrating one example embodiment of an operation of the collection module.

FIG. 10 shows a flow diagram illustrating one example embodiment of an operation of the count module.

FIG. 11 shows a diagrammatic representation of machine, in the example form of a computer system, within which a set of instructions may be executed to cause the machine to perform any one or more of the methodologies discussed herein.

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FIG. 12 is a block diagram illustrating a mobile device, according to an example embodiment.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Although the present disclosure is described with reference to specific example embodiments, it will be evident that various modifications and changes may be made to these embodiments without departing from the broader spirit and scope of the disclosure. Accordingly, the specification and drawings are to be regarded in an illustrative rather than a restrictive sense.

The addition of labels, drawings and other artwork to photographs provides a compelling way for users to personalize, supplement and enhance these photographs before storage or publication to a broader audience. An example technology provides users with a set of photo filters (e.g., providing enhancements and augmentations) that can be applied to a photograph taken by the user. The set of photo filters (e.g., image overlays) may be determined based on a recognition of an object in the photograph that satisfies specified object criteria associated with a photo filter. In this way, the photo filters are presented to a user for selection and use with the photograph based on a recognized content of the photograph. For example, if the user takes a photograph and an object in the photograph is recognized as the Empire State Building, photo filters associated with the Empire State Building may be provided to the user for use with the photograph. In this example, a picture of the Empire State Building may use a King Kong filter that would place the giant ape on the Empire State Building in the photograph at different perspectives. Therefore, a picture of the south face of the Empire State Building might see King Kong's back, while a picture from the north face might see King Kong's face looking at you. In this example, provision of the King Kong filter may also be constrained by a geo-fence (e.g., geographic boundary) around the area in New York including the Empire State Building. Of course, further Empire State Building-themed photo filters may also be presented to the user. The presentation of the photo filters to the user may be in response to the user performing a gesture (e.g. a swipe operation) on a screen of the mobile device. Furthermore, although some example embodiments describe the use of filters in conjunction with photographs, it should be noted that other example embodiments contemplate the use of filters with videos.

Third party entities (e.g., merchants, restaurants, individual users, etc.) may, in one example embodiment, create photo filters for inclusion in the set presented for user selection based on recognition of an object satisfying criteria specified by the creator of the photo filter. For example, a photograph including an object recognized as a restaurant may result in the user being presented with photo filters that overly a menu of the restaurant on the photograph. Or a photograph including an object recognized as a food type may result in the user being presented with photo filters that let the user view information e.g., calories, fat content, cost or other information associated with the food type. Third party entities may also bid (or otherwise purchase opportunities) to have a photo filter included in a set presented to a user for augmentation of a particular photograph. Described below are various systems and methods for implementing the above described photograph enhancements.

More specifically, various examples of a photo filter application are described. The photo filter application includes a photo filter publication module that operates at a server, in some embodiments, and generates photo filters

based on filter data associated with the satisfaction of specified object criteria by objects recognized in a photograph. In other embodiments, some or all of the functionality provided by the photo filter publication module may be resident on client devices. A photo filter may be generated based on supplied filter data that may include audio and/or visual content or visual effects that can be applied to augment the photograph at a mobile computing device. The photo filter publication module may itself include a user-based photo filter publication module and a merchant-based photo filter publication module.

The photo filter application also includes a photo filter engine that determines that a mobile device has taken a photograph and, based on the photograph including an object that satisfies the object criteria, provides the photo filter to the client device. To this end, the photo filter engine includes an object recognition module configured to find and identify objects in the photograph; and compare each object against the object criteria. The object criteria may include associations between an object and a source of image data, for example exhibits in a museum, in which case the associated photo filter may include images including data associated with a specific exhibit in the museum.

Using the user-based photo filter publication module, the photo filter publication application provides a Graphical User Interface (GUI) for a user to upload filter data for generating a photo filter and object criteria for comparing to recognized objects in a photograph. For example, the user may upload a logo image for the creation of a photo filter and specify criteria that must be satisfied by an object recognized in the photograph in order for the filter to be made available to a mobile device. Once the user submits the logo and specifies the object criteria, the photo filter publication module generates a photo filter that includes the logo and is associated with satisfaction of the specified object criteria. As such, mobile devices that have taken a photograph including a recognized object that satisfies the specified object criteria may have access to the logo-photo filter.

In other examples, if a photograph includes more than a specified number of objects that satisfy specified object criteria, the photo filter engine may use a photo filter priority module to generate a ranking of photo filters associated with object criteria satisfied by the objects in the photograph based on specified photo filter priority criteria. The photo filter engine may then provide the specified number of the photo filters to the client device according to the ranking of the photo filters, which may be based on any combination of a photo filter creation date, a photo filter type, a user ranking of the photo filter, etc.

Using the merchant-based photo filter publication module, the photo filter publication application provides a GUI for merchants to upload filter data and object criteria, and submit bids for the presentation of a photo filter based on the uploaded filter data based on the satisfaction of the uploaded object criteria by an object recognized in a photograph. A bidding process may be used to determine the merchant with the highest bid amount. That merchant can then exclude publication of photo filters from other merchants (with lower bids) that might otherwise be published based on satisfaction of the uploaded object criteria. Therefore, the photo filter of the highest bidding merchant may be the only photo filter that can be accessed by mobile devices that have taken a photograph including a recognized object that satisfies the uploaded object criteria. In examples, the common object criteria includes a type of object for which multiple merchants sell branded products of the same type.

The photo filter engine includes a collection module to store previously provided photo filters in a photo filter collection associated with a client device. The collection module may then instruct the photo filter publication module to provide a new photo filter to the client device in response to the photo filter collection including a specified number of a type of photo filter. The collection module may operate based on promotions from a merchant. For example, the collection module may be used to implement a game at a restaurant by providing certain premium photo filters to the client device only after the client device has collected a specified number of photo filters of a specified type, e.g., associated with recognition of a menu item. In an example, the premium photo filter may be used to obtain discounts and/or prizes at the restaurant.

The photo filter engine includes a count module to generate a count of objects of a specified object type identified in photographs taken by the client device. The count module may then instruct the photo filter publication module to adjust a content of a photo filter associated with the specified object type in response to the count reaching a specified threshold value. The count module may also operate based on promotions from a merchant. For example, the count module may be used to implement a game at a restaurant by adjusting the content of photo filters associated with a certain menu item only after the count of photos including objects recognized as the menu item of the brand reaches a specified threshold value. In an example, a photo filter associated with the menu item may be adjusted to include celebratory graphics that may be used to commemorate the user's achievements in ordering a certain number of menu items.

