

## Calculus I

# Maxima and minima of polynomials over closed intervals

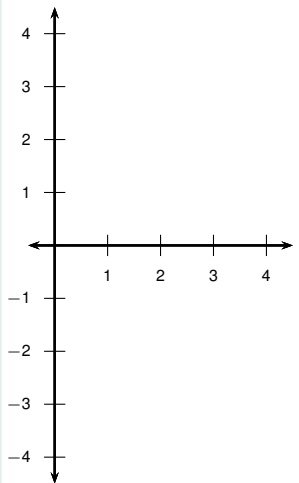
Todor Milev

2019

## Example

Find the maximum and minimum values of the function

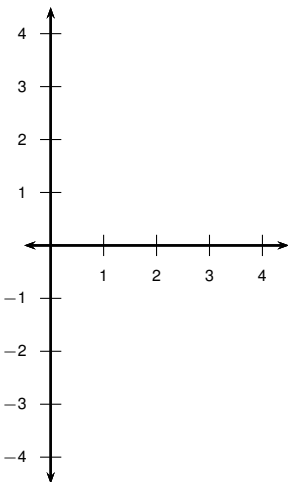
$f(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 5$  on the interval  $[1, 3]$ .



## Example

Find the maximum and minimum values of the function

$f(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 5$  on the interval  $[1, 3]$ .

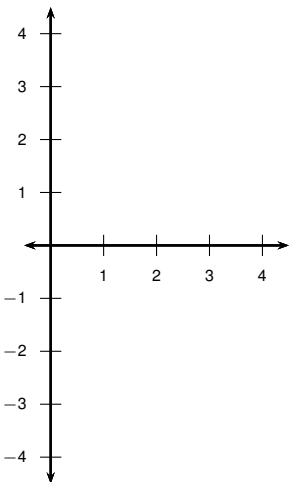


$$f'(x) = -3x^2 + 4x + 4$$

## Example

Find the maximum and minimum values of the function

$f(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 5$  on the interval  $[1, 3]$ .

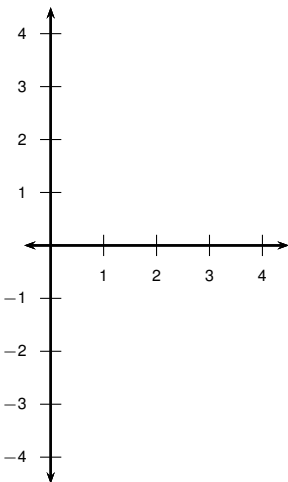


$$\begin{aligned}f'(x) &= -3x^2 + 4x + 4 \\ &= (-3x - 2)(x - 2)\end{aligned}$$

## Example

Find the maximum and minimum values of the function

$f(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 5$  on the interval  $[1, 3]$ .



$$f'(x) = -3x^2 + 4x + 4$$

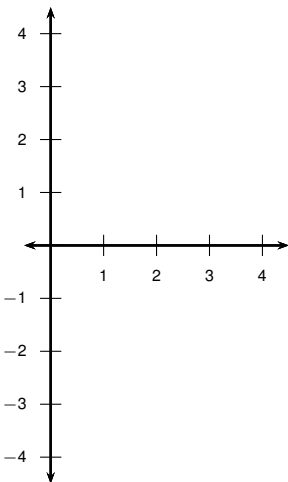
$$= (-3x - 2)(x - 2)$$

If  $f'(x) = 0$ ,  $x = -\frac{2}{3}$  or  $2$ .

## Example

Find the maximum and minimum values of the function

$f(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 5$  on the interval  $[1, 3]$ .



$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= -3x^2 + 4x + 4 \\ &= (-3x - 2)(x - 2) \end{aligned}$$

If  $f'(x) = 0$ ,  $x = -\frac{2}{3}$  or  $2$ .

