```
1 # Tim Birmingham
 2 # Quiz game for COP 1500
 4 # Creating a function to progress the game when player is ready to continue
 5 def ready_to_move_on():
       """Tim Birmingham"""
       want_to_continue = False
 7
       check_loop = input("Type 'READY' when you want to continue. ANYTHING OTHER
 8
   THAN 'ready or READY' will end game. ")
 9
       if (check_loop == "READY") or (check_loop == "ready"):
10
           want_to_continue = True
11
       return want_to_continue
12
13
14 def test(stop_or_go):
15
       if stop_or_go == False:
16
           exit()
17
18
19 # defining main, will call to it later
20 def main():
21
22
       Author
23
       Tim Birmingham
24
25
       print("Welcome to the quiz game of COP 1500!")
       print("It is a short multiple choice quiz with questions about the
   programming language python")
27
       print("Our goal here is to have some fun and learn a little about python
   along the way")
28
29
       # Printing a new line to make the output look nicer and easier to read
30
       print('\n')
31
       player_name = input("Please enter your name: ")
32
       print(player_name, "thanks for playing today!", sep=',')
       user_choice = ready_to_move_on()
33
       test(user_choice)
34
       print("\n")
35
36
37
       # initialize the scoreboard to be 0 so that accurate count can be made
38
       player_score = 0
39
40
       # QUESTION 1
       print(" QUESTION 1: When performing a calculation using basic numeric
   operators, what does '**' do?")
       question = input("(A) Divide (B) Assign (C) Exponentiation (D) All of the
42
   above ")
43
       # using comparison operators to check if the answer is correct
       # using an if else statement to determine what to do if the answer is
   correct and if the answer is incorrect
45
       if question == "C" or question == "c":
           print("Holy smokes! +1 point")
46
47
           player_score = player_score + 1
48
       else:
49
           print("Good guess, but no.")
50
       print("The ** operator represents exponentiation. This means by using **
  you can raise a variable"
51
             " (x) to a power (y).")
52
       print("\n")
53
       user_choice = ready_to_move_on()
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54
        test(user_choice)
 55
 56
        # QUESTION 2
 57
        print("QUESTION 2: When performing a calculation using basic numeric
    operators, what does + do?")
        question = input("(A) Addition (B) Subtraction (C) Integrate (D) None of
 58
    the above ")
 59
        if question == "A" or question == "a":
 60
            print("Nice job!", player_name, sep=' ')
 61
            player_score = player_score + 1
 62
        else:
            print("Sorry, that is not the answer I was looking for.")
 63
        print("\n")
 64
 65
        user_choice = ready_to_move_on()
 66
        test(user_choice)
 67
        # QUESTION 3
 68
 69
        print("QUESTION 3: What does = mean in Python language?")
        question = input("(A) Calculate (B) Launch (C) Assignment (D) Configure ")
 70
 71
        if question == "C" or question == "c":
            print("Holy smokes! +1 point")
 72
 73
            player_score = player_score + 1
 74
        else:
 75
            print("Good guess, but no.")
        print("\n")
 76
 77
        user_choice = ready_to_move_on()
 78
        test(user_choice)
 79
 ลค
        # some questions include an optional example to further explain the
    concept asked about in the question
 81
        # QUESTION 4
 82
        print("QUESTION 4: What does the % operator do in python?")
        question = input("(A) Percentage (B) Modulus (C) Subtract (D) None of the
 83
    above ")
 84
        if question == "B" or question == "b":
            print("I thought this was an amateur quiz... +1 point!")
 85
 86
            player_score = player_score + 1
 87
        else:
 88
            print("Incorrect.")
 89
        print("The modulus operator (%) in python is used to give the remainder
    that is left over when dividing, x % y")
 90
        example = input("Want an example? ")
        if example == "YES" or example == "yes":
 91
 92
                number1 = int(input("Enter a number: "))
 93
                number2 = int(input("Enter another number: "))
 94
 95
                print(number1 % number2)
 96
                print("ERROR OCCURRED. QUIZ WILL CONTINUE WITHOUT EXAMPLE, SORRY
 97
    FOR INCONVENIENCE.")
