

# Computer Network Configuration

## RCOM Lab 2 - Report

Turma 7

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## **Summary**

This lab was conducted to design and implement a complete file download system. The project had three primary goals: to develop a download application, to configure a functional computer network enabling file transfer from a server and to analyze the entire data exchange process.

The work was structured into two main phases. First, the download application's architecture was created and tested, with a successful file transfer documented using Wireshark to capture the underlying FTP protocol exchange. Second, a series of six targeted network experiments were configured and executed. Each experiment involved setting up specific network architectures, applying configuration commands, and analyzing packet logs to explore core networking concepts like TCP behavior and congestion control.

The project successfully achieved its objectives. A working application and network were built, facilitating a practical file transfer. Most importantly, through hands-on configuration and detailed analysis of network traffic, the lab provided direct insight into the fundamental mechanisms of data exchange, flow control, and protocol interaction, thereby reinforcing key theoretical concepts with empirical evidence.

## **Introduction**

This report explores the process of developing a file download application using the FTP and TCP/IP protocols, together with the design and implementation of a computer network where the application is tested. The main objectives of this project are to understand the correct use of the FTP protocol for file transfer, to study the functionality of network devices such as switches and routers, and to learn how to configure a simple computer network. By combining application development with network setup, this project provides practical insight into data communication and network operation.

### **Part 1 – Download application**

The download application is a command-line FTP file downloader application written in C that retrieves files from FTP servers through a sequence of FTP protocol commands. The application follows a modular, step-by-step architecture designed to parse URLs, resolve hostnames, establish network connections and download files. The main modules of the application are the Main Controller, URL Parser, DNS Resolver, FTP Client and File Creator.

The Main controller (defined in `download.c`) is responsible for orchestrating the entire download process and coordinating the interaction between all modules.

The URL Parser (defined in `parser.c` and `parser.h`) parses FTP URLs into structured components. It validates the URL format and protocol, extracts the protocol, username, password, host, and file path, and defaults to anonymous authentication when no user credentials are provided.

The DNS Resolver (defined in `getip.c` and `getip.h`) resolves hostnames into IP addresses and populates the corresponding IP field in the URL structure.

The FTP Client (defined in `clientTCP.c` and `clientTCP.h`) manages all FTP protocol communication by using two sockets: one for the control connection (`termA`) and another for the data connection (`termB`). Initially, `termA` establishes the control connection and authenticates the user. Subsequently, `termB` sets up a passive-mode data connection. The

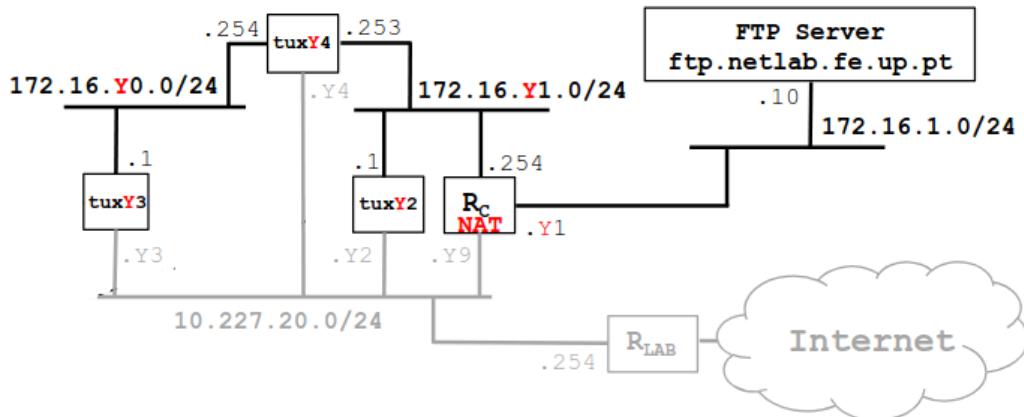
control socket then issues the RETR command to request the file specified in the URL path, after which termB receives the file content through the data connection.

Finally, the File Creator module (defined in `create_file.c` and `create_file.h`) is responsible for storing the downloaded content in the local file system.

Our application was successful at retrieving and downloading a file from a FTP server, as is shown below on the logs **A. Successful Download**, specifically the file present in **/put/teste.txt**, from the netlab server. The FTP Protocol proves this with the “Response: Transfer Complete.”.

## Part 2 – Network configuration and analysis

In this part of the lab, we will configure a computer network over desk 5 in order for the download application to be able to download files via the [ftp.netlab.fe.up.pt](ftp://ftp.netlab.fe.up.pt) FTP Server. By the end of all experiments, the network will resemble something like this:



The Y, in our case, stands for 5. We followed the exact protocol and steps detailed in the guide.

### Exp 1 - Configure an IP Network

This experiment established a direct link between two hosts, tux53 and tux54, by connecting them to a switch and configuring their network interfaces. After verifying connectivity with a ping command and recording the initial state of routing and ARP tables, the ARP cache on tux53 was deliberately cleared. A Wireshark capture was then initiated on tux53 to record all network traffic while a series of ICMP echo requests (ping) were sent to tux54, capturing the complete process of ARP resolution followed by the ICMP exchange.

### Exp 1 - Questions/Logs

The ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) is used to map an IP address to a physical MAC address on a local network, allowing devices to interact with each other. Therefore, the ARP packets allow a device to discover the MAC address associated with a known IP address.

When device A tries to send a packet to device B but it doesn't have its MAC mapped to the IP, device A will send an ARP request via broadcast MAC address (FF:FF:FF:FF:FF) to all devices on the local network, specifying the target IP address to

find the MAC address of device B. Device B recognizes its own IP address as the target, therefore creating an ARP packet containing its MAC address and sending it directly to device A, using the MAC address of device A provided in the original request. Device A receives the reply and then maps the MAC of device B to the IP of device B, being able to properly communicate with it.

The ping command first generates ARP packets (the message via Broadcast and the reply) and then the ICMP (Internet Control Message Protocol) packets.

Through this experiment, we can see through the log **B.Experiment 1** the MAC and IP addresses of ping packets.

Wireshark allows its user to identify the type of data packets sent, either by displaying its name or a colour, and also the length of a receiving frame.

Wireshark also allows its user to identify the length of a receiving frame in the "Length" column. Although ARP is a fixed-length protocol, the IP has a Total Length field in its header and ICMP's length depends on the IP's Total Length field.

The loopback interface is a visual interface that allows a computer to communicate with itself. It's important since it allows the user to test network configurations.

## Exp 2 - Implement two bridges in a switch

This experiment established a controlled network topology by creating and assigning custom bridges (bridge50 and bridge51) on a switch, moving the connections for hosts tux52, tux53, and tux54 from the default bridge to these isolated segments through GTK.

After initially recording the interface state of tux52, connectivity was evaluated by sending ICMP echo requests from tux53 to tux54 and to tux52 while capturing traffic on tux53 (C. Exp 2 Ping from tux53 to tux54 and D. Exp 2 Ping from tux53 to tux52). Subsequently, simultaneous packet captures were started on all three hosts to analyze broadcast behavior, first during a broadcast ping from tux53 to the 172.16.50.255 subnet (E. Exp 2 Ping Broadcast from tux53, capture at tux52; F. Exp 2 Ping Broadcast from tux53, capture at tux53; G. Exp 2 Ping Broadcast from tux53, capture at tux54) and then repeated during a broadcast ping from tux52 to the 172.16.51.255 subnet, with all traffic logged for comparative analysis (H. Exp 2 Ping Broadcast from tux52, capture at tux52; I. Exp 2 Ping Broadcast from tux52, capture at tux53; J. Exp 2 Ping Broadcast from tux52, capture at tux54).

## Exp 2 - Questions

The following commands allow the configuration of bridge50 by just inserting them into the Mikrotik terminal:

- /interface bridge add name=bridge50
- /interface bridge port remove [find interface=ether3]
- /interface bridge port remove [find interface=ether4]
- /interface bridge port add bridge=bridge50 interface=ether3
- /interface bridge port add bridge=bridge50 interface=ether4

Through Logs **E through J**, we can verify that there are two broadcast domains: 172.16.50.0/24 and 172.16.51.0/24, since tux53 can broadcast to itself and to tux54, but it does not send any ICMP packages to tux52 and tux52 can only broadcast to itself.

## Exp 3 - Configure a Router in Linux

This experiment configured host tux54 as a functional router by setting up its second network interface, adding it to bridge51, enabling IP forwarding, and adjusting broadcast handling, with its interface addresses recorded. After reconfiguring tux53 and tux52 for routed connectivity, their routing tables were inspected. Packet capture on tux53 monitored ICMP echo requests sent to key IP addresses across the subnets to verify routing functionality. Finally, a fresh address resolution test was conducted by clearing all ARP caches and initiating a sustained ICMP exchange from tux53 to tux52 while capturing traffic on both interfaces of the tux54 router, with all logs saved for analysis.

