

## Syntax Analysis Parser using Bison : 2nd project of 'Compiler' lecture.

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- IDE and System Environment: Docker ubuntu latest
- Compilation environment and method: ubuntu & make (gcc, flex, bison)

To implement the XIF mechanism and address the "dangling else" problem, the `cminus.y` file reflects a non-associative precedence for IF and ELSE using `%nonassoc`. Using this approach, each IF statement explicitly binds to its corresponding ELSE, thus preventing ambiguity. The selection statement rules are structured to handle both IF statements with and without an accompanying ELSE, ensuring that the correct logical structure is maintained, especially in nested conditions. This effectively resolves potential conflicts and ensures accurate parsing of conditional constructs.

In the implementation, the `isArray` attribute is utilized. For example, in the `var_declaration` rules, when a variable is declared with square brackets, the `isArray` attribute is set to 1, indicating that it is an array. Conversely, for standard variable declarations, `isArray` is set to 0. This differentiation allows the abstract syntax tree (AST) to accurately represent the data structure of variables, enabling the compiler to handle variable types.

In the design phase, some node kind and 'decl' kind have been appended in the global file. Using this struct `treeNode`, and other kind such as `ExpKind`, it is seamlessly conditioned by its kind. Under the implementation phase, using a parsing and print formatted while loop and switch cases block, it branches using structured attributes.

// globals.h

```
typedef enum {StmtK, ExpK, DeclK, TypeK} NodeKind;
typedef enum {IfK, WhileK, CallK, ReturnK, AssignK, CompK} StmtKind;
typedef enum {OpK, ConstK, IdK} ExpKind;
typedef enum {FunK, VarK, ParamK} DeclKind;
typedef enum {Void, Integer} TypeKind; // ... , Boolean // is it for semantic
typedef enum {Function, Variable} IdentifierKind;
/* TypeKind is used for type checking */
//typedef enum {Void,Integer,Boolean} ExpType;

#define MAXCHILDREN 3

typedef struct treeNode
{
    struct treeNode * child[MAXCHILDREN];
    struct treeNode * sibling;
    int isArray;
    int lineno;
    NodeKind nodekind;
    union { StmtKind stmt; ExpKind exp; DeclKind decl; TypeKind type; }
    struct { TokenType op; int val; char * name; } attr;
    TypeKind type; /* for type checking of exps */
} TreeNode;
```

Screenshot\_1: Compile (using a following command, flex and bison are linked: make all)

```
root@b1fbc5679b3c:/workspace/basic# ls
Makefile  analyze.h  cgen.h      cminus.output  cminus.tab.h  code.c  globals.h  main.c
analyze.c  cgen.c      cminus.l  cminus.tab.c   cminus.y      code.h  lex        parse.c
root@b1fbc5679b3c:/workspace/basic# make clean
rm -vf cminus_parser *.o lex.yy.c y.tab.c y.tab.h y.output
root@b1fbc5679b3c:/workspace/basic# make all
yacc -d -v cminus.y
gcc -W -Wall -c main.c
gcc -W -Wall -c util.c
flex cminus.l
gcc -W -Wall -c lex.yy.c
gcc -W -Wall -c y.tab.c
gcc -W -Wall main.o util.o lex.yy.o y.tab.o -o cminus_parser -lfl
root@b1fbc5679b3c:/workspace/basic#
root@b1fbc5679b3c:/workspace/basic#
```

### Test and example:

Test cases: From test.0.txt ~ ... ~ test.a.txt ~ ... to test.m.txt (through this path: test\_cases/test.\*.txt directory location)  
additional comment/ (Except for test.1.txt and test.2.txt, all files have been newly created)  
(Makefile is the same version with an given file. Nothing changed.)

