# TIP\_GIN\_IA, TIP Generic Inventory Management Interface Information Agreement

TIP\_GIN\_IA
Version 1.2

**tmfgrum** 

October 2012

# **Notice**

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# 1. Introduction

The TM Forum has given much attention to the evolution of next generation networks and the business and operational support systems needed to manage them. As a result, the Frameworx was developed to provide a toolkit of industry-agreed specifications and guidelines that cover key business and technical areas. This is reinforced by a set of unified open interfaces used between Operations Systems (OSs) for the purpose of network and service management. Many of these interfaces have been developed by individual groups such as OSS/J, mTOP and SLA management teams and may not be in alignment.

Considering the richness and complexity of the TM Forum Process Framework (eTOM), we may infer that Interfaces can only be complex and very specific to every problem space. While this is certainly true to some point, a deeper analysis reveals commonalities between problem areas that at first sight may look very different.

The Inventory team has deliberately taken the approach to identify capabilities that are frequently needed in management interfaces in various domains and to elaborate corresponding interface specifications supporting these capabilities using a domain neutral specification style. This approach leads to the availability of generic interfaces which set of capabilities are relevant in different context. It is especially true for task centric interfaces. These generic interfaces bring solutions beyond the Telecommunication business and can also be applicable to other domains, in line with the objectives of the Strategic Imperatives as outlined in the TM Forum Strategic plan.

Looking at the problem statement in the context of Telecommunication business only, the need for a flexible approach was expressed in a draft version of the "NGCOR Consolidated Requirements" elaborated by the NGMN Alliance (dated 18-July-2011) and submitted to the TM Forum as part the a liaison agreement. Section 6 of the "NGCOR Consolidated Requirements" is entirely devoted to "High Level OSS Requirements for Inventory Management". R1 and R5 explicitly ask for the capability for the same Inventory Interface to manage different domains and areas for converged fixed-mobile environment: "R1: Capability to manage resource models of variety of technology infrastructure domains and areas of converged fixed-mobile environment." "R5: Capability to manage service models of different domains and areas for converged fixed-mobile services."

Four generic task centric service interfaces have been identified in a first round: Generic Query Interface, Generic Update Interface, Generic Notify Interface and Import-Export Interface. At the time of writing, only the Generic Query Interface has been specified in details; the other ones are under study.

This document presents the Generic Query Service Interface and the Generic Update Service Interface.

# 1.1. Document Structure

The following sections are contained in this document:

- Section 1 is the document introduction
- Section 2 provides a summary description of the interface
- Section 3 describes the Information Model used by this interface
- Section 4 describes all the Service Interfaces contained in this interface (Generic Query and Generic Update for the time being)

# 1.2. Conventions Used In This Document

In this document, we use the following color conventions.

In the attribute tables:

- An attribute shown on white background is local.
- An attribute shown on lavender background is inherited.



• An attribute shown on green background is implicit.

Similarly, text in green color indicates implicit data.

Implicit information does not appear in the model, but will be added by the generators in the final interface specification. Implicit data is defined in the Internal Framework Model. Please refer to the Framework Guidebook for details.

All links are with blue color.

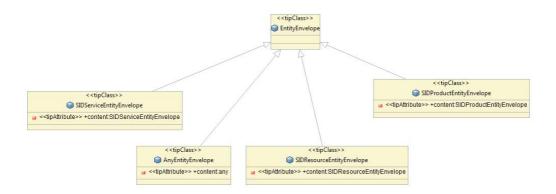


# 2. Interface Summary

# 2.1. Information Model

This section presents the new artifacts that will used as input or output parameters of the various operations of the Inventory Interface, in addition to artifacts already available in the JOSIF framework.

The Inventory Interface is information model neutral. The adaptation of a generic interface to a given domain requests that these artifacts are "specialized" to support the corresponding information specific aspects. The number of Meta Classes artifacts introduced is very limited; the most important one is the concept of Entity Envelope. An Envelope is made of four elements, one of them, the "Content", being used to encapsulate domain specific information of any nature, specified in another standard or as proprietary information. The encapsulated "Content" can be interpreted given the "Context" element available in the Envelope. In addition, the Object Class ("Type") and the "Identifier" of the encapsulated Managed Object are available in the Envelope without requesting the interpretation of the "Content" element. The following figure illustrate example of such Entity Envelopes where the "Content" may represent an artifact from any Information Models (e.g. SID, DMTF, Proprietary).



# 2.1.1. Entity Envelope

An Entity Envelope is an abstract model independent artifact used to encapsulate a model specific artifact. More precisely it is constituted of:

- An Entity Identifier element, taken from JOSIF
- A model specific artifact that represents any kind of managed entity. For example in the case the context is the TMF Information Model (a.k.a. SID) it may represent a SID Entity, a SID Entity Specification.

The Entity Identifier element contains three components:

- The context to interpret the model specific artifact encapsulated in the content component
- the unique identifier of the specific artifact
- the type of the specific artifact

The EntityEnvelope is a transient object used to encapsulate the content. The EntityEnvelope ID is the same as the encapsulated Managed Object ID.



## 2.1.2. Entity Envelopes Collection

An Entity Envelopes Collection is an unordered container of Entity Envelope items. Note 1: It may happen that the model specific artifacts contained in the Entity Envelopes elements are interrelated (with associations). It is only by looking at the details of the two model specific entities, that one can find this relation, since such association information is not explicitly conveyed by the Collection, as opposed to the Entity Envelopes Graph.

#### 2.1.3. Association

An Association is an artifact used to represent a relationship between two Entity Envelope items. It is constituted of three components:

- The name of the association
- aEnd and zEnd, each representing the Entity Identifiers of the two unordered collection of Entity Envelopes related through the association.

Exemple: a given EQ (Equipment) relates to multiple PTPs (Physical Termination Point) through the "support" association. A single Association will be used, with the aEnd representing the Identifier of the EQ and the zEnd representing a collection of Identifiers for the supported PTPs.

# 2.1.4. Entity Envelopes Graph

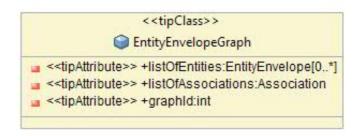
An Entity Envelope Graph is used to represent a set of Entity Envelopes and a set of Associations between them. More precisely it is constituted of two components:

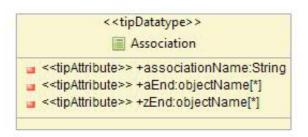
- An Entity Envelopes Collection
- An Association Collection

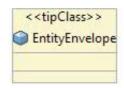
For every aEnd or zEnd Entity Identifier in the Association Collection, the corresponding Entity Envelope must be present in the Entity Envelopes Collection. A Entity Envelopes Graph may represent a connected or a disconnected graph.

The graph object is shown in the figure below:







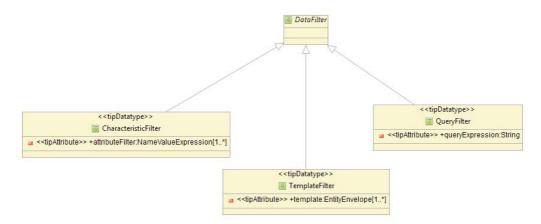


# 2.1.5. Filter

Three types of filters are used:

- Template Filter: for associative lookup
- Characteristic Filter: a logical expression where atomic terms represent valued attributes;
- Query Filter: for XPATH based filtering

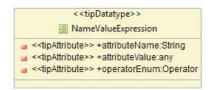
The filters are shown in the figure below:

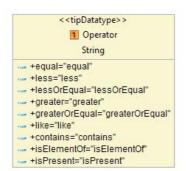


The characteristic filter is shown in the figure below:









# **2.1.6. Scope**

Scoping is used to target objects in containment trees.

The scope objects are shown in the figure below:



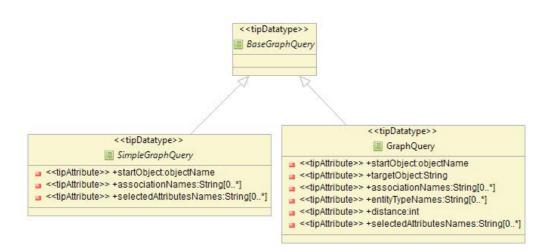


# 2.1.7. Graph Query

Graph Query objects are used for extracting a set of entities and associations given a combination of a starting entity, association names and target entity.

The Graph Query objects are shown in the figure below:





#### **2.1.8. Policies**

Sometimes the behavior of some dynamic operations depends on Policies (or Capabilities) supported by the Target System. A Policy has a name and a list of possible valid values. Generally a Policy is configured with a unique value, but it may happen that Policies are configured to support multiple values. The following Policies have been defined (more policies may be defined in the future):

- ModelConformanceValidationPolicy. This Policy indicates how the Target System validates conformance of information changes requested by any Requesting System against the Information Model it supports. Note that this standard is not prescriptive on the exact meaning of conformance; it is considered as an implementation matter. However, for any request, attribute values must always fit the constraints of the corresponding attribute type otherwise the request will raise an exception.
- MandatoryAssociationPolicy
- AttributeValuePolicy
- NamingPolicy. This policy applies to operations related to the creation of a new Object.

# 2.2. Query Session

The Query Session interface support the query of Entities based on a number of criteria

The Query Session Interface is shown in the figure below:

This section presents the different capabilities of the Query Interface giving the details of their semantics.



# 2.2.1Query a single Managed Object knowing its identifier

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to query the Target System in order to return valued attributes associated to a Managed Object of interest as follows: The Requesting System specifies:

- an "Identifer" (mandatory): the identifier of the Managed Object of interest
- "Attribute Names" (mandatory): a list of Attribute Names that it owns; (an empty list means that all attributes are of interest; a list with the reserved name "EID" means that no attribute must be selected; to the exception of the Identifier of the corresponding Managed Object)

The Target System returns an Entity Envelope containing the identified Managed Object with only the valued attributes corresponding to the list of Attribute Names.

# 2.2.2 Query several Managed Objects knowing their Identifiers

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to query the Target System in order to return valued attributes associated to multiple Managed Object of interest as follows. The Requesting System specifies:

- a list of "Identifiers" (mandatory): the identifiers of the Managed Objects of interest
- "Attribute Names" (mandatory): a list of Attribute Names that it owns; (an empty list means that all attributes are of interest; a list with the reserved name "EID" means that no attribute must be selected; to the exception of the Identifier of the corresponding Managed Object)

The Target System return an Entity Envelopes Collection containing the identified Managed Objects with only the valued attributes corresponding to the list of Attribute Names.

Note 1: not all the Attribute Names may be present is every Object Class of the different Managed Objects identified.

Note 2: in case an identified Managed Objet does not contain any attribute from the Attribute Names list, then the corresponding returned Entity Envelope will contain an empty Managed Object from the associated Object Class.

# 2.2.3 Query several Managed Objects in the same containment tree

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to query the Target System in order to return valued attributes associated to multiple Managed Objects of interest as follows. The Requesting System specifies:

- "Root Subtree" (mandatory): the identifier of a single Managed Object (the root of the subtree)
- "Level" (mandatory): a parameter indicating how many levels, in the containment tree, to select from the root Managed Object;
- A filter (optional): this filter may be a Query Filter or a Characteristics Filter; the Target System uses it to select from the Managed Objects already scoped in the containment tree only the ones matching the filter (called the Managed Objects of interest).
- "Attribute Names" (mandatory): a list of Attribute Names that it owns; (an empty list means that all attributes are of interest; a list with the reserved name "EID" means that no attribute must be selected; to the exception of the Identifier of the corresponding Managed Object)

The Target System returns an Entity Envelopes Collection containing the Managed Objects of interest with only the valued attributes corresponding to the list of Attribute Names.



Note 1: querying several Managed Objects in the same containment tree is useful in the case where Managed Objects are organized in a containment tree structure and scoping in this containment tree is desired.

Note 2: not all the Attribute Names may be present in every Object Class of the different Managed Objects of interest.

Note 3: in case a Managed Objet in the scope does not contain any attribute from the Attribute Names list, then the corresponding returned Entity Envelope will contain an empty Managed Object from the associated Object Class.

# 2.2.4 Query several Managed Objects matching the same Template

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to query the Target System in order to return valued attributes associated to multiple Managed Objects of interest as follows: The Requesting System specifies:

- A "Template" (mandatory): a list of valued attributes all belonging to a valid Object Class of the Information Model supported by the Target System; the Target System uses this list to identify all the Managed Objects which valued attributes match the supplied list (called the Managed Objects of interest).
- "Attribute Names" (mandatory): a list of Attribute Names that it owns; (an empty list means that all attributes are of interest; a list with the reserved name "EID" means that no attribute must be selected; to the exception of the Identifier of the corresponding Managed Object)

For every Managed Object matching the Template, the Target System collects:

- the valued attributes corresponding to the list of Attribute Names
- and optionally the valued attribute already present in the Template

and encapsulates them as Managed Objects of the same Object Class as the Template; in turn the corresponding Managed Objects are encapsulated in Entity Envelopes inside an Entity Envelopes Collection which is returned.