### Exp 3 - Questions

Tux53 has one route on top of the ones it uses for the loopback interface, network 172.16.51.0/24 via gateway: 172.16.50.254.. Tux54 has only its loopback interface routes. Tux52 has one route on top of the ones it uses for the loopback interface, network 172.16.50.0/24 via gateway 172.16.51.253. Routes indicate to an interface how to reach a network. They are routed to the correct interface whenever they want to access any other of that specific network.

An entry of the forwarding table contains a route with the following attributes:  
Destination (network), Gateway, Genmask, Flags, Metric, Ref, Use and Interface;

Through logs **M** and **N**, it is visible to see the ARP messages and their associated MAC addresses through the interface if\_e1 and if\_e2 of tux54, respectively. The ARP messages show that tuxY3 successfully resolved its gateway's MAC, but the gateway could not reach tux52. No ARP reply came from tux52, so the gateway sent ICMP Host Unreachable messages back, causing the ping to fail.

Through the observation of log **N**, it is verified that ICMP Echo Requests and Destination Unreachable packets are observed in this experiment. This happens because tux53 sends ping requests to tux52 through its gateway, but the gateway cannot reach tux52.

The IP and MAC addresses associated with ICMP packets in this experiment are:

Packet Type	Source IP	Destination IP	Source MAC	Destination MAC	Why
<b>ICMP Echo Request</b>	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.1	TPLink_c2: 51:4b	TPLink_c2: 10:59	tuxY3 sending ping to tuxY2 via gateway (ARP resolved gateway MAC).
<b>ICMP Dest. Unreachable</b>	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	TPLink_c2: 10:59	TPLink_c2: 51:4b	Gateway informing tuxY3 that tuxY2 is unreachable.

### Exp 4 - Configure a Commercial Router and Implement NAT

This experiment integrated router RC into the existing network, connecting one interface to the lab network with default NAT and another to bridge51, and configuring its IP addresses via console. Static routes were added across all hosts (tux53, tux54, tux52) and RC to ensure full subnet reachability, which was verified using ICMP and packet captures.

The experiment then explored routing behavior by first disabling ICMP redirects on tux52 (**Log O**) and changing its gateway for the 172.16.50.0/24 subnet to RC (**Log P**), analyzing packet paths and performing traceroutes. This configuration was reverted to use tux54 as the gateway, and traceroute was repeated before re-enabling redirects under specific conditions to observe the resulting behavior (**Log Q**). Finally, connectivity to an external FTP server was tested, and the impact of disabling NAT on router RC was analyzed through subsequent pings (**Logs R and S**).

#### Exp 4 - Questions

Using GTKTerminal, connected to the commercial router, we use the command “/ip route add” to add a static route specifying the destination network and the IP address so that traffic is forwarded correctly between networks.

Observing logs **O** through **Q**, it’s visible the paths followed by the packets, with and without ICMP redirect enabled, in the experiments carried out on this experiment.

Those were:

- Without ICMP Redirects (using RC as gateway):
  - tux52 → RC → tux54 → tux53 → tux54 → tux52
  - tux52 uses RC as its default gateway, so all traffic to 172.16.50.1 goes via RC. RC knows tux54 is the next hop to reach 172.16.50.0/24, so it forwards it there. The reply path is symmetric because tux53 replies via tux54 directly to tux52.
- Without ICMP Redirects (using tux54 as gateway):
  - tux52 → tux54 → tux53 → tux54 → tux52
  - tux52 is configured to use tux54 as its gateway for 172.16.50.1, so it sends traffic directly to tux54. tux54 routes it to tux53. Replies go back via tux54 because tux53 uses tux54 as its gateway for 172.16.51.0/24.
- With ICMP Redirects (using tux54 as gateway):
  - tux52 → RC → tux54 → tux53 → tux54 → tux52
  - tux52 → tux54 → tux53 → tux54 → tux52
  - ICMP Redirect is triggered when a router (RC) receives a packet that it must forward out the same interface it came in on — indicating a suboptimal route. RC informs tux52 to send future packets directly to tux54. This optimizes the path by removing the unnecessary hop through RC.

To configure NAT in a commercial router, we used **/ip firewall nat add chain=srcnat action=masquerade out-interface=ether1**, but the command to make the changes is in GTK “/ip firewall nat ...”.

(NAT) is a method used to map a private, internal IP address space to a single public IP address, allowing multiple devices on a local network to access external networks. By acting as an intermediary, NAT enhances security by hiding internal network topology from the public internet; however, because it typically only allows outbound-initiated connections, any external client wishing to reach a specific server inside the NAT-protected network must use Port Forwarding to map a specific public port to the server's internal destination.

By observing the log **S**, it's verified that with NAT disabled, pings from tux53 to the FTP server do not respond. Meaning that there is no ICMP reply from the FTP server to the tux53 ping. This happens because the FTP server cannot route replies back to the private IP 172.16.50.1.

### Exp 5 - DNS

This experiment configured DNS services on hosts tux53, tux54, and tux52 using the [netlab.fe.up.pt](#) DNS server. Name resolution was verified by pinging hostnames and testing via a web browser. Finally, DNS packet analysis was performed by sending ICMP echo requests to a new Internet hostname while using Wireshark to capture and examine the associated DNS query and response traffic.

### Exp 5 - Questions

To configure the DNS service in a host, write the below lines into the opened file after using the command **sudo nano /etc/resolv.conf**:

- search [netlab.fe.up.pt](#)
- nameserver 10.227.20.3

DNS Queries (Requests) and DNS responses are exchanged by DNS. These packets follow the DNS Message Format (Identification (16bit), Flags, Questions, Answers, Authority, Additional information) and can be observed in log **T**.

### Exp 6 - TCP connections

This experiment compiled and executed a file download application on host tux53 while capturing network traffic to analyze the complete FTP transaction. The analysis focused on the separate TCP control and data connections, detailing their establishment, data transfer with ARQ mechanisms, termination phases, and TCP congestion control behavior, supported by Wireshark's statistical tools. Finally, the experiment observed the impact of concurrent traffic by initiating a second download from tux52 during an ongoing transfer, using statistical analysis to evaluate how TCP throughput varies under shared network conditions. To do this last part of the experiment, the [mirrors.up.pt](#) server was used due to a constraint in traffic in the [netlab.fe.up.pt](#) server. Thus, the TCP and FTP packages will show accordingly.

### Exp 6 - Questions

The FTP application opens two TCP connections: one Control Connection (Persistent connection on port 21 for FTP commands and responses) and a Data Connection (Temporary connection on a dynamically assigned port (in passive mode) for actual file transfer).

FTP control information is transported exclusively through the Control Connection.

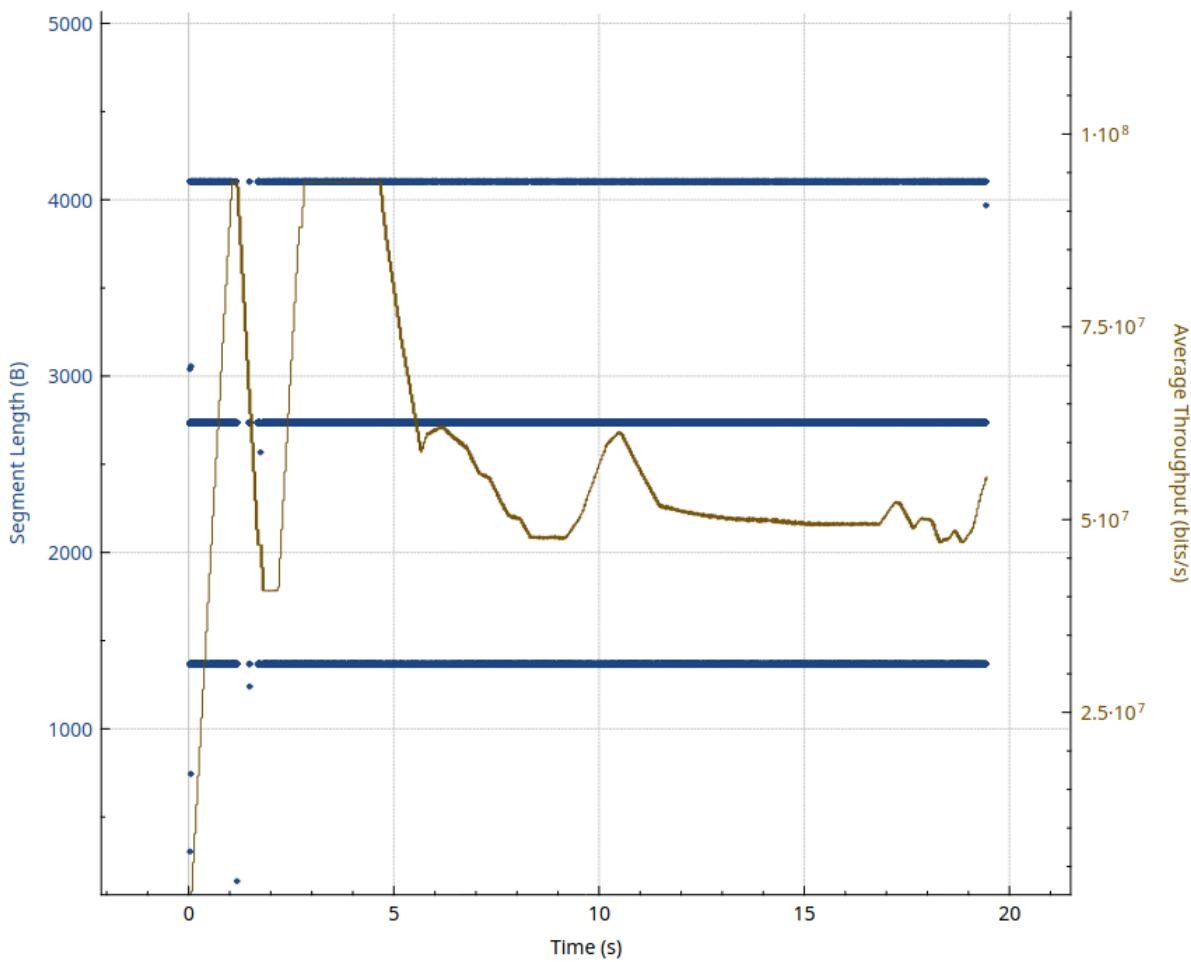
A TCP connection goes through three main phases: Connection establishment (3-way handshake), Data transfer phase and Connection termination (4-way handshake).

