

Last Compiled on November 22, 2012

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### General Instruction

- failure to follow the instruction will result in severe penalty (graded at 90% or even worse)
    - no second grading is planned for this homework set
    - type up your own homework (i.e., no copy-and-pasting from others & you know one can easily check this)
  - from the home directory `~/`, make a directory for this homework set
    - use `mkdir nhleeHW3.git` for the directory name
    - create a Sweave file called `nhleeHW3.Rnw`
    - replace `nhlee` with the “left-hand side” of your school email
  - initialize it as a git folder
    - do this from inside of the git folder for your own sake
    - make sure to verify that your folder contains a hidden folder called `.git`
    - set it up from RStudio as a RStudio project with git support
    - look for [COMMIT] from the text below for the location where you are supposed to add & commit
  - using RStudio for editing and compiling your Rnw file is highly recommended
    - to compile, find and press “Compile PDF” button within the RStudio editor window (typically, the upper left corner window)
    - alternatively, you can use R CMD `<Sweave/pdflatex>` from bash-shell command line provided that you are in the “appropriate” directory

```
R CMD Sweave yourfilename.Rnw
R CMD pdflatex yourfilename.tex
```
- 
- use the `homeworkset3.tex` file as a starting point for typesetting your homework solution
    - find it from the course git folder
    - do not delete the problem statements
    - do not delete/modify the existing codes in the preamble area
  - once completed, compress the folder as a `.nhleeHW3.zip` or `nhleeHW3.tar.gz`, where `nhlee` is replaced with one from your school email
    - make sure that your compressed file can actually be decompressed

- on the due date,
  - submit a paper copy to the instructor during the class
  - upload the compressed folder to the designated BB discussion forum before midnight
  - any commit made after the class meeting time will be discarded using `git reset --hard`, and will not be counted as a part of your homework submission

## Problems from Chapter 7: Matrix Algebra for MDS

### Ex 7.18

(a) [COMMIT] Use Sweave to accomplish this

- Use

```
\includegraphics{nhleeHW3-001}
```

---

```
\includegraphics{nhleeHW3-002}
```

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- Make sure to label the horizontal axis, the vertical axis and give the main title, and give different color for  $A$  and  $B$  e.g., by filling out the space between the quotation marks, and choose a different symbol for  $A$  and  $B$  by specifying a number for `cex` and `pch`

```
plot(xydataA,xlab='',ylab='',main='',color='',cex=,pch=)
points(xydataB,cex=,pch=,cex=,color='')
```

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- [COMMIT] Include your R codes using `lstlisting` making sure that it has an appropriate caption

(b) [COMMIT] Supplement your calculation using R/Sweave

- computations need to be done before using them in the text using `or` concurrently

The rank of  $A$  is 2 or equivalently 2.

The reason why the rank of  $A$  is not 1 is that:

The eigenvalues of the matrix is ... and ..., which means the number of the eigenvalues is 2.

As the number of eigenvalues and the rank equals, the rank of  $A$  is 2 rather than 1.

The rank of  $B$  is 1 or equivalently 1.

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(c) [COMMIT] directly use the code and output from R/Sweave, but make sure to explain your answers

```
\begin{Schunk}
\begin{Sinput}
> #Your R code goes here
\end{Sinput}
\end{Schunk}
```

---

## Ex 7.24

- [COMMIT] use `lstlisting` to list your R code
- [COMMIT] use R/Sweave for computation, but do not use the built-in `dist` function

```
\begin{Schunk}
\begin{Sinput}
> #Your R codes go here
\end{Sinput}
\end{Schunk}
```

---

- [COMMIT] use R/Sweave for computation, and this time, do use the built-in `dist` function for comparison

```
\begin{Schunk}
\begin{Sinput}
> #Your R codes go here
\end{Sinput}
\end{Schunk}
```

---

- [COMMIT] make sure to explain your computation, e.g., compare the two computations

**Ex 7.30** Omit (c), (d) and (e). The necessary data is saved in `matlabclown.RData` and can be found from the course git folder. The followings are the equivalent R version:

```
load('matlabclown.RData')
image(X) # omit this in your Sweave code
svdX = svd(X)
U = svdX$u
S = diag(svdX$d)
V = svdX$v
k = 10
M = U[,1:k,drop=FALSE] %*% S[1:k,1:k,drop=FALSE] %*% t(V[,1:k,drop=FALSE])
image(M) # omit this in your Sweave code
image(M,col=gray.colors(k))
```