Note 1: while a Template is built from a specific Object Class, it does not necessarily correspond to a valid Managed Object of this class; for example mandatory attributes of the Object Class may be omitted in the Template.

Note 2: the name of the Object Class from which the Template is built is an inherent part of the Template; for instance if class C1 and class C2 both contain the attribute "OperationalState" and other distinct attributes, a Template built from class C1 and containing "OperationalState" as a unique Attribute Name will differ from a Template built from class C2 also containing "OperationalState" as a unique Attribute Name.

Note 3: a degenerate form of this requirement is when the Template does not contain any valued attribute at all; in which case the only relevant information conveyed by the Template is the name of the Object Class of the Managed Objects of interest (see R\_TMF\_GQ\_II\_0012)

# 2.2.5 Query several Managed Objects matching the same Template

Query several Managed Objects matching any Template from a list The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to query the Target System in order to return valued attributes associated to multiple Managed Objects of interest as follows: The Requesting System specifies:

• "Templates" (mandatory): One or several independent lists of valued attributes, each list belonging to a valid Object Class of the Information Model supported by the Target System (called the templates); the Target System uses these lists to identify all the Managed Objects which valued attributes match at least one template (called the Managed Objects of interest).



• "Attribute Names" (mandatory): a list of Attribute Names from the Managed Object class of the different templates; (an empty list means that all attributes are of interest; a list with the reserved name "EID" means that no attribute must be selected; to the exception of the Identifier of the corresponding Managed Object)

For every Managed Object matching at least one template, the Target System collects:

- the valued attributes corresponding to the list of Attribute Names
- and the valued attributes of the matched template (mandatory)

and encapsulates them as Managed Objects of the same Object Class as the matched template; in turn the corresponding Managed Objects are encapsulated in Entity Envelopes inside an Entity Envelopes Collection which is returned.

Note 1: while a Template is built from a specific Object Class, it does not necessarily correspond to a valid Managed Object of this class; for example mandatory attributes of the Object Class may be omitted in the Template.

Note 2: the name of the Object Class from which the Template is built is an inherent part of the Template; for instance if class C1 and class C2 both contain the attribute "OperationalState" and other distinct attributes, a Template built from class C1 and containing "OperationalState" as a unique attribute name will differ from a Template built from class C2 also containing "OperationalState" as a unique attribute name.

Note 3: a degenerate form of this requirement is when a Template in the list does not contain any valued attribute at all; in which case the only relevant information conveyed by such a Template is the name of the Object Class of the Managed Objects of interest (see R\_TMF\_GQ\_II\_0012).

Note 4: not all the Attribute Names may be present in every Object Class of the different Templates.

As example, if class C1 contains attributes AName1 and AName2 and if class C2 contains attributes AName1 and AName3 it is a valid request to send two Templates: one built from class C1 with valued attribute AName1 and one built from class C2 with valued attribute AName1 also (possibly with a different value) and a list of attribute names containing AName2 and AName3.

Note 5: in case a Managed Object of interest does not contain any attribute from the Attribute Name list, then the corresponding returned Entity Envelope will contain an empty Managed Object from the associated Object Class.

# 2.2.6 Query several Managed Objects matching a Characteristics Filter

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to query the Target System in order to return valued attributes associated to multiple Managed Objects of interest as follows: The Requesting System specifies"

- a "Characteristics Filter" (mandatory): a logical expression where atomic terms represent valued attributes; this logical expression is called a characteristic filter
- "Attribute Names" (mandatory): a list of Attribute Names that the Managed Objects of interest may own (mandatory); (an empty list means that all attributes are of interest; a list with the reserved name "EID" means that no attribute must be selected; to the exception of the Identifier of the corresponding Managed Object)

The Target System collects the Managed Objects filtered in by the Characteristics Filter with only the valued attributes corresponding to the list of Attribute Names; in turn the corresponding Managed Objects are encapsulated in Entity Envelopes inside an Entity Envelopes Collection which is returned.



Note 1: not all the attribute names may be present is every Object Class of the different Managed Objects filtered in.

Note 2: in case a filtered in Managed Objet does not contain any attribute from the attribute names list, then the corresponding returned Entity Envelope will contain an empty Managed Object from the associated Object Class.

# 2.2.7Query several Managed Objects matching a Query Filter

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to query the Target System in order to return valued attributes associated to multiple Managed Objects of interest as follows: The Requesting System specifies"

- a "Query Filter" (mandatory)" an XPATH expression where the atomic terms represent either an attribute name or an attribute value
- "Attribute Names" (mandatory): a list of Attribute Names that the Managed Objects of interest may own (mandatory); (an empty list means that all attributes are of interest; a list with the reserved name "EID" means that no attribute must be selected; to the exception of the Identifier of the corresponding Managed Object)

The Target System collects the Managed Objects filtered in by the Query Filter with only the valued attributes corresponding to the list of Attribute Names; in turn the corresponding Managed Objects are encapsulated in Entity Envelopes inside an Entity Envelopes Collection which is returned.

Note 1: not all the Attribute Names may be present is every Object Class of the different Managed Objects filtered in.

Note 2: in case a filtered in Managed Objet does not contain any attribute from the Attribute Names list, then the corresponding returned Entity Envelope will contain an empty Managed Object from the associated Object Class.

# 2.2.8Query by Entity Type Names

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to query the Target System in order to return valued attributes associated to multiple Managed Objects of interest as follows: The Requesting System specifies:

- a list of "Entity Type Names" (mandatory): they represent names of Object Classes of the Information Model supported by the Target System; the Target System uses this list to identify all the Managed Objects from these Object Classes (called the Managed Objects of interest).
- "Attribute Names" (mandatory): a list of Attribute Names that the Managed Objects of interest may own (mandatory); (an empty list means that all attributes are of interest; a list with the reserved name "EID" means that no attribute must be selected; to the exception of the Identifier of the corresponding Managed Object)

For every Managed Object for which the corresponding Object Class name is in the supplied list, the Target System collects the valued attributes corresponding to the list of Attribute Names and encapsulates them as Managed Objects of the corresponding Object Classes; in turn the corresponding Managed Objects are encapsulated in Entity Envelopes inside an Entity Envelopes Collection which is returned.

Note 1: not all the Attribute Names may be present is every named Object Class.

Note 2: in case a Managed Object of interest does not contain any attribute from the Attribute Names list, then the corresponding returned Entity Envelope will contain an empty Managed Object from the associated Object Class.



# 2.2.9Query a Graph of Managed Objects

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to query the Target System in order to return valued attributes associated to multiple Managed Objects of interest as follows: The Requesting System specifies:

- "Origin Object" (mandatory): the identifier of a Managed Object
- (exactly one of the three parameters below must be supplied) "Target Object": a Managed Object different from the "Origin Object" or "Target Type": an Object Class Name or "Distance": an Integer value
- "Association Names" (optional) a list of Association Names
- "Entity Type Names" (optional) a list of Object Class Names of the Information Model supported by the Target System
- "Attribute Names" (mandatory) a list of attribute names that the Managed Objects of interest may own; (an empty list means that all attributes are of interest; a list with the reserved name "EID" means that no attribute must be selected; to the exception of the Identifier of the corresponding Managed Object)

The Target System selects the Managed Objects as follows:

- In a first step, the Target System selects all the Managed Objects that are navigable along any path from the Origin Object: to the Target Object or to any Managed Objects which Object Class Name corresponds to the Target Type or that can be reached by a maximum of Distance vertices
- In a second step, the Target System may discard some elements from this ensemble of Managed Objects: If Association Names is supplied, only the Managed Objects that can be navigated using one or several such
  associations are retained If Entity Type Names is supplied, only the Managed Objects which Object Class
  Name is present in Entity Type Names are retained;

For every Managed Object in this final ensemble, the Target System retains only the valued attributes corresponding to the list of supplied Attribute Names, and encapsulates the corresponding Managed Objects in Entity Envelopes; complementary it creates a list of Associations possibly existing between the selected Managed Objects; all Associations between the selected Managed Objects must be collected (refer to R\_TMF\_GQ\_I\_0003). The two collections are returned together as separate items of an Entity Envelopes Graph (refer to R\_TMF\_GQ\_I\_0004).

# 2.2.10Query by Associations

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to query the Target System in order to return valued attributes associated to multiple Managed Objects of interest as follows:

The Requesting System specifies:

- Origin Object (mandatory): the identifier of a Managed Object
- Association Names (mandatory) a list of Association Names
- Attribute Names(mandatory) a list of attribute names that the Managed Objects of interest may own; (an empty list means that all attributes are of interest; a list with the reserved name EID means that no attribute must be selected; to the exception of the Identifier of the corresponding Managed Object)

The Target System selects the Managed Objects which can be navigated from the Origin Object using one or several associations which names are present in the Association Names.

For every Managed Object in this final ensemble, the Target System:

• retains only the valued attributes corresponding to the list of supplied Attribute Names, and encapsulates the corresponding Managed Objects in Entity Envelopes;



• it creates a list of Associations possibly existing between the selected Managed Objects; all direct Associations between the selected Managed Objects must be collected.

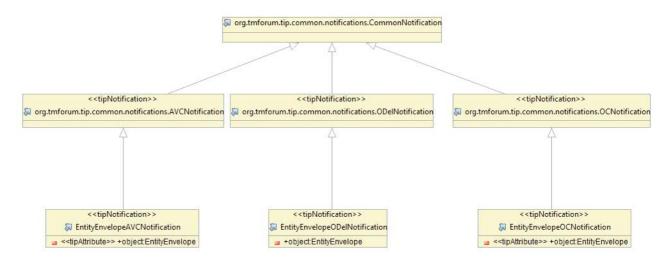
The two collections are returned together as separate items of an Entity Envelopes Graph.

## 2.2.11Notifications

This interface supports the generation of the following notifications:

- Entity Envelope Object Create, Delete and Attribute Value Changes indicating Creation, Modification and Deletion of Entities
- HeartbeatNotification, used for detecting loss of communication between client and server

The notifications associated with the Inventory Management interface are shown in the figure below:



# 2.3. Update Session

The Update Session Interface is shown in the figure below:

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< <a href="https://www.edu.org/locations-reperblores/coll-reported-r
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This section presents the different capabilities of the Update Interface giving the details of their semantics.

#### 2.3.1Get Policies

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to query the Target System about which all policies related to the Update features



- There is no input parameter to be sent by the Target system.
- The Target System returns a list of all Policy Data. A Policy Data is a data structure made of the name of the Policy and the corresponding value(s) supported.

Note 1: this Interface does not expose any operation to set or modify the values of the policies supported by the Target system. It is assumed that these policies values are set at configuration time or at run time through another Interface or another mechanism.

# 2.3.2 Validate Multiple Objects knowing their Identifiers

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to request that the Target System check whether a set of Objects owned by the Target System and within the Scope of a one or more Base Objects known by their Identifiers conform or not to the constraints of the Information Model.

The Requesting System specifies:

- BaseObjectsToValidate (mandatory). A list of Entity Identifiers; this parameter represents the Identifiers of the Objects (Base Objects) to check for validation
- Scope (optional; default = BASEOBJECTSONLY): this parameter indicates whether dependent Objects must be implicitly validated or not.

The execution is considered successful if at least one Object could be checked for validation (this Object may be conformant or not).

The Target System returns:

• If no single Object from the BaseObjectsToValidate list could be checked for validation, then the execution has failed and an exception is returned

In any other case, the Target System returns:

- A list of all the Objects Identifiers which were checked for validation with, for each of them, an indication if the Object conformed or not, and if not an associated reason.
- A list (possibly empty) of Objects Identifiers which were NOT checked for validation and for each of them an associated reason (e.g. Object Not Found).

# 2.3.3 Validate Multiple Objects exactly matching any TemplateFilter from a List

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to request that the Target System check whether a set of Objects owned by the Target System and matching any given TemplateFilter from a list.

The Requesting System specifies:

- A list of TemplateFilter (mandatory): a Template is a set of attribute values all belonging to a single valid Object Class of the Information Model supported by the Target System; for every TemplateFilter, the Target System uses this set to identify all the Managed Objects which attribute values match all the ones supplied in the set (called the Managed Objects of interest). These Managed Objects will represent the Objects (Base Objects) to check for validation.
- Scope (optional; default = BASEOBJECTSONLY): this parameter indicates whether dependent Objects must be implicitly deleted or not.