TCP uses Selective Repeat ARQ with cumulative acknowledgments, retransmitting segments when acknowledgments are not received within a calculated timeout, ensuring reliable data delivery. Sequence Number, Acknowledgement Number, ACK Flag, Window Size, Checksum are relevant fields on it. This can be verified through both log **A** and log **U**.

In the congestion control, the receiver's advertised TCP window tells the sender how much data it can accept. If the window becomes full, the receiver sends a zero-window ACK,

pausing transmission. Ignoring this causes packet loss and retransmissions. When the receiver is ready, a window update resumes sending. This is part of TCP's flow control.

The throughput of the first TCP connection is significantly disturbed by the start of a second connection, as shown by the immediate drop in speed at the five-second mark in the captured graph. Before the second download begins, the first connection occupies the full bandwidth at nearly 100 Mbps, but the sudden competition causes the TCP congestion control mechanism to reduce the first sender's congestion window to prevent network collapse. This behavior follows the principle of fairness, where the two flows eventually stabilize at roughly 50 Mbps each, effectively splitting the total available capacity of the network link as they both utilize the additive increase multiplicative decrease algorithm to share resources.



a. Throughput graph of download.

## Conclusions

In conclusion, this lab successfully developed a functional download application and configured the necessary network to transfer a file from a server. The analysis, structured around the application architecture and six key network experiments, provided practical insight into protocols like FTP and TCP. Through configuration, packet capture, and log analysis, the core objectives of understanding data exchange, network behavior, and control mechanisms were effectively achieved.

## Annexes:

Below follows all the annexes requested for the protocol, including the code of the download application, all the configuration commands and finally the logs captured and used for analysis.

## Logs

1 0.000000000	Routerboardc_1c:a3:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:a3:2c Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
2 1.441740529	172.16.120.1	172.16.1.10	TCP	74 44338 -> 21 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TStamp=3102652546 TSecr=0 WS=128
3 1.442238717	172.16.1.10	172.16.120.1	TCP	74 21 -> 44338 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=65160 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TStamp=2023103222 TSecr=0 WS=128
4 1.442262666	172.16.120.1	172.16.1.10	TCP	66 44338 -> 21 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TStamp=3102652546 TSecr=2023103222
5 1.446490946	172.16.1.10	172.16.120.1	FTP	86 Response: 220 (vsFTPD 3.0.5)
6 1.446517568	172.16.120.1	172.16.1.10	TCP	66 44338 -> 21 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=21 Win=64256 Len=0 TStamp=3102652550 TSecr=2023103226
7 1.446598878	172.16.120.1	172.16.1.10	FTP	82 Request: USER anonymous
8 1.446959254	172.16.1.10	172.16.120.1	TCP	66 21 -> 44338 [ACK] Seq=21 Ack=17 Win=65280 Len=0 TStamp=2023103226 TSecr=3102652550
9 1.447053517	172.16.1.10	172.16.120.1	FTP	100 Response: 331 Please specify the password.
10 1.447330602	172.16.120.1	172.16.1.10	FTP	82 Request: PASS anonymous
11 1.452708325	172.16.1.10	172.16.120.1	FTP	89 Response: 230 Login successful.
12 1.452869898	172.16.120.1	172.16.1.10	FTP	72 Request: PASV
13 1.453648545	172.16.1.10	172.16.120.1	FTP	116 Response: 227 Entering Passive Mode (172,16,1,10,178,106).
14 1.453759081	172.16.120.1	172.16.1.10	TCP	74 57372 -> 45674 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TStamp=3102652558 TSecr=0 WS=128
15 1.454195734	172.16.1.10	172.16.120.1	TCP	74 45674 -> 57372 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=65160 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TStamp=2023103234
16 1.454216139	172.16.120.1	172.16.1.10	TCP	66 57372 -> 45674 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TStamp=3102652558 TSecr=2023103234
17 1.454459995	172.16.120.1	172.16.1.10	FTP	87 Request: RETR /pub/teste.txt
18 1.455374974	172.16.1.10	172.16.120.1	FTP	137 Response: 150 Opening BINARY mode data connection for /pub/teste.txt (6 bytes).
19 1.455375230	172.16.1.10	172.16.120.1	FTP-DA...	72 FTP Data: 6 bytes (PASV) (RETR /pub/teste.txt)
20 1.455375280	172.16.1.10	172.16.120.1	TCP	66 45674 -> 57372 [FIN, ACK] Seq=7 Ack=1 Win=65280 Len=0 TStamp=2023103235 TSecr=3102652558
21 1.455403946	172.16.120.1	172.16.1.10	TCP	66 57372 -> 45674 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=7 Win=64256 Len=0 TStamp=3102652559 TSecr=2023103235
22 1.455441153	172.16.120.1	172.16.1.10	TCP	66 57372 -> 45674 [FIN, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=8 Win=64256 Len=0 TStamp=3102652559 TSecr=2023103235
23 1.455841870	172.16.1.10	172.16.120.1	TCP	66 45674 -> 57372 [ACK] Seq=8 Ack=2 Win=65280 Len=0 TStamp=2023103235 TSecr=3102652559
24 1.455984085	172.16.1.10	172.16.120.1	FTP	90 Response: 226 Transfer complete.
25 1.455983473	172.16.120.1	172.16.1.10	TCP	66 44338 -> 21 [ACK] Seq=60 Ack=223 Win=64256 Len=0 TStamp=3102652560 TSecr=2023103235
26 1.456168244	172.16.120.1	172.16.1.10	TCP	66 44338 -> 21 [FIN, ACK] Seq=60 Ack=223 Win=64256 Len=0 TStamp=3102652560 TSecr=2023103235
27 1.456597941	172.16.1.10	172.16.120.1	TCP	66 21 -> 44338 [FIN, ACK] Seq=223 Ack=61 Win=65280 Len=0 TStamp=2023103236 TSecr=3102652560
28 1.456618769	172.16.120.1	172.16.1.10	TCP	66 44338 -> 21 [ACK] Seq=61 Ack=224 Win=64256 Len=0 TStamp=3102652560 TSecr=2023103236

### A. Part 1 Successful Download Logs

10 16.959540081	TPLink_c2:51:4b	Broadcast	ARP	42 Who has 172.16.50.254? Tell 172.16.50.1
11 16.959717828	TPLink_c2:10:59	TPLink_c2:51:4b	ARP	60 172.16.50.254 is at ec:75:0:c:c2:10:59
12 16.959718349	TPLink_c2:17:3e	TPLink_c2:51:4b	ARP	60 172.16.50.254 is at ec:75:0:c2:17:3e
13 16.959732789	172.16.50.1	172.16.50.254	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x3ff9, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (reply in 14)
14 16.959915583	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x3ff9, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (request in 13)
15 17.97391769	172.16.50.1	172.16.50.254	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x3ff9, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (reply in 16)
16 17.979606249	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x3ff9, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (request in 15)

### B. Experiment 1

14 25.615824095	172.16.50.1	172.16.50.254	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x40a4, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (reply in 15)
15 25.616075683	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x40a4, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (request in 14)
16 26.019900219	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
17 26.632906469	172.16.50.1	172.16.50.254	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x40a4, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (reply in 18)
18 26.633154122	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x40a4, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (request in 17)
19 27.656905925	172.16.50.1	172.16.50.254	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x40a4, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (reply in 20)
20 27.657160526	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x40a4, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (request in 19)
21 28.022189417	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
22 28.684896329	172.16.50.1	172.16.50.254	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x40a4, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (reply in 23)
23 28.685148343	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x40a4, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (request in 22)
24 29.704902649	172.16.50.1	172.16.50.254	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x40a4, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (reply in 25)
25 29.705147434	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x40a4, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (request in 24)

### C. Exp 2 Ping from tux53 to tux54

60 58.732651938	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	126 Destination unreachable (Host unreachable)
61 58.732652293	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	126 Destination unreachable (Host unreachable)
62 58.732652366	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	126 Destination unreachable (Host unreachable)
63 58.732652436	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	126 Destination unreachable (Host unreachable)
64 59.730937011	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x40a5, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (no response found!)

