Phase Structure and Transport Properties of (Very) Dense QCD Matter

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High Density Quark Matter

Goal: What is the densest (2nd densest, 3rd densest, ...) phase of (three flavor) quark matter?

What are the properties (thermodynamics, transport, . . .) of these phases?

Are these properties consistent with observational constraints? Do they provide unique signatures?

Strategy: Weak coupling/effective field theory methods.

$$N_f = 3$$
: CFL Phase

Consider
$$N_f = 3 \ (m_i = 0)$$

$$\langle q_i^a q_j^b \rangle = \phi \ \epsilon^{abI} \epsilon_{ijI}$$

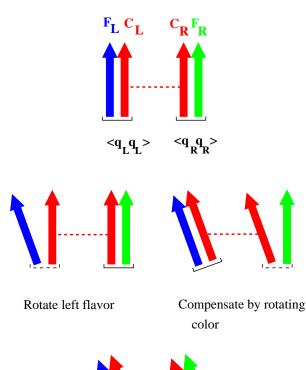
 $\langle ud \rangle = \langle us \rangle = \langle ds \rangle$
 $\langle rb \rangle = \langle rg \rangle = \langle bg \rangle$

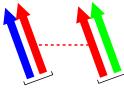
Symmetry breaking pattern:

$$SU(3)_L \times SU(3)_R \times [SU(3)]_C$$

 $\times U(1) \rightarrow SU(3)_{C+F}$

All quarks and gluons acquire a gap [8] + [1] fermions, Q integer



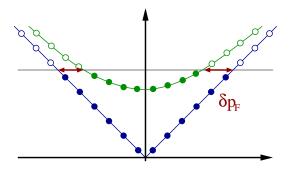


... have to rotate right flavor also!

$$\langle \psi_L \psi_L \rangle = -\langle \psi_R \psi_R \rangle$$

Towards the real world: Non-zero strange quark mass

Have $m_s > m_u, m_d$: Unequal Fermi surfaces



$$\delta p_F \simeq \frac{m_s^2}{2p_F}$$

Also: If $p_F^s < p_F^{u,d}$ have unequal densities

Charge neutrality not automatic

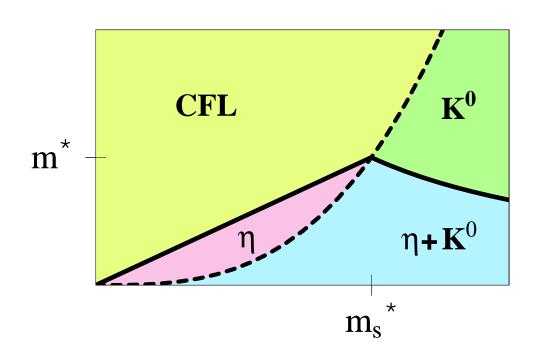
Strategy

Consider $N_f=3$ at $\mu\gg\Lambda_{QCD}$ (CFL phase)

Study response to $m_s \neq 0$

Constrained by chiral symmetry

Phase Structure of CFL Phase



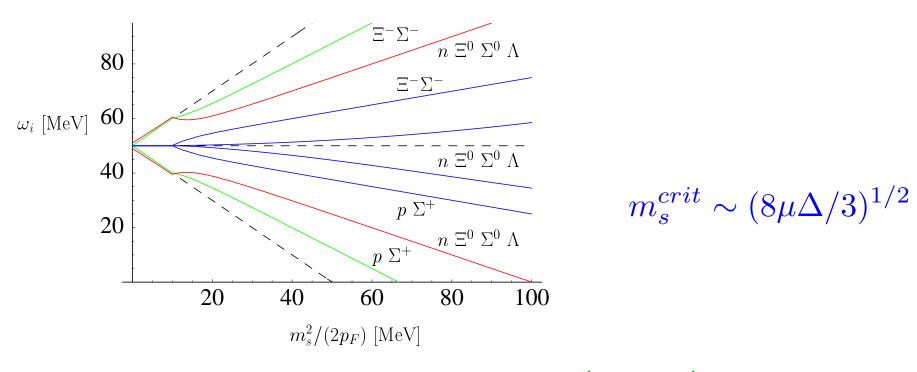
$$m_s^{crit} \sim 3.03 \, m_d^{1/3} \Delta^{2/3}$$