The Target System returns: The execution is considered successful if at least one Object could be checked for validation (this Object may be conformant or not).

- If no Objects at all matches any of the supplied TemplateFilters, then the execution has failed and an exception is returned.
- Otherwise the Target System returns a list of all the Objects Identifiers which were checked for validation with, for each of them, an indication if the Object conformed or not, and if not an associated reason.

# 2.3.4Create a Single Object

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to request that the Target System creates a new Managed Object as follows

The Requesting System specifies:

- The ObjectToCreate Entity Envelope (mandatory).
- A TemplateObjectReference (optional): it is an Entity Identifier referring to an Object that must exist in the Target System; the corresponding Object must be of the same Object Class or super Class as the Class of the Objects to create; if the two above conditions are not respected an exception is returned.
- IsAutoNamingRequested (optional; default = FALSE): a Boolean parameter driving the generation of the name.

The Target System creates an Object as follows:

- For every attribute in the Object Class, it uses the values supplied in the ObjectToCreate parameter in priority; then, if there are other attributes in the corresponding Class for which no value is available, it looks if a value is supplied for this attribute in the Object identified by the TemplateObjectReference parameter when it exists; at last, if there are still other attributes in the corresponding Class for which no value is available (in the ObjectToCreate or in the Object identified by the TemplateObjectReference), it looks in the Information Model to see if a default value exists.
- The name/identifier of the Object to create depends on the Naming Policy(ies) supported by the Target System and on the value of the IsAutoNamingRequested parameter.

The Target System returns:

- If the execution is successful: a copy of the created Object encapsulated in an Entity Envelope.
- If the execution has failed: an exception.

Note 1: The Class definition (with its attributes) will be used as reference for ALL other attributes found neither in ObjectToCreate nor TemplateObjectReference.

Note 2: The active policies (e.g. MandatoryAssociationPolicy) will apply at the end of this creation process: e.g. if the information model indicates that a given attribute is mandatory and no value can be found and the MandatoryAssociationPolicy is True, then the creation fails.

# 2.3.5Create Multiple Objects of the Same Class by Value

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to request that the Target System creates multiple new Objects as follows:

The Requesting System specifies:



- ObjectsToCreate (mandatory): a list of Entity Envelopes.
- A TemplateObjectValue (optional): it is an Entity Envelope .
- IsAutoNamingRequested (optional; default = FALSE): a Boolean parameter driving the generation of the name.
- Execution Mode (optional; default = BestEffort): this parameter indicates whether the execution should be BestEffort or Atomic.

The Target System creates as many Objects as elements in the ObjectsToCreate list parameter as follows:

- It takes the elements in the ObjectsToCreate list parameter one by one; for every attribute (as per the Class definition) of each Object to create: it looks if a value is supplied for this attribute in the element of the list; then, if after the step above, there are other attributes in the corresponding Class for which no value is supplied in the element, it looks if a value is supplied for this attribute in the TemplateObjectValue parameter when it exists; at last, if there are still other attributes in the corresponding Class for which no value is available (in the element or in the ValueObject), it looks in the Information Model to see if a default value exists.
- The names/identifiers of the Objects to create depends on the Naming Policy(ies) supported by the Target System and on the value of the IsAutoNamingRequested parameter.

#### The Target System returns:

- If the execution is successful: a list of Entity Envelopes, where each item contains a copy of a created Object encapsulated in an Entity Envelope. In the case of partial success, a warning indication may also be returned.
- If the execution has failed: an exception.

Note 1: If the execution mode is Best Effort, and if one of the Objects could not be created, it is expected that of the Target System will continue trying to create the remaining Instances.

Note 2: There is one specific Content for each Object to create and repeated Content is put in the TemplateObjectValue; in other words, the attribute values of the TemplateObjectValue apply to every created Object, if they are not already present in the specific Content of corresponding Object.

# 2.3.6Create Multiple Objects of the Same Class by Reference

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to request that the Target System creates multiple new Objects as follows:

The Requesting System specifies:

- ObjectsToCreate (mandatory): a list of Entity Envelopes.
- A TemplateObjectReference (optional): it is an Entity Identifier referring to an Object that must exist in the Target System; the corresponding Object must be of the same Object Class or super Class as the Class of the Objects to create; if the two above conditions are not respected an exception is returned.
- IsAutoNamingRequested (optional; default = FALSE): a Boolean parameter driving the generation of the name.
- Execution Mode (optional; default = BestEffort): this parameter indicates whether the execution should be BestEffort or Atomic.

The Target System creates as many Objects as elements in the ObjectsToCreate list parameter as follows:

• It takes the elements in the ObjectsToCreate list parameter one by one; for every attribute (as per the Class definition) of each Object to create: it looks if a value is supplied for this attribute in the element



of the list; then, if after the step above, there are other attributes in the corresponding Class for which no value is supplied in the element, it looks if a value is supplied for this attribute in the Object identified by the TemplateObjectReference parameter when it exists; at last, if there are still other attributes in the corresponding Class for which no value is available (in the element or in the Object identified by the TemplateObjectReference), it looks in the Information Model to see if a default value exists.

• The names/identifiers of the Objects to create depend on the Naming Policy(ies) supported by the Target System and on the value of the IsAutoNamingRequested parameter.

#### The Target System returns:

- If the execution is successful: a list of Entity Envelopes, where each item contains a copy of a created Object encapsulated in an Entity Envelope. In the case of partial success, a warning indication may also be returned.
- If the execution has failed: an exception.

Note 1: If the execution mode is Best Effort, and if one of the Object could not be created, it is expected that the Target System will continue trying to create the remaining Instances.

Note 2: There is one specific Content for each Object to create and repeated Content is put in the TemplateObjectReference; in other words, the attribute values of the TemplateObjectReference apply to every created Object, if they are not already present in the specific Content of corresponding Object.

# 2.3.7Create n Objects of the Same Class by Value

In the case when the Requesting System delegates to the Target System the responsibility to construct the names of the Objects to create, this operation may be used; Applicable only if: NamingPolicy == ServerControl NamingPolicy == Both The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to request that the Target System create multiple new Objects as follows:

#### The Requesting System specifies:

- NumberOfObjectsToCreate (mandatory): an integer value indicating how many Objects must be created.
- ObjectClassName (mandatory) The name of the Object Class of the Objects to create.
- A TemplateObjectValue (optional): it is an Entity Envelope.
- An Object Identifier (mandatory): it is an Entity Identifier referring, when not empty, to an Object that must exist in the Target System; the corresponding Object will be the superior of all the Objects to create (empty in the case the Objects to create are at the root level).
- Execution Mode (optional; default = BestEffort): this parameter indicates whether the execution should be BestEffort or Atomic.

The Target System creates NumberOfObjectsToCreate Objects as follows:

- For each attribute (as per the Class definition) of each Object to create: it looks if a value is supplied for this attribute in the TemplateObjectValue parameter when it exists; then if there are still other attributes in the corresponding Class for which no value is supplied in the TemplateObjectValue, it looks in the Information Model to see if a default value exists.
- The names/identifiers of the Objects to create must be constructed by the Target System; if there is a Naming Scheme and the Class of the Objects to create indicates that the Objects to create are not top level Objects, then the Target System will use the Object Identifier parameter to create each Object as a subordinate (the value of the RDN is the responsibility of the Target System).

The Target System returns:



- If the execution is successful: a list of Entity Envelopes, where each item contains a copy of a created Object encapsulated in an Entity Envelope. In the case of partial success, a warning indication may also be returned.
- If the execution has failed: an exception.

Note 1: If the execution mode is Best Effort, and if one of the Objects could not be created, it is expected that of the Target System will continue trying to create the remaining Instances.

Note 2: There is no specific Content for each Object to create; repeated Content is put in the TemplateObjectValue and apply to every created Object.

## 2.3.8Create n Objects of the Same Class By Reference

In the case when the Requesting System delegates to the Target System the responsibility to construct the names of the Objects to create, this operation may be used; Applicable only if: NamingPolicy == ServerControl NamingPolicy == Both The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to request that the Target System create multiple new Objects as follows:

The Requesting System specifies:

- NumberOfObjectsToCreate (mandatory): an integer value indicating how many Objects must be created.
- ObjectClassName (mandatory): the name of the Object Class of the Objects to create.
- A TemplateObjectReference (optional): it is an Entity Identifier referring to an Object that must exist in the Target System; the corresponding Object must be of the same Object Class or super Class as the Class of the Objects to create; if the two above conditions are not respected an exception is returned.
- An Object Identifier (mandatory): it is an Entity Identifier referring, when not empty, to an Object that must exist in the Target System; the corresponding Object will be the superior of all the Objects to create (empty in the case the Objects to create are at the root level).
- Execution Mode (optional; default = BestEffort): this parameter indicates whether the execution should be BestEffort or Atomic.

The Target System creates NumberOfObjectsToCreate Objects as follows:

- For each attribute (as per the Class definition) of each Object to create: it looks if a value is supplied for this attribute in the Object identified by the TemplateObjectReference parameter when it exists; then if there are still other attributes in the corresponding Class for which no value is supplied in the ReferenceObject, it looks in the Information Model to see if a default value exists.
- The names/identifiers of the Objects to create must be constructed by the Target System; if there is a Naming Scheme and the Class of the Objects to create indicates that the Objects to create are not top level Objects, then the Target System will use the Object Identifier parameter to create each Object as a subordinate (the value of the RDN is the responsibility of the Target System).

#### The Target System returns:

- If the execution is successful: a list of Entity Envelopes, where each item contains a copy of a created Object encapsulated in an Entity Envelope. In the case of partial success, a warning indication may also be returned.
- If the execution has failed: an exception.

Note 1: If the execution mode is Best Effort, and if one of the Objects could not be created, it is expected that of the Target System will continue trying to create the remaining Instances.

Note 2: There is no specific Content for each Object to create; repeated Content is put in the TemplateObjectReference and apply to every created Object.



# 2.3.9Create Multiple Objects of Multiple Classes

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to request that the Target System creates multiple new Objects as follows:

The Requesting System specifies:

- ObjectsToCreate (mandatory): a list of Entity Envelopes.
- IsAutoNamingRequested (optional; default = FALSE): a Boolean parameter driving the generation of the name.
- Execution Mode (optional; default = BestEffort): this parameter indicates whether the execution should be BestEffort or Atomic.

The Target System creates as many Objects as elements in the ObjectsToCreate list parameter as follows:

- It takes the elements in the ObjectsToCreate list parameter one by one; for every attribute (as per the corresponding Class definition) of each Object to create: it looks if a value is supplied for this attribute in the element of the list; then, if there are still other attributes in the corresponding Class for which no value is available (in the element), it looks in the Information Model to see if a default value exists.
- The name/identifier of the Objects to create depend on the Naming Policy(ies) supported by the Target System and on the value of the IsAutoNamingRequested parameter.

The Target System returns:

- If the execution is successful: a list of Entity Envelopes, where each item contains a copy of a created Object encapsulated in an Entity Envelope. In the case of partial success, a warning indication may also be returned.
- If the execution has failed: an exception.

Note 1: If the execution mode is Best Effort, and if one of the Object could not be created, it is expected that the Target System will continue trying to create the remaining Instances.

Note 2: This operation may be used to create a graph with cycles: an association between two Objects is represented by an attribute which value type is an Identifier; even in the case the MandatoryAssociationPolicy supported by the Target System is Strict, it is assumed that it is only at the end of the creation execution (once all the Objects to create have been created) that the validity of the associations are verified; e.g. an Equipment and a PTP showing a bidirectional association (supporting / supportedBy) can be created using a single request of this operation.

# 2.3.10 Modify a Single Object knowing its Identifier

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to request that the Target System modify an existing Object as follows:

The Requesting System specifies:

• The ModifiedObject Entity Envelope (mandatory)

The Target System modifies the Object as follows: For every attribute in the ModifiedObject, the Target system modifies the corresponding attribute in the Object to modify (other attributes, not present in the ModifiedObject, are unchanged).

The Target System returns:



- If the execution is successful: the modified Object encapsulated in an Entity Envelope.
- If the execution fails: an exception.

