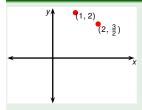
#### **Precalculus**

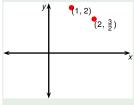
# Compute parabola with given vertex and passing through a point

**Todor Milev** 

2019



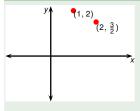
Write an equation of a parabola with vertex at (1,2) that passes through the point  $(2,\frac{3}{2})$ .



Write an equation of a parabola with vertex at (1,2) that passes through the point  $(2,\frac{3}{2})$ .

$$a(x-h)^2+k = y$$

Standard form

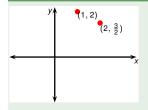


Write an equation of a parabola with vertex at (1,2) that passes through the point  $(2,\frac{3}{2})$ .

$$a(x-h)^2+k = y$$

$$a(x-?)^2+? = y$$

Standard form



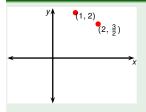
Write an equation of a parabola with vertex at (1,2) that passes through the point  $(2,\frac{3}{2})$ .

$$a(x-h)^2+k = y$$

$$a(x-1)^2+2 = y$$

Standard form

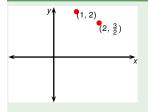
Vertex at (1,2)



Write an equation of a parabola with vertex at (1,2) that passes through the point  $(2,\frac{3}{2})$ .

$$a(x - h)^2 + k = y$$
  
 $a(x - 1)^2 + 2 = y$ 

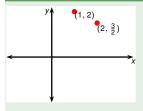
Standard form
Vertex at (1,2)



Write an equation of a parabola with vertex at  $(1, \frac{2}{2})$  that passes through the point  $(2, \frac{3}{2})$ .

$$a(x-h)^2 + k = y$$
  
 $a(x-1)^2 + 2 = y$ 

Standard form
Vertex at (1,2)

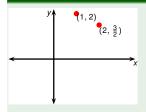


Write an equation of a parabola with vertex at (1,2) that passes through the point  $(2,\frac{3}{2})$ .

$$a(x-h)^2 + k = y$$
  
 $a(x-1)^2 + 2 = y$   
 $a(2-1)^2 + 2 = \frac{3}{2}$ 

Standard form

Vertex at (1,2)

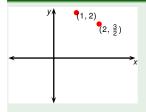


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Standard form

Vertex at (1,2)

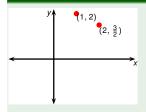


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Standard form

Vertex at (1,2)

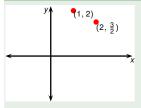


Write an equation of a parabola with vertex at (1,2) that passes through the point  $(2,\frac{3}{2})$ .

$$a(x-h)^{2} + k = y$$
  
 $a(x-1)^{2} + 2 = y$   
 $a(2-1)^{2} + 2 = \frac{3}{2}$   
 $a = \frac{3}{2} - 2$ 

Standard form

Vertex at (1,2)

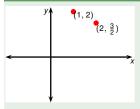


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 $a(2-1)^{2} + 2 = \frac{3}{2}$   
 $a = \frac{3}{2} - 2$ 

Standard form

Vertex at (1,2)

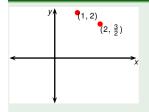


Write an equation of a parabola with vertex at (1,2) that passes through the point  $(2,\frac{3}{2})$ .

$$a(x-h)^{2} + k = y$$
  
 $a(x-1)^{2} + 2 = y$   
 $a(2-1)^{2} + 2 = \frac{3}{2}$   
 $a = \frac{3}{2} - 2 = -\frac{1}{2}$ 

Standard form

Vertex at (1,2)



Write an equation of a parabola with vertex at (1,2) that passes through the point  $(2,\frac{3}{2})$ .

$$a(x-h)^{2} + k = y$$

$$a(x-1)^{2} + 2 = y$$

$$a(2-1)^{2} + 2 = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$a = \frac{3}{2} - 2 = -\frac{1}{2}$$

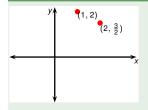
$$y = -\frac{1}{2}(x-1)^{2} + 2$$

Standard form

Vertex at (1,2)

Passes through  $(2, \frac{2}{3})$ 

Final answer



Write an equation of a parabola with vertex at (1,2) that passes through the point  $(2,\frac{3}{2})$ .

$$a(x-h)^{2} + k = y$$

$$a(x-1)^{2} + 2 = y$$

$$a(2-1)^{2} + 2 = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$a = \frac{3}{2} - 2 = -\frac{1}{2}$$

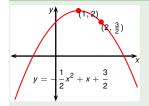
$$y = -\frac{1}{2}(x-1)^{2} + 2$$

Standard form

Vertex at (1,2)

Passes through  $(2, \frac{2}{3})$ 

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Write an equation of a parabola with vertex at (1,2) that passes through the point  $(2,\frac{3}{2})$ .

$$a(x-h)^{2} + k = y$$

$$a(x-1)^{2} + 2 = y$$

$$a(2-1)^{2} + 2 = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$a = \frac{3}{2} - 2 = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}(x-1)^{2} + 2$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x^{2} + x + \frac{3}{2}$$

Standard form

Vertex at (1,2)

Passes through  $(2, \frac{2}{3})$ 

Final answer

Alternative answer