The photo filter publication modules include a video-creation module to provide a video-creation photo filter to the mobile device. For example, the photo filter engine may recognize an object in foreground of a photograph and alter the background (e.g., by adding motion) of the photograph to create a video including the recognized object (i.e., to make it appear as if the object is moving). Alternatively the photo filter engine may recognize an object in foreground of a photograph and add motion to the object in order to create a video including the recognized object.

System Architecture

FIG. 1 is a network diagram depicting a network system 100 having a client-server architecture configured for exchanging data over a network, according to one embodiment. For example, the network system 100 may be a messaging system where clients may communicate and exchange data within the network system 100. The data may pertain to various functions (e.g., sending and receiving text and photo communication, determining geolocation) and aspects (e.g., publication of photo filters, management of photo filters) associated with the network system 100 and its users. Although illustrated herein as client-server architecture, other embodiments may include other network architectures, such as peer-to-peer or distributed network environments.

A data exchange platform, in an example, includes a messaging application 120 and a photo filter application 122, and may provide server-side functionality via a network 104 (e.g., the Internet) to one or more clients. Although described as residing on a server in some embodiments, in other embodiments some or all of the functions of photo filter application 122 may be provided by a client device. The one or more clients may include users that use the network system 100 and, more specifically, the messaging application 120 and the photo filter application 122, to

exchange data over the network **104**. These operations may include transmitting, receiving (communicating), and processing data to, from, and regarding content and users of the network system **100**. The data may include, but is not limited to, content and user data such as user profiles, messaging content, messaging attributes, photo attributes, client device information, geolocation information, photo filter data, object recognition data, object criteria for recognized objects in a photograph, among others.

In various embodiments, the data exchanges within the network system **100** may be dependent upon user-selected functions available through one or more client or user interfaces (UIs). The UIs may be associated with a client machine, such as client devices **110**, **112** using a programmatic client **106**, such as a client application. The programmatic client **106** may be in communication with the messaging application **120** and photo filter application **122** via an application server **118**. The client devices **110**, **112** include mobile devices with wireless communication components, and audio and optical components for capturing various forms of photo including photos and videos (e.g., photo application **107**).

Turning specifically to the messaging application **120** and the photo filter application **122**, an application program interface (API) server **114** is coupled to, and provides programmatic interface to one or more application server(s) **118**. The application server **118** hosts the messaging application **120** and the photo filter application **122**. The application server **118** is, in turn, shown to be coupled to one or more database servers **124** that facilitate access to one or more databases **126**.

The API server **114** communicates and receives data pertaining to messages and photo filters, among other things, via various user input tools. For example, the API server **114** may send and receive data to and from an application (e.g., via the programmatic client **106**) running on another client machine (e.g., client devices **110**, **112** or a third party server).

In one example embodiment, the messaging application **120** provides messaging mechanisms for users of the client devices **110**, **112** to send messages that include text and photo content such as pictures and video. The client devices **110**, **112** can access and view the messages from the messaging application **120**. Components of the messaging application **120** are described in more detail below with respect to FIG. 2.

In one example embodiment, the photo filter application **122** provides a system and a method for operating and publishing photo filters for distribution via messages processed by the messaging application **120**. The photo filter application **122** supplies a photo filter to the client device **110** based on a recognized object in a photograph taken with the client device **110** satisfying specified object criteria. In another example, the photo filter application **122** supplies a photo filter to the client device **110** based on the photo filter being associated with a winning bid from a merchant who created the photo filter. In other example embodiments, photo filters from merchants may be provided on a flat fee basis (e.g., a merchant agrees to pay a fixed amount for the presentation of filters), a cost per view basis, or the like.

The photo filter may include audio and visual content and visual effects. Examples of audio and visual content include pictures, texts, logos, animations, and sound effects. An example of a visual effect includes color filtering. The audio and visual content or the visual effects can be applied to a photograph stored at the client device **110**. For example, the photo filter may include text that can be overlaid on top of

a photograph taken by the client device **110**. In other examples, the photo filter may include images associated with a location, a merchant, a brand, a work of art, an animal, a person, etc. For example, in regard to a merchant, the photo filter may include indicia associated with the merchant like logos and/or other images (e.g., a spokesperson) related to the merchant. The photo filters may be stored in the database(s) **126** and accessed through the database server **124**.

The photo filter application **122** includes a photo filter publication module that generates photo filters based on filter data associated with the satisfaction of specified object criteria by objects recognized in a photograph taken by the client device **110**. A photo filter may be generated based on supplied filter data that may include audio and/or visual content or visual effects that can be applied to augment the photograph. The photo filter publication module may itself include a user-based photo filter publication module and a merchant-based photo filter publication module.

In one example embodiment, the photo filter application **122** includes a user-based publication module that enables users to upload filter data for generating a photo filter and object criteria for comparing against recognized objects in a photograph. For example, the user may upload a logo image for the creation of a photo filter and specify criteria that must be satisfied by an object recognized in the photograph in order for the filter to be made available to a mobile device. Once the user submits the logo and specifies the object criteria, the photo filter publication module generates a photo filter that includes the logo and is associated with satisfaction of the specified object criteria.

In another example embodiment, the photo filter application **122** includes a merchant-based publication module that enables merchants to upload filter data and object criteria, and submit bids for the presentation of a photo filter based on the uploaded filter data based on the satisfaction of the uploaded object criteria by an object recognized in a photograph. A bidding process may be used to determine the merchant with the highest bid. That merchant can then exclude publication of photo filters from other merchants (with lower bids) that might otherwise be published based on satisfaction of the uploaded object criteria. Components of the photo filter application **122** are described in more detail below with respect to FIG. 3.

Messaging Application

FIG. 2 shows a block diagram illustrating one example embodiment of the messaging application **120**. The messaging application **120** may be hosted on dedicated or shared server machines (not shown) that are communicatively coupled to enable communications between server machines. The messaging application **120** and the photo filter application **122** themselves are communicatively coupled (e.g., via appropriate interfaces) to each other and to various data sources, so as to allow information to be passed between the messaging application **120** and the photo filter application **122**, or so as to allow the messaging application **120** and the photo filter application **122** to share and access common data. The messaging application **120** and the photo filter application **122** may, furthermore, access the one or more databases **126** via the database server(s) **124**.

The messaging application **120** is responsible for the generation and delivery of messages between users of the programmatic client **106**. The messaging application **120** may use any one of a number of message delivery networks and platforms to deliver messages to users. For example, the messaging application **120** may deliver messages using electronic mail (e-mail), instant message (IM), Short Mes-

sage Service (SMS), text, facsimile, or voice (e.g., Voice over IP (VoIP)) messages via wired (e.g., the Internet), plain old telephone service (POTS), or wireless networks (e.g., mobile, cellular, WiFi, Long Term Evolution (LTE), Bluetooth).