# 2.3.11Modify a Single Object with Modification Patterns knowing its Identifier

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to request that the Target System modify an existing Object as follows:

The Requesting System specifies:

- IdentifierOfObjectToModify (mandatory): the Identifier of the Object to modify; the corresponding Object must exist in the Target System, otherwise the operation fails and an exception is returned.
- A set of Attribute Modification Patterns (mandatory); An Attribute Modification Patterns contains the following information:
- An Attribute name (mandatory)
- One or several Attribute Value(s): the value(s) to be used in the modification of the Attribute. The usage of this parameter is defined by the Modify operator. This parameter is optional when the Modify operator is set to default.
- A Modify operator (optional; default = SET): this operator drives the way the attribute value(s) (if supplied) is(are) to be applied to the attribute

The Target System returns:

- If the execution is successful: the modified Object encapsulated in an Entity Envelope.
- If the execution fails: an exception

# 2.3.12Modify Multiple Objects of the Same Class by Value knowing their Identifiers

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to request that the Target System modify an existing Object as follows:

The Requesting System specifies:

- ModifiedObjects (mandatory): a list of Entity Envelopes.
- A TemplateObjectValue (optional).
- Execution Mode (optional; default = BestEffort): this parameter indicates whether the execution should be BestEffort or Atomic.

The Target System modifies the Objects identified in the ModifiedObjects list parameter as follows: it takes the Objects identified in the ModifiedObjects list parameter one by one. For every attribute in the corresponding ModifiedObject parameter the Target system modifies the corresponding attribute; Then if there are other attributes in the TemplateObjectValue, their values are used to modify the Object as well. (other attributes, not present in the ModifiedObject or in the TemplateObjectValue, are unchanged).

The Target System returns:



- If the execution is fully or partially successful: the modified Objects encapsulated in an Entity Envelopes array.
- If the execution fails: an exception

Note 1: If the execution mode is Best Effort, and if one of the Objects could not be modified, it is expected that the Target System will continue trying to modify the remaining Objects.

# 2.3.13Modify Multiple Objects of the Same Class by Reference knowing their Identifiers

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to request that the Target System modify an existing Object as follows:

The Requesting System specifies:

- ModifiedObjects (mandatory): a list of Entity Envelopes.
- A TemplateObjectReference (optional): it is an Entity Identifier referring to an Object that must exist in the Target System; the corresponding Object must be of the same Object Class or super Class as the Class of the Objects to modify; if the two above conditions are not respected an exception is returned.
- Execution Mode (optional; default = BestEffort): this parameter indicates whether the execution should be BestEffort or Atomic.

The Target System modifies the Objects identified in the ModifiedObjects list parameter as follows: it takes the Objects identified in the ModifiedObjects list parameter one by one. For every attribute in the corresponding ModifiedObject parameter the Target system modifies the corresponding attribute; Then if there are other attributes in the Object identified by the TemplateObjectReference, their values are used to modify the Object as well. (other attributes, not present in the ModifiedObject or in the TemplateObjectValue, are unchanged)

The Target System returns:

- If the execution is fully or partially successful: the modified Objects encapsulated in an Entity Envelopes array.
- If the execution fails: an exception

Note 1: If the execution mode is Best Effort, and if one of the Objects could not be modified, it is expected that the Target System will continue trying to modify the remaining Objects.

# 2.3.14Modify Multiple Objects of the Same Class by Value exactly matching any TemplateFilter from a List

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to request that the Target System modify an existing Object as follows:

The Requesting System specifies:

• A list of TemplateFilters (mandatory): a TemplateFilter contains set of attribute values all belonging to a single valid Object Class of the Information Model supported by the Target System; for every TemplateFilter, the Target System uses this set to identify all the Managed Objects which attribute values match all the ones supplied in the set. These Managed Objects will represent the Objects to modify. All TemplateFilters must be of the same class.



- A TemplateObjectValue (mandatory).
- Execution Mode (optional; default = BestEffort): this parameter indicates whether the execution should be BestEffort or Atomic.

The Target System modifies the Objects to modify as follows: It processes the Objects to modify one by one. For every attribute in the TemplateObjectValue, the Target system modifies the corresponding attribute in any Object to modify (other attributes, not present in the TemplateObjectValue, are unchanged).

#### The Target System returns:

- If the execution is fully or partially successful: the modified Objects encapsulated in an Entity Envelopes array.
- If the execution fails: an exception

Note 1: If the execution mode is Best Effort, and if one of the Objects could not be modified, it is expected that the Target System will continue trying to modify the remaining Objects.

# 2.3.15Modify Multiple Objects of the Same Class by Reference exactly matching any TemplateFilter from a List

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to request that the Target System modify an existing Object as follows:

#### The Requesting System specifies:

- A list of TemplateFilters (mandatory): a TemplateFilter contains set of attribute values all belonging to a single valid Object Class of the Information Model supported by the Target System; for every TemplateFilter, the Target System uses this set to identify all the Managed Objects which attribute values match all the ones supplied in the set. These Managed Objects will represent the Objects to modify. All TemplateFilters must be of the same class.
- A TemplateObjectReference (mandatory) it is an Entity Identifier referring to an Object that must exist in the Target System; the corresponding Object must be of the same Object Class or super Class as the Class of the Objects to modify; if the two above conditions are not respected an exception is returned.
- Execution Mode (optional; default = BestEffort): this parameter indicates whether the execution should be BestEffort or Atomic.

The Target System modifies the Objects to modify as follows: It processes the Objects to modify one by one. For every attribute in the Object identified by the TemplateObjectReference parameter, the Target system modifies the corresponding attribute in any Object to modify (other attributes, not present in the Object identified by the TemplateObjectReference, are unchanged).

#### The Target System returns:

- If the execution is fully or partially successful: the modified Objects encapsulated in an Entity Envelopes
  array.
- If the execution fails: an exception

Note 1: If the execution mode is Best Effort, and if one of the Objects could not be modified, it is expected that the Target System will continue trying to modify the remaining Objects.



# 2.3.16Modify Multiple Objects with Modification Patterns knowing their Identifiers

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to request that the Target System modify an existing Object as follows:

The Requesting System specifies:

- IdentifiersOfObjectsToModify (mandatory): a list of Identifiers (mandatory): this parameter represents the Identifiers of the Objects to modify; the corresponding Objects must exist in the Target System, otherwise the operation fails and an exception is returned.
- A set of Attribute Modification Patterns (mandatory); this same set will apply to every Object to modify; an Attribute Modification Patterns contains the following information:
- An Attribute name (mandatory)
- One or several Attribute Value(s): the value(s) to be used in the modification of the Attribute. The usage of this parameter is defined by the Modify operator. This parameter is optional when the Modify operator is set to default.
- A Modify operator (optional; default = SET): this operator drives the way the attribute value(s) (if supplied) is(are) to be applied to the attribute
- Execution Mode (optional; default = BestEffort): this parameter indicates whether the execution should be BestEffort or Atomic.

#### The Target System returns:

- If the execution is fully or partially successful: the modified Objects encapsulated in Entity Envelopes array.
- If the execution fails: an exception

Note 1: If the execution mode is Best Effort, and if one of the Objects could not be modified, it is expected that the Target System will continue trying to modify the remaining Objects.

# 2.3.17Modify Multiple Objects with Modification Patterns exactly matching any TemplateFilter from a List

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to request that the Target System modify an existing Object as follows:

The Requesting System specifies:

- A list of TemplateFilters (mandatory): a TemplateFilter is a set of attribute values all belonging to a single valid Object Class of the Information Model supported by the Target System; for every TemplateFilter, the Target System uses this set to identify all the Managed Objects which attribute values match all the ones supplied in the set (called the Managed Objects of interest). These Managed Objects will represent the Objects (Base Objects) to modify.
- A set of Attribute Modification Patterns (mandatory); this same set will apply to every Object to modify; an Attribute Modification Patterns contains the following information:
- An Attribute name (mandatory)



- One or several Attribute Value(s): the value(s) to be used in the modification of the Attribute. The usage of this parameter is defined by the Modify operator. This parameter is optional when the Modify operator is set to default.
- A Modify operator (optional; default = SET): this operator drives the way the attribute value(s) (if supplied) is(are) to be applied to the attribute
- Execution Mode (optional; default = BestEffort): this parameter indicates whether the execution should be BestEffort or Atomic.

#### The Target System returns:

- If the execution is fully or partially successful: the modified Objects encapsulated in Entity Envelopes array.
- If the execution fails: an exception

Note 1: If the execution mode is Best Effort, and if one of the Objects could not be modified, it is expected that the Target System will continue trying to modify the remaining Objects.

# 2.3.18Delete Multiple Objects knowing their Identifiers

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to request that the Target System delete multiple Managed Object as follows:

The Requesting System specifies:

- BaseObjectsToDelete (mandatory): a list of Entity Identifiers; this parameter represents the Identifiers of the Objects (Base Objects) to delete.
- Scope (optional; default = BASEOBJECTSONLY): this parameter indicates whether dependent Objects must be implicitly deleted or not.
- ExecutionMode (optional; default = BESTEFFORT).
- ResultIndicator (optional; default = BASEOBJECTSONLY).

#### The Target System returns:

- If the execution is fully or partially successful: the Identifiers of the deleted Objects, in conformance with the ResultIndicator); in addition, in case of partial success, the Target System may also return the list of the Base Objects Identifiers which could not be deleted with, for each of them, an associated reason.
- If the execution has failed: an exception, and the list of the Base Objects Identifiers which could not be deleted with, for each of them, an associated reason.

Note 1: If the execution mode is Best Effort, and if one of the Base Objects could not be deleted, it is expected that the Target System will continue trying to remove the remaining Base Objects.

Note 2: whatever Scope or Execution Mode value is supplied, the Target System must always execute this request in full respect of the constraints specified in the Information Model; as an example, consider the SNC (SubNetwork Connection) and TP (Termination Point) Object Classes. The SNC contains attributes such as aEndPoint, zEndPoint which values are references to TPs Object Instances. The Object Model may enforce that a SNC Object Instance must always have non null values for its aEndPoint, zEndPoint attributes. In this case it is not possible to remove TP Object Instances if there is still an SNC Object Instance referencing to them; to complete this example, it may also happen that the rules of the Information Model allow the existence of SNC Object Instances with null valued aEndPoint, zEndPoint attributes only at creation time, but prevent those attributes to be set again to null reference values at a later stage. In any case, the rules associated to the Information Model should be enforced during the execution of this operation.



# 2.3.19Delete Multiple Objects exactly matching any TemplateFilter from a List

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to request that the Target System delete multiple Managed Object matching any given Template from a list.

The Requesting System specifies:

- A list of TemplateFilters (mandatory). For every TemplateFilter, the Target System uses this set to identify all the Managed Objects which attribute values match all the ones supplied in the set (called the Managed Objects of interest). These Managed Objects will represent the Objects (Base Objects) to delete.
- Scope (optional; default = BASEOBJECTSONLY): this parameter indicates whether dependent Objects must be implicitly deleted or not.
- ExecutionMode (optional; default = BESTEFFORT).
- ResultIndicator (optional; default = BASEOBJECTSONLY).

#### The Target System returns:

- If the execution is fully or partially successful: the Identifiers of the deleted Objects, in conformance with the ResultIndicator); in addition, in case of partial success, the Target System may also return the list of the Base Objects Identifiers which could not be deleted with, for each of them, an associated reason.
- If the execution has failed: an exception, and the list of the Base Objects Identifiers which could not be deleted with, for each of them, an associated reason.

Note 1: If the execution mode is Best Effort, and if one of the Base Objects could not be deleted, it is expected that the Target System will continue trying to remove the remaining Base Objects.

Note 2: whatever Scope or Execution Mode value is supplied, the Target System must always execute this request in full respect of the constraints specified in the Information Model; as an example, consider the SNC (SubNetwork Connection) and TP (Termination Point) Object Classes. The SNC contains attributes such as aEndPoint, zEndPoint which values are references to TPs Object Instances. The Object Model may enforce that a SNC Object Instance must always have non null values for its aEndPoint, zEndPoint attributes. In this case it is not possible to remove TP Object Instances if there is still an SNC Object Instance referencing to them; to complete this example, it may also happen that the rules of the Information Model allow the existence of SNC Object Instances with null valued aEndPoint, zEndPoint attributes only at creation time, but prevent those attributes to be set again to null reference values at a later stage. In any case, the rules associated to the Information Model should be enforced during the execution of this operation.

# 2.4. Interface Summary

The Inventory interfaces are information model neutral. The adaptation of a generic interface to a given domain requests that these artifacts are "specialized" to support the corresponding information specific aspects.

The Inventory interfaces provide polymorphic query and update operations relative to the Managed Entities. An Envelope mechanism is used to transfer the content of the Inventory System.

