# Calculus I

# Implicit derivatives involving trigonometry, part

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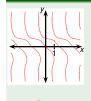
2019



$$\sin(2(x+y))=y^2\cos(2x).$$



$$\sin(2(x+y)) = y^2 \cos(2x).$$
  
 $\frac{d}{dx}(\sin(2(x+y))) = \frac{d}{dx}(y^2 \cos(2x))$ 



$$\sin(2(x+y)) = y^{2}\cos(2x).$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sin(2(x+y))) = \frac{d}{dx}(y^{2}\cos(2x))$$

$$= 2$$



$$\sin(2(x+y)) = y^{2}\cos(2x).$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sin(2(x+y))) = \frac{d}{dx}(y^{2}\cos(2x))$$

$$\cos(2(x+y))\frac{d}{dx}(2(x+y)) = ?$$



$$\sin(2(x+y)) = y^{2} \cos(2x).$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sin(2(x+y))) = \frac{d}{dx}(y^{2} \cos(2x))$$

$$\cos(2(x+y)) \frac{d}{dx}(2(x+y)) = ?$$



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$$\cos(2(x+y))\frac{d}{dx}(2(x+y)) = \frac{d}{dx}(y^{2})\cos(2x) + (y^{2})\frac{d}{dx}(\cos(2x))$$



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$$\cos(2(x+y)) ? \qquad )=? \cos(2x) + y^{2}?$$



$$\sin(2(x+y)) = y^{2}\cos(2x).$$

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$$\cos(2(x+y))\frac{d}{dx}(2(x+y)) = \frac{d}{dx}(y^{2})\cos(2x) + (y^{2})\frac{d}{dx}(\cos(2x))$$

$$\cos(2(x+y))\frac{d}{dx}(2x+y) = \cos(2x) + y^{2}$$



$$\sin(2(x+y)) = y^{2} \cos(2x).$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sin(2(x+y))) = \frac{d}{dx}(y^{2} \cos(2x))$$

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$$\cos(2(x+y))(2+2y') = ? \cos(2x) + y^{2}?$$



Find y as an expression of x and y.  

$$\sin(2(x+y)) = y^2 \cos(2x).$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sin(2(x+y))) = \frac{d}{dx}(y^2 \cos(2x))$$

$$\cos(2(x+y))\frac{d}{dx}(2(x+y)) = \frac{d}{dx}(y^2)\cos(2x) + (y^2)\frac{d}{dx}(\cos(2x))$$

$$\cos(2(x+y))(2+2y') = 2yy'\cos(2x) + y^2?$$



$$\sin(2(x+y)) = y^{2} \cos(2x).$$

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$$\cos(2(x+y))(2+2y') = 2yy'\cos(2x) + y^{2}(-\sin(2x))\frac{d}{dx}(2x)$$



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$$\cos(2(x+y)) (2+2y') = 2yy' \cos(2x) + y^{2}(-\sin(2x)) \frac{d}{dx}(2x)$$

$$2\cos(2(x+y)) (1+y') = 2yy' \cos(2x) - y^{2} \sin(2x)$$
?



$$\sin(2(x+y)) = y^2 \cos(2x).$$

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$$2\cos(2(x+y))(1+y') = 2yy'\cos(2x) - y^2\sin(2x)$$
?



Find 
$$y'$$
 as an expression of  $x$  and  $y$ .
$$\sin(2(x+y)) = y^2 \cos(2x).$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sin(2(x+y))) = \frac{d}{dx}(y^2 \cos(2x))$$

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$$\sin(2(x+y)) = \frac{d}{dx}(y^{2} \cos(2x))$$

$$\cos(2(x+y)) \frac{d}{dx}(2(x+y)) = \frac{d}{dx}(y^{2}) \cos(2x) + (y^{2}) \frac{d}{dx}(\cos(2x))$$

$$\cos(2(x+y)) (2+2y') = 2yy' \cos(2x) + y^{2}(-\sin(2x)) \frac{d}{dx}(2x)$$

$$2\cos(2(x+y)) (1+y') = 2yy' \cos(2x) - y^{2} \sin(2x)$$

$$\sin(2(x+y)) + y' \cos(2(x+y)) = yy' \cos(2x) - y^{2} \sin(2x)$$

$$\cos(2(x+y)) + y'\cos(2(x+y)) = yy'\cos(2x) - y^2\sin(2x)$$



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$$2\cos(2(x+y)) + y' \cos(2(x+y)) = yy' \cos(2x) - y^2 \sin(2x)$$

$$y' \cos(2(x+y)) - yy' \cos(2x) = -\cos(2(x+y)) - y^2 \sin(2x)$$

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$$\cos(2(x+y))(2+2y') = 2yy'\cos(2x) + y^{2}(-\sin(2x))\frac{d}{dx}(2x)$$

$$2\cos(2(x+y))(1+y') = 2yy'\cos(2x) - y^{2}\sin(2x)2$$

$$\cos(2(x+y)) + y'\cos(2(x+y)) = yy'\cos(2x) - y^{2}\sin(2x)$$

$$y'\cos(2(x+y)) - yy'\cos(2x) = -\cos(2(x+y)) - y^{2}\sin(2x)$$

$$y'(\cos(2(x+y)) - y\cos(2x)) = -\cos(2(x+y)) - y^{2}\sin(2x)$$

$$y' = \frac{-\cos(2(x+y)) - y^{2}\sin(2x)}{\cos(2(x+y)) - y\cos(2x)}.$$