The messaging application 120 includes a photo receiver module 202, a photo filter application interface 204, a message generator module 206, an ephemeral message access module 208, and an ephemeral message storage module 210. The photo receiver module 202 receives a message from the programmatic client 106 of the client device 110. The message may include a combination of text, photo, or video. The photo receiver module 202 may also receive metadata associated with the message. The metadata may include a timestamp or geolocation information associated with the client device 110. The photo filter application interface 204 communicates with the photo filter application 122 to access and retrieve a photo filter associated with specified object criteria satisfied by an object recognized (e.g., by the photo filter engine) in a photograph taken by client device 110. The message generator module 206 attaches the retrieved photo filter to the message from the programmatic client 106 to create an ephemeral message and temporarily store the ephemeral message with the ephemeral message storage module 210.

The ephemeral message access module 208 notifies a recipient of the message of the availability of the ephemeral message. The ephemeral message access module 208 receives a request to access the ephemeral message from the recipient and causes the ephemeral message to be displayed on a client device of the recipient for a specified duration. Once the recipient views the message for the specified duration, the ephemeral message access module 208 causes the client device of the recipient to stop displaying the ephemeral message, and deletes the ephemeral message from the ephemeral message storage module 210.

Photo Filter Application

FIG. 3 shows a block diagram illustrating one example embodiment of the photo filter application 122. The photo filter application 122 includes a photo filter publication module 304 and a photo filter engine 306.

The photo filter publication module 304 provides a platform for publication of photo filters. In an example embodiment, the photo filter publication module 304 includes a user-based publication module 314 and a merchant-based publication module 316. The user-based publication module 314 enables users of client devices (either mobile or web clients) to upload filter data for generating a photo filter and object criteria for comparing against recognized objects in a photograph. The merchant-based publication module 316 enables merchants to upload filter data and object criteria, and submit bids for the presentation of a photo filter based on the uploaded filter data based on the satisfaction of the uploaded object criteria by an object recognized in a photograph. The user-based publication module 314 is described in more detail below with respect to FIG. 4A. The merchant-based publication module 316 is described in more detail below with respect to FIG. 5A.

The photo filter engine 306 identifies that a client device (e.g., 110) has taken a photograph and visually searches the photograph in order to recognize objects in the photograph. In one example embodiment, the photo filter engine 306 includes a photo filter priority module 318, an object recognition module 320, a merchant-based photo filter module 322, a collection module 324 and a count module 326. The photo filters provided to a client device 110 by the photo filter engine 306 may be based on: object criteria determined

to be satisfied, via object recognition module 320, by a recognized object in the photograph; a ranking of photo filters by the photo filter priority module 318, and/or a winning bid from a merchant as determined via the merchant-based photo filter module 322.

In examples, the photo filter engine includes a collection module 324 to store previously provided photo filters in a photo filter collection associated with a client device 110. The collection module 324 may then instruct the photo filter publication module 314 to provide a new photo filter to the client device 110 in response to the photo filter collection including a specified number of a type of photo filter. The number may be specified by the user or merchant uploading the content used to generate the photo filter.

In examples, if a photograph includes more than a specified number of objects that satisfy specified object criteria, the photo filter engine 306 may use the photo filter priority module 318 to generate a ranking of photo filters associated with the object criteria satisfied by the objects in the photograph based on specified photo filter priority criteria. The photo filter engine 306 may then provide the specified number of the photo filters to the client device 110 according to the ranking of the photo filters, which may be based on any combination of: a photo filter creation date; a photo filter type; a user ranking of the photo filter; etc.

The object recognition module 320 first visually searches the photograph in order to find and identify objects in the photograph. This may be accomplished via known object recognition techniques such as edge matching, greyscale matching, large model bases, gradient matching, etc. The object recognition module 320 then compares each recognized object against the specified object criteria to determine if object criteria associated with a particular photo filter has been satisfied and, if so, providing said photo filter to the client device 110. The object criteria may include associations between an object and a source of image data, for example a specific animal, in which case the associated photo filter may include images including data associated with a specific animal.

The merchant-based photo filter module 322 supplies the client device with a merchant-based photo filter generated by the merchant-based photo filter publication module 316 based on a bidding process used to determine the merchant with the highest bid amount in regard to a specified object criteria. The merchant with the highest bid can then exclude publication of photo filters from other merchants with lower bids that might otherwise be published (to the client device 110) based on satisfaction of the specified object criteria.

FIG. 4A shows a block diagram illustrating an example embodiment of the user-based photo filter publication module 314. The user-based photo filter publication module 314 shown includes a user-based filter data upload module 402, a user-based object criteria upload module 404, a user based video creation module 406, and a user-based publication engine 408. The user-based photo filter publication module 314 may be implemented on a web server to allow a user to upload the content using a GUI as illustrated in FIG. 4B.

The user-based filter data upload module 402 receives uploaded content from a user. The content may include images such as a photo or a video or other image file types (e.g., .jpeg, .bmp, etc.) The content may also include other data used to generate a photo filter that operates as the user desires. For example, the user may select to have any previously provided photo filters (e.g., to a client device 110) stored in a photo filter collection associated with a client device. The user may then generate photo filters that refer to this collection (e.g., by querying its contents) before they

may be provided as a new photo filter to client device 110. In another example, the user may select to have a count of objects of a specified object type identified in photographs taken by the client device 110 stored. The user may then generate photo filters that refer to this count (e.g., by querying its value) before they are provided as a new photo filter to client device 110 in order to adjust a content of the provided photo filter in response to the count reaching a specified threshold value.

The user-based object criteria upload module 404 receives object criteria requirements from the user to instruct photo filter engine 306 regarding the criteria that must be satisfied by an object recognized (e.g., via object recognition module 320) in a photograph before a user-based photo filter may be provided to client device 110. For example, a photograph including an object recognized as a human shoulder may result in the user being presented with photo filters that could overlay a pet bird resting on the shoulder in the photograph. Or a photograph including an object recognized as a known monument may result in the user being presented with photo filters that let the user view information (e.g., historical facts) associated with the monument.

The user-based video creation module 406 receives, from a user, video data (e.g., video or instructions for generating video from a photo by inserting motion) related to specific uploaded filter data and uploaded object criteria. This data may be used by the photo filter publication module engine 314 to generate a user-based photo filter that transforms a photograph into a video based on recognizing a particular object (e.g., the ocean) in the photograph. For example, if a ship is recognized in the foreground of a photograph then the photo filter may alter the background water (e.g., by adding motion) of the photograph to create a video including the recognized ship and ocean objects. Alternatively the photo filter may add motion to the ship object in the foreground of the photograph in order to create a video including the recognized objects.