### D. Exp 2 Ping from tux53 to tux52

2	2.002328866	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:14	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8001
3	4.004681269	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:14	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8001
4	6.007004009	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:14	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8001
5	8.009335826	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:14	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8001
6	10.011662305	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:14	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8001
7	12.013992265	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:14	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8001
8	14.016318424	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:14	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8001
9	16.008638300	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:14	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8001
10	18.010966450	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:14	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8001
11	20.013256112	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:14	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8001
12	22.015618086	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:14	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8001
13	24.007923627	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:14	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8001
14	26.010267298	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:14	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8001
15	28.012589646	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:14	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8001

## E. Exp 2 Ping Broadcast from tux53, capture at tux52

35	61.208640194	172.16.50.1	172.16.50.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x410f, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (no response found!)
36	61.208919632	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply	id=0x410f, seq=1/256, ttl=64
37	62.031801936	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
38	62.240342736	172.16.50.1	172.16.50.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x410f, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (no response found!)
39	62.240587620	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply	id=0x410f, seq=2/512, ttl=64
40	63.264347924	172.16.50.1	172.16.50.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x410f, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (no response found!)
41	63.264621473	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply	id=0x410f, seq=3/768, ttl=64
42	64.034117668	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
43	64.288341606	172.16.50.1	172.16.50.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x410f, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (no response found!)
44	64.288574056	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply	id=0x410f, seq=4/1024, ttl=64
45	65.312344899	172.16.50.1	172.16.50.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x410f, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (no response found!)
46	65.312619249	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply	id=0x410f, seq=5/1280, ttl=64

## F. Exp 2 Ping Broadcast from tux53, capture at tux52

13	22.193843141	172.16.50.1	172.16.50.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x410f, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (no response found!)
14	22.193880585	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply	id=0x410f, seq=1/256, ttl=64
15	23.225515500	172.16.50.1	172.16.50.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x410f, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (no response found!)
16	23.225556100	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply	id=0x410f, seq=2/512, ttl=64
17	24.017991342	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
18	24.249550204	172.16.50.1	172.16.50.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x410f, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (no response found!)
19	24.249591732	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply	id=0x410f, seq=3/768, ttl=64
20	25.273514893	172.16.50.1	172.16.50.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x410f, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (no response found!)
21	25.273553512	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply	id=0x410f, seq=4/1024, ttl=64
22	26.010318760	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8002
23	26.297561860	172.16.50.1	172.16.50.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x410f, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (no response found!)
24	26.297601385	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply	id=0x410f, seq=5/1280, ttl=64
25	27.321530043	172.16.50.1	172.16.50.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x410f, seq=6/1536, ttl=64 (no response found!)
26	27.321570791	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply	id=0x410f, seq=6/1536, ttl=64

## G. Exp 2 Ping Broadcast from tux53, capture at tux54

20	31.586081012	172.16.51.1	172.16.51.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x2d86, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (no response found!)
21	32.0365648481	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:14 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
22	32.606911740	172.16.51.1	172.16.51.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x2d86, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (no response found!)
23	33.630896332	172.16.51.1	172.16.51.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x2d86, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (no response found!)
24	34.038876181	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:14 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
25	34.654886682	172.16.51.1	172.16.51.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x2d86, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (no response found!)
26	35.678893844	172.16.51.1	172.16.51.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x2d86, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (no response found!)
27	36.041201185	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:14 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
28	36.702887294	172.16.51.1	172.16.51.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x2d86, seq=6/1536, ttl=64 (no response found!)
29	37.726888959	172.16.51.1	172.16.51.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x2d86, seq=7/192, ttl=64 (no response found!)
30	38.043532679	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:14 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
31	38.750890706	172.16.51.1	172.16.51.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x2d86, seq=8/2048, ttl=64 (no response found!)
32	39.774881279	172.16.51.1	172.16.51.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x2d86, seq=9/2304, ttl=64 (no response found!)
33	40.045851525	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:14 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
34	40.798891650	172.16.51.1	172.16.51.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x2d86, seq=10/2560, ttl=64 (no response found!)
35	41.822889745	172.16.51.1	172.16.51.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x2d86, seq=11/2816, ttl=64 (no response found!)
36	42.048191014	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:14 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
37	42.846887420	172.16.51.1	172.16.51.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x2d86, seq=12/3072, ttl=64 (no response found!)
38	43.870883815	172.16.51.1	172.16.51.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x2d86, seq=13/3328, ttl=64 (no response found!)
39	44.040494350	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:14 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
40	44.894894505	172.16.51.1	172.16.51.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x2d86, seq=14/3584, ttl=64 (no response found!)
41	45.918919494	172.16.51.1	172.16.51.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request	id=0x2d86, seq=15/3840, ttl=64 (no response found!)
42	46.042815024	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60	RST.	Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:14 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001

## H. Exp 2 Ping Broadcast from tux52, capture at tux53

```

7 12.0003846846 Routerboardc_1c:8e:... Nearest-Customer-Br... STP
8 14.0006208072 Routerboardc_1c:8e:... Nearest-Customer-Br... STP
9 16.0008533165 Routerboardc_1c:8e:... Nearest-Customer-Br... STP
10 18.010859934 Routerboardc_1c:8e:... Nearest-Customer-Br... STP
11 20.013160394 Routerboardc_1c:8e:... Nearest-Customer-Br... STP
12 22.015508880 Routerboardc_1c:8e:... Nearest-Customer-Br... STP
13 24.017790763 Routerboardc_1c:8e:... Nearest-Customer-Br... STP
14 26.020144372 Routerboardc_1c:8e:... Nearest-Customer-Br... STP
15 28.022120553 Routerboardc_1c:8e:... Nearest-Customer-Br... STP
16 30.024447009 Routerboardc_1c:8e:... Nearest-Customer-Br... STP

```

```

60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001

```

### I. Exp 2 Ping Broadcast from tux52, capture at tux53

```

8 8.008996653 Routerboardc_1c:8e:... Nearest-Customer-Br... STP
9 10.011006968 Routerboardc_1c:8e:... Nearest-Customer-Br... STP
10 12.01332679 Routerboardc_1c:8e:... Nearest-Customer-Br... STP
11 14.015666889 Routerboardc_1c:8e:... Nearest-Customer-Br... STP
12 16.018001080 Routerboardc_1c:8e:... Nearest-Customer-Br... STP
13 18.020326918 Routerboardc_1c:8e:... Nearest-Customer-Br... STP
14 20.022651237 Routerboardc_1c:8e:... Nearest-Customer-Br... STP
15 22.024950184 Routerboardc_1c:8e:... Nearest-Customer-Br... STP
16 24.027262204 Routerboardc_1c:8e:... Nearest-Customer-Br... STP
17 26.029629067 Routerboardc_1c:8e:... Nearest-Customer-Br... STP
18 28.031963791 Routerboardc_1c:8e:... Nearest-Customer-Br... STP

```

```

60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8002
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8002
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8002
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8002
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8002
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8002
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8002
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8002
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8002
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8002
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8002
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8002
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8002
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8002
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8002
60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8002

```

### J. Exp 2 Ping Broadcast from tux52, capture at tux54

14 24.764176785	172.16.50.1	172.16.50.254	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x444f, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (reply in 17)
15 24.764433494	TPLink_c2:10:59	Broadcast	ARP	60 Who has 172.16.50.1? Tell 172.16.50.254
16 24.764462427	TPLink_c2:51:4b	TPLink_c2:10:59	ARP	42 172.16.50.1 is at ec:75:0c:c2:51:4b
17 24.764620761	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x444f, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (request in 14)
18 25.781404792	172.16.50.1	172.16.50.254	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x444f, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (reply in 19)
19 25.781588521	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x444f, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (request in 18)
20 26.029234625	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
21 26.805381166	172.16.50.1	172.16.50.254	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x444f, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (reply in 22)
22 26.805598609	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x444f, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (request in 21)
23 27.829385579	172.16.50.1	172.16.50.254	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x444f, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (reply in 24)
24 27.829639593	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x444f, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (request in 23)

