

➤ **Vendor: LPI**

➤ **Exam Code: 101-400**

➤ **Exam Name: LPIC-1 Exam 101**

➤ **Question 31 -- Question 60**

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QUESTION 31

Which of the following commands will reduce all consecutive spaces down to a single space?

- A. `tr 's' ' ' < a.txt > b.txt`
- B. `tr -c ' ' < a.txt > b.txt`
- C. `tr -d ' ' < a.txt > b.txt`
- D. `tr -r ' '\n' < a.txt > b.txt`
- E. `tr -s ' ' < a.txt > b.txt`

Answer: E

QUESTION 32

Which character, added to the end of a command, runs that command in the background as a child process of the current shell?

- A. `!`
- B. `+`
- C. `&`
- D. `%`
- E. `#`

Answer: C

QUESTION 33

Which of the following commands will print the last 10 lines of a text file to the standard output?

- A. `cat -n 10 filename`
- B. `dump -n 10 filename`

- C. head -n 10 filename
- D. tail -n 10 filename

Answer: D

QUESTION 34

Which of the following commands prints a list of usernames (first column) and their primary group (fourth column) from the /etc/passwd file?

- A. fmt -f 1,4 /etc/passwd
- B. split -c 1,4 /etc/passwd
- C. cut -d : -f 1,4 /etc/passwd
- D. paste -f 1,4 /etc/passwd

Answer: C

QUESTION 35

Which of the following signals is sent to a process when the key combination CTRL+C is pressed on the keyboard?

- A. SIGTERM
- B. SIGINT
- C. SIGSTOP
- D. SIGKILL

Answer: B

QUESTION 36

What happens after issuing the command vi without any additional parameters?

- A. vi starts and loads the last file used and moves the cursor to the position where vi was when it last exited.
- B. vi starts and requires the user to explicitly either create a new or load an existing file.
- C. vi exits with an error message as it cannot be invoked without a file name to operate on.
- D. vi starts in command mode and opens a new empty file.
- E. vi starts and opens a new file which is filled with the content of the vi buffer if the buffer contains text.

Answer: D

QUESTION 37

Which of the following command sets the Bash variable named TEST with the content FOO?

- A. set TEST="FOO"
- B. TEST = "FOO"
- C. var TEST="FOO"
- D. TEST="FOO"

Answer: D

QUESTION 38

Which variable defines the directories in which a Bash shell searches for executable commands?

- A. BASHEXEC

- B. BASHRC
- C. PATH
- D. EXECPATH
- E. PATHRC

Answer: C

QUESTION 39

Which of the following commands determines the type of a file by using a definition database file which contains information about all common file types?

- A. magic
- B. type
- C. file
- D. pmagic
- E. hash

Answer: C

QUESTION 40

Which command is used in a Linux environment to create a new directory? (Specify ONLY the command without any path or parameters.)

Answer:

mkdir, /usr/bin/mkdir

QUESTION 41

Which of the following commands prints all files and directories within the /tmp directory or its subdirectories which are also owned by the user root? (Choose TWO correct answers.)

- A. find /tmp -uid root -print
- B. find -path /tmp -uid root
- C. find /tmp -user root -print
- D. find /tmp -user root
- E. find -path /tmp -user root -print

Answer: CD

QUESTION 42

When running the command

```
sed -e "s/a/b/" /tmp/file >/tmp/file
```

While /tmp/file contains data, why is /tmp/file empty afterwards?

- A. The file order is incorrect. The destination file must be mentioned before the command to ensure redirection.
- B. The command sed did not match anything in that file therefore the output is empty.
- C. When the shell establishes the redirection it overwrites the target file before the redirected command starts and opens it for reading.
- D. Redirection for shell commands do not work using the > character. It only works using the | character instead.

Answer: C

QUESTION 43

When given the following command line.
`echo "foo bar" | tee bar | cat`
Which of the following output is created?

- A. cat
- B. foo bar
- C. tee bar
- D. bar
- E. foo

Answer: B

QUESTION 44

Which of the following commands can be used to determine how long the system has been running?
(Choose TWO correct answers.)

- A. uptime
- B. up
- C. top
- D. uname -u
- E. time -up

Answer: AC

QUESTION 45

Which of the following are valid stream redirection operators within Bash? (Choose THREE correct answers.)