 98
        print("\n")
 99
        user_choice = ready_to_move_on()
100
        test(user_choice)
101
        # if the user answers C on this question, it will take them to an
102
    explanation of the concept
103
        # QUESTION 5
104
        print("QUESTION 5: When working with strings, what does the * operator do
    ?")
        question = input("(A) Repetition (B) Concatenation (C) Not sure (D) None
105
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105 of the above ")
        if question == "A" or question == "a":
107
            print("Nice job!", player_name, sep=' ')
108
            player_score = player_score + 1
109
        elif question == "C":
110
            print("Sorry, that is not the answer I was looking for")
111
            print("Let's see an example for this one")
112
            words = input("Please enter a word: ")
113
            number_example = int(input("Please enter a number: "))
114
            print(words * number_example)
115
            print("The * when working with strings will repeat the string multiple
     times in a row.")
116
        else:
117
            print("Sorry, that is not the answer I was looking for")
118
        print("\n")
119
        user_choice = ready_to_move_on()
120
        test(user_choice)
121
122
        # QUESTION 6
123
        print("QUESTION 6: When working with numbers, what does the * operator do
    ?")
124
        question = input("(A) Adds numbers (B) Subtracts numbers (C) Changes the
    datatype (D) Multiplies numbers ")
125
        if question == "D" or question == "d":
            print("Okay who told you all the answers? +1 point")
126
127
            player_score = player_score + 1
128
129
            print("Don't fret, still more questions to come")
        print("The * multiplies numbers together: x * y")
130
        print("\n")
131
132
        user_choice = ready_to_move_on()
133
        test(user_choice)
134
135
        # QUESTION 7
136
        print("QUESTION 7: The operator for dividing numbers is which of the
    following")
137
        question = input("(A) // (B) \lambda (C) <= (D) / ")
        if question == "D" or question == "d":
138
139
            print("Okay who told you all the answers? +1 point")
140
            player_score = player_score + 1
141
        else:
142
            print("Don't fret, still more questions to come")
143
        print("The / is used for regular division when dealing with numbers: x / y
    ")
144
        print("\n")
145
        user_choice = ready_to_move_on()
146
        test(user_choice)
147
148
        # OUESTION 8
149
        print("QUESTION 8: What does the numeric operator // represent?")
150
        question = input("(A) Division (B) Multiplication (C) Floor Division (D)
    All of the above ")
        if question == "A" or question == "a":
151
            print("Nice job!", player_name, sep=' ')
152
153
            player_score = player_score + 1
154
        else:
155
            print("Sorry, that is not the answer I was looking for")
156
        print("\n")
157
        user_choice = ready_to_move_on()
158
        test(user_choice)
```

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159
160
        # OUESTION 9
        print("QUESTION 9: When dealing with strings, what does the + operator do
161
162
        question = input("(A) Adds them (B) Concatenates them (C) Multiplies them
     (D) Divides them ")
163
        if question == "B" or question == "b":
164
            print("I thought this was an amateur quiz... +1 point!")
165
            player_score = player_score + 1
166
167
            print("Incorrect.")
168
        print("Concatenation takes two or more strings and links them together")
        print("\n")
169
170
        user_choice = ready_to_move_on()
171
        test(user_choice)
172
173
        # QUESTION 10
174
        print("QUESTION 10: What is the numeric operator for subtraction in python
175
        question = input("(A) = (B) - (C) + (D) * ")
        if question == "B" or question == "b":
176
177
            print("I thought this was an amateur quiz... +1 point!")
178
            player_score = player_score + 1
179
        else:
            print("Incorrect.")
180
181
        print("\n")
182
        user_choice = ready_to_move_on()
183
        test(user_choice)
184
185
        # QUESTION 11
        print("QUESTION 11: The > means that the left side is greater than the
186
    right side, x > y.")
187
        print("(A) True (B) False")
        question = input("A FOR TRUE B FOR FALSE. ")
188
189
        if question != "B" or question == "b":
            print("Nice job! + 1 point to", player_name)
190
191
            player_score = player_score + 1
192
        else:
193
            print("Sorry, incorrect.")
194
        print("Just like in math, the > means that the left side is greater than
    the right side")
195
        print("An example would be 10 > 3")
196
        print("The same goes for other comparison operators: < > == != >= <=")</pre>
197
        print("\n")
198
        user_choice = ready_to_move_on()
199
        test(user_choice)
200
201
        # OUESTION 12
        print("QUESTION 12: The boolean operator 'AND' requires only one of the
202
    arguments to be correct to be True?")