---

(a) [COMMIT] choose a small, a medium and a large value for  $k$

– for each  $k$ ,

\* do [COMMIT]

\* your performance evaluation is to be included as a caption, and change `tinyK`, `width` and `height` accordingly

```
\begin{figure}
\centering
\begin{Schunk}
\begin{Sinput}
> tinyK = 1
> #smallK =
> #mediumK =
> #largeK =
> #Your R codes go here
\end{Sinput}
\end{Schunk}
```

```

\end{Schunk}
\includegraphics{nhleeHW3-007}
\caption{<YOUR PERFORMANCE EVALUATION> on $1$}
\label{fig:matlabclownKaNumber}
\end{figure}

```

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- (b) – [COMMIT] code up all your computation using R/Sweave before starting to type your explanation
- 
- [COMMIT] write your explanation referring to the numbers computed in the previous step, using

## Problems from Chapter 4: Multidimensional Scaling

### Ex 4.1

- [COMMIT] Modify the code in Listing 1 for illustrating the first ten objects on a “line”

Listing 1: TikZ Code for Figure 1

```

\begin{tikzpicture}
\foreach \x in {1,2,...,5,7,8,...,12}
\foreach \y in {1,...,5}
{
\draw (\x,\y) +(-.5,-.5) rectangle ++(.5,.5);
\draw (\x,\y) node{\footnotesize $\scriptstyle(\x,\y)$};
}
\end{tikzpicture}

```

---

- [COMMIT] list your R/Sweave codes using `\lstlisting`
- [COMMIT] use the R/Sweave codes to compute
- [COMMIT] explain your computed numerical values
- make sure to refer to your R code listing via `\ref` and to the computed values using `\Sexpr`
- refer to [?] if necessary

### Ex 4.2

- [COMMIT] list your R code using `\lstlisting`
- [COMMIT] demonstrate that your function is “functioning” by way of R/Sweave

(1, 5)	(2, 5)	(3, 5)	(4, 5)	(5, 5)	(7, 5)	(8, 5)	(9, 5)	(10, 5)	(11, 5)	(12, 5)
(1, 4)	(2, 4)	(3, 4)	(4, 4)	(5, 4)	(7, 4)	(8, 4)	(9, 4)	(10, 4)	(11, 4)	(12, 4)
(1, 3)	(2, 3)	(3, 3)	(4, 3)	(5, 3)	(7, 3)	(8, 3)	(9, 3)	(10, 3)	(11, 3)	(12, 3)
(1, 2)	(2, 2)	(3, 2)	(4, 2)	(5, 2)	(7, 2)	(8, 2)	(9, 2)	(10, 2)	(11, 2)	(12, 2)
(1, 1)	(2, 1)	(3, 1)	(4, 1)	(5, 1)	(7, 1)	(8, 1)	(9, 1)	(10, 1)	(11, 1)	(12, 1)

Figure 1: An extension of an example from the TikZ & PGF manual [?]

### Ex 4.3

- [COMMIT] list your R code using `lstlisting`
- [COMMIT] load the data (`require(MVA); data(gardenflowers)`) and compute using R/Sweave
- [COMMIT] include a plot of (relative) positions using R/Sweave
- [COMMIT] allocate at least a quarter page of *text* explaining the result

## References

- [1] V. Bos and S. Mauw. *A  $\LaTeX$  macro package for Message Sequence Charts—Maintenance document—Describing version*, June 2002. Included in MSC macro package distribution.
- [2] V. Bos and S. Mauw. *A  $\LaTeX$  macro package for Message Sequence Charts—Reference Manual—Describing version*, June 2002. Included in MSC macro package distribution.
- [3] V. Bos and S. Mauw. *A  $\LaTeX$  macro package for Message Sequence Charts—User Manual—Describing version*, June 2002. Included in MSC macro package distribution.
- [4] Michel Goossens, Sebastian Rahtz, and Frank Mittelbach. *The  $\LaTeX$  Graphics Companion*. Addison-Wesley, 1997.
- [5] ITU-TS. ITU-TS Recommendation Z.120: Message Sequence Chart (MSC). Geneva, 1997.
- [6] L. Lamport.  *$\LaTeX$ —A Document Preparation System—User’s Guide and Reference Manual*. Addison-Wesley, 2nd edition, 1994. Updated for  $\LaTeX 2_{\epsilon}$ .
- [7] E. Rudolph, P. Graubmann, and J. Grabowski. Tutorial on message sequence charts (MSC’96). In *FORTE*, 1996.