The picture below presents a view of the Query Session interface



#### The Update Session Interface is shown in the figure below:

```
< **spCperation>** **pePolicies (out **spParameter>-PolicyClab(1, ");void **org turniforumSpin m.nodal-window/UpdateSession **pePolicies (out **spParameter>-Enth(Enviologe(1, 1), in *spParameter>-Enth(Enviologe(1, 1), in
```



# 3. Information Model

Packages available from TIP Generic Inventory Management Interface:

- org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

# 3.1. Package org.tmforum.tip.inv.model 3.1.1. Entities

# 3.1.1.1. AnyEntityEnvelope

- Type: Entity Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- All super types:

org.tmforum.tip.inv.model.EntityEnvelope

org.tm forum.tip.internal.entity. Entity Base

- Properties:

This entity is mandatory

This entity is extendable

#### 3.1.1.1. Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
content	any	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional - AVC disabled	
identifer	EntityIdentifier	- multiplicity is 1 - unique - invariant - mandatory - AVC enabled	The entity instance identifier EID.
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional - AVC enabled	A generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor Extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.
aliasNames	CheckedCollection	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional - AVC enabled	The aliasNames attribute contains implementation specific name value pairs for local alternative names for the Entity. This is provided to pass more user friendly names for entities between systems or for debugging. The aliasNames attribute MUST NOT be used by an implimentation when comparing EntityIdentifiers. There is NO GUARANTEE that the contents of the aliasNames attribute is unique.

#### **3.1.1.1.2. Associations**

There are no associations (local or inherited) available.

# 3.1.1.2. EntityEnvelope



- Type: Entity Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- All super types:

org.tmforum.tip.internal.entity.EntityBase

- Description:

Entity Envelope artifactAn Entity Envelope is an abstract model independent artifact used to encapsulate a model specific artifact. More precisely it is constituted of:• An Entity Identifier (Ref [1]) element, taken from JOSIF, which three components indicating The context to interpret the model specific artifact encapsulated in the content component the unique identifier of the specific artifact the type of the specific artifact. A model specific artifact that represents any kind of managed entity. For example in the case the context is the TMF Information Model (a.k.a. SID) it may represent a SID Entity, a SID Entity Specification.

- Properties:

This entity is mandatory

This entity is extendable

This entity generates Object Creation notifications

This entity generates Object Deletion notifications

This entity does not generate Object Discovery notifications (NA)

#### 3.1.1.2.1. Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
identifer	EntityIdentifier	- multiplicity is 1 - unique - invariant - mandatory - AVC enabled	The entity instance identifier EID.
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional - AVC enabled	A generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor Extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.
aliasNames	CheckedCollection	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional - AVC enabled	The aliasNames attribute contains implementation specific name value pairs for local alternative names for the Entity. This is provided to pass more user friendly names for entities between systems or for debugging. The aliasNames attribute MUST NOT be used by an implimentation when comparing EntityIdentifiers. There is NO GUARANTEE that the contents of the aliasNames attribute is unique.

#### 3.1.1.2.2. Associations

There are no associations (local or inherited) available.

# 3.1.1.3. EntityEnvelopeGraph

- Type: Entity Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- All super types:

org.tmforum.tip.internal.entity.EntityBase

- Description:

An EntityEnvelopeGraph is: a collection of EntityEnvelope and a collection of Associations where each association represents a relationship between specific Entities known through their id.

Entity Envelopes Graph artifactAn Entity Envelope Graph is used to represent a set of Entity Envelopes and a set of Associations



between them.More precisely it is constituted of two components:• An Entity Envelopes Collection• An Association CollectionFor every aEnd or zEnd Entity Identifier in the Association Collection, the corresponding Entity Envelope must be present in the Entity Envelopes Collection.A Entity Envelopes Graph may represent a connected or a disconnected graph.

- Properties:

This entity is optional
This entity is extendable

#### **3.1.1.3.1.** Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
listOfEntities	EntityEnvelope	- multiplicity is * - read only - unique - passed by value - optional - AVC disabled	
listOfAssociations	Association	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional - AVC disabled	
graphId	int	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional - AVC disabled	
identifer	EntityIdentifier	- multiplicity is 1 - unique - invariant - mandatory - AVC enabled	The entity instance identifier EID.
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional - AVC enabled	A generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor Extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.
aliasNames	CheckedCollection	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional - AVC enabled	The aliasNames attribute contains implementation specific name value pairs for local alternative names for the Entity. This is provided to pass more user friendly names for entities between systems or for debugging. The aliasNames attribute MUST NOT be used by an implimentation when comparing EntityIdentifiers. There is NO GUARANTEE that the contents of the aliasNames attribute is unique.

#### **3.1.1.3.2.** Associations

There are no associations (local or inherited) available.

# 3.1.1.4. EntityEnvelopeResult

- Type: Entity Artifact
- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model
- All super types:
  - $org.tm forum.tip.inv.model. Entity Envelope \\org.tm forum.tip.internal.entity. Entity Base$
- Properties:
  - This entity is optional
  - This entity is extendable



#### **3.1.1.4.1.** Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
failure	boolean	- multiplicity is 1 - unique - mandatory - AVC disabled	Indicate if the Entity is associated with a failure
reasonForFailure	String	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional - AVC enabled	
entityEnvelope	EntityEnvelope	- multiplicity is 1 - unique - passed by value - mandatory - AVC disabled	
identifer	EntityIdentifier	- multiplicity is 1 - unique - invariant - mandatory - AVC enabled	The entity instance identifier EID.
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional - AVC enabled	A generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor Extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.
aliasNames	CheckedCollection	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional - AVC enabled	The aliasNames attribute contains implementation specific name value pairs for local alternative names for the Entity. This is provided to pass more user friendly names for entities between systems or for debugging. The aliasNames attribute MUST NOT be used by an implimentation when comparing EntityIdentifiers. There is NO GUARANTEE that the contents of the aliasNames attribute is unique.

#### 3.1.1.4.2. Associations

There are no associations (local or inherited) available.

# 3.1.1.5. SIDProductEntityEnvelope

- Type: Entity Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- All super types:

org.tmforum.tip.inv.model.EntityEnvelope org.tmforum.tip.internal.entity.EntityBase

- Properties:

This entity is mandatory

This entity is extendable

This entity does not generate Object Creation notifications

This entity does not generate Object Deletion notifications

This entity does not generate Object Discovery notifications

#### 3.1.1.5.1. Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
content	Product	- multiplicity is 1 - unique - passed by value - mandatory - AVC disabled	



identifer	EntityIdentifier	- multiplicity is 1 - unique - invariant - mandatory - AVC enabled	The entity instance identifier EID.
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional - AVC enabled	A generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor Extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.
aliasNames	CheckedCollection	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional - AVC enabled	The aliasNames attribute contains implementation specific name value pairs for local alternative names for the Entity. This is provided to pass more user friendly names for entities between systems or for debugging. The aliasNames attribute MUST NOT be used by an implimentation when comparing EntityIdentifiers. There is NO GUARANTEE that the contents of the aliasNames attribute is unique.

#### **3.1.1.5.2. Associations**

There are no associations (local or inherited) available.

# 3.1.1.6. SIDResourceEntityEnvelope

- Type: Entity Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- All super types:

 $org.tm forum.tip.inv.model. Entity Envelope \\org.tm forum.tip.internal.entity. Entity Base$ 

- Properties:

This entity is optional

This entity is extendable

This entity does not generate Object Creation notifications

This entity does not generate Object Deletion notifications

This entity does not generate Object Discovery notifications

#### 3.1.1.6.1. Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
content	Resource	- multiplicity is 1 - unique - passed by value - mandatory - AVC disabled	
identifer	EntityIdentifier	- multiplicity is 1 - unique - invariant - mandatory - AVC enabled	The entity instance identifier EID.
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional - AVC enabled	A generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor Extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.
aliasNames	CheckedCollection	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional - AVC enabled	The aliasNames attribute contains implementation specific name value pairs for local alternative names for the Entity. This is provided to pass more user friendly names for entities between systems or for debugging. The aliasNames attribute MUST NOT be used by an implimentation when comparing EntityIdentifiers. There is NO GUARANTEE that the contents of the aliasNames attribute is unique.



#### **3.1.1.6.2.** Associations

There are no associations (local or inherited) available.

# 3.1.1.7. SIDServiceEntityEnvelope

- Type: Entity Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- All super types:

org.tm forum.tip.inv.model. Entity Envelope

org.tmforum.tip.internal.entity.EntityBase

- Properties:

This entity is optional

This entity is extendable

This entity does not generate Object Creation notifications

This entity does not generate Object Deletion notifications

This entity does not generate Object Discovery notifications

#### 3.1.1.7.1. Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
content	Service	- multiplicity is 1 - unique - passed by value - mandatory - AVC disabled	
identifer	EntityIdentifier	- multiplicity is 1 - unique - invariant - mandatory - AVC enabled	The entity instance identifier EID.
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional - AVC enabled	A generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor Extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.
aliasNames	CheckedCollection	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional - AVC enabled	The aliasNames attribute contains implementation specific name value pairs for local alternative names for the Entity. This is provided to pass more user friendly names for entities between systems or for debugging. The aliasNames attribute MUST NOT be used by an implimentation when comparing EntityIdentifiers. There is NO GUARANTEE that the contents of the aliasNames attribute is unique.

#### **3.1.1.7.2.** Associations

There are no associations (local or inherited) available.

# 3.1.2. Data Types

#### 3.1.2.1. Association

- Type: Datatype Artifact



- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model
- Description:

Association artifactAn Association is an artifact used to represent a relationship between two Entity Envelope items. It is constituted of three components: • The name of the association • aEnd and zEnd, each of type Entity Identifier representing the Entity Identifier of the two Entity Envelopes related through the association.

- Properties:

This datatype is extendable

#### **3.1.2.1.1.** Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
associationName	String	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	
aEnd	objectName	- multiplicity is * - unique - optional	
zEnd	objectName	- multiplicity is * - unique - optional	
extensionInfo	Any	- unique	a generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.

# 3.1.2.2. AttributeModificationPattern

- Type: Datatype Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- Properties:

#### 3.1.2.2.1. Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
name	String	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	
value	any	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	
pattern	AttributeModificati onPatternOperator	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	

# 3.1.2.3. BaseGraphQuery

- Type: Datatype Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- Description:

A base type for all Graph Query types.



- Properties:

This datatype is abstract

This datatype is not extendable

#### 3.1.2.3.1. Attributes

There are no attributes (local or inherited) available.

#### 3.1.2.4. CharacteristicFilter

- Type: Datatype Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- All super types:

org.tmforum.tip.inv.model.DataFilter

- Description:

A logical expression where atomic terms represent valued attributes; this logical expression is called a characteristic filter

- Properties:

This datatype is not extendable

#### 3.1.2.4.1. Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
attributeFilter	NameValueExpress	- multiplicity is 0*	
	ion	- unique	
		- optional	

#### 3.1.2.5. DataFilter

- Type: Datatype Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- Properties:

This datatype is abstract

#### 3.1.2.5.1. Attributes

There are no attributes (local or inherited) available.

# 3.1.2.6. FailedObjectResult

- Type: Datatype Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- Properties:



This datatype is not extendable

#### 3.1.2.6.1. Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
failedObject	EntityEnvelope	- multiplicity is 1 - unique - passed by id - mandatory	
reasonForFailure	String	- multiplicity is 1 - unique - mandatory	

### 3.1.2.7. GraphQuery

- Type: Datatype Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- All super types:

org.tmforum.tip.inv.model.BaseGraphQuery

- Description:

"Origin Object" (mandatory): the identifier of a Managed Object (exactly one of the three parameters below must be supplied)
"Target Object": a Managed Object different from the "Origin Object" or "Target Type": an Object Class Name or "Distance": an
Integer value "Association Names" (optional) a list of Association Names "Entity Type Names" (optional) a list of Object Class
Names of the Information Model supported by the Target System "Attribute Names" (mandatory) a list of attribute names that the
Managed Objects of interest may own; (an empty list means that all attributes are of interest; a list with the reserved name "EID"
means that no attribute must be selected; to the exception of the Identifier of the corresponding Managed Object)

- Properties:

This datatype is extendable

#### 3.1.2.7.1. Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
startObject	objectName	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	
targetObject	String	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	
associationNames	String	- multiplicity is * - unique - optional	
entityTypeNames	String	- multiplicity is * - unique - optional	
distance	int	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	
selectedAttributesNames	String	- multiplicity is * - unique - optional	
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	a generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.



## 3.1.2.8. NameValueExpression

- Type: Datatype Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- Properties:

This datatype is extendable

#### 3.1.2.8.1. Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
attributeName	String	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	
attributeValue	any	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	
operatorEnum	Operator	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	a generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.