Need to check:

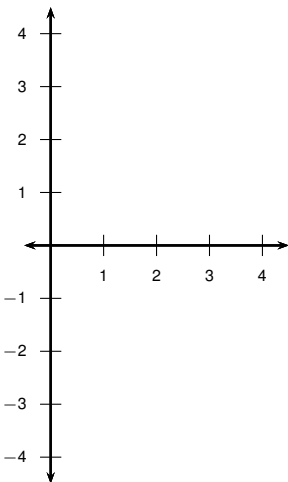
- 1 The critical numbers of  $f$  in  $[a, b]$ .
- 2 The endpoints  $a$  and  $b$ .

$x$	$f(x)$

## Example

Find the maximum and minimum values of the function

$f(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 5$  on the interval  $[1, 3]$ .



$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= -3x^2 + 4x + 4 \\ &= (-3x - 2)(x - 2) \end{aligned}$$

If  $f'(x) = 0$ ,  $x = -\frac{2}{3}$  or  $2$ .

Need to check:

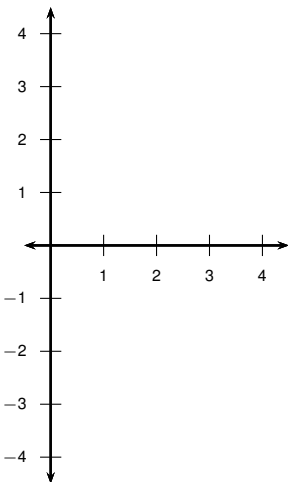
- 1 The critical numbers of  $f$  in  $[a, b]$ .
- 2 The endpoints  $a$  and  $b$ .

$x$	$f(x)$

## Example

Find the maximum and minimum values of the function

$f(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 5$  on the interval  $[1, 3]$ .



$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= -3x^2 + 4x + 4 \\ &= (-3x - 2)(x - 2) \end{aligned}$$

If  $f'(x) = 0$ ,  $x = -\frac{2}{3}$  or **2**.

Need to check:

- 1 The critical numbers of  $f$  in  $[a, b]$ .
- 2 The endpoints  $a$  and  $b$ .

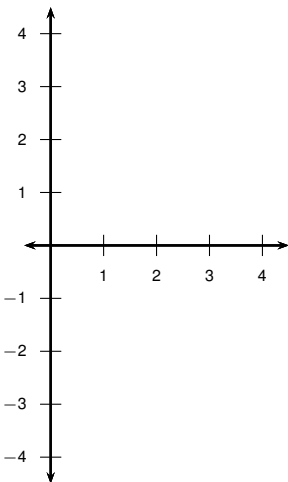
$x$	$f(x)$
<b>2</b>	



## Example

Find the maximum and minimum values of the function

$f(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 5$  on the interval  $[1, 3]$ .



$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= -3x^2 + 4x + 4 \\ &= (-3x - 2)(x - 2) \end{aligned}$$

If  $f'(x) = 0$ ,  $x = -\frac{2}{3}$  or  $2$ .

Need to check:

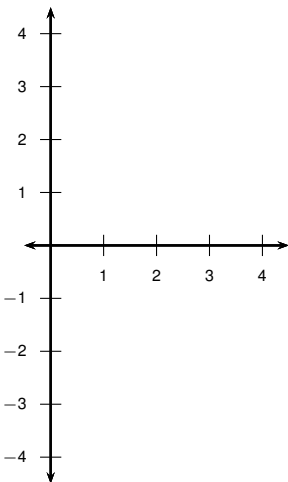
- 1 The critical numbers of  $f$  in  $[a, b]$ .
- 2 The endpoints  $a$  and  $b$ .

$x$	$f(x)$
2	

## Example

Find the maximum and minimum values of the function

$f(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 5$  on the interval  $[1, 3]$ .



$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= -3x^2 + 4x + 4 \\ &= (-3x - 2)(x - 2) \end{aligned}$$

If  $f'(x) = 0$ ,  $x = -\frac{2}{3}$  or  $2$ .

