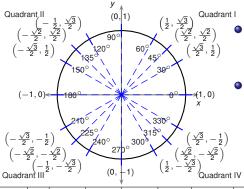
Precalculus

The values of sin, cos at special angles

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- One only needs to memorize sines and cosines in Quadrant I and on the axes.
- The remaining sines and cosines are extracted by
 - taking the sine/cosine of the reference angle
 - and adjusting the sign according to the quadrant.

Deg.	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°	120°	135°	150°	180°	270°	360°
Rad.	0	$\frac{\pi}{6}$	$\frac{\pi}{4}$	$\frac{\pi}{3}$	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{2\pi}{3}$	$\frac{3\pi}{4}$	$\frac{5\pi}{6}$	π	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	2π
sin	0	1 2	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	1 2	0	-1	0
cos	1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	-1	0	1