The user-based publication engine 408 generates a user-based photo filter that associates the uploaded filter data from the user-based filter data upload module 402 with the uploaded object criteria from the user-based object criteria upload module 404. The user-based photo filter may also associate the uploaded video data from the user-based video creation module 402 with uploaded filter data from the user-based filter data upload module 402 and the uploaded object criteria from the user-based object criteria upload module 404. The user-based publication engine 408 publishes the user-based photo filter to client devices for which the photo filter engine 306 has determined that a photograph has been taken that includes a recognized object that satisfies the uploaded object criteria.

FIG. 4B illustrates an example of a GUI 410 for uploading filter data and for uploading object criteria with respect to recognized objects in a photograph. The GUI 410 displays an upload object models box 412, an upload image files box 414, an object criteria box 416, a filter data box 418, and a submit button 420. The upload image files box 414 enables a user to upload image files, (e.g., a photograph or a video) to the user-based filter data upload module 402. The object criteria box 416 enables the user to upload object criteria by inputting specific requirements that must be satisfied by a recognized object in the photograph. The syntax used for specifying object criteria may be particular to the photo filter application (e.g., 122) or a natural language description of the criteria that must be satisfied may be used. Furthermore, object criteria may be specified by the user more explicitly via the upload object models box 412. The user can upload

a specific object model to be used by the photo filter engine 306 to compare to objects recognized in a photograph. The object criteria are submitted to the user-based object criteria upload module 404. The filter data box 418 enables the user to submit any other data needed to identify and/or operate the user-based photo filter, for example a title for the user-based photo filter. The user may submit the image files, filter data and object criteria by clicking on the submit button 420. Once the image files, filter data and object criteria are submitted, the user-based publication engine 408 generates a user-based photo filter based on the image files, filter data and object criteria.

FIG. 4C illustrates an example where the user has uploaded a picture of a gorilla 415 displayed in the upload image box 414. The user has entered the object criteria "Empire State Building" via the object criteria box 418 and uploaded an associated object model 422 via the upload object models box 412. The user has entered the title of the photo filter "King Kong!" in the filter data box 418. The user may submit the picture of the gorilla 415, the object criteria "Empire State Building" (which may be associated with a specified object model 422 in photograph 412) and the filter title "King Kong!" by clicking on the submit button 420. Once the picture of the gorilla 415, the filter title "King Kong!" (and any other filter data) and the object criteria "Empire State Building" are submitted, the user-based publication engine 408 generates a user-based photo filter based on the uploaded content.

FIG. 4D illustrates an example of a publication of a user-based photo filter. The photo filter application 122 detects that a mobile device 1200 has taken a photograph 424 that includes the recognized object 426 that corresponds sufficiently to specified object 422 and therefore satisfies the object criteria "Empire State Building". The photo filter application 122 retrieves the user-based photo filter 440 (e.g., "King Kong!") corresponding to the satisfied object criteria "Empire State Building" and publishes the user-based photo filter 440 to the mobile device 1200. The user-based photo filter 440 may then be selected for application to photo content 450 in a display 1210 of the mobile device 1200. For example, the image of a gorilla 415 may be positioned at various locations (e.g., by user tapping on the location) to appear as if King Kong was climbing the object 426 (recognized in photograph 424) that satisfies the object criteria "Empire State Building" associated with user-based photo filter 440.

FIG. 5A shows a block diagram illustrating one example embodiment of the merchant-based photo filter publication module 316. The merchant-based photo filter publication module 316 includes a merchant-based filter data upload module 502, a merchant-based object criteria upload module 504, a merchant-based video creation module 506, a merchant-based bidding module 508, and a merchant-based publication engine 510. The merchant-based photo filter publication module 316 may be implemented on a web server to allow a user to upload the content using a GUI similar to the GUI illustrated in FIG. 4B.

The merchant-based content upload module 502, the merchant-based object criteria upload module 504 and the merchant-based video creation module 506 function in a similar fashion to the respective user based modules 402, 404 and 406. The merchant-based bidding module 508 provides an interface to enable a merchant to submit a bid amount for specific object criteria if other merchants have also uploaded the same object criteria as part of their own merchant-based photo filters. In this way, if a photograph includes a recognized object that satisfies said object criteria

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common to multiple merchant-based photo filters, then the merchant-based photo filter uploaded by the merchant with the highest bid amount would be provided to the device that took the photograph. A bidding process may be used to determine the merchant with the highest bid amount and that merchant can then exclude publication of photo filters from other merchants that might otherwise be published based upon satisfaction of the common object criteria. The common object criteria may include, for example, a shopping centre sign associated with a shopping centre in which several businesses operate (e.g., have the same street address but different suite numbers). A photograph including a recognized object that satisfies the object criteria (i.e., a photo containing the sign) would then be provided with the merchant-based photo filter uploaded by the merchant with the highest bid amount for the common object criteria.

FIG. 5B illustrates an example of a common object criteria. Merchant A photo filter object criteria overlaps with merchant B photo filter object criteria 514 to define a common object criteria 516. Thus, merchants A and B may submit respective bids corresponding to the common object criteria 516. In one example embodiment, the merchant-based object criteria module 504 determines common object criteria from the object criteria uploaded by the merchants. The merchant-based bidding module 508 identifies a highest bidder for the common object criteria and awards the highest bidder with the ability to exclude other merchant-based photo filters (associated with the common object criteria) from being provided to a device that has taken a photograph including a recognized object that satisfies the common object criteria for a predefined amount of time, e.g., until a next time period for submitting new bids for object criteria.

In another example embodiment, the merchant-based bidding module 508 prorates bid amounts based on corresponding time duration information submitted with the bid. For example, merchant A submits a bid amount of \$100 for one day for specific object criteria. Merchant B submits a bid amount of \$160 for two days for the same object criteria. The merchant-based bidding module 508 may prorate the bid from merchant B for one day (e.g., \$80) and compare both bids for the same period of time (e.g., one day) to determine a highest bidder.