Need to check:

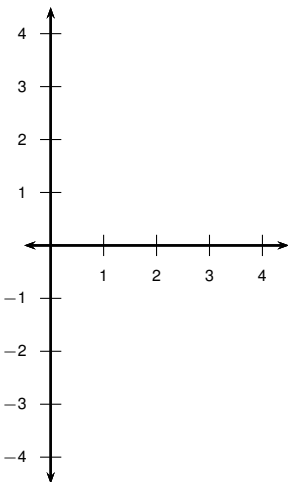
- 1 The critical numbers of  $f$  in  $[a, b]$ .
- 2 The endpoints  $a$  and  $b$ .

$x$	$f(x)$
1	
2	
3	

## Example

Find the maximum and minimum values of the function

$f(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 5$  on the interval  $[1, 3]$ .



$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= -3x^2 + 4x + 4 \\ &= (-3x - 2)(x - 2) \end{aligned}$$

If  $f'(x) = 0$ ,  $x = -\frac{2}{3}$  or  $2$ .

Need to check:

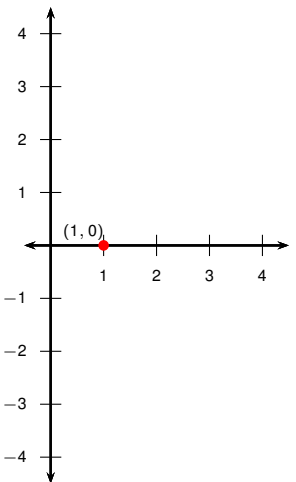
- 1 The critical numbers of  $f$  in  $[a, b]$ .
- 2 The endpoints  $a$  and  $b$ .

$x$	$f(x)$
1	?
2	
3	

## Example

Find the maximum and minimum values of the function

$f(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 5$  on the interval  $[1, 3]$ .



$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= -3x^2 + 4x + 4 \\ &= (-3x - 2)(x - 2) \end{aligned}$$

If  $f'(x) = 0$ ,  $x = -\frac{2}{3}$  or  $2$ .

Need to check:

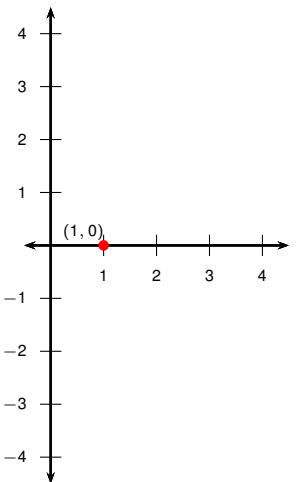
- 1 The critical numbers of  $f$  in  $[a, b]$ .
- 2 The endpoints  $a$  and  $b$ .

$x$	$f(x)$
1	0
2	
3	

## Example

Find the maximum and minimum values of the function

$f(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 5$  on the interval  $[1, 3]$ .



$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= -3x^2 + 4x + 4 \\ &= (-3x - 2)(x - 2) \end{aligned}$$

If  $f'(x) = 0$ ,  $x = -\frac{2}{3}$  or 2.

Need to check:

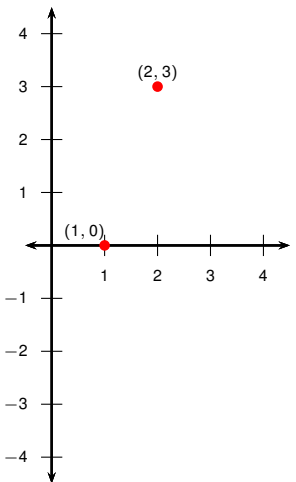
- 1 The critical numbers of  $f$  in  $[a, b]$ .
- 2 The endpoints  $a$  and  $b$ .

$x$	$f(x)$
1	0
2	?
3	

## Example

Find the maximum and minimum values of the function

$f(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 5$  on the interval  $[1, 3]$ .



