Visualizing and Refining Connectivity Map Query Results

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Abstract

The Connectivity Map (CMap) is a database of gene expression signatures obtained from experiments in which cultured human cells are treated with pharmacologic and genomic perturbagens. A typical use case of this database is for a researcher to query with a signature of a cell state of interest and use the matching perturbagens to develop a functional hypothesis for follow-up.

Current pattern matching algorithms that perform CMap queries suffer from a universal weakness – the enormous size and richness of signatures in CMap means that a query typically generates hundreds of strong correlations which are hard to distinguish thereby making prioritization on the basis of a distance metric difficult.

We hypothesize that one mode of prioritization is to highlight query results that are highly interconnected amongst themselves over singletons. The goal of this work is to provide a web-based tool for implementing an interconnectivity-based method of query result refinement and of visualizing CMap query results in a graph layout.

1 Background

1.1 The Connectivity Map

The connectivity map is a cultured cells with various chemdatabase containing the gene expres- ical and genomic perturbations sion profiles resulting from treating lamb2006.

- 1.2 Graphical Depictions of Biological Phenomena
- 1.3 Approach for This Work
- 2 Methods
- 2.1 Software Components
- 2.1.1 Front End: HTML & D3.js
- 2.1.2 Back End: MongoDB

3 Potential Challenges

4 Preliminary Timeline

References

[1] Justin Lamb et al, The Connectivity Map: Using Gene Expression Signatures to Connect Small Molecules, Genes, and Disease. Science, 313, 1994.