- A. <
- B. <<<
- C. >
- D. >>>
- E. %>

Answer: ABC

QUESTION 46

After successfully creating a hard link called bar to the ordinary file foo, foo is deleted from the filesystem. Which of the following describes the resulting situation?

- A. foo and bar would both be removed.
- B. foo would be removed while bar would remain accessible.
- C. foo would be removed. bar would still exist but would be unusable.
- D. Both foo and bar would remain accessible.
- E. The user is prompted whether bar should be removed, too.

Answer: B

QUESTION 47

After moving data to a new filesystem, how can the former path of the data be kept intact in order to avoid reconfiguration of existing applications? (Choose TWO correct answers.)

- A. By creating an ACL redirection from the old to the new path of the data.
- B. By creating a hard link from the old to the new path of the data.
- C. By creating a symbolic link from the old to the new path of the data.
- D. By running the command touch on the old path.
- E. By mounting the new filesystem on the original path of the data.

Answer: CE

QUESTION 48

Which of the following commands changes the ownership of file.txt to the user dan and the group staff?

- A. chown dan/staff file.txt
- B. chown dan:staff file.txt
- C. chown -u dan -g staff file.txt
- D. chown dan -g staff file.txt

Answer: B

QUESTION 49

Which of the following commands makes /bin/foo executable by everyone but writable only by its owner?

- A. chmod u=rwx,go=rx /bin/foo
- B. chmod o=rwx,a+rx /bin/foo
- C. chmod 577 /bin/foo
- D. chmod 775 /bin/foo

Answer: A

QUESTION 50

Which of the following commands can be used to search for the executable file foo when it has been placed in a directory not included in \$PATH?

- A. apropos
- B. which
- C. find
- D. query
- E. whereis

Answer: C

QUESTION 51

What does the command mount -a do?

- A. It ensures that all file systems listed with the option noauto in /etc/fstab are mounted.
- B. It shows all mounted file systems that have been automatically mounted.
- C. It opens an editor with root privileges and loads /etc/fstab for editing.
- D. It ensures that all file systems listed with the option auto in /etc/fstab are mounted.
- E. It ensures that all file systems listed in /etc/fstab are mounted regardless of their options.

Answer: D

QUESTION 52

Which of the following settings for umask ensures that new files have the default permissions -rw-r----- ?

- A. 0017
- B. 0640
- C. 0038
- D. 0027

Answer: D

QUESTION 53

Which of the following is the device file name for the second partition on the only SCSI drive?

- A. /dev/hda1
- B. /dev/sda2
- C. /dev/sd0a2
- D. /dev/sd1p2

Answer: B

QUESTION 54

Which of the following commands creates an ext3 filesystem on /dev/sdb1? (Choose TWO correct answers.)

- A. /sbin/mke2fs -j /dev/sdb1
- B. /sbin/mkfs -t ext3 /dev/sdb1
- C. /sbin/mkfs -c ext3 /dev/sdb1
- D. /sbin/mke3fs -j /dev/sdb1

Answer: AB

QUESTION 55

Which of the following commands will change the quota for a specific user?

- A. edquota
- B. repquota
- C. quota -e
- D. quota

Answer: A

QUESTION 56

Which utility would be used to change how often a filesystem check is performed on an ext2 filesystem without losing any data stored on that filesystem?

- A. mod2fs
- B. fsck
- C. tune2fs
- D. mke2fs

E. fixe2fs

Answer: C

QUESTION 57

Which of the following Linux filesystems preallocates a fixed number of inodes at the filesystem's make/creation time and does NOT generate them as needed? (Choose TWO correct answers.)

- A. ext3
- B. JFS
- C. ext2
- D. XFS
- E. procfs

Answer: AC

QUESTION 58

What is the purpose of the Filesystem Hierarchy Standard?

- A. It is a security model used to ensure files are organized according to their permissions and accessibility.
- B. It provides unified tools to create, maintain and manage multiple filesystems in a common way.
- C. It defines a common internal structure of inodes for all compliant filesystems.
- D. It is a distribution neutral description of locations of files and directories.

Answer: D

QUESTION 59

Which umask value will result in the default access permissions of 600 (rw-----) for files and 700 (rwx-----) for directories? (Specify only the numerical umask value.)

Answer:
0077, 077

QUESTION 60

Instead of supplying an explicit device in /etc/fstab for mounting, what other options may be used to identify the intended partition? (Choose TWO correct answers.)

- A. FIND
- B. ID
- C. LABEL
- D. NAME
- E. UUID

Answer: CE

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