

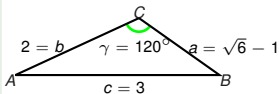
Precalculus

Solve triangle from two sides and an angle

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Example



The longest side of a triangle has length 3 and the angle opposite to it is 120° . Another side of that triangle has length 2.

- Find the length of the third side.
- Find the area of the triangle.

$$a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos \gamma = c^2$$

$$a^2 + 2^2 - 2a \cdot 2 \cdot \cos 120^\circ = 3^2$$

Law of cosines
Solve for a :

$$a^2 - 4a \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right) - 5 = 0$$

$$a^2 + 2a - 5 = 0$$

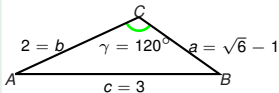
$$a = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{2^2 - 4 \cdot (-5) \cdot 1}}{2 \cdot 1}$$

$$= \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{24}}{2} = \frac{-2 + 2\sqrt{6}}{2}$$

$$= -1 + \sqrt{6}$$

$a > 0$

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$$\text{Area} = \frac{ab \sin \gamma}{2} = \frac{(\sqrt{6} - 1) \cancel{2} \sqrt{3}}{\cancel{2} \cdot 2}$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}}{2}$$