HIGHER SECONDARY SECOND YEAR

SANSKRIT

MODEL QUESTION PAPER - 1

Poetry - Prose - Grammar - Translation

1. Answer should be in Sanskrit, English, or in Tamil except for

those that are to be answered in Sanskrit.

2. In writing Sanskrit, Devanagari script to be used.

Time : 2.30 Hrs	Marks: 90	
PART - 1		
I. A . Choose the correct answers. 1. Thiruvalluvar's work is known as a. पेरियपुराणं b. तिरुक्क्रल् c. श्रीमन्त्रम्	6 x 1 = 6	
2. In praise of truth is called		
a. गुरुप्रशंसा b. ज्ञानप्रशंसा c. सत्यप्रशंसा		
3. The demoniac features lead only to		
a. जयाय b. व्ययाय c. निबन्धाय		
Action performed without delebration leads to		
a.आपदांपदं b. संपदांपदं c. परमपदं		
5. Those who are desirous of conquest is called		
a. बान्धवः b. कौरवः c. जिगीषवः		
6. Krishna tilts the flute gently with		
a. पदकमल b. करकमल c. मुखकमल		
II. A. Short questions. Answer any Three.	$3 \times 2 = 6$	
7. दैवतंचमे।How did the author describe Krishna?		
8. What are the three gates of Hell?9. What are the nature of Divine and demonic qualities.		
10. निध्यांपथिवर्तसे। How?		
B. Short Questions. Answer any two.	2 x 2 = 4	
11. From which पञ्चमहाकाव्या the story Nalopakhyana was taken?		
12. Name the two Rishis who came to Indra's court सुधर्मा? .		
13. Who wasनलः and which country was ruled by him?		
III. A. Brief Questions. Answer any two. 14. Describe "शरदंलोकड्वाधितिष्ठति।"	2 x 4 = 8	
15. Describe the धर्मः and दया।		
16. कदाडनुभवे -what is experience.		

B. Brief Questions. Answer any two.	$2 \times 4 = 8$	
17. Describe the conversation between Suchi and Damayanti .	mlv.O	
18. What was the condition put forth by Damayanti to राजमाताand what was her re	ply?	
19. Why did the hunter rescue Damayanti and what did she do?? IV. A. Answer in detail.	2 x 6 = 12	
20. Describe the greatness of विवेक. OR		
Summarize the greatness of धैर्यं, तृप्तिः, कार्यसिद्धिः		
21. Give an account of part played by Swan. OR		
Describe the conversation between Nala and Damayanti in theoutskirts of the	city.	
B. 22. Explain any two with reference to the context. (i) तवप्रियंकरिष्यामि।	2 x 3 = 6	
(ii)माभैष्टमत्कृते।		
(iii) ततःत्वयिदोषःनस्यात्।		
PART - 2 (Grammar and Translation)		
V. Choose the correct answers.	8 x 1 = 8	
23. In the garden Nala caught hold of a bird.		
a. काकः b. हंसः c. पिकः		
24. Lord Indra is also called as a. शक्रः b. चक्रः c. चक्री		
a. शक्रः b. चक्रः c. चक्री 25. Nala's son is named as		
25. Naia's son is named as a. सूरसेनः b. उग्रसेनः c. इन्द्रसेनः		
26. Daughter of राजमाता is		
a. वसन्ता b. सुगन्धा c. सुनन्दा		
27. One of the पञ्चमहाकाव्या's written by Sri Harsha narrates the story of Nala is.		
a. कुमारसंभवं b. नैषधीयचरितं c. रघुवंशचरितं		
28. The warriors who die in the battle field attain		
a. नरकः b. स्वर्गः c. पातालः		
29. The Number of gods willing to marry Damayanti		
a. चत्वारः b. त्रयः c. द्वौ		
30. The Gods asked Nala to act as a a. सेवकः b. सारथिः c. दतः		
5	7 x 2 = 14	
VI. Short Questions. Answer any Seven. 31. Write any four meanings.	7 X Z - 14	
कामदः, मतभेदः, वर्त्मनि, पप्रत्ययः		
32. Write any two grammatical peculiarities.		
विजयते, परमध्यास्महेपदं, गरीयसी		
33. Identify any two grammatical forms.		
विगणस्य, अनुभवे, मन्यामहे		
34. Combine any two.		
यत् + च, न + अंशुमता, यः + तव		

35. Split any two.

प्नर्ब्रहम, इत्येवम्, परमापदम्

36. Compound any two.

जेत्म्इच्छवः, आत्मनः अअन्तः चक्रंपाणीयस्यससः.

37. Dissolve any two.

जगद्ग्रम्, धरणीधरः, रोषमयम्

38. Write any two opposite words.

विरलम्, अमृतम्, विवेकः

39. Name the two Mahakaviyas appearing in our textbook.

VII. Answer the following. (Language skill)

 $3 \times 4 = 12$

40. Decline. अस्मद OR राजन्

Conjugate any two.

41. भ्रांn लिट्लकारः 42.कृ in विधिलिङ् 43. वन्द् in लोट्लकारः

VIII. Translate in to Tamil or English.

 $1 \times 6 = 6$

44. a) Translate any two.

i. आशायायेदासास्तेदासाःसर्वलोकस्य।

आशायेषांदासीतेषांदासायतेलोकः।।

ii. मनसाचिन्तितंकार्यंवचसानप्रकाशयेत्।

मन्त्ररक्षणगृढात्माकार्यसिद्धिंप्रकाशयेत्।।

iii. यशःप्रसाधनाक्षमःस्वयंस्वनिन्दनंविना।

स्वदोषभाषिणंपरंप्रदूषयेत्कथंतराम्।।

OR

b) Translate.

गोदावरी नद्याः तीरे महान्वटवृक्षः आसीत्। शाखासु कुलायान्विरच्य बहवः पक्षिणः तत्रसुखेन निवसन्। एकदा वर्षाकाले कश्चन वानराणां समूहः तत्र आगत्य निवासार्थं वृक्षस्य मूलं समुपाश्रयत्। पर्जन्यः महत्या धारया अवर्षत्। कपयः शैत्येन कम्पमानाः बभूवुः।।