# Di Yue

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#### **EDUCATION**

Peking University

Beijing, China

September 2021 - Present

Candidate for Bachelor of Science School of Electronics Engineering And Computer Science

GPA: 3.83/4.0, Ranking: 14/134

## RESEARCH INTERESTS

Theoretical Computer Science, Approximation Algorithm, High-dimensional Computational Geometry, Metric Embedding.

PUBLICATIONS (In theoretical computer science, authors are listed in alphabetical order.)

### Near-Optimal Dimension Reduction for Facility Location

Lingxiao Huang, Shaofeng H.-C. Jiang, Robert Krauthgamer, **Di Yue**. Working paper.

#### RESEARCH EXPERIENCE

#### Visiting Student at Weizmann Institute of Science.

July 2024 - Present

Advisor: Robert Krauthgamer

Weizmann Institute of Science, Israel

- Gave a talk on our recent uniform facility location (UFL) work in the algorithm seminar.
- Did some literature research on dimension reduction for MST and Steiner tree problems.
- Gave a new proof of dimension reduction for MST, using target dimension  $m = O(\varepsilon^{-2} \operatorname{ddim} \cdot \log \log \Delta)$ .

## Near-Optimal Dimension Reduction for Facility Location (UFL) $\,$

July 2023 - July 2024 Peking University, China

Advisor: Shaofeng Jiang

Tenny University, China

- Proved that target dimension  $m = \tilde{O}(\varepsilon^{-2} ddim)$  suffices to  $(1 + \varepsilon)$ -approximate the optimal value of UFL on high-dimensional inputs whose doubling dimension is bounded by ddim.
- Proposed the first PTAS for Euclidean UFL on doubling subsets, where the facilities are allowed to lie in the (high-dimensional) ambient space  $\mathbb{R}^d$ .
- Generalized our PTAS to doubling metrics without vector representations, which improves the  $2^{2^{O(\text{ddim}^2)}}n$  running time in [Cohen-Addad, Feldmann and Saulpic, JACM 2021] to  $2^{2^{\tilde{O}(\text{ddim})}}n$ .

#### Preserving the Diameter via Dimension Reduction

January 2023 - April 2023

Academic Advisor: Shaofeng Jiang

Peking University, China

• Proved that target dimension  $m = O(\varepsilon^{-2} \text{ddim})$  suffices to  $(1 + \varepsilon)$ -approximate the diameter of a high-dimensional doubling subset whose doubling dimension is bounded by ddim.

#### HONOURS AND AWARDS

Second Class Scholarship of Peking University (10%)	2022
Merit Student (10%)	2022
Academic Excellence Award (20%)	2023