The merchant-based publication engine 510 generates a merchant-based photo filter that associates the uploaded filter data of the highest bidder with the object criteria uploaded by the highest bidder. The merchant-based publication engine 510 publishes the merchant-based photo filter to client devices that have taken a photograph including a recognized object that satisfies the common object criteria 516. Merchant-based photo filters from other merchants that are also associated with the object criteria 516 are excluded from publication to the client devices. In another embodiment, instead of a single merchant-based photo filter for common object criteria, a quota may be placed on the number of merchant-based photo filters available for the common object criteria 516. For example, the merchant-based publication engine 510 may publish and make available a limited number of merchant-based photo filters (e.g., a maximum of two merchant-based photo filters) for the common object criteria 516.

In another example embodiment, the merchant-based publication engine 510 forms a priority relationship that associates the uploaded filter data of the higher bidders with the common object criteria 516. For example, an order in which photo filters are displayed at the client device 110 may be manipulated based on the results from the merchant-based bidding module 508. A photo filter of a merchant with

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the highest bid may be prioritized and displayed first at the client device 110 when a photograph satisfies the common object criteria 516. Photo filters from other merchants may be displayed at the client device 110 after the photo filter of the highest bidder. Again, as described above, merchant photo filters may be prioritized and displayed according to other processes, including, e.g., on a fix/flat fee or per view/display basis, etc.

FIG. 5C shows a diagram illustrating an example of a merchant-based photo filter selected based on a bidding process. The object criteria 540 of merchant A and the criteria 550 of merchant B overlap at common object criteria 545. The mobile device 1200 is used to generate the photo content 570 (e.g., used to take a picture) in the display 1210 of the mobile device 1200. The photo content 570 includes a recognized object 580 that satisfies the common object criteria 545. A photo filter of the merchant with the highest bid for the common object criteria 545 is published to the mobile device 1200. In the present example, merchant B has outbid merchant A for the common object criteria “object type: coffee”. The common object criteria “object type: coffee” may refer to any object commonly associated with coffee as well as explicit examples of coffee objects such as a cup of coffee or a coffee bean. As such, photo filter 560 of merchant B (associated with a brand of coffee sold by merchant B) is provided and displayed in the display 1210 on top of the photo content 570. The photo filter 560 is based on the uploaded filter data from merchant B. It should be noted that ‘merchant’ in the context of the current example embodiments may include not only entities involved in the trade or sale of merchandise but any other entity as well, including individuals, universities, non-profit organizations, student organizations, clubs, etc.

FIG. 6A shows a diagram illustrating an example of a photo filter 610 published on the basis of a count of an object type (e.g., satisfies a specified object criteria such as “cup of coffee”) across all of the photographs taken by a mobile device 1200. This count may be processed by count module 326 of photo filter engine 306. For example, the photo filter 610 includes a digital coupon 620 that can be redeemed at a coffee shop “Coffee House”. The photo filter 610 may include dynamic content 630. For example, the dynamic content 630 may include a remaining number of times the coupon can be used. The photo filter 610 may include an action button 640 for executing a related action such as printing the coupon. Furthermore, the photo filter 610 may be provided to mobile device 1200 only after the count for the specified object type (e.g., cups of coffee) has surpassed a specified threshold value uploaded by the merchant (e.g., uploaded filter data) associated with the photo filter 610. The mobile device 1200 displays the photo filter 610 with the photo content 650.

FIG. 6B shows a diagram illustrating an example of a photo filter 660 published on the basis of a collection of photo filters previously published to a mobile device 1200. In an example embodiment this collection may be processed by collection module 324 of photo filter engine 306. The photo filter 660 can be published to the mobile device 1200 in response to the photo filter publication module 314 determining that a photo filter collection associated with mobile device 1200 has exceeded a minimum number of photo filters a specified type, after which a premium photo filter may be accessed. For example, the collection based photo filter may be used to implement a game at a restaurant (e.g., Mike’s Deli) by providing certain premium photo filters (e.g., a “free sandwich” photo filter) to mobile device 1200 only after the mobile device 1200 has collected the

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required amount of “menu item” type photo filters associated with Mike’s Deli. In an example, the premium photo filter may be used to obtain discounts and/or prizes at the restaurant, e.g., a free sandwich. The mobile device 1200 displays the photo filter 660 on top of the photo content 650.

FIG. 7 shows a flow diagram illustrating one example embodiment of a method 700 of the user-based photo filter publication module 314. At operation 702, the user-based photo filter publication module 314 receives uploaded filter data and uploaded object criteria from a first client device. In one example embodiment, operation 702 may be implemented with the user-based filter data upload module 402, the user-based object criteria upload module 404, and the user-based video creation module 406 of FIG. 4A.

At operation 704, the user-based photo filter publication module 314 generates a user-based photo filter based on the uploaded filter data, and is associated with the uploaded object criteria. In one example embodiment, operation 704 may be implemented with the user-based publication engine 408 of FIG. 4A.

At operation 706, the photo filter engine 306 determines that a photograph has been taken by a second client device and visually searches the photograph in order to perform object recognition on the photograph. At operation 708, the photo filter engine 306 determines whether a recognized object in the photograph satisfies the uploaded object criteria from the first client device. If not, then the method 700 returns to operation 706 in order to search for more objects in the photograph. If the recognized object does satisfy the uploaded object criteria from the first client device then, at operation 710, the user-based photo filter publication module 314 publishes the user-based photo filter from the first client device to the second client device in response. In one example embodiment, operation 710 may be implemented with the user-based publication engine 408 of FIG. 4A.

FIG. 8 shows a flow diagram illustrating one example embodiment of a method 800 of operation for the merchant-based photo filter publication module 316. At operations 802 and 804, the merchant-based photo filter publication module 316 receives uploaded filter data, object criteria, and corresponding bid amounts from two merchants. For example, at operation 802, the merchant-based filter data upload module 502 receives filter data A from merchant A. The merchant-based object criteria upload module 504 receives object criteria X from merchant A. The merchant-based bidding module 508 receives bid amount A from merchant A.

At operation 804, the merchant-based content upload module 502 receives content B from merchant B. The merchant-based filter data upload module 502 receives filter data B from merchant B. The merchant-based object criteria upload module 504 receives object criteria X from merchant B. The merchant-based bidding module 508 receives bid amount B from merchant B.

At operation 806, the highest bid amount is determined. In one example embodiment, operation 806 may be implemented with the merchant-based bidding module 508 of FIG. 5A. If bid amount A is greater than bid amount B (as determined by the merchant-based photo filter publication module 322), the merchant-based publication engine 510 generates a merchant-based photo filter A (associated with object criteria X) based on filter data A at operation 808. At operation 810, the merchant-based publication engine 510 supplies merchant-based photo filter A to client devices that have taken a photograph including a recognized object that satisfies object criteria X.