### K. Exp 3 Ping from tux53 to 172.16.50.254

5 7.648602141	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.253	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x44ba, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (reply in 6)
6 7.648830170	172.16.51.253	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x44ba, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (request in 5)
7 8.009020545	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
8 8.649718184	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.253	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x44ba, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (reply in 9)
9 8.649972300	172.16.51.253	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x44ba, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (request in 8)
10 9.673688261	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.253	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x44ba, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (reply in 11)
11 9.673911046	172.16.51.253	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x44ba, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (request in 10)
12 10.011258825	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001
13 10.697662927	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.253	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x44ba, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (reply in 14)
14 10.697886850	172.16.51.253	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x44ba, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (request in 13)
15 11.721693455	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.253	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x44ba, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (reply in 16)
16 11.721923269	172.16.51.253	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x44ba, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (request in 15)

### L. Exp 3 Ping from tux53 to 172.16.51.253

88 150.618431793	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x4576, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (no response found!)
89 150.618533301	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	126 Destination unreachable (Host unreachable)
90 150.618552670	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	126 Destination unreachable (Host unreachable)
91 150.618561558	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	126 Destination unreachable (Host unreachable)
92 150.618568594	172.16.50.254	172.16.50.1	ICMP	126 Destination unreachable (Host unreachable)
93 151.642498333	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x4576, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (no response found!)

### M. Exp 3 Ping from tux53 to tux52, interface e1

78	145.552600936	TPLink_c2:17:3e	Broadcast	ARP	42 Who has 172.16.51.1? Tell 172.16.51.253
79	146.145006444	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:13 Co
80	146.568144689	TPLink_c2:17:3e	Broadcast	ARP	42 Who has 172.16.51.1? Tell 172.16.51.253
81	147.592160602	TPLink_c2:17:3e	Broadcast	ARP	42 Who has 172.16.51.1? Tell 172.16.51.253
82	148.147260032	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:13 Co
83	149.640154252	TPLink_c2:17:3e	Broadcast	ARP	42 Who has 172.16.51.1? Tell 172.16.51.253
84	150.149519259	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:13 Co
85	150.664141951	TPLink_c2:17:3e	Broadcast	ARP	42 Who has 172.16.51.1? Tell 172.16.51.253
86	151.688141332	TPLink_c2:17:3e	Broadcast	ARP	42 Who has 172.16.51.1? Tell 172.16.51.253
87	152.151757095	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:13 Co
88	153.736149491	TPLink_c2:17:3e	Broadcast	ARP	42 Who has 172.16.51.1? Tell 172.16.51.253
89	154.154009183	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:13 Co
90	154.760142181	TPLink_c2:17:3e	Broadcast	ARP	42 Who has 172.16.51.1? Tell 172.16.51.253
91	155.784184511	TPLink_c2:17:3e	Broadcast	ARP	42 Who has 172.16.51.1? Tell 172.16.51.253
92	156.156247642	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:13 Co
93	157.832098388	TPLink_c2:17:3e	Broadcast	ARP	42 Who has 172.16.51.1? Tell 172.16.51.253
94	158.158500239	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:13 Co
95	158.856146638	TPLink_c2:17:3e	Broadcast	ARP	42 Who has 172.16.51.1? Tell 172.16.51.253
96	159.880149058	TPLink_c2:17:3e	Broadcast	ARP	42 Who has 172.16.51.1? Tell 172.16.51.253

## N. Exp 3 Ping from tux53 to tux52, interface e2

15	6.894417682	TPLink_c2:17:3e	TPLink_c2:10:4b	ARP	60 Who has 172.16.51.1? Tell 172.16.51.253
16	6.894436763	TPLink_c2:10:4b	TPLink_c2:17:3e	ARP	42 172.16.51.1 is at ec:75:0c:c2:10:4b
17	6.985333623	172.16.51.1	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x0fad, seq=6/1536, ttl=64 (reply in 18)
18	6.985748343	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x0fad, seq=6/1536, ttl=63 (request in 17)
19	7.081302262	TPLink_c2:10:4b	TPLink_c2:17:3e	ARP	42 Who has 172.16.51.253? Tell 172.16.51.1
20	7.081522294	TPLink_c2:17:3e	TPLink_c2:10:4b	ARP	60 172.16.51.253 is at ec:75:0c:c2:17:3e
21	8.007684749	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 32768/0/74:4d:28:ea:74:f5 Cost = 10 Port = 0x8001
22	8.009326489	172.16.51.1	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x0fad, seq=7/1792, ttl=64 (reply in 23)
23	8.009736383	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x0fad, seq=7/1792, ttl=63 (request in 22)
24	9.033343619	172.16.51.1	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x0fad, seq=8/2048, ttl=64 (reply in 25)
25	9.033740022	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x0fad, seq=8/2048, ttl=63 (request in 24)
26	10.010507819	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 32768/0/74:4d:28:ea:74:f5 Cost = 10 Port = 0x8001
27	10.057319880	172.16.51.1	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x0fad, seq=9/2304, ttl=64 (reply in 28)
28	10.057705380	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x0fad, seq=9/2304, ttl=63 (request in 27)
29	11.081373871	172.16.51.1	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x0fad, seq=10/2560, ttl=64 (reply in 30)
30	11.081770655	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x0fad, seq=10/2560, ttl=63 (request in 29)

## O. Exp 4 Ping from tux52 to tux53, with no redirects

17	18.092591971	Routerboardc_ea:74:...	Broadcast	ARP	60 Who has 172.16.51.1? Tell 172.16.51.254
18	18.092606902	TPLink_c2:10:4b	Routerboardc_ea:74:...	ARP	42 172.16.51.1 is at ec:75:0c:c2:10:4b
19	18.092717810	172.16.51.254	172.16.51.1	ICMP	126 Redirect (Redirect for host)
20	18.092910116	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x0f50, seq=2/512, ttl=63 (request in 16)
21	19.098291665	172.16.51.1	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x0f50, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (reply in 23)
22	19.098468886	172.16.51.254	172.16.51.1	ICMP	126 Redirect (Redirect for host)
23	19.098800130	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x0f50, seq=3/768, ttl=63 (request in 21)
24	20.01589026	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 32768/0/74:4d:28:ea:74:f5 Cost = 10 Port = 0x8001
25	20.122303131	172.16.51.1	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x0f50, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (reply in 27)
26	20.122451100	172.16.51.254	172.16.51.1	ICMP	126 Redirect (Redirect for host)
27	20.122771989	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x0f50, seq=4/1024, ttl=63 (request in 25)
28	21.146291224	172.16.51.1	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x0f50, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (reply in 30)
29	21.146482682	172.16.51.254	172.16.51.1	ICMP	126 Redirect (Redirect for host)
30	21.146729926	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x0f50, seq=5/1280, ttl=63 (request in 28)
31	22.013692137	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 32768/0/74:4d:28:ea:74:f5 Cost = 10 Port = 0x8001
32	22.128244005	TPLink_c2:10:4b	Routerboardc_ea:74:...	ARP	42 Who has 172.16.51.254? Tell 172.16.51.1
33	22.138388214	Routerboardc_ea:74:...	TPLink_c2:10:4b	ARP	60 172.16.51.254 is at 74:4d:28:ea:74:f5
34	22.170288473	172.16.51.1	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x0f50, seq=6/1536, ttl=64 (reply in 36)
35	22.170440878	172.16.51.254	172.16.51.1	ICMP	126 Redirect (Redirect for host)
36	22.170714060	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x0f50, seq=6/1536, ttl=63 (request in 34)
37	23.194291680	172.16.51.1	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x0f50, seq=7/1792, ttl=64 (reply in 38)
38	23.194747410	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x0f50, seq=7/1792, ttl=63 (request in 37)

## P. Exp 4 Ping from tux52 to tux53 through the router, with no redirects

31	48.211169050	172.16.51.1	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x0ff7, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (reply in 32)
32	48.211580909	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x0ff7, seq=1/256, ttl=63 (request in 31)
33	49.233881855	172.16.51.1	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x0ff7, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (reply in 34)
34	49.234249447	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x0ff7, seq=2/512, ttl=63 (request in 33)
35	50.031777755	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 32768/0/74:4d:28:ea:74:f5 Cost = 10 Port = 0x8001
36	50.257928453	172.16.51.1	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x0ff7, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (reply in 37)
37	50.258304962	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x0ff7, seq=3/768, ttl=63 (request in 36)
38	51.281910245	172.16.51.1	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x0ff7, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (reply in 39)
39	51.282273705	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x0ff7, seq=4/1024, ttl=63 (request in 38)
40	52.033562142	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 32768/0/74:4d:28:ea:74:f5 Cost = 10 Port = 0x8001
41	52.305895847	172.16.51.1	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x0ff7, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (reply in 42)
42	52.306241878	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x0ff7, seq=5/1280, ttl=63 (request in 41)
43	53.329933744	172.16.51.1	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x0ff7, seq=6/1536, ttl=64 (reply in 44)
44	53.330335334	172.16.50.1	172.16.51.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x0ff7, seq=6/1536, ttl=63 (request in 43)