 $m^* \sim 0.017 \, \alpha_s^{4/3} \Delta$

QCD realization of s-wave meson condensation

Driven by strangeness oversaturation of CFL state

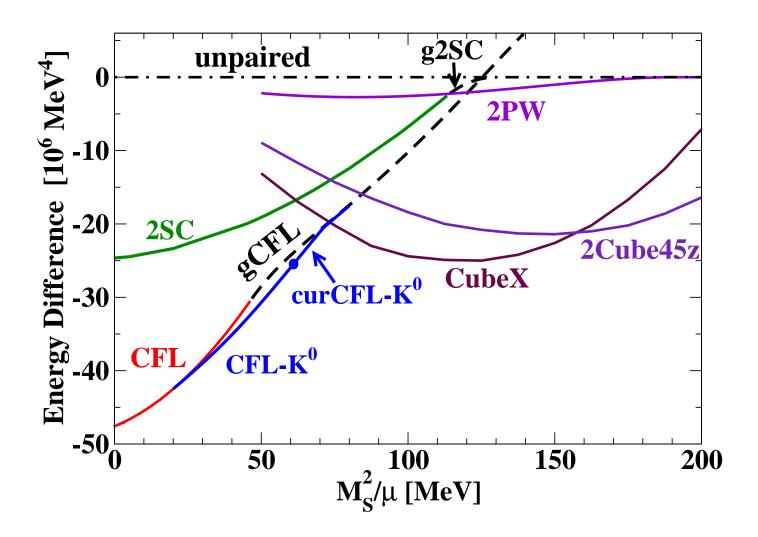
Fermion Spectrum



gapless fermion modes (gCFLK)

(chromomagnetic) instabilities?

Competition between phases



 $\mathsf{CFL} \to \mathsf{CFLK} \to \mathsf{curCFLK} \to \mathsf{crystCFL}$

Transport Properties

Dissipative Terms $(v^i, v^i_s \text{ normal, superfluid velocity; } w^i = v^i_s - v^i)$

$$\dot{E} = -\frac{\eta}{2} \int d^3x \left(\partial_i v_j + \partial_j v_i - \frac{2}{3} \delta_{ij} \partial_k v_k \right)^2 - \frac{\kappa}{T} \int d^3x \left(\partial_i T \right)^2$$

$$-\int d^3x \left[\zeta_2(\partial_i v_i)^2 + 2\zeta_1(\partial_k v_k)\nabla_j(\rho_s w_j) + \zeta_3(\partial_k(\rho_s w_k))^2\right]$$

Relevant to r-mode damping

Neutrino emissivity

$$\epsilon_{\nu} = \frac{dE_{\nu}}{dtd^3x}$$

Relevant to cooling (together with κ, c_v)

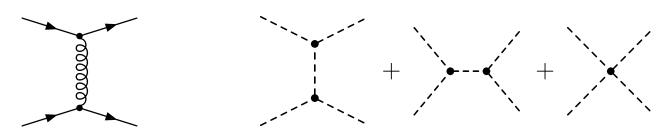
Kinetics: Quasi-particles

Quasi-particles control transport of flavor, energy, and momentum.

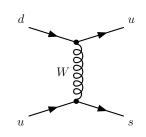
Neutrino emissivity, neutrino mean free path:

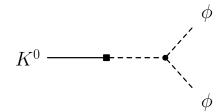


Shear viscosity, thermal conductivity

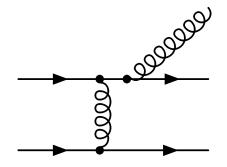


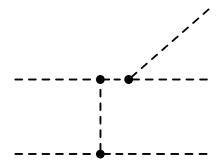
Bulk viscosity: Weak interaction





Bulk viscosity: Strong interaction





Umpaired Quark Matter

$$\kappa \simeq 0.5 \frac{m_D^2}{\alpha_s^2}$$

$$\eta \simeq 4.4 \times 10^{-3} \frac{\mu^4 m_D^{2/3}}{\alpha_s^2 T^{5/3}}$$

$$\zeta \simeq \frac{\alpha T^2}{\omega^2 + \beta T^4} \quad (\alpha, \beta^{1/2} \sim G_F^2)$$