## 3.1.2.9. PolicyData

- Type: Datatype Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- Properties:

### **3.1.2.9.1.** Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
name		- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	
value	String	- multiplicity is 0* - unique - optional	

# 3.1.2.10. QueryFilter

- Type: Datatype Artifact
- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model
- All super types:
  - org.tm forum.tip. inv. model. Data Filter
- Description:

An XPATH expression where the atomic terms represent either an attribute name or an attribute value



### - Properties:

This datatype is extendable

#### 3.1.2.10.1. Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
queryExpression	String	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	
extensionInfo	Any	- unique	a generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.

# 3.1.2.11. ScopeLevelSelector

- Type: Datatype Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- Properties:

This datatype is extendable

#### 3.1.2.11.1. Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
nthLevel	int		Use to specify the level when levelEnum is set to: basetToNthLevel and NthLevelOnly
levelEnum	ScopeLevel	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	
extensionInfo	Any	- unique	a generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.

# 3.1.2.12. SimpleGraphQuery

- Type: Datatype Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- All super types:

org.tm forum.tip.inv.model. Base Graph Query

- Properties:

This datatype is abstract

This datatype is extendable

### 3.1.2.12.1. Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
startObject	objectName	- multiplicity is 1	
		- unique	
		- mandatory	



associationNames	String	- multiplicity is * - unique - optional	
selectedAttributesNames	String	- multiplicity is * - unique - optional	
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	a generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.

### 3.1.2.13. TemplateFilter

- Type: Datatype Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- All super types:

org.tmforum.tip.inv.model.DataFilter

- Description:

A Template Object Instance is an Object Instance of a given Object Class where the attributes may not all be populated (even the mandatory ones). It is typically used to speed up Query operations by using matching capabilities at an Object Instance level. Thus, a given candidate Object Instance will match a Template Object Instance if, for all attributes that are populated in the Template Object Instance, each attribute has the same value as its corresponding attribute in the candidate Objet Instance. The meaning of "same value" is tied to the semantic of the equals() operation supported by the attribute.

- Properties:

This datatype is not extendable

#### 3.1.2.13.1. Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
template	EntityEnvelope	- multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by value - optional	

## 3.1.3. Notifications

## 3.1.3.1. EntityEnvelopeAVCNotification

- Type: Event Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- All super types:

org.tmforum.tip.common.notifications.AVCNotification org.tmforum.tip.common.notifications.CommonNotification org.tmforum.tip.internal.notifications.NotificationBase

- Description:

Notification about an Attribute Value Change.

- Properties:

This notification is mandatory



### 3.1.3.1.1. Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
object	EntityEnvelope	- multiplicity is 1 - unique - passed by value - mandatory	
aliasNames	checkedCollection	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - mandatory	The aliasNames attribute contains implimentation specific name value pairs for local alternative names for the Entity.
sourceTime	time	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - mandatory	The time at which the event was reported by the source system (NE, EMS or OS).
objectId	EntityIdentifier	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - mandatory	The identifier of the object associated with the event, as internal opaque identifier.
objectType	String	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - mandatory	The type (class) of the object associated with the event. This attribute is needed to allow simple notification filtering based on the object type.
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	A generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor Extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.

# 3.1.3.2. EntityEnvelopeOCNotification

- Type: Event Artifact
- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model
- All super types:

 $org.tm forum.tip.common.notifications. OCN otification \\org.tm forum.tip.common.notifications. Common Notification \\org.tm forum.tip.internal.notifications. Notification Base$ 

- Description:

Notificatin about an Object Create.

- Properties:

This notification is mandatory

#### 3.1.3.2.1. Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
object	EntityEnvelope	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - passed by value - optional	
aliasNames	checkedCollection	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - mandatory	The aliasNames attribute contains implimentation specific name value pairs for local alternative names for the Entity.
sourceTime	time	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - mandatory	The time at which the event was reported by the source system (NE, EMS or OS).
objectId	EntityIdentifier	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - mandatory	The identifier of the object associated with the event, as internal opaque identifier.
objectType	String	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - mandatory	The type (class) of the object associated with the event. This attribute is needed to allow simple notification filtering based on the object type.
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	A generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor Extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.



## 3.1.3.3. EntityEnvelopeODelNotification

- Type: Event Artifact
- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model
- All super types:

 $org.tm forum.tip.common.notifications. ODel Notification \\org.tm forum.tip.common.notifications. Common Notification \\org.tm forum.tip.internal.notifications. Notification Base$ 

- Description:

Notification about an Object Delete

- Properties:

This notification is mandatory

#### 3.1.3.3.1. Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
object	EntityEnvelope	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	
sourceTime	time	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - mandatory	The time at which the event was reported by the source system (NE, EMS or OS).
objectId	EntityIdentifier	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - mandatory	The identifier of the object associated with the event, as internal opaque identifier.
objectType	String	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - mandatory	The type (class) of the object associated with the event. This attribute is needed to allow simple notification filtering based on the object type.
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	A generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor Extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.

# 3.1.3.4. EntityEnvelopeOCN

- Type: Event Artifact
- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model
- Description:

This is a notification generated from the entity org.tmforum.tip.inv.model.EntityEnvelope

- All super types:

 $org.tm forum.tip.common.notifications. OCN otification \\org.tm forum.tip.common.notifications. Common Notification \\org.tm forum.tip.internal.notifications. Notification Base$ 

#### 3.1.3.4.1. Attributes

name	datatyne	properties	description
Hallic	uatatypt	properties	description



object	EntityEnvelope	- multiplicity is 01 - optional - passed by value	Entity Envelope artifactAn Entity Envelope is an abstract model independent artifact used to encapsulate a model specific artifact. More precisely it is constituted of:• An Entity Identifier (Ref [1]) element, taken from JOSIF, which three components indicating The context to interpret the model specific artifact encapsulated in the content component the unique identifier of the specific artifact that represents any kind of managed entity. For example in the case the context is the TMF Information Model (a.k.a. SID) it may represent a SID Entity, a SID Entity Specification.
aliasNames	CheckedCollection	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional - AVC enabled	The aliasNames attribute contains implementation specific name value pairs for local alternative names for the Entity. This is provided to pass more user friendly names for entities between systems or for debugging. The aliasNames attribute MUST NOT be used by an implimentation when comparing EntityIdentifiers. There is NO GUARANTEE that the contents of the aliasNames attribute is unique.
sourceTime	time	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - mandatory	The time at which the event was reported by the source system (NE, EMS or OS).
objectId	EntityIdentifier	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - mandatory	The identifier of the object associated with the event, as internal opaque identifier.
objectType	String	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - mandatory	The type (class) of the object associated with the event. This attribute is needed to allow simple notification filtering based on the object type.
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	A generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor Extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.

# 3.1.3.5. EntityEnvelopeODelN

- Type: Event Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- Description:

This is a notification generated from the entity org.tmforum.tip.inv.model. Entity Envelope

- All super types:

 $org.tm forum.tip.common.notifications. ODel Notification \\org.tm forum.tip.common.notifications. Common Notification \\org.tm forum.tip.internal.notifications. Notification Base$ 

### **3.1.3.5.1.** Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
object	EntityEnvelope	- multiplicity is 01 - optional - passed by value	Entity Envelope artifactAn Entity Envelope is an abstract model independent artifact used to encapsulate a model specific artifact. More precisely it is constituted of:• An Entity Identifier (Ref [1]) element, taken from JOSIF, which three components indicating The context to interpret the model specific artifact encapsulated in the content component the unique identifier of the specific artifact that represents any kind of managed entity. For example in the case the context is the TMF Information Model (a.k.a. SID) it may represent a SID Entity, a SID Entity Specification.
sourceTime	time	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - mandatory	The time at which the event was reported by the source system (NE, EMS or OS).
objectId	EntityIdentifier	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - mandatory	The identifier of the object associated with the event, as internal opaque identifier.



objectType	String	- unique	The type (class) of the object associated with the event. This attribute is needed to allow simple notification filtering based on the object type.
extensionInfo	Any	- unique	A generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor Extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.

## 3.1.3.6. EntityEnvelopeResultAVCN

- Type: Event Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- Description:

This is a notification generated from the entity org.tmforum.tip.inv.model.EntityEnvelopeResult

- All super types:

 $org.tm forum.tip.common.notifications. AVCN otification \\org.tm forum.tip.common.notifications. Common Notification \\org.tm forum.tip.internal.notifications. Notification Base$ 

#### 3.1.3.6.1. Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
reasonForFailure	String	- multiplicity is 01 - optional	
sourceTime	time	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - mandatory	The time at which the event was reported by the source system (NE, EMS or OS).
objectId	EntityIdentifier	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - mandatory	The identifier of the object associated with the event, as internal opaque identifier.
objectType	String	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - mandatory	The type (class) of the object associated with the event. This attribute is needed to allow simple notification filtering based on the object type.
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	A generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor Extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.

# 3.1.4. Enumerations

# 3.1.4.1. AttributeModificationPatternOperator

- Type: Enumeration Artifact

 $\hbox{-} Package: org.tm forum.tip.inv.model \\$ 

- Properties:

#### 3.1.4.1.1. Literals

name	datatype	properties	description
SET	String	value is "SET"	
REMOVEALLVALUES	String	value is "REMOVEALLVALUES"	
REMOVEVALUES	String	value is "REMOVEVALUES"	
SETTODEFAULT	String	value is "SETTODEFAULT"	
ADDVALUES	String	value is "ADDVALUES"	



# 3.1.4.2. AttributeValuePolicy

- Type: Enumeration Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- Properties:

#### 3.1.4.2.1. Literals

name	datatype	properties	description
Strict	String	value is "Strict "	
Loose	String	value is "Loose"	
NotDefined	String	value is "NotDefined"	

### 3.1.4.3. ExecutionMode

- Type: Enumeration Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- Properties:

This enumeration is not extendable

### 3.1.4.3.1. Literals

name	datatype	properties	description
BESTEFFORT	String	value is "BESTEFFORT"	
ATOMIC	String	value is "ATOMIC"	

# 3.1.4.4. Mandatory Association Policy

- Type: Enumeration Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- Properties:

#### 3.1.4.4.1. Literals

name	datatype	properties	description
Strict	String	value is "Strict"	
Loose	String	value is "Loose "	
NotDefined	String	value is "NotDefined"	



# 3.1.4.5. ModelConformanceValidationPolicy

- Type: Enumeration Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- Properties:

#### 3.1.4.5.1. Literals

name	datatype	properties	description
ValidationPerRequest	String	value is "ValidationPerRequest "	
ValidationOnDemand	String	value is "ValidationOnDemand"	

## 3.1.4.6. NamingPolicy

- Type: Enumeration Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- Properties:

#### 3.1.4.6.1. Literals

name	datatype	properties	description
ClientControl	String	value is "ClientControl "	
ServerControl	String	value is "ServerControl"	
Both	String	value is "Both"	

# 3.1.4.7. OperationTargetScope

- Type: Enumeration Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- Properties:

#### 3.1.4.7.1. Literals

name	datatype	properties	description
RECURSIVE	String	value is "RECURSIVE"	
BASEOBJECTSONLY	String	value is "BASEOBJECTSONLY"	

## **3.1.4.8. Operator**



- Type: Enumeration Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- Properties:

This enumeration is extendable

### 3.1.4.8.1. Literals

name	datatype	properties	description
equal	String	value is "equal"	
less	String	value is "less"	
lessOrEqual	String	value is "lessOrEqual"	
greater	String	value is "greater"	
greaterOrEqual	String	value is "greaterOrEqual"	
like	String	value is "like"	
contains	String	value is "contains"	Substring matching for String based attributes
isElementOf	String	value is "isElementOf"	Test presence of element in an Array
isPresent	String	value is "isPresent"	

### 3.1.4.9. ResultIndicator

- Type: Enumeration Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- Properties:

#### 3.1.4.9.1. Literals

name	datatype	properties	description
ALL	String	value is "ALL"	
BASEOBJECTSONLY	String	value is "BASEOBJECTSONLY"	

## **3.1.4.10. ScopeLevel**

- Type: Enumeration Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- Description:

BASE\_NTH\_LEVEL: specifies that all subordinate Managed Objects that are at "BASE\_NTH\_LEVEL" distance from the root Managed Object are of interest; where 0 is the root Managed Object. BASE\_TO\_NTH\_LEVEL: specifies that the root Managed Object and all its subordinates down to and including level "BASE\_TO\_NTH\_LEVEL" are of interest; where 0 is the root Managed Object. BASE\_ALL: specifies that the root Managed Object and all its subordinates are of interest.

