# Calculus I

Reference: The notation  $F(x)]_a^b$ 

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We often use the notation

$$F(x)]_a^b = F(b) - F(a)$$

or

$$[F(x)]_a^b = F(b) - F(a)$$

Therefore we can write

$$\int_a^b f(x) \mathrm{d}x = F(x)]_a^b$$

or

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx = [F(x)]_a^b$$



Find the area under the parabola  $y = x^2$  from 0 to 1.



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Find the area under the cosine curve from 0 to b, where  $0 \le b \le \frac{\pi}{2}$ .

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