## Q. Exp 4 Ping from tux52 to tux53, with redirects

3	2.784954764	172.16.50.1	172.16.1.10	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x2644, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (reply in 4)
4	2.785852442	172.16.1.10	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply	id=0x2644, seq=1/256, ttl=62 (request in 3)
5	3.786003992	172.16.50.1	172.16.1.10	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x2644, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (reply in 6)
6	3.786516156	172.16.1.10	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply	id=0x2644, seq=2/512, ttl=62 (request in 5)
7	4.004274088	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001	
8	4.803610423	172.16.50.1	172.16.1.10	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x2644, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (reply in 9)
9	4.804159965	172.16.1.10	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply	id=0x2644, seq=3/768, ttl=62 (request in 8)
10	5.827611895	172.16.50.1	172.16.1.10	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x2644, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (reply in 11)
11	5.828158335	172.16.1.10	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply	id=0x2644, seq=4/1024, ttl=62 (request in 10)
12	6.006402793	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001	
13	6.851610068	172.16.50.1	172.16.1.10	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x2644, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (reply in 14)
14	6.852159154	172.16.1.10	172.16.50.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply	id=0x2644, seq=5/1280, ttl=62 (request in 13)

## R. Exp 4 Ping from tux53 to FTP server, with NAT

5	6.793693928	172.16.50.1	172.16.1.10	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x26ad, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (no response found!)
6	7.819183852	172.16.50.1	172.16.1.10	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x26ad, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (no response found!)
7	8.008534775	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001	
8	8.843185466	172.16.50.1	172.16.1.10	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x26ad, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (no response found!)
9	9.867190155	172.16.50.1	172.16.1.10	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x26ad, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (no response found!)
10	10.010038233	Routerboardc_1c:8e:...	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 32768/0/c4:ad:34:1c:8e:15 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8001	
11	10.891187423	172.16.50.1	172.16.1.10	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x26ad, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (no response found!)
12	11.915176443	172.16.50.1	172.16.1.10	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x26ad, seq=6/1536, ttl=64 (no response found!)

## S. Exp 4 Ping from tux53 to FTP server, with no NAT

78	13.527672998	10.227.20.53	10.227.20.3	DNS	70 Standard query 0x9843 A google.com	
79	13.527694533	10.227.20.53	10.227.20.3	DNS	70 Standard query 0x4846 AAAA google.com	
80	13.528466986	10.227.20.3	10.227.20.53	DNS	86 Standard query response 0x9843 A google.com A 142.251.209.174	
81	13.528467317	10.227.20.3	10.227.20.53	DNS	98 Standard query response 0x4846 AAAA google.com AAAA 2a00:1450:4006:817::200e	
82	13.528783417	10.227.20.53	142.251.209.174	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x139b, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (reply in 83)	
83	13.559890545	142.251.209.174	10.227.20.53	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x139b, seq=1/256, ttl=110 (request in 82)	
84	13.560223508	10.227.20.53	10.227.20.3	DNS	88 Standard query 0x2b4e PTR 174.209.251.142.in-addr.arpa	
85	13.560960059	10.227.20.3	10.227.20.53	DNS	156 Standard query response 0x2b4e PTR 174.209.251.142.in-addr.arpa PTR ncrsa-ah-in-f14.1e100.net	
86	14.308173860	ProxmoxServer_e7:5e:...	Broadcast	ARP	60 Who has 10.227.20.83? Tell 10.227.20.3	
87	14.310341885	Routerboardc_20:25:...	Broadcast	ARP	60 Who has 10.227.20.83? Tell 10.227.20.254	
88	14.530167796	10.227.20.53	142.251.209.174	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x139b, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (reply in 89)	
89	14.559913461	142.251.209.174	10.227.20.53	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x139b, seq=2/512, ttl=110 (request in 88)	
90	14.560308438	10.227.20.53	10.227.20.3	DNS	88 Standard query 0xd17e PTR 174.209.251.142.in-addr.arpa	
91	14.561010701	10.227.20.3	10.227.20.53	DNS	156 Standard query response 0xd17e PTR 174.209.251.142.in-addr.arpa PTR ncrsa-ah-in-f14.1e100.net	
92	14.942013908	fe80::5ef9:ddff:fe7:...	ff02::2	ICMPv6	62 Router Solicitation	
93	15.185824983	Cisco_3a:f1:07	Nearest-Customer-Br...	STP	60 RST. Root = 4096/1/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00 Cost = 20001 Port = 0x8007	
94	15.531185493	10.227.20.53	142.251.209.174	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x139b, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (reply in 95)	
95	15.560936785	142.251.209.174	10.227.20.53	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x139b, seq=3/768, ttl=110 (request in 94)	
96	15.561308724	10.227.20.53	10.227.20.3	DNS	88 Standard query 0x83d5 PTR 174.209.251.142.in-addr.arpa	
97	15.562087594	10.227.20.3	10.227.20.53	DNS	156 Standard query response 0x83d5 PTR 174.209.251.142.in-addr.arpa PTR ncrsa-ah-in-f14.1e100.net	
98	15.651177956	10.227.20.53	142.250.200.138	UDP	71 57259 → 443 Len=29	
99	15.667925666	142.250.200.138	10.227.20.53	UDP	71 443 → 57259 Len=29	
100	16.531790717	10.227.20.53	142.251.209.174	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x139b, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (reply in 101)	
101	16.561958940	142.251.209.174	10.227.20.53	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply id=0x139b, seq=4/1024, ttl=110 (request in 100)	

## T. Exp 5 Related DNS packets

20	2.345914397	10.227.20.53	193.137.29.15	TCP	74 42666 → 21 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=4194776040 TSeср=0 WS=128	
21	2.405809229	193.137.29.15	10.227.20.53	TCP	74 21 → 42666 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=65160 Len=MSS=1380 SACK_PERM TSval=108010161 TSeср=4194776040	
22	2.405859213	10.227.20.53	193.137.29.15	TCP	66 42666 → 21 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=4194776100 TSeср=108010161	
23	2.451971752	193.137.29.15	10.227.20.53	FTP	139 Response: 220-Welcome to the University of Porto's mirror archive (mirrors.up.pt)	
24	2.451972005	193.137.29.15	10.227.20.53	FTP	141 Response: 220-	
25	2.451972077	193.137.29.15	10.227.20.53	FTP	151 Response: 220-All connections and transfers are logged. The max number of connections is 200.	
26	2.451972147	193.137.29.15	10.227.20.53	FTP	146 Response: 220-	
27	2.451972215	193.137.29.15	10.227.20.53	FTP	145 Response: 220-Questions and comments can be sent to mirrors@upporto.pt	
28	2.451998036	10.227.20.53	193.137.29.15	TCP	66 42666 → 21 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=74 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=4194776146 TSeср=108010236	
29	2.452012609	10.227.20.53	193.137.29.15	TCP	66 42666 → 21 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=149 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=4194776146 TSeср=108010236	
30	2.452022632	10.227.20.53	193.137.29.15	TCP	66 42666 → 21 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=234 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=4194776146 TSeср=108010236	
31	2.452031096	10.227.20.53	193.137.29.15	TCP	66 42666 → 21 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=314 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=4194776146 TSeср=108010236	
32	2.452061110	10.227.20.53	193.137.29.15	TCP	66 42666 → 21 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=393 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=4194776146 TSeср=108010236	
33	2.452114567	10.227.20.53	193.137.29.15	FTP	82 Request: USER anonymous	
34	2.515706990	193.137.29.15	10.227.20.53	TCP	66 21 → 42666 [ACK] Seq=393 Ack=17 Win=65280 Len=0 TSval=108010309 TSeср=4194776146	
35	2.515707414	193.137.29.15	10.227.20.53	FTP	100 Response: 331 Please specify the password.	
36	2.515837328	10.227.20.53	193.137.29.15	FTP	82 Request: PASS anonymous	
37	2.585775278	193.137.29.15	10.227.20.53	FTP	89 Response: 230 Login successful.	
38	2.585873122	10.227.20.53	193.137.29.15	FTP	72 Request: PASV	
39	2.655826049	193.137.29.15	10.227.20.53	FTP	118 Response: 227 Entering Passive Mode (193,137,29,15,208,190).	
40	2.656000777	10.227.20.53	193.137.29.15	TCP	74 45686 → 53438 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=4194776350 TSeср=0 WS=128	
41	2.657646672	193.137.29.15	10.227.20.53	TCP	74 53438 → 45686 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=65160 Len=MSS=1380 SACK_PERM TSval=108010469 TSeср=0	
42	2.657678514	10.227.20.53	193.137.29.15	TCP	66 45686 → 53438 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=4194776351 TSeср=108010469	
43	2.657760487	10.227.20.53	193.137.29.15	FTP	121 Request: RETR pub/archlinux/archive/iso/arch-0.8-base-i686.iso	
44	2.676998848	193.137.29.15	10.227.20.53	FTP-DA..	2802 FTP Data: 2736 bytes (PASV) (RETR pub/archlinux/archive/iso/arch-0.8-base-i686.iso)	
45	2.677021692	10.227.20.53	193.137.29.15	TCP	66 45686 → 53438 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=2737 Win=63488 Len=0 TSval=4194776371 TSeср=108010488	