- Properties:

This enumeration is extendable



#### 3.1.4.10.1. Literals

name	datatype	properties	description
baseToNthLevel	String	value is "baseToNthLevel"	
allLevels	String	value is "allLevels"	
NthLevelOnly	String	value is "NthLevelOnly"	

# 3.1.5. Exceptions

## 3.1.5.1. CreateException

- Type: Exception Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- All super types:

org.tm forum.tip.common.exceptions. Common Exception

org.tm forum.tip.internal.exceptions. Exception Base

- Properties:

#### 3.1.5.1.1. Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
reason	String	- unique - optional	Free string to define the reason the exception was raised. It should be a short text. Might reference the step in the use case where this exception occurs, if a detailed use case was made for this operation.
details	String	- multiplicity = 01 - unique - optional	The more specific details about the exception. Can also be a stack trace.

# 3.1.5.2. DeleteException

- Type: Exception Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- All super types:

org.tmforum.tip.common.exceptions.CommonException

org.tm forum.tip.internal.exceptions. Exception Base

- Properties:

#### 3.1.5.2.1. Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
reason	String	- multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	Free string to define the reason the exception was raised. It should be a short text. Might reference the step in the use case where this exception occurs, if a detailed use case was made for this operation.
details	String	- multiplicity = 01 - unique - optional	The more specific details about the exception. Can also be a stack trace.



# 3.1.5.3. ModifyException

- Type: Exception Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- All super types:

org.tm forum.tip.common.exceptions. Common Exception

org.tm forum.tip.internal.exceptions. Exception Base

- Properties:

#### 3.1.5.3.1. Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
reason	String	- unique - optional	Free string to define the reason the exception was raised. It should be a short text. Might reference the step in the use case where this exception occurs, if a detailed use case was made for this operation.
details			The more specific details about the exception. Can also be a stack trace.

# 3.1.5.4. ValidationException

- Type: Exception Artifact

- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model

- All super types:

 $org.tm forum.tip.common.exceptions. Already In Post Condition \\org.tm forum.tip.common.exceptions. Common Exception \\org.tm forum.tip.internal.exceptions. Exception Base$ 

- Properties:

### 3.1.5.4.1. Attributes

name	datatype	properties	description
reason	String	- unique - optional	Free string to define the reason the exception was raised. It should be a short text. Might reference the step in the use case where this exception occurs, if a detailed use case was made for this operation.
details	String	- multiplicity = 01 - unique - optional	The more specific details about the exception. Can also be a stack trace.



# 4. Service Interfaces

Service interfaces available from TIP Generic Inventory Management Interface model:

- InventoryQuerySession
- InventoryUpdateSession

# 4.1. Inventory Query Session

- Type: Session Artifact (Service Interface)
- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model
- Description:

Service Interface containing all the Query operations. This service interface supports the various notifications, both the specific Invnetory notifications and the Heartbeat notification.

- Operations exposed:

```
getById
getByIds
getByContainment
getByTemplates
getByTemplate
getByCharacteristicFilter
getByQueryFilter
getByEntityTypeNames
getByGraphQuery
getByAssociations
```

- Common Operations
- Emitted events:

```
org.tm forum.tip.inv.model. Entity Envelope AVC Notification \\org.tm forum.tip.inv.model. Entity Envelope OC Notification \\org.tm forum.tip.inv.model. Entity Envelope ODel Notification \\org.tm forum.tip.inv.model. \\org.tm forum.tip.
```

- Properties:

This service interface is mandatory

### 4.1.1. getById



- Type: Operation

- Description:

Query a single Managed Object knowing its identifier.

- Properties:

This operation is extendable

This operation is mandatory

- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

EntityNotFound

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply

### **4.1.1.1. Arguments**

name	datatype	properties	description
targetObject	EntityEnvelope	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1 - unique - passed by id - mandatory	Identifier of the Managed Object of interest
selectedAttributesNames	String	- input parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - mandatory	Llist of Attribute Names.
object	EntityEnvelope	- output parameter - multiplicity is 1 - unique - passed by value - mandatory	Entity Envelope containing the identified ManagedObject with only the valued attributes corresponding to the list of Attribute.
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - input/output parameter - optional	a generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.

# 4.1.2. getByIds

- Type: Operation
- Description:

Query several Managed Objects knowing their Identifiers

- Properties:

This operation is extendable

This operation is optional

- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

CapacityExceeded

AccessDenied



CommunicationLoss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply

### **4.1.2.1. Arguments**

name	datatype	properties	description
targetedObjects	EntityEnvelope	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1* - unique - passed by id - mandatory	The identifiers of the Managed Objects of interest
selectedAttributesNames	String	- input parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - mandatory	Llist of Attribute Names.
objects	EntityEnvelope	- output parameter - multiplicity is 1* - unique - passed by value - mandatory	Entity Envelopes containing the identified ManagedObject with only the valued attributes corresponding to the list of Attribute.
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - input/output parameter - optional	a generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.

# 4.1.3. getByContainment

- Type: Operation

- Description:

Query several Managed Objects in the same containment tree

- Properties:

This operation uses iterator bulk transfer pattern

This operation is extendable

This operation is optional

- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

CapacityExceeded

EntityNotFound

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply

#### **4.1.3.1. Arguments**

- 1				
- 1	nama	datatyne	nronerties	description
- 1	Hallic	uatatype	properties	description



baseObject	EntityEnvelope	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1 - unique - passed by id - mandatory	The identifier of a single Managed Object (the root of the subtree)
selectedAttributesNames	String	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1* - unique - mandatory	Llist of Attribute Names.
objects	EntityEnvelope	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by value - bulk potential - mandatory	Entity Envelopes Collection containing the Managed Objects of interest with only the valued attributes corresponding to the list of Attribute Names.
level	ScopeLevelSelector	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1 - unique - mandatory	A parameter indicating how many levels, in the containment tree, to select from from the root Managed Object
filter	DataFilter	- input parameter - multiplicity is 01 - unique - optional	this filter may be a Query Filter, a Template Filter or a Characteristics Filter. the Target System uses it to select from the Managed Objects already scoped in the containment tree only the ones matching the filter (called the Managed Objects of interest).
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - input/output parameter - optional	a generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.

# 4.1.4. getByTemplates

- Type: Operation

- Description:

Query several Managed Objects matching any Template from a List

- Properties:

This operation uses iterator bulk transfer pattern

This operation is extendable

This operation is optional

This operation can emit events

- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

CapacityExceeded

FilterNotSupported

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply

### **4.1.4.1. Arguments**

name	datatype	properties	description
templates	TemplateFilter	- multiplicity is 1*	One or several independent lists of valued attributes, each list belonging to a valid Object Class of the Information Model supported by the Target System (called the templates);



selectedAttributesNames	String	- input parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - optional	Llist of Attribute Names.
objects	EntityEnvelope	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by value - bulk potential - mandatory	Entity Envelopes Collection containing the Managed Objects of interest with only the valued attributes corresponding to the list of Attribute Names.
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - input/output parameter - optional	a generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.

# 4.1.5. getByTemplate

- Type: Operation

- Description:

Query several Managed Objects matching a Template

- Properties:

This operation uses iterator bulk transfer pattern

This operation is extendable

This operation is mandatory

- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply

#### **4.1.5.1.** Arguments

name	datatype	properties	description
template	TemplateFilter	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1 - unique - mandatory	
selectedAttributeNames	String	- input parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - optional	Llist of Attribute Names.
returnedObjects	EntityEnvelope	- output parameter - multiplicity is 01 - unique - passed by value - bulk potential - optional	
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - input/output parameter - optional	a generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.

# 4.1.6. getByCharacteristicFilter



- Type: Operation

- Description:

Query several Managed Objects matching a Characteristics Filter

- Properties:

This operation uses iterator bulk transfer pattern

This operation is extendable

This operation is optional

This operation can emit events

- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

CapacityExceeded

FilterNotSupported

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply

#### **4.1.6.1. Arguments**

name	datatype	properties	description
filter	CharacteristicFilter	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1 - unique - mandatory	Logical expression where atomic terms represent valued attributes;
selectedAttributesNames	String	- input parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - optional	Llist of Attribute Names.
objects	EntityEnvelope	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by value - bulk potential - mandatory	Entity Envelopes Collection containing the Managed Objects of interest with only the valued attributes corresponding to the list of Attribute Names.
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - input/output parameter - optional	a generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.

## 4.1.7. getByQueryFilter

- Type: Operation

- Description:

Query several Managed Objects matching a Query Filter

- Properties:

This operation uses iterator bulk transfer pattern

This operation is extendable

This operation is optional

- Return:



void

- Exceptions:

CapacityExceeded

FilterNotSupported

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply

### **4.1.7.1. Arguments**

name	datatype	properties	description
filter	QueryFilter	<ul><li>input parameter</li><li>multiplicity is 1</li><li>unique</li><li>mandatory</li></ul>	An XPATH expression where the atomic terms represent either an attribute name or an attribute value
objects	EntityEnvelope	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by value - bulk potential - mandatory	
selectedAttributesNames	String	- input parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - optional	
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - input/output parameter - optional	a generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.

# 4.1.8. getByEntityTypeNames

- Type: Operation

- Description:

Query by Entity Type Names

- Properties:

This operation is extendable

This operation is mandatory

- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

CapacityExceeded

AccessDenied

Communication Loss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply



### **4.1.8.1. Arguments**

name	datatype	properties	description
entityTypes	String	- input parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - mandatory	List of "Entity Type Names
selectedAttributesNames	String	- input parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - optional	Llist of Attribute Names.
objects	EntityEnvelope	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by value - bulk potential - mandatory	Entity Envelopes Collection containing the Managed Objects of interest with only the valued attributes corresponding to the list of Attribute Names.
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - input/output parameter - optional	a generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.

# 4.1.9. getByGraphQuery

- Type: Operation

- Description:

Query a Graph of Managed Objects based on a Graph Query.

- Properties:

This operation uses iterator bulk transfer pattern

This operation is extendable

This operation is optional

- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

CapacityExceeded

EntityNotFound

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

Invalid Input

NotImplemented

UnableToComply

### **4.1.9.1. Arguments**

name	datatype	properties	description
graphQuery	BaseGraphQuery	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1 - unique - mandatory	
graph	EntityEnvelopeGra ph	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by value - bulk potential - mandatory	Entity Envelopes Collection containing the Managed Objects of interest.
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - input/output parameter - optional	a generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.



## 4.1.10. getByAssociations

- Type: Operation
- Description:

Query a Graph of Managed Objects based on Association Selection.

- Properties:

This operation uses iterator bulk transfer pattern

This operation is extendable

This operation is optional

- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

CapacityExceeded

EntityNotFound

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply

### **4.1.10.1.** Arguments

name	datatype	properties	description
origin	EntityEnvelope	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1 - unique - passed by id - mandatory	
associationNames	String	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1* - unique - mandatory	
attributeNames	String	- input parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - optional	Llist of Attribute Names.
graph	EntityEnvelopeGra ph	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by value - bulk potential - mandatory	
extensionInfo	Any	- multiplicity is 01 - input/output parameter - optional	a generic list of any type of elements. Used for vendor extensions or loose element encapsulation from other namespaces.

# 4.2. InventoryUpdateSession

- Type: Session Artifact (Service Interface)
- Package: org.tmforum.tip.inv.model
- Operations exposed:

getPolicies



validateByIds
validateByTemplateFilters
createByValue
createByValues
createByTemplate
createMultipleByTemplate
deleteByIds
deleteByIds
deleteByTemplateFilters
modifyByTemplate
modifyByValue
modifyById
modifyByIds
modifyByAttributePatterns
modifyByTemplateFilters
modifyByValues

- Common Operations
- Properties:

This service interface is optional

## 4.2.1. getPolicies

- Type: Operation
- Description:

The Interface supports the capability for a Requesting System to query the Target System about which all policies related to the Update feature

- Properties:

This operation is not extendable

This operation is mandatory

- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply

### **4.2.1.1.** Arguments

name	datatype	properties	description
policies		<ul><li>output parameter</li><li>multiplicity is 1*</li><li>unique</li><li>mandatory</li></ul>	



### 4.2.2. validateByIds

- Type: Operation

- Description:

Validate Multiple Objects knowing their Identifiers

- Properties:

This operation is not extendable

This operation is optional

- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

ValidationException

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply

#### 4.2.2.1. Arguments

name	datatype	properties	description
baseObjectsToValidate	EntityEnvelope	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1* - unique - passed by id - mandatory	the Identifiers of the Objects (Base Objects) to check for validation.
scope	OperationTargetSco pe	- input parameter - multiplicity is 01 - unique - default value is 'BASEOBJECTSONLY' - optional	Operation Scope
objectsChecked	EntityEnvelopeRes ult	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by value - mandatory	Objects that were validated
objectsNotChecked	EntityEnvelopeRes ult	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by value - mandatory	Objects that do not exist

# 4.2.3. validateByTemplateFilters

- Type: Operation

- Description:

Validate Multiple Objects exactly matching any Template Filter from a List

- Properties:

This operation uses iterator bulk transfer pattern

This operation is not extendable

This operation is optional



- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

ValidationException

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply

### **4.2.3.1. Arguments**

name	datatype	properties	description
templates	TemplateFilter	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1* - unique - mandatory	
scope	OperationTargetSco pe	- input parameter - multiplicity is 01 - unique - default value is 'BASEOBJECTSONLY' - optional	
objectsChecked	EntityEnvelopeRes ult	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by value - bulk potential - mandatory	

# 4.2.4. createByValue

- Type: Operation

- Description:

Create a Single Object

- Properties:

This operation is not extendable

This operation is mandatory

- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

AtomicTransactionFailure

Duplicate

CreateException

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

Invalid Input

NotImplemented

UnableToComply



### **4.2.4.1.** Arguments

name	datatype	properties	description
objectToCreate	EntityEnvelope	<ul> <li>input parameter</li> <li>multiplicity is 1</li> <li>unique</li> <li>passed by value</li> <li>mandatory</li> </ul>	ObjectToCreate Entity Envelope
templateObjectReference	EntityEnvelope	- input parameter - multiplicity is 01 - unique - passed by id - optional	an Entity Identifier referring to an Object that must exist in the Target System
isAutoNamingRequested	boolean	- input parameter - multiplicity is 01 - unique - default value is 'false' - optional	Naming Boolean parameter
createdObject	EntityEnvelope	- output parameter - multiplicity is 1 - unique - passed by value - mandatory	A copy of the created Object encapsulated in an Entity Envelope.