If bid amount B is greater than bid amount A, the merchant-based publication engine 510 generates a mer-

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chant-based photo filter B (associated with object criteria X) based on filter data B at operation 814. At operation 816, the merchant-based publication engine 510 supplies merchant-based photo filter B to client devices that have taken a photograph including a recognized object that satisfies object criteria X.

FIG. 9 shows a flow diagram illustrating one example embodiment of a method 900 of operation for collection module 324 of photo filter engine 306. At operation 902, a new photo filter is received by a client device. At operation 904, the collection module 324 determines whether the photo filter is of the same type as the photo filters in a collection of photo filters associated with the client device. If so, at operation 906, the collection module 324 adds the new photo filter to the collection associated with the client device. If not the method 900 ends. At operation 908, the collection module 324 determines whether the collection has reached a specified size threshold. If so, at operation 910, the collection module 324 instructs the photo filter publication module 304 to provide a new premium photo filter to the client device. If not the method 900 ends.

FIG. 10 shows a flow diagram illustrating one example embodiment of a method 1000 of operation for count module 326 of photo filter engine 306. At operation 1002, a new photo is taken by a client device. At operation 1004, the count module 324 determines whether the photo includes an object of a specified type, e.g., a type of food. If so, at operation 1006, the count module 326 increases a count of photographed objects (of the specified type) associated with the client device. If not the method 1000 ends. At operation 1008, the count module 326 determines whether the value of the count associated with the client device has reached a specified value threshold. If so, at operation 1010, the count module 324 instructs the photo filter publication module 304 to adjust the content of a photo filter associated with the object type. If not the method 1000 ends.

Modules, Components and Logic

Certain embodiments are described herein as including logic or a number of components, modules, or mechanisms. Modules may constitute either software modules (e.g., code embodied (1) on a non-transitory machine-readable medium or (2) in a transmission signal) or hardware-implemented modules. A hardware-implemented module is a tangible unit capable of performing certain operations and may be configured or arranged in a certain manner. In example embodiments, one or more computer systems (e.g., a standalone, client, or server computer system) or one or more processors may be configured by software (e.g., an application or application portion) as a hardware-implemented module that operates to perform certain operations as described herein.

In various embodiments, a hardware-implemented module may be implemented mechanically or electronically. For example, a hardware-implemented module may comprise dedicated circuitry or logic that is permanently configured (e.g., as a special-purpose processor, such as a field programmable gate array (FPGA) or an application-specific integrated circuit (ASIC)) to perform certain operations. A hardware-implemented module may also comprise programmable logic or circuitry (e.g., as encompassed within a general-purpose processor or other programmable processor) that is temporarily configured by software to perform certain operations. It will be appreciated that the decision to implement a hardware-implemented module mechanically, in dedicated and permanently configured circuitry, or in temporarily configured circuitry (e.g., configured by software) may be driven by cost and time considerations.

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Accordingly, the term “hardware-implemented module” should be understood to encompass a tangible entity, be that an entity that is physically constructed, permanently configured (e.g., hardwired), or temporarily or transitorily configured (e.g., programmed) to operate in a certain manner or to perform certain operations described herein. Considering embodiments in which hardware-implemented modules are temporarily configured (e.g., programmed), each of the hardware-implemented modules need not be configured or instantiated at any one instance in time. For example, where the hardware-implemented modules comprise a general-purpose processor configured using software, the general-purpose processor may be configured as respectively different hardware-implemented modules at different times. Software may, accordingly, configure a processor, for example, to constitute a particular hardware-implemented module at one instance of time and to constitute a different hardware-implemented module at a different instance of time.

Hardware-implemented modules can provide information to, and receive information from, other hardware-implemented modules. Accordingly, the described hardware-implemented modules may be regarded as being communicatively coupled. Where multiples of such hardware-implemented modules exist contemporaneously, communications may be achieved through signal transmission (e.g., over appropriate circuits and buses that connect the hardware-implemented modules). In embodiments in which multiple hardware-implemented modules are configured or instantiated at different times, communications between such hardware-implemented modules may be achieved, for example, through the storage and retrieval of information in memory structures to which the multiple hardware-implemented modules have access. For example, one hardware-implemented module may perform an operation, and store the output of that operation in a memory device to which it is communicatively coupled. A further hardware-implemented module may then, at a later time, access the memory device to retrieve and process the stored output. Hardware-implemented modules may also initiate communications with input or output devices, and can operate on a resource (e.g., a collection of information).

The various operations of example methods described herein may be performed, at least partially, by one or more processors that are temporarily configured (e.g., by software) or permanently configured to perform the relevant operations. Whether temporarily or permanently configured, such processors may constitute processor-implemented modules that operate to perform one or more operations or functions. The modules referred to herein may, in some example embodiments, comprise processor-implemented modules.

Similarly, the methods described herein may be at least partially processor-implemented. For example, at least some of the operations of a method may be performed by one or more processors or processor-implemented modules. The performance of certain of the operations may be distributed among the one or more processors, not only residing within a single machine, but deployed across a number of machines. In some example embodiments, the processor or processors may be located in a single location (e.g., within a home environment, an office environment, or a server farm), while in other embodiments the processors may be distributed across a number of locations.

The one or more processors may also operate to support performance of the relevant operations in a “cloud computing” environment or as a “software as a service” (SaaS). For

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example, at least some of the operations may be performed by a group of computers (as examples of machines including processors), with these operations being accessible via the network 104 (e.g., the Internet) and via one or more appropriate interfaces (e.g., APIs).

Electronic Apparatus and System

Example embodiments may be implemented in digital electronic circuitry, or in computer hardware, firmware, or software, or in combinations of them. Example embodiments may be implemented using a computer program product (e.g., a computer program tangibly embodied in an information carrier, e.g., in a machine-readable medium for execution by, or to control the operation of, data processing apparatus, e.g., a programmable processor, a computer, or multiple computers).

A computer program can be written in any form of programming language, including compiled or interpreted languages, and it can be deployed in any form, including as a standalone program or as a module, subroutine, or other unit suitable for use in a computing environment. A computer program can be deployed to be executed on one computer or on multiple computers at one site or distributed across multiple sites and interconnected by a communication network.

In example embodiments, operations may be performed by one or more programmable processors executing a computer program to perform functions by operating on input data and generating output. Method operations can also be performed by, and apparatus of example embodiments may be implemented as, special purpose logic circuitry (e.g., an FPGA or an ASIC).