$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= -3x^2 + 4x + 4 \\ &= (-3x - 2)(x - 2) \end{aligned}$$

If  $f'(x) = 0$ ,  $x = -\frac{2}{3}$  or  $2$ .

Need to check:

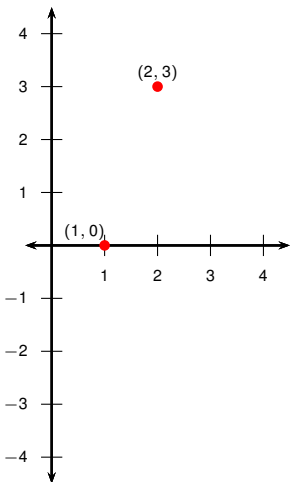
- 1 The critical numbers of  $f$  in  $[a, b]$ .
- 2 The endpoints  $a$  and  $b$ .

$x$	$f(x)$
1	0
2	3
3	

## Example

Find the maximum and minimum values of the function

$f(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 5$  on the interval  $[1, 3]$ .



$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= -3x^2 + 4x + 4 \\ &= (-3x - 2)(x - 2) \end{aligned}$$

If  $f'(x) = 0$ ,  $x = -\frac{2}{3}$  or  $2$ .

Need to check:

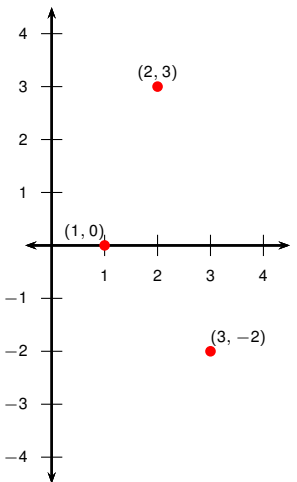
- 1 The critical numbers of  $f$  in  $[a, b]$ .
- 2 The endpoints  $a$  and  $b$ .

$x$	$f(x)$
1	0
2	3
3	?

## Example

Find the maximum and minimum values of the function

$f(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 5$  on the interval  $[1, 3]$ .



$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= -3x^2 + 4x + 4 \\ &= (-3x - 2)(x - 2) \end{aligned}$$

If  $f'(x) = 0$ ,  $x = -\frac{2}{3}$  or  $2$ .

Need to check:

- 1 The critical numbers of  $f$  in  $[a, b]$ .
- 2 The endpoints  $a$  and  $b$ .

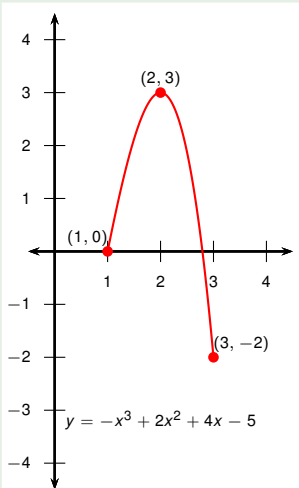
$x$	$f(x)$
1	0
2	3
3	-2



## Example

Find the maximum and minimum values of the function

$f(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 5$  on the interval  $[1, 3]$ .



$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= -3x^2 + 4x + 4 \\ &= (-3x - 2)(x - 2) \end{aligned}$$

If  $f'(x) = 0$ ,  $x = -\frac{2}{3}$  or  $2$ .

Need to check:

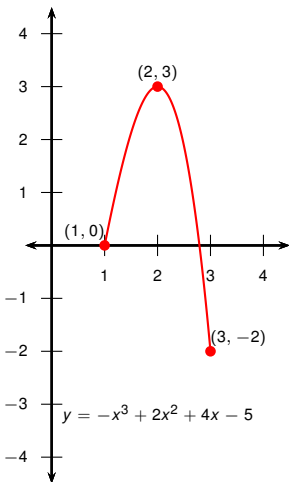
- 1 The critical numbers of  $f$  in  $[a, b]$ .
- 2 The endpoints  $a$  and  $b$ .

$x$	$f(x)$
1	0
2	3
3	-2

## Example

Find the maximum and minimum values of the function

$f(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 5$  on the interval  $[1, 3]$ .