Screenshots\*..... (test.1.txt and test.2.txt)

```
root@b1fbc5679b3c:/workspace/basic# ./cminus_parser test_cases/test.1.txt

C-MINUS COMPILATION: test_cases/test.1.txt

Syntax tree:
  Function Declaration: name = gcd, return type = int
    Parameter: name = u, type = int
    Parameter: name = v, type = int
    Compound Statement:
      If-Else Statement:
        Op: ==
        Variable: name = v
        Const: 0
      Return Statement:
        Variable: name = u
      Return Statement:
        Call: function name = gcd
        Variable: name = v
        Op: -
```

(continued)

```

    Variable: name = u
    Op: *
    Op: /
    Variable: name = u
    Variable: name = v
    Variable: name = v
Function Declaration: name = main, return type = void
Void Parameter
Compound Statement:
  Variable Declaration: name = x, type = int
  Variable Declaration: name = y, type = int
  Assign:
    Variable: name = x
    Call: function name = input
  Assign:
    Variable: name = y
    Call: function name = input
  Call: function name = output
  Call: function name = gcd
    Variable: name = x
    Variable: name = y
root@b1fbc5679b3c:/workspace/basic#

```

\*: In ubuntu bash terminal, using a following command its result can be obtained

`./cminus_parser test_cases/test.1.txt`

(To make it simple, it can be regarded `./cminus_parser test_cases/test.*.txt`)

C-MINUS COMPILATION: test\_cases/test.2.txt

Syntax tree:

```

Function Declaration: name = main, return type = void
Void Parameter
Compound Statement:
  Variable Declaration: name = i, type = int
  Variable Declaration: name = x, type = int[]
  Const: 5
  Assign:
    Variable: name = i
    Const: 0

```

(continued)

```
While Statement:
  Op: <
    Variable: name = i
    Const: 5
Compound Statement:
  Assign:
    Variable: name = x
    Variable: name = i
    Call: function name = input
  Assign:
    Variable: name = i
    Op: +
    Variable: name = i
    Const: 1
Assign:
  Variable: name = i
  Const: 0
While Statement:
  Op: <=
    Variable: name = i
    Const: 4
Compound Statement:
  If Statement:
    Op: !=
      Variable: name = x
      Variable: name = i
      Const: 0
    Compound Statement:
      Call: function name = output
      Variable: name = x
      Variable: name = i
```

```
root@b1fbc5679b3c:/workspace/basic#
```

(Test case customize) (test.k.txt ~ in order to create a test case “if - else syntax test”)

#### Screenshot (additional)

```
root@b1fbc5679b3c:/workspace/basic# cat -n test_cases/test.k.txt
 1  int main(){
 2  int a = 1;
 3  int b = 2;
 4  int c; // Declare c outside of the if statement
 5  int d; // Declare d outside of the if statement
 6
 7  if (a) {
 8      if (b) {
 9          c = 0; // Assign a value to c or perform some action
10      }
11  } else {
12      d = 0; // Assign a value to d or perform some action
13  }
14  return 0;
15  }
root@b1fbc5679b3c:/workspace/basic#
```

Parsing result of test.k.txt case

#### Screenshot

```
root@b1fbc5679b3c:/workspace/basic# ./cminus_parser test_cases/test.k.txt

C-MINUS COMPILATION: test_cases/test.k.txt
Error: syntax error

Syntax tree:
root@b1fbc5679b3c:/workspace/basic#
```

```
root@b1fbc5679b3c:/workspace/basic# cat -n test_cases/test.0.txt && ./cminus_parser test_cases/test.0.txt
 1  int main ( void a[] )
 2  {
 3      void b;
 4      int c;
 5      d[1] = b + c;
 6  }

C-MINUS COMPILATION: test_cases/test.0.txt

Syntax tree:
Function Declaration: name = main, return type = int
Parameter: name = a, type = void[]
Compound Statement:
Variable Declaration: name = b, type = void
Variable Declaration: name = c, type = int
Assign:
Variable: name = d
Const: 1
Op: +
Variable: name = b
Variable: name = c
root@b1fbc5679b3c:/workspace/basic#
```