## U. Exp 6 ARQ TCP Mechanism

## Configuration Commands

```
Tux 53:  
sudo systemctl restart networking  
sudo ifconfig if_e1 up  
sudo ifconfig if_e1 172.16.50.1/24  
sudo route add -net 172.16.51.0/24 gw 172.16.50.254  
sudo route add -net 172.16.1.0/24 gw 172.16.50.254  
  
Tux 54:  
sudo systemctl restart networking  
sudo ifconfig if_e1 up  
sudo ifconfig if_e1 172.16.50.254/24  
sudo ifconfig if_e2 up  
sudo ifconfig if_e2 172.16.51.253/24  
sudo sysctl net.ipv4.ip_forward=1  
sudo sysctl net.ipv4.icmp_echo_ignore_broadcasts=0  
sudo route add -net 172.16.1.0/24 gw 172.16.51.254  
  
Tux 52:  
sudo systemctl restart networking  
sudo ifconfig if_e1 up  
sudo ifconfig if_e1 172.16.51.1/24  
sudo route add -net 172.16.50.0/24 gw 172.16.51.253  
sudo route add -net 172.16.1.0/24 gw 172.16.51.254  
  
GTK:  
/system reset-configuration  
- Bridges:  
  /interface bridge add name=bridge50  
  /interface bridge add name=bridge51  
- Ports:  
  /interface bridge port remove [find interface=ether2]  
  /interface bridge port add bridge=bridge51 interface=ether2  
  /interface bridge port remove [find interface=ether3]  
  /interface bridge port remove [find interface=ether4]  
  /interface bridge port add bridge=bridge50 interface=ether3  
  /interface bridge port add bridge=bridge50 interface=ether4  
  /interface bridge port remove [find interface=ether24]  
  /interface bridge port add bridge=bridge51 interface=ether24  
  /interface bridge port remove [find interface=ether12]  
  /interface bridge port add bridge=bridge51 interface=ether12  
  
- Interface: (Router)  
  /ip address add address=172.16.51.254/24 interface=ether2  
  /ip address add address=172.16.1.51/24 interface=ether1  
  /ip route add dst-address=172.16.50.0/24 gateway=172.16.51.253
```

## Code:

The protocol code was divided into multiple files has follows:

download.c

```
 1 #include <string.h>
 2 #include <stdlib.h>
 3 #include <stdio.h>
 4
 5 #include "parser.h"
 6 #include "getip.h"
 7 #include "clientTCP.h"
 8 #include "create_file.h"
 9
10 int main(int argc, char *argv[]){
11     if (argc != 2){
12         return 1;
13     }
14
15     struct URL url;
16
17     // Step 1
18
19     if (parse(&url, argv[1])){
20         return 1;
21     }
22
23     printf("URL Components:\n");
24     printf("Protocol: %s\n", url.protocol);
25     printf("User: %s\n", url.user);
26     printf("Password: %s\n", url.password);
27     printf("Host: %s\n", url.host);
28     printf("Path: %s\n", url.path);
29
30     // Step 2
31
32     getip(&url);
33     printf("IP Address : %s\n", url.ip);
34
35     // Step 3
36
37     if (term_A1(url)){
38         return 1;
39     }
40
41     // Step 4
42
43     if (term_B1()){
44         return 1;
45     }
46
47     // Step 5
48
49     if (term_A2(url)){
50         return 1;
51     }
52
53     // Step 6
54     char *content;
55     if (term_B2(&content)){
56         return 1;
57     }
58
59     // Step 7
60
61     if (create_file(url, content)){
62         return 1;
63     }
64
65     free_url(&url);
66
67     return 0;
68 }
69 }
```

## clientTCP.h

```
1 #ifndef CLIENTTCP_H
2 #define CLIENTTCP_H
3
4 #include <netinet/in.h>
5 #include "parser.h"
6
7 int read_ftp_response(FILE *sock_file, int *code);
8 int configure_socket(char *ip, uint16_t port, int *sockfd, FILE **sock_file);
9 int term_B2(char **content);
10 int term_A2(struct URL url);
11 int term_B1();
12 int term_A1(struct URL url);
13
14 #endif /* CLIENTTCP_H */
```

## clientTCP.c

```
/**      (C)2000-2021 FEUP
 *      tidy up some includes and parameters
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>

#include "parser.h"

#define CONTROLLER_PORT 21
#define BUF_SIZE 100000

int sockfd1, sockfd2;
struct sockaddr_in server_addr;
int ip1, ip2, ip3, ip4, port1, port2;
ssize_t bytes;
char line[BUF_SIZE];
int code;
FILE *sock_file1, *sock_file2;

int read_ftp_response(FILE *sock_file, int *code) {

    while (fgets(line, sizeof(line), sock_file) != NULL) {
        // Remove trailing \r\n
        line[strcspn(line, "\r\n")] = '\0';
        //printf("%s\n", line); // for debugging

        // Parse code from this line
        if (sscanf(line, "%d", code) != 1) {
            return 1;
        }

        // Check if this is a termination line
        if (line[3] == ' ') {
            //printf("%d\n", *code); // for debugging
            return 0;
        }
    }

    return 1;
}
```

```
int configure_socket(char *ip, uint16_t port, int *sockfd, FILE **sock_file){
    /*server address handling*/
    bzero((char *) &server_addr, sizeof(server_addr));
    server_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
    server_addr.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr(ip);      /*32 bit Internet address network byte ordered*/
    server_addr.sin_port = htons(port);           /*server TCP port must be network byte ordered */

    /*open a TCP socket*/
    if ((*sockfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) < 0) {
        perror("socket()");
        return 1;
    }

    /*connect to the server*/
    if (connect(*sockfd,
                (struct sockaddr *) &server_addr,
                sizeof(server_addr)) < 0) {
        perror("connect()");
        return 1;
    }

    /* Create FILE* stream*/
    if (sock_file != NULL) {
        *sock_file = fdopen(*sockfd, "r");
        if (*sock_file == NULL) {
            perror("fdopen failed");
            close(*sockfd);
            return 1;
        }
    }

    if (port == CONTROLLER_PORT){
        char read_buf[BUF_SIZE];
        bytes = read(*sockfd, &read_buf, BUF_SIZE);
        printf("\nControl socket configured with success!\n");
    } else printf("\nData socket configured with success!\n");

    return 0;
}
```

```
int term_B2(char **content) {
    if (!content || !sock_file2) return 1;

    char buffer[4096];
    size_t total = 0;
    *content = malloc(1);
    if (!*content) return 1;
    (*content)[0] = '\0';

    while (!feof(sock_file2)) {
        size_t bytes = fread(buffer, 1, sizeof(buffer), sock_file2);
        if (bytes > 0) {
            *content = realloc(*content, total + bytes + 1);
            memcpy(*content + total, buffer, bytes);
            total += bytes;
            (*content)[total] = '\0';
        }
    }

    fclose(sock_file1);
    fclose(sock_file2);
    close(sockfd1);
    close(sockfd2);

    return 0;
}

int term_A2(struct URL url){
    char *buf = NULL;
    bytes = asprintf(&buf, "RETR %s\r\n", url.path);

    // Send RETR command
    bytes = write(sockfd1, buf, strlen(buf));
    if (bytes <= 0) return 1;

    // Read and check RETR response
    read_ftp_response(sock_file1, &code);

    if (code != 150 && code != 125) {
        fprintf(stderr, "RETR command failed (expected 150 or 125, got %d)\n", code);
        free(buf);
        return 1;
    }
    printf("\nSent Retrieve request successfully!\n");

    // Cleanup
    free(buf);
    close(sockfd1);
    return 0;
}
```

```
int term_B1(){
    uint16_t data_port = (256 * port1) + port2;
    char *ip = NULL;
    bytes = asprintf(&ip, "%d.%d.%d.%d", ip1, ip2, ip3, ip4);

    if (configure_socket(ip, data_port, &sockfd2, &sock_file2)) {
        return 1;
    }

    // Cleanup
    free(ip);
    return 0;
}

int term_A1(struct URL url) {
    if (!configure_socket(url.ip, CONTROLLER_PORT, &sockfd1, &sock_file1)) {
        return 1;
    }

    char *buf1 = NULL, *buf2 = NULL;
    bytes = asprintf(&buf1, "USER %s\r\n", url.user);
    bytes = asprintf(&buf2, "PASS %s\r\n", url.password);
    char buf3[] = "PASV\r\n";

    // Send USER command
    bytes = write(sockfd1, buf1, strlen(buf1));
    if (bytes <= 0) return 1;

    // Read and check USER response
    read_ftp_response(sock_file1, &code);

    if (code != 331) {
        fprintf(stderr, "USER command failed (expected 331, got %d)\n", code);
        free(buf1);
        free(buf2);
        return 1;
    }

    // Send PASS command
    bytes = write(sockfd1, buf2, strlen(buf2));
    if (bytes <= 0) return 1;

    // Read and check PASS response
    read_ftp_response(sock_file1, &code);

    if (code != 230) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Login failed (expected 230, got %d)\n", code);
        free(buf1);
        free(buf2);
        return 1;
    }
    printf("Login successful!\n");
}
```

```
// Send PASV command
bytes = write(sockfd1, buf3, strlen(buf3));
if (bytes <= 0) return 1;

// Read and check PASV response
read_ftp_response(sock_file1, &code);

if (code != 227) {
    fprintf(stderr, "PASV command failed (expected 227, got %d)\n", code);
    free(buf1);
    free(buf2);
    return 1;
}

// Parse PASV response
printf("Entered Passive mode with success!\n");
if (sscanf(line, "227 Entering Passive Mode (%d,%d,%d,%d,%d,%d)",
           &ip1, &ip2, &ip3, &ip4, &port1, &port2) == 6) {
    printf("Data connection: %d.%d.%d.%d:%d\n",
           ip1, ip2, ip3, ip4, port1 * 256 + port2);
}

// Cleanup
free(buf1);
free(buf2);

return 0;
}
```