The computing system can include clients and servers. A client and server are generally remote from each other and typically interact through a communication network. The relationship of client and server arises by virtue of computer programs running on the respective computers and having a client-server relationship to each other. In embodiments deploying a programmable computing system, it will be appreciated that both hardware and software architectures merit consideration. Specifically, it will be appreciated that the choice of whether to implement certain functionality in permanently configured hardware (e.g., an ASIC), in temporarily configured hardware (e.g., a combination of software and a programmable processor), or in a combination of permanently and temporarily configured hardware may be a design choice. Below are set out hardware (e.g., machine) and software architectures that may be deployed in various example embodiments.

Example Computer System

FIG. 11 shows a diagrammatic representation of a machine in the example form of a machine or computer system 1100 within which a set of instructions 1124 may be executed causing the machine to perform any one or more of the methodologies discussed herein. In alternative embodiments, the machine operates as a standalone device or may be connected (e.g., networked) to other machines. In a networked deployment, the machine may operate in the capacity of a server or a client machine 110 and 112 in a server-client network environment, or as a peer machine in a peer-to-peer (or distributed) network environment. The machine may be a personal computer (PC), a tablet PC, a set-top box (STB), a personal digital assistant (PDA), a cellular telephone, a web appliance, a network router, switch or bridge, or any machine capable of executing a set of instructions 1124 (sequential or otherwise) that specify actions to be taken by that machine. Further, while only a single machine is illustrated, the term “machine” shall also

be taken to include any collection of machines that individually or jointly execute a set (or multiple sets) of instructions **1124** to perform any one or more of the methodologies discussed herein.

The example computer system **1100** includes a processor **1102** (e.g., a central processing unit (CPU), a graphics processing unit (GPU), or both), a main memory **1104**, and a static memory **1106**, which communicate with each other via a bus **1108**. The computer system **1100** may further include a video display unit **1110** (e.g., a liquid crystal display (LCD) or a cathode ray tube (CRT)). The computer system **1100** also includes an alphanumeric input device **1112** (e.g., a keyboard), a UI navigation device **1114** (e.g., a mouse), a drive unit **1116**, a signal generation device **1118** (e.g., a speaker), and a network interface device **1120**.

The drive unit **1116** includes a computer-readable medium **1122** on which is stored one or more sets of data structures and instructions **1124** (e.g., software) embodying or used by any one or more of the methodologies or functions described herein. The instructions **1124** may also reside, completely or at least partially, within the main memory **1104** or within the processor **1102** during execution thereof by the computer system **1100**, with the main memory **1104** and the processor **1102** also constituting machine-readable photo.

The instructions **1124** may further be transmitted or received over a network **1126** via the network interface device **1120** utilizing any one of a number of well-known transfer protocols (e.g., HTTP).

While the computer-readable medium **1122** is shown in an example embodiment to be a single medium, the term “computer-readable medium” should be taken to include a single medium or multiple photo (e.g., a centralized or distributed database, and/or associated caches and servers) that store the one or more sets of instructions **1124**. The term “computer-readable medium” shall also be taken to include any medium that is capable of storing, encoding, or carrying a set of instructions **1124** for execution by the machine that cause the machine to perform any one or more of the methodologies of the present disclosure, or that is capable of storing, encoding, or carrying data structures used by or associated with such a set of instructions **1124**. The term “computer-readable medium” shall, accordingly, be taken to include, but not be limited to, solid-state memories, optical photo, and magnetic photo.

Furthermore, the machine-readable medium is non-transitory in that it does not embody a propagating signal. However, labeling the tangible machine-readable medium “non-transitory” should not be construed to mean that the medium is incapable of movement—the medium should be considered as being transportable from one physical location to another. Additionally, since the machine-readable medium is tangible, the medium may be considered to be a machine-readable device.

Example Mobile Device

FIG. **12** is a block diagram illustrating a mobile device **1200**, according to an example embodiment. The mobile device **1200** may include a processor **1202**. The processor **1202** may be any of a variety of different types of commercially available processors **1202** suitable for mobile devices **1200** (for example, an XScale architecture microprocessor, a microprocessor without interlocked pipeline stages (MIPS) architecture processor, or another type of processor **1202**). A memory **1204**, such as a random access memory (RAM), a flash memory, or another type of memory, is typically accessible to the processor **1202**. The memory **1204** may be adapted to store an operating system (OS) **1206**, as well as applications **1208**, such as a mobile location

enabled application that may provide location-based services (LBSs) to a user. The processor **1202** may be coupled, either directly or via appropriate interphotory hardware, to a display **1210** and to one or more input/output (I/O) devices **1212**, such as a keypad, a touch panel sensor, a microphone, and the like. Similarly, in some embodiments, the processor **1202** may be coupled to a transceiver **1214** that interfaces with an antenna **1216**. The transceiver **1214** may be configured to both transmit and receive cellular network signals, wireless data signals, or other types of signals via the antenna **1216**, depending on the nature of the mobile device **1200**. Further, in some configurations, a GPS receiver **1218** may also make use of the antenna **1216** to receive GPS signals.

Although an embodiment has been described with reference to specific example embodiments, it will be evident that various modifications and changes may be made to these embodiments without departing from the broader spirit and scope of the present disclosure. Accordingly, the specification and drawings are to be regarded in an illustrative rather than a restrictive sense. The accompanying drawings that form a part hereof show by way of illustration, and not of limitation, specific embodiments in which the subject matter may be practiced. The embodiments illustrated are described in sufficient detail to enable those skilled in the art to practice the teachings disclosed herein. Other embodiments may be used and derived therefrom, such that structural and logical substitutions and changes may be made without departing from the scope of this disclosure. This Detailed Description, therefore, is not to be taken in a limiting sense, and the scope of various embodiments is defined only by the appended claims, along with the full range of equivalents to which such claims are entitled.

As used herein, the term “or” may be construed in either an inclusive or exclusive sense. Moreover, plural instances may be provided for resources, operations, or structures described herein as a single instance. Additionally, boundaries between various resources, operations, modules, engines, and data stores are somewhat arbitrary, and particular operations are illustrated in a context of specific illustrative configurations. Other allocations of functionality are envisioned and may fall within a scope of various embodiments of the present invention. In general, structures and functionality presented as separate resources in the example configurations may be implemented as a combined structure or resource. Similarly, structures and functionality presented as a single resource may be implemented as separate resources. These and other variations, modifications, additions, and improvements fall within a scope of embodiments of the present invention as represented by the appended claims. The specification and drawings are, accordingly, to be regarded in an illustrative rather than a restrictive sense.