$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= -3x^2 + 4x + 4 \\ &= (-3x - 2)(x - 2) \end{aligned}$$

If  $f'(x) = 0$ ,  $x = -\frac{2}{3}$  or  $2$ .

Need to check:

- ① The critical numbers of  $f$  in  $[a, b]$ .
- ② The endpoints  $a$  and  $b$ .

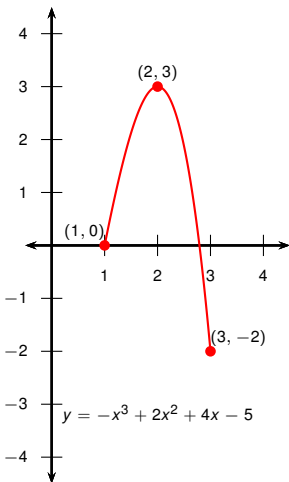
$x$	$f(x)$
1	0
2	3
3	-2

Maximum on  $[1, 3]$ : Minimum on  $[1, 3]$ :

## Example

Find the maximum and minimum values of the function

$f(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 5$  on the interval  $[1, 3]$ .



$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= -3x^2 + 4x + 4 \\ &= (-3x - 2)(x - 2) \end{aligned}$$

If  $f'(x) = 0$ ,  $x = -\frac{2}{3}$  or  $2$ .

Need to check:

- 1 The critical numbers of  $f$  in  $[a, b]$ .
- 2 The endpoints  $a$  and  $b$ .

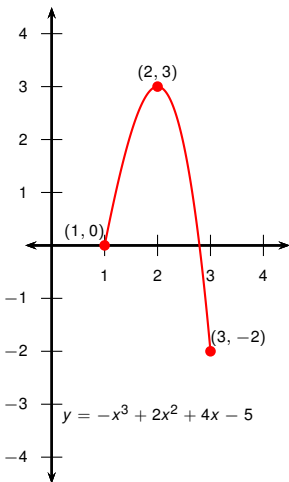
$x$	$f(x)$
1	0
2	3
3	-2

Maximum on  $[1, 3]$ : 3. Minimum on  $[1, 3]$ :

## Example

Find the maximum and minimum values of the function

$f(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 5$  on the interval  $[1, 3]$ .



$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= -3x^2 + 4x + 4 \\ &= (-3x - 2)(x - 2) \end{aligned}$$

If  $f'(x) = 0$ ,  $x = -\frac{2}{3}$  or  $2$ .

Need to check:

- ① The critical numbers of  $f$  in  $[a, b]$ .
- ② The endpoints  $a$  and  $b$ .

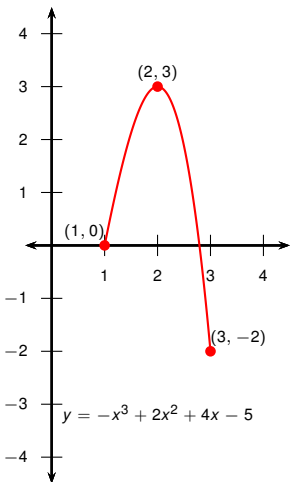
$x$	$f(x)$
1	0
2	3
3	-2

Maximum on  $[1, 3]$ : 3. Minimum on  $[1, 3]$ :

## Example

Find the maximum and minimum values of the function

$f(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 5$  on the interval  $[1, 3]$ .



$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= -3x^2 + 4x + 4 \\ &= (-3x - 2)(x - 2) \end{aligned}$$

If  $f'(x) = 0$ ,  $x = -\frac{2}{3}$  or  $2$ .

Need to check:

- 1 The critical numbers of  $f$  in  $[a, b]$ .
- 2 The endpoints  $a$  and  $b$ .

$x$	$f(x)$
1	0
2	3
3	-2

Maximum on  $[1, 3]$ : 3. Minimum on  $[1, 3]$ : -2.