Calculus I Homework Logarithmic derivatives

1. Compute the derivative.

(a)
$$\ln(4x)$$
 (j) $\ln(-6x+2)$

$$\frac{x}{1} \text{ instance}$$
 (k) $\ln(-3x)$

$$\frac{x}{1} \text{ instance}$$
 (k) $\ln\left(\frac{3x-2}{-2x+3}\right)$
(c) $\log_2(5x)$
$$\frac{x(\xi) \ln 1}{2} \text{ instance}$$
 (l) $\ln\left(\frac{5x-4}{-x-5}\right)$
(d) $\log_{10}(-3x)$ (l) $\ln\left(\frac{5x-4}{-x-5}\right)$
(e) $x^6 \ln(2x)$
$$\frac{x'(\alpha) \ln 1}{2} \text{ instance}$$
 (m) $\ln\left(\frac{3x+1}{4x-5}\right)$.
(f) $x^4 \ln(2x)$
$$e^{x+(x\xi) \ln_2 x g} \text{ instance}$$
 (m) $\ln\left(\frac{3x+1}{4x-5}\right)$.
(g) $\ln(x^4)$ (n) $\ln(\cot x)$
(h) $(\ln(x))^4$ (o) $\ln(\sec(2x))$
(i) $\ln(7x+1)$ (p) $f(x) = \ln(\sec x) + \ln(\cot x)$.

Solution. 1.k

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \left(\ln \left(\frac{3x-2}{-2x+3} \right) \right) = \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \left(\ln(3x-2) - \ln(-2x+3) \right) \quad \text{logarithm properties}$$

$$= \frac{(3x-2)'}{(3x-2)} - \frac{(-2x+3)'}{-2x+3} \quad \text{chain rule}$$

$$= \frac{3}{3x-2} - \frac{-2}{-2x+3}$$

$$= \frac{3}{3x-2} - \frac{2}{2x-3}$$

$$= \frac{-5}{6x^2 - 13x + 6} \quad \text{combine fractions (optional)}.$$

answer: $\frac{7}{1+x7}$

Solution. 1.m

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left(\ln \left(\frac{3x+1}{4x-5} \right) \right) = \frac{d}{dx} \left(\ln(3x+1) - \ln(4x-5) \right)$$

$$= \frac{(3x+1)'}{3x+1} - \frac{(4x-5)'}{4x-5}$$

$$= \frac{3}{3x+1} - \frac{4}{4x-5}$$

$$= \frac{-19}{12x^2 - 11x - 5}$$
 | step optional.

Solution. 1.p

$$\begin{split} \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} (\ln(\sec x) + \ln(\cot x)) &= \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \left(\ln\left(\frac{1}{\cos x}\right) + \ln\left(\frac{\cos x}{\sin x}\right) \right) \\ &= \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \left(-\ln(\cos x) + \ln\left(\cos x\right) - \ln(\sin x) \right) \\ &= -\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} (\ln(\sin x)) & \text{chain rule} \\ &= -\frac{1}{\sin x} \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} (\sin x) \\ &= -\frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \\ &= -\cot x \end{split}$$

2. Differentiate.

3. Find the limit.