203
        print("(A) True (B) False")
204
        question = input("A FOR TRUE B FOR FALSE. ")
        if question != "B" or question != "b":
205
206
            print("Nice job! + 1 point to", player_name)
207
            player_score = player_score + 1
208
        else:
209
            print("Sorry, incorrect.")
210
        print("The 'AND' operator requires both arguments to be correct in order
    for the statement to be True.")
        print("\n")
211
```

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212
        user_choice = ready_to_move_on()
213
        test(user_choice)
214
215
        # QUESTION 13
216
        print("QUESTION 13: The boolean operator 'OR' requires only one of the
    arguments to be correct to be True?")
217
        print("(A) True (B) False")
        question = input("A FOR TRUE B FOR FALSE. ")
218
219
        if question != "B" or question != "b":
            print("Nice job! + 1 point to", player_name)
220
221
            player_score = player_score + 1
222
        else:
223
            print("Sorry, incorrect.")
224
        print("The 'OR' operator requires only one of the arguments to be correct
    in order for the statement to be True.")
225
        print("\n")
226
        user_choice = ready_to_move_on()
227
        test(user_choice)
228
229
        # QUESTION 14
        print("QUESTION 14: The boolean operator 'NOT' requires neither of the
230
    arguments to be correct to be True?")
231
        print("(A) True (B) False")
        question = input("A FOR TRUE B FOR FALSE. ")
232
        if question != "B" or question != "b":
233
234
            print("Nice job! + 1 point to", player_name)
235
            player_score = player_score + 1
236
        else:
237
            print("Sorry, incorrect.")
238
        print("The 'NOT' operator requires neither of the arguments to be correct
    in order for the statement to be True.")
239
        print("\n")
240
        user_choice = ready_to_move_on()
241
        test(user_choice)
242
        # OUESTION 15
243
244
        print("QUESTION 15: Can you use a loop to make an inverted triangle?")
245
        print("(A) Yes (B) No")
246
        question = input("A for Yes B for No. ")
247
        if question != "B" or question != "b":
248
            print("Yes +1 point")
249
            player_score = player_score + 1
250
        else:
251
            print("Wrong, you can!")
252
        print("using a nested loop, it is possible to create an inverted triangle"
253
        print("\n")
254
        question = input("Want to see an inverted triangle? ")
        if question == "yes" or question == "YES":
255
256
            rows = int(input("Enter a number in between 3 and 15: "))
            print("\n")
257
258
            for height in range(1, rows + 1):
259
                accumulator = 0
                rows = rows - 1
260
                for length in range(rows + 1):
261
                    print(accumulator + 1, end=" ")
262
263
                    accumulator = accumulator + 1
264
                print()
265
        else:
266
            print("Ha, your loss.")
```

```
267
        print("\n")
268
        user_choice = ready_to_move_on()
269
        test(user_choice)
270
271
        # QUESTION 16
272
        print("QUESTION 16: What do the three numbers in a range function do?")
273
        question = input("(A) Start (B) Stop (C) Step (D) All of the above ")
274
        if question == "D" or question == "d":
275
            print("Okay who told you all the answers? +1 point")
276
            player_score = player_score + 1
277
        else:
278
            print("Don't fret, still more questions to come")
279
        print(
280
            "The range() function returns a sequence of numbers, starting at 0 and
     going to the specified number by 1 step")
281
        print("For example, if you were to say 'for x in range(1,9,3)' it would
    count from 1 to 9 in intervals of 3")
282
        print("\n")
283
        user_choice = ready_to_move_on()
284
        test(user_choice)
285
286
        # QUESTION 17
287
        print("QUESTION 17: Can you write a program to calculate area and
    circumference of a circle?")
288
        question = input("(A) Yes (B) No (C) Only on the third Monday of the month
289
        if question == "A" or question == "a":
290
            print("You're really good at this game, +1 point")
291
            player_score = player_score + 1
292
        else:
293
            print("sorry, incorrect.")
294
        print("It is possible to write a program to find the circumference and
    area of a circle using parameter passing")
295
        print("\n")
296
        user_choice = ready_to_move_on()
297
        test(user_choice)
298
299
        # WRAP UP THE GAME
300
        print("Well, we would like to thank you for playing today", player_name)
301
        print("The final score of the game is", player_name + ":", player_score, "
    Point(s)!")
302
        print("I hope you enjoyed your time here and maybe learned a thing or two"
    )
303
        print("Until next time, have a good night.")
304
305
306 main()
```