Such embodiments of the inventive subject matter may be referred to herein, individually or collectively, by the term “invention” merely for convenience and without intending to voluntarily limit the scope of this application to any single invention or inventive concept if more than one is in fact disclosed. Thus, although specific embodiments have been illustrated and described herein, it should be appreciated that any arrangement calculated to achieve the same purpose may be substituted for the specific embodiments shown. This disclosure is intended to cover any and all adaptations or variations of various embodiments. Combinations of the above embodiments, and other embodiments not specifically described herein, will be apparent to those of skill in the art upon reviewing the above description.

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The Abstract of the Disclosure is provided to comply with 37 C.F.R. §1.72(b), requiring an abstract that will allow the reader to quickly ascertain the nature of the technical disclosure. It is submitted with the understanding that it will not be used to interpret or limit the scope or meaning of the claims. In addition, in the foregoing Detailed Description, it can be seen that various features are grouped together in a single embodiment for the purpose of streamlining the disclosure. This method of disclosure is not to be interpreted as reflecting an intention that the claimed embodiments require more features than are expressly recited in each claim. Rather, as the following claims reflect, inventive subject matter lies in less than all features of a single disclosed embodiment. Thus, the following claims are hereby incorporated into the Detailed Description, with each claim standing on its own as a separate embodiment.

What is claimed is:

1. A system comprising:
a processor; and
a memory coupled to the processor, the memory including instructions which, when executed by the processor, cause the system to:
access filter data and object criteria,
generate a photo filter using the filter data;
store data specifying an association between the photo filter and the object criteria;
detect that a client device of the server has taken a photograph;
identify an object in the photograph;
based on the identified object satisfying the object criteria associated with the photo filter in the stored data, provide the photo filter to the client device;
store photo filters provided to the client device in a photo filter collection associated with the client device;
determine that the photo filter collection includes more than a specified number of stored photo filters of a specified type, and
provide a new photo filter to the client device in response to the determination.
2. The system of claim 1, wherein the object criteria includes an association between an object and a media property or a work of art and the associated photo filter includes images associated with the media property or work of art.
3. The system of claim 1, wherein the object criteria includes an association between an object and a brand of a merchant and the associated photo filter includes images associated with the brand of the merchant.
4. The system of claim 1, wherein the object criteria includes an association between an object and a discount associated with a type of the object at a local merchant establishment and the associated photo filter includes images comprising information about the discount and the merchant establishment.
5. The system of claim 1, wherein the object criteria includes an association between an object and educational information about the object and the associated photo filter includes images comprising the educational information.
6. The system of claim 1, wherein the object criteria includes recognizing an object as an animal and the associated photo filter includes images associated with a safari.
7. The system of claim 1, wherein the object criteria includes recognizing an object as a human shoulder and the associated photo filter includes images associated with pets perched on the human shoulder.

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8. The system of claim 1, further comprising instructions which, when executed by the processor, cause the system to receive the filter data and the object criteria from a user.

9. The system of claim 8, wherein the photo filter comprises a plurality of photo filters, the system further comprising instructions which, when executed by the processor, cause the system to:

generate a ranking of the plurality of photo filters associated with the object criteria based on specified photo filter priority criteria; and

provide a specified number of the plurality of photo filters to the client device according to the ranking of the plurality of photo filters.

10. The system of claim 9, wherein the photo filter priority criteria includes criteria based on a filter creation date, a filter type or a user ranking of the filter.

11. The system of claim 1, further comprising instructions which, when executed by the processor, cause the system to: receive first filter data from a first merchant and second filter data from a second merchant;

receive first object criteria from the first merchant, and second object criteria from the second merchant;

identify object criteria common to both the first object criteria and the second object criteria;

receive a first bid amount from the first merchant and a second bid amount from the second merchant;

identify a largest bid amount of the first and second bid amounts;

generate a merchant photo filter using the first or second filter data based on the identified largest bid amount;

associate the merchant photo filter with the common object criteria; and

supply the merchant photo filter to the client device based on the identified object satisfying the common object criteria.

12. The system of claim 11, wherein the common object criteria includes a type of object for which the first merchant and the second merchant sell branded products of the same type.

13. The system of claim 1, further comprising instructions which, when executed by the processor, cause the system to: generate a count of objects, of a specified object type, that have been identified in photographs taken by the client device and adjust a content of the photo filter in response to the count reaching a specified threshold value.

14. The system of claim 1, further comprising instructions which, when executed by the processor, cause the system to: receive video data and object criteria;

generate a video based on the video data and the photograph;

associate the video with the object criteria; and based on the identified object satisfying the object criteria,

provide the video to the client device.

15. A method implemented by a server including at least one processor and comprising:

accessing filter data and object criteria;

generating a photo filter with the filter data;

storing data specifying an association between the photo filter and the object criteria;

detecting that a client device of the server has taken a photograph;

identifying an object in the photograph;

providing the photo filter to the client device based on the identified object satisfying the object criteria associated with the photo filter;

providing an option to display the provided photo filter on a user interface of the client device;

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storing photo filters provided to the client device in a photo filter collection associated with the client device; determining that the photo filter collection includes more than a specified number of stored photo filters of a specified type, and

providing a new photo filter to the client device in response to the determining.

16. The method of claim **15**, further comprising:

receiving first filter data and first object criteria from a first merchant and second filter data and second object criteria from a second merchant;

identifying common object criteria between the first object criteria and the second object criteria;

receiving a first bid amount from the first merchant and a second bid amount from the merchant;

identifying a largest bid amount of the first and second bid amounts;

generating a merchant photo filter with the first or second filter data based on the identified largest bid amount

associating the merchant photo filter with the common object criteria,

supplying the merchant photo filter to the client device based on the identified object satisfying the common object criteria.

17. The method of claim **16**, wherein the common object criteria includes a type of object for which the first merchant and the second merchant sell branded products of the same type.

18. A non-transitory computer-readable storage medium storing a set of instructions that, when executed by a processor of a machine, cause the machine to perform operations comprising:

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accessing filter data and object criteria;

generating a photo filter with the filter data;

storing data specifying an association between the photo filter and the object criteria;

determining that a client device of the server has taken a photograph;

identifying an object in the photograph;

providing the photo filter to the client device based on the identified object satisfying the object criteria associated with the photo filter; and

providing an option to display the provided photo filter on a user interface of the client device;

storing photo filters provided to the client device in a photo filter collection associated with the client device;

determining that the photo filter collection includes more than a specified number of stored photo filters of a specified type, and

providing a new photo filter to the client device in response to the determining.

19. The system of claim **1**, wherein the specified type comprises a photo filter associated with specified object criteria.

20. The system of claim **10**, wherein:

the specified object criteria comprise object criteria associated with at least one menu item at a merchant establishment; and

the new photo filter provides information regarding a discount associated with the at least one menu item at the merchant establishment.

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