createfile.h

```
1 #ifndef CREATE_FILE_H
2 #define CREATE_FILE_H
3
4 #include "parser.h"
5
6 int create_file(struct URL url, char *content);
7
8 #endif /* CREATE_FILE_H */
```

## Createfile.c

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 #include <string.h>
4
5 #include "parser.h"
6
7 int create_file(struct URL url, char *content) {
8     // Check for valid inputs
9     if (content == NULL) {
10         fprintf(stderr, "Error: Content is NULL\n");
11         return 1;
12     }
13
14     char *filename = url.path;
15     char *last_slash = strrchr(url.path, '/');
16
17     if (last_slash != NULL) {
18         filename = last_slash + 1;
19         if (*filename == '\0') {
20             filename = url.path;
21         }
22     }
23
24     char filepath[512];
25     snprintf(filepath, sizeof(filepath), "%s", filename);
26
27     FILE *file = fopen(filepath, "w");
28     if (file == NULL) {
29         fprintf(stderr, "Error: Cannot create file '%s'\n", filepath);
30         return 1;
31     }
32
33     // Write content to file
34     size_t content_len = strlen(content);
35     size_t bytes_written = fwrite(content, 1, content_len, file);
36
37     if (bytes_written != content_len) {
38         fprintf(stderr, "Error: Failed to write all content. Written %zu of %zu bytes\n",
39                 bytes_written, content_len);
40         fclose(file);
41         return 1;
42     }
43
44     // Close file
45     if (fclose(file) != 0) {
46         fprintf(stderr, "Error: Failed to close file '%s'\n", filepath);
47         return 1;
48     }
49     printf("\nFile %s created with success!\n", filename);
50
51     return 0;
52 }
```

## getip.h

```
1 #ifndef GETIP_H
2 #define GETIP_H
3
4 #include "parser.h"
5
6 int getip(struct URL *url);
7
8 #endif /* GETIP_H */
```

getip.c

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 #include <netdb.h>
4 #include <netinet/in.h>
5 #include <arpa/inet.h>
6 #include <string.h>
7
8 #include "getip.h"
9 #include "parser.h"
10
11 int getip(struct URL *url) {
12     if (url->host == NULL || url->host[0] == '\0') {
13         fprintf(stderr, "Error: Invalid hostname\n");
14         return 1;
15     }
16
17     struct hostent *h;
18
19     if ((h = gethostbyname(url->host)) == NULL) {
20         perror("gethostbyname()");
21         return 1;
22     }
23     char *temp_ip = inet_ntoa(*((struct in_addr *) h->h_addr));
24     free(url->ip);
25     url->ip = strdup(temp_ip);
26     if (!url->ip) return 1;
27
28     return 0;
29 }
30
```

parser.h

```
1  #ifndef PARSER_H
2  #define PARSE_H
3
4  struct URL
5  {
6      char *protocol;
7      char *user;
8      char *password;
9      char *host;
10     char *path;
11     char *ip;
12 };
13
14 int parse(struct URL *url, char *input);
15 void free_url(struct URL *url);
16
17 #endif /* PARSE_H */
```

parser.c

```
#include "parser.h"

#include <string.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

#include <stdio.h>

int parse(struct URL *url, char *input) {
    url->protocol = NULL;
```

```
url->user = NULL;

url->password = NULL;

url->host = NULL;

url->path = NULL;

url->ip = NULL;

if (input == NULL || strlen(input) == 0) {

    fprintf(stderr, "Error: Empty or NULL input string\n");

    return 1;

}

// Make a copy we can modify

char *str = strdup(input);

if (str == NULL) return 1;

// Parse protocol

char *proto_end = strstr(str,(":/"));

if (proto_end == NULL) {

    fprintf(stderr, "Error: Invalid URL format - missing protocol
separator\n");

    free(str);

    return 1;

}

*proto_end = '\0';

url->protocol = strdup(str);
```

```
// Check protocol

if (strcmp(url->protocol, "ftp") != 0) {

    fprintf(stderr, "Error: Unsupported protocol\n");

    free(str);

    return 1;

}

char *ptr = proto_end + 3;

// First, check if there's an '@' to determine if we have
credentials

char *at_ptr = strchr(ptr, '@');

if (at_ptr != NULL) {

    // We have '@', so parse credentials

    *at_ptr = '\0'; // Split at '@'

    char *credentials = ptr;

    char *colon_ptr = strchr(credentials, ':');

    if (colon_ptr != NULL) {

        // We have "user:password" format

        *colon_ptr = '\0';

        url->user = strdup(credentials);
```

```
url->password = strdup(colon_ptr + 1);

// Check if either user or password is empty

if ((url->user && strlen(url->user) == 0) ||
    (url->password && strlen(url->password) == 0)) {

    fprintf(stderr, "Error: Both user and password must be
specified when using credentials\n");

    free(str);

    return 1;
}

} else {

    // We have only user (no password) - ERROR

    fprintf(stderr, "Error: Password missing - both user and
password must be specified\n");

    free(str);

    return 1;
}

ptr = at_ptr + 1; // Move past '@'

} else {

    // No '@' found, check if there's a colon that might be confused
    // as credentials

    char *colon_in_path = strchr(ptr, ':');

    if (colon_in_path != NULL) {

        // There's a colon but no '@' - this is an error

        // Example:
"ftp://anonymous:anonymousftp.bit.nl/speedtest/100mb.bin"
```

```
        fprintf(stderr, "Error: Invalid URL format - missing '@'\n");
separator\n");

    free(str);

    return 1;

}

// No credentials and no confusing colon - use anonymous

url->user = strdup("anonymous");

url->password = strdup("anonymous");

}

// Parse host and path

char *slash_ptr = strchr(ptr, '/');

if (slash_ptr != NULL) {

    *slash_ptr = '\0';

    url->host = strdup(ptr);

    url->path = strdup(slash_ptr + 1);

} else {

    url->host = strdup(ptr);

    url->path = strdup("//");

}

// Validate host

if (url->host == NULL || strlen(url->host) == 0) {

    fprintf(stderr, "Error: No host specified\n");

}
```

```
    free(str);

    return 1;
}

// Validate path is not empty (except for root)

if (url->path && strlen(url->path) == 0) {

    free(url->path);

    url->path = strdup("/");
}

free(str);

return 0;
}

void free_url(struct URL *url) {

    if (url->protocol) free(url->protocol);

    if (url->user) free(url->user);

    if (url->password) free(url->password);

    if (url->host) free(url->host);

    if (url->path) free(url->path);

    if (url->ip) free(url->ip);
}
```