

# Di Yue

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## EDUCATION

### Peking University

Candidate for Bachelor of Science

School of Electronics Engineering And Computer Science

GPA: 3.83/4.0

Beijing, China

*September 2021 - Present*

## RESEARCH INTERESTS

Theoretical Computer Science, Approximation Algorithm, High-dimensional Computational Geometry, Metric Embedding.

## PUBLICATIONS (In theoretical computer science, authors are listed in alphabetical order.)

### Near-Optimal Dimension Reduction for Facility Location

Lingxiao Huang, Shaofeng H.-C. Jiang, Robert Krauthgamer, **Di Yue**.

Submitted to the 36th ACM-SIAM Symposium on Discrete Algorithms (SODA 2025).

## RESEARCH EXPERIENCE

### Visiting Student at Weizmann Institute of Science.

*July 2024 - Present*

*Advisor: Robert Krauthgamer*

*Weizmann Institute of Science, Israel*

- Gave a talk on the UFL work in the algorithm seminar.
- Study dimension reduction for MST and Steiner tree problems. Did some literature research.

### Near-Optimal Dimension Reduction for Facility Location

*July 2023 - July 2024*

*Advisor: Shaofeng Jiang*

*Peking University, China*

- Proved that target dimension  $m = \tilde{O}(\varepsilon^{-2} \text{ddim})$  suffices to  $(1 + \varepsilon)$ -approximate the optimal value of *uniform facility location (UFL)* on high-dimensional inputs whose *doubling dimension* is bounded by  $\text{ddim}$ .
- Proposed the first PTAS for Euclidean UFL on doubling subsets, where the facilities are allowed to lie in the (high-dimensional) ambient space  $\mathbb{R}^d$ .
- Generalized our PTAS to doubling metrics without vector representations, which improves the  $2^{2^{O(\text{ddim}^2)}} n$  running time in [Cohen-Addad, Feldmann and Saulpic, JACM 2021] to  $2^{2^{\tilde{O}(\text{ddim})}} n$ .
- This work is submitted to **SODA 2025**.

### Preserving the Diameter via Dimension Reduction

*January 2023 - April 2023*

*Academic Advisor: Shaofeng Jiang*

*Peking University, China*

- Proved that target dimension  $m = O(\varepsilon^{-2} \text{ddim})$  suffices to  $(1 + \varepsilon)$ -approximate the diameter of a high-dimensional doubling subset whose *doubling dimension* is bounded by  $\text{ddim}$ .

## HONOURS AND AWARDS

Second Class Scholarship of Peking University (10%) ..... 2022

Merit Student (10%) ..... 2022

Study Excellence Award (20%) ..... 2023