# 4.2.5. createByValues

- Type: Operation

- Description:

Create Multiple Objects of Multiple Classes

- Properties:

This operation is not extendable

This operation is optional

- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

CapacityExceeded

Create Exception

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply

### **4.2.5.1.** Arguments

name	datatype	properties	description
objectsToCreate	EntityEnvelope	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1* - unique - passed by value - mandatory	Objects To Create A list of Entity Envelopes
executionMode	ExecutionMode	- input parameter - multiplicity is 01 - unique - default value is 'BESTEFFORT' - optional	this parameter indicates whether the execution should be BestEffort or Atomic



isAutoNamingRequested	boolean	- input parameter - multiplicity is 01 - unique - default value is 'false' - optional	Naming boolean parameter
createdObjects	EntityEnvelope	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by value - optional	list of Entity Envelopes, where each item contains a copy of a created Object encapsulated in an Entity Envelope
failedObjects	FailedObjectResult	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - optional	list of Failed Objects by Id

# 4.2.6. createByTemplate

- Type: Operation

- Description:

Create Multiple Objects of the Same Classby Value

- Properties:

This operation is not extendable

This operation is optional

- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

CapacityExceeded

CreateException

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply

### **4.2.6.1.** Arguments

name	datatype	properties	description
objectsToCreate	EntityEnvelope	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1* - unique - passed by value - mandatory	Entities to be Created
templateObjectValue	EntityEnvelope	- input parameter - multiplicity is 01 - unique - passed by value - optional	Template for Created Entities
isAutoNamingRequested	boolean	- input parameter - multiplicity is 01 - unique - default value is 'false' - optional	Auto Naming Parameter
executionMode	ExecutionMode	- input parameter - multiplicity is 01 - unique - default value is 'BESTEFFORT' - optional	Execution Mode



createdObjects	EntityEnvelope	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by value - mandatory	Created Objects
failedObjects	EntityEnvelopeRes ult	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by value - mandatory	Failed Objects

# 4.2.7. createMultipleByTemplate

- Type: Operation

- Description:

Create n Objects of the Same Classby Value

- Properties:

This operation is not extendable

This operation is optional

- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

CapacityExceeded

CreateException

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply

### **4.2.7.1.** Arguments

name	datatype	properties	description
numberOfObjectsToCreate	int	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1 - unique - mandatory	An integer value indicating how many Objects must be created.
objectClassName	String	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1 - unique - mandatory	The name of the Object Class of the Objects to create.
referenceTemplateValue	EntityEnvelope	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1 - unique - passed by value - mandatory	an Entity Envelope used as a template to create the entities
executionMode	ExecutionMode	- input parameter - multiplicity is 01 - unique - default value is 'BESTEFFORT' - optional	this parameter indicates whether the execution should be BestEffort or Atomic
superiorObjectId	EntityEnvelope	- input parameter - multiplicity is 01 - unique - passed by id - optional	the corresponding Object will be the superior of all the Objects to create (empty in the case the Objects to create are at the root level
createdObjects	EntityEnvelope	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by value - mandatory	Copies of Created Objects



failedObjects	FailedObjectResult	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique	Failed Objects
		- mandatory	

# 4.2.8. deleteByIds

- Type: Operation

- Description:

Delete Multiple Objects knowing their Identifiers

- Properties:

This operation is not extendable

This operation is mandatory

- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

DeleteException

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply

### **4.2.8.1. Arguments**

name	datatype	properties	description
baseObjectsToDelete	EntityEnvelope	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1* - unique - passed by id - mandatory	
scope	OperationTargetSco pe	<ul> <li>input parameter</li> <li>multiplicity is 01</li> <li>unique</li> <li>default value is 'BASEOBJECTSONLY'</li> <li>optional</li> </ul>	
executionMode	ExecutionMode	<ul> <li>input parameter</li> <li>multiplicity is 01</li> <li>unique</li> <li>default value is 'BESTEFFORT'</li> <li>optional</li> </ul>	
resultIndicator	ResultIndicator	<ul> <li>input parameter</li> <li>multiplicity is 01</li> <li>unique</li> <li>default value is 'BASEOBJECTSONLY'</li> <li>optional</li> </ul>	
deletedObjects	EntityEnvelope	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by id - mandatory	
failedObjects	FailedObjectResult	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - mandatory	



## 4.2.9. deleteByTemplateFilters

- Type: Operation

- Description:

Delete Multiple Objects exactly matching any TemplateFilter from a List

- Properties:

This operation uses iterator bulk transfer pattern

This operation is not extendable

This operation is optional

- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

DeleteException

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply

### **4.2.9.1.** Arguments

name	datatype	properties	description
templateFilter	TemplateFilter	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1* - unique - mandatory	Templates used for Targeting entities
scope	OperationTargetSco pe	- input parameter - multiplicity is 01 - unique - default value is 'BASEOBJECTSONLY' - optional	Operation Scope
executionMode	ExecutionMode	- input parameter - multiplicity is 01 - unique - default value is 'BESTEFFORT' - optional	Execution Mode
resultIndicator	ResultIndicator	- input parameter - multiplicity is 01 - unique - default value is 'BASEOBJECTSONLY' - optional	Result Indicator
failedAndDeletdObjects	EntityEnvelopeRes ult	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by value - bulk potential - optional	Failed and Deleted Objects in Iterator

## 4.2.10. modifyByTemplate

- Type: Operation

- Description:

Modify Multiple Objects of the Same Classby Value knowing their Identifiers

- Properties:



This operation is not extendable

This operation is optional

- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

ModifyException

CapacityExceeded

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply

### **4.2.10.1.** Arguments

name	datatype	properties	description
modificationObjects	EntityEnvelope	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1* - unique - passed by value - mandatory	A list of Entity Envelopes;
templateObjectValue	EntityEnvelope	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1 - unique - passed by value - mandatory	Entity Envelope with ValueObject
executionMode	ExecutionMode	- input parameter - multiplicity is 01 - unique - default value is 'BESTEFFORT' - optional	Execution Mode
modifiedObjects	EntityEnvelope	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by value - mandatory	the modified Objects encapsulated in an Entity Envelopes
failedObjects	EntityEnvelope	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by value - mandatory	Failed Objects

# 4.2.11. modifyByValue

- Type: Operation

- Description:

Modify a Single Object knowing its Identifier

- Properties:

This operation is not extendable

This operation is mandatory

- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

ModifyException



#### EntityNotFound

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply

### **4.2.11.1.** Arguments

name	datatype	properties	description
modificationObject	EntityEnvelope	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1 - unique - passed by value - mandatory	Object to be Modified
modifiedObject	EntityEnvelope	- output parameter - multiplicity is 1 - unique - passed by value - mandatory	Modified Object

# 4.2.12. modifyById

- Type: Operation

- Description:

Modify a Single Object with Modification Patternsknowing its Identifier

- Properties:

This operation is not extendable

This operation is mandatory

- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

ModifyException

Entity Not Found

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply

### **4.2.12.1.** Arguments

name	datatype	properties	description
identifierOfObjectToModify	EntityEnvelope	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1 - unique - passed by id - mandatory	The Identifier of the Object to modify;
attributeModificationPatterns	AttributeModificati onPattern	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1* - unique - mandatory	A set of Attribute Modification Patterns



modifiedObjects	EntityEnvelope	- multiplicity is 1 - unique - passed by value	The modified objects by value
		- mandatory	

## 4.2.13. modifyByIds

- Type: Operation

- Description:

Modify Multiple Objects with Modification Patternsknowing their Identifiers

- Properties:

This operation is not extendable

This operation is mandatory

- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

ModifyException

CapacityExceeded

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply

### **4.2.13.1.** Arguments

name	datatype	properties	description
identifiersOfObjectsToModify	EntityEnvelope	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1* - unique - passed by id - mandatory	A list of Identifiers (mandatory):this parameter represents the Identifiers of the Objects to modify
attributeModificationPatterns	AttributeModificati onPattern	<ul><li>input parameter</li><li>multiplicity is 1*</li><li>unique</li><li>mandatory</li></ul>	A set of Attribute Modification Patterns
executionMode	ExecutionMode	- input parameter - multiplicity is 01 - unique - default value is 'BESTEFFORT' - optional	Execution Mode
modifiedObjects	EntityEnvelope	<ul> <li>output parameter</li> <li>multiplicity is 0*</li> <li>unique</li> <li>passed by value</li> <li>mandatory</li> </ul>	the modified Objects encapsulated in Entity Envelopes array
failedObjects	EntityEnvelopeRes ult	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by value - mandatory	failedObjects

# ${\bf 4.2.14.}\ modify By Attribute Patterns$



- Type: Operation
- Description:

Modify Multiple Objects with Modification Patternsexactly matching any TemplateFilter from a List

- Properties:

This operation is not extendable

This operation is optional

- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

ModifyException

CapacityExceeded

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply

#### **4.2.14.1.** Arguments

name	datatype	properties	description
templateFilters	TemplateFilter	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1* - unique - mandatory	A list of Template Filters
attributeModificationPatterns	AttributeModificati onPattern	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1* - unique - mandatory	A set of Attribute Modification Patterns
executionMode	ExecutionMode	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1 - unique - default value is 'BESTEFFORT' - mandatory	Execution Mode
failedAndModifiedObjects	EntityEnvelopeRes ult	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by value - bulk potential - mandatory	Failed and Modified Objects using bulk transfer

## 4.2.15. modifyByTemplateFilters

- Type: Operation
- Description:

Modify Multiple Objects of the Same Classby Value and exactly matching any TemplateFilter from a List

- Properties:

This operation uses iterator bulk transfer pattern

This operation is not extendable

This operation is optional

- Return:

void



- Exceptions:

ModifyException

CapacityExceeded

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply

### **4.2.15.1.** Arguments

name	datatype	properties	description
templateFilters	TemplateFilter	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1* - unique - mandatory	A list of Templates.
referenceTemplate	EntityEnvelope	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1 - unique - passed by value - mandatory	A ValueObject
executionMode	ExecutionMode	- input parameter - multiplicity is 01 - unique - default value is 'BESTEFFORT' - optional	Execution Mode
failedAndModifiedObjects	EntityEnvelopeRes ult	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by value - bulk potential - mandatory	Failed and Modified Objects using bulk transfer

# 4.2.16. modifyByValues

- Type: Operation

- Description:

Modify Multiple Objects of Multiple Classes

- Properties:

This operation is not extendable

This operation is optional

- Return:

void

- Exceptions:

ModifyException

CapacityExceeded

AccessDenied

CommunicationLoss

InternalError

InvalidInput

NotImplemented

UnableToComply



### **4.2.16.1.** Arguments

name	datatype	properties	description
modificationObjects	EntityEnvelope	- input parameter - multiplicity is 1* - unique - passed by value - mandatory	
executionMode	ExecutionMode	- input parameter - multiplicity is 01 - unique - default value is 'BESTEFFORT' - optional	
modifiedObjects	EntityEnvelope	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by value - mandatory	Copies of Modified Objects
failedObjects	EntityEnvelopeRes ult	- output parameter - multiplicity is 0* - unique - passed by value - mandatory	Objects that failed