$$\epsilon_{\nu} \simeq \frac{457}{630} \alpha_s G_F^2 T^6 \mu_e \mu_u \mu_d$$

CFL Quark Matter

$$\eta = 1.3 \times 10^{-4} \, \frac{\mu^8}{T^5}$$

$$\zeta_2 = 0.011 \frac{m_s^4}{T}$$

$$\zeta_2 = \frac{C\gamma_K}{\omega^2 + \gamma_K^2} \quad (\gamma_K \sim G_F^2 f_K^2)$$

weak kaon decay

$$\epsilon_{\pi} \sim AG_F^2 f_{\pi}^2 m_{\pi}^2 n_{\pi}$$

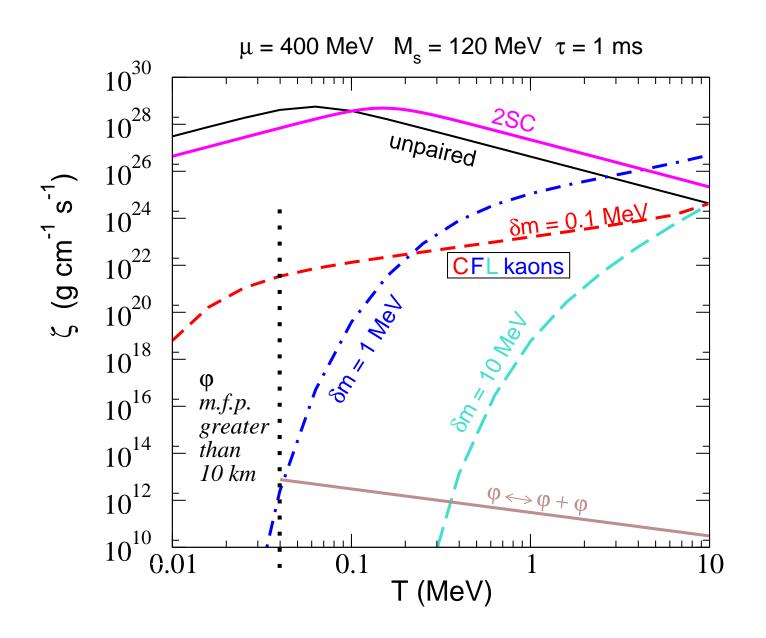
pion (kaon) decay

$$\kappa \simeq 4.01 \times 10^{-2} \, \frac{\mu^8}{\Delta^6} \, \mathrm{MeV}^2 \,.$$

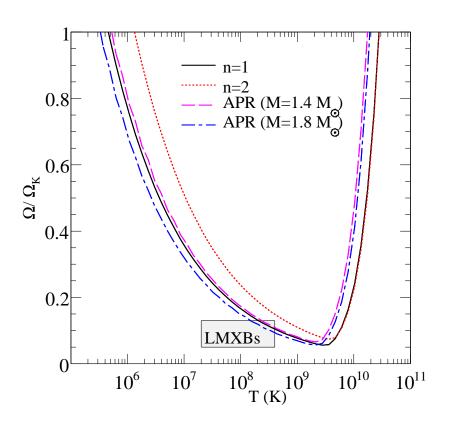
phonons, kaons

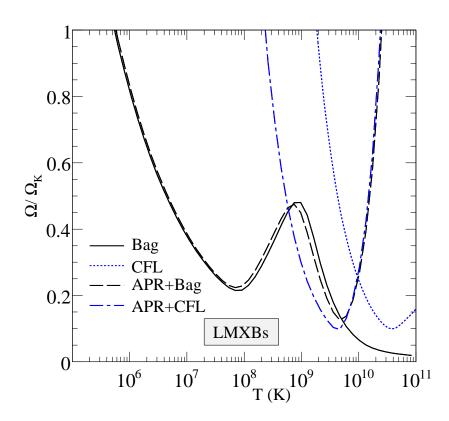
Also
$$\zeta_1 \sim m_s^2/(\mu T)$$
 and $\zeta_3 \sim 1/(\mu^2 T)$.

Bulk viscosity: CFL vs unpaired quark matter



R-mode stability





Jaikumar, Rupak, Steiner (2010)

Summary

Order of phases (going down in density): CFL, CFLK, curCFL,

Transport coefficients available for unpaired quark matter, CFL, some CFLK.

Questions: Multi-fluid hydro, other mechanisms (friction at interfaces, mutual friction), R-mode profiles in hybrid stars with very inhomogeneous dissipation, dissipation in non-linear regime.