

Calculus II

Integrals with irreducible quadratic denominator

Todor Milev

2019

Building blocks IIa and IIIa

Building block IIa: $\int \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx$. Building block IIIa: $\int \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$.

Example (Block IIa)

$$\int \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx$$

Building blocks IIa and IIIa

Building block IIa: $\int \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx$. Building block IIIa: $\int \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$.

Example (Block IIa)

$$\int \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)} \frac{d(x^2)}{2}$$

Building blocks IIa and IIIa

Building block IIa: $\int \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx$. Building block IIIa: $\int \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$.

Example (Block IIa)

$$\begin{aligned}\int \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx &= \int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)} \frac{d(x^2)}{2} \\ &= \int \frac{1}{1+x^2} \frac{d(1+x^2)}{2}\end{aligned}$$

Building blocks IIa and IIIa

Building block IIa: $\int \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx$. Building block IIIa: $\int \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$.

Example (Block IIa)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx &= \int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)} \frac{d(x^2)}{2} \\
 &= \int \frac{1}{\overset{1+x^2}{\text{red}}} \frac{\overset{d(1+x^2)}{\text{red}}}{2} \\
 &= \int \frac{1}{\overset{u}{\text{red}}} \frac{\overset{du}{\text{red}}}{2}
 \end{aligned}
 \quad \left| \quad \text{Set } \overset{u}{\text{red}} = 1 + x^2 \right.$$

Building blocks IIa and IIIa

Building block IIa: $\int \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx$. Building block IIIa: $\int \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$.

Example (Block IIa)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx &= \int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)} \frac{d(x^2)}{2} \\
 &= \int \frac{1}{1+x^2} \frac{d(1+x^2)}{2} && \left| \text{Set } u = 1+x^2 \right. \\
 &= \int \frac{1}{u} \frac{du}{2} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \ln |u| + C
 \end{aligned}$$

Building blocks IIa and IIIa

Building block IIa: $\int \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx$. Building block IIIa: $\int \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$.

Example (Block IIa)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx &= \int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)} \frac{d(x^2)}{2} \\
 &= \int \frac{1}{1+x^2} \frac{d(1+x^2)}{2} && \left| \text{Set } u = 1+x^2 \right. \\
 &= \int \frac{1}{u} \frac{du}{2} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \ln |u| + C = \frac{1}{2} \ln (1+x^2) + C .
 \end{aligned}$$

Building blocks IIa and IIIa

Building block IIa: $\int \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx$. Building block IIIa: $\int \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$.

Example (Block IIa)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx &= \int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)} \frac{d(x^2)}{2} \\
 &= \int \frac{1}{1+x^2} \frac{d(1+x^2)}{2} && \left| \text{Set } u = 1+x^2 \right. \\
 &= \int \frac{1}{u} \frac{du}{2} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \ln |u| + C = \frac{1}{2} \ln (1+x^2) + C .
 \end{aligned}$$

Example (Block IIIa)

$$\int \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$$

Building blocks IIa and IIIa

Building block IIa: $\int \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx$. Building block IIIa: $\int \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$.

Example (Block IIa)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx &= \int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)} \frac{d(x^2)}{2} \\
 &= \int \frac{1}{1+x^2} \frac{d(1+x^2)}{2} && \left| \text{Set } u = 1+x^2 \right. \\
 &= \int \frac{1}{u} \frac{du}{2} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \ln |u| + C = \frac{1}{2} \ln (1+x^2) + C .
 \end{aligned}$$

Example (Block IIIa)

$$\int \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx = ?$$

Building blocks IIa and IIIa

Building block IIa: $\int \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx$. Building block IIIa: $\int \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$.

Example (Block IIa)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx &= \int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)} \frac{d(x^2)}{2} \\
 &= \int \frac{1}{1+x^2} \frac{d(1+x^2)}{2} && \left| \text{Set } u = 1+x^2 \right. \\
 &= \int \frac{1}{u} \frac{du}{2} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \ln |u| + C = \frac{1}{2} \ln (1+x^2) + C .
 \end{aligned}$$

Example (Block IIIa)

$$\int \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx = \arctan x + C$$