

Multivariate Analysis

Homework 5

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7.21.

a.

i.

y1原本不符合常態之假設，經由Box-Cox轉換後， $\lambda = -0.0955692$ ，可得新的y1t符合常態之假設。並以此作為反應變數配適模型，因原模型之R-square太低，故嘗試刪除截距項，可得到z1、z2皆顯著，且R-square有高達0.9663的驚人表現。

```
> shapiro.test(y1)
```

Shapiro-Wilk normality test

data: y1

W = 0.93004, p-value = 0.013

```
> lambda <- powerTransform(y1)$lambda
```

```
> y1t <- ((y1)^lambda-1)/lambda
```

```
> shapiro.test(y1t)
```

Shapiro-Wilk normality test

data: y1t

W = 0.98194, p-value = 0.7364

```
> summary(lm(y1t ~ z1 + z2))
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = y1t ~ z1 + z2)
```

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-0.61049	-0.15592	-0.00617	0.14928	0.60172

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	1.897785	0.279749	6.784	4.25e-08 ***
z1	-0.007769	0.026167	-0.297	0.768
z2	0.002513	0.002387	1.053	0.299

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 0.2636 on 39 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.03162, Adjusted R-squared: -0.01804

F-statistic: 0.6368 on 2 and 39 DF, p-value: 0.5344

```
> summary(lm(y1t ~ 0 + z1 + z2))
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = y1t ~ 0 + z1 + z2)
```

Residuals:

	Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
	-0.83334	-0.18280	0.02347	0.30836	1.00260

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
z1	0.128109	0.024549	5.219	5.89e-06 ***
z2	0.013867	0.002481	5.590	1.78e-06 ***

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

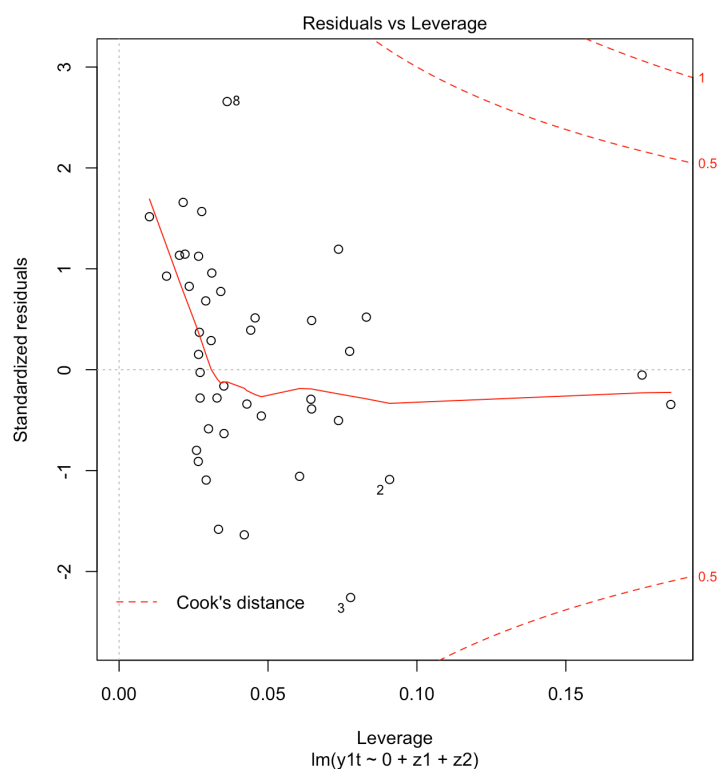
Residual standard error: 0.3842 on 40 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.9663, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9646

F-statistic: 572.8 on 2 and 40 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

ii.

由下圖可發現，沒有離群值或是高槓桿點。



iii.

```
> pre.N02.CI
```

	fit	lwr	upr
original y1	15.08768	5.645278	44.654918
transformed y1	2.39049	1.595246	3.185734

b.

i.

檢測結果並非為雙變量常態分佈，故使用Box-cox轉換，並以轉換後的 y1t、y2t作為新的反應變數，並配適無截距項之模型，則有很高的模型解釋力。

```
> mardiaTest(cbind(y1, y2))
```

Mardia's Multivariate Normality Test

data : cbind(y1, y2)

g1p : 2.707408
chi.skew : 18.95186
p.value.skew : 0.0008032467

g2p : 9.97511
z.kurtosis : 1.600022
p.value.kurt : 0.1095937

chi.small.skew : 21.29608
p.value.small : 0.0002766104

Result : Data are not multivariate normal.

Response y1t :

Call:

```
lm(formula = y1t ~ 0 + z1 + z2)
```

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-0.73923	-0.16314	0.02438	0.28579	0.87792

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
z1	0.120067	0.022011	5.455	2.75e-06 ***
z2	0.012749	0.002224	5.732	1.12e-06 ***

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 0.3445 on 40 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.9684, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9669
F-statistic: 613.6 on 2 and 40 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

Response y2t :

Call:

```
lm(formula = y2t ~ 0 + z1 + z2)
```

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-1.8611	-0.6982	0.1491	0.4897	2.0474

Coefficients:

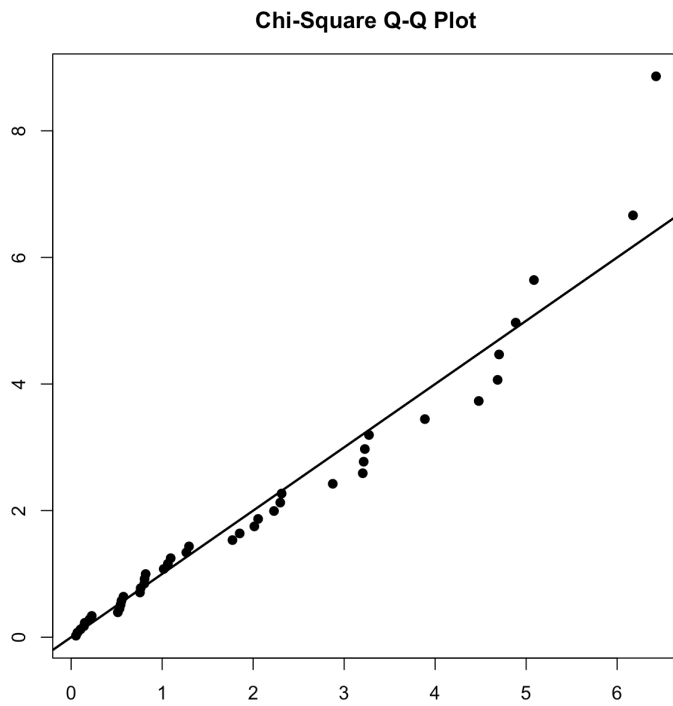
	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
z1	0.024860	0.060846	0.409	0.685
z2	0.034102	0.006148	5.547	2.05e-06 ***

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 0.9524 on 40 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.8986, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8935
F-statistic: 177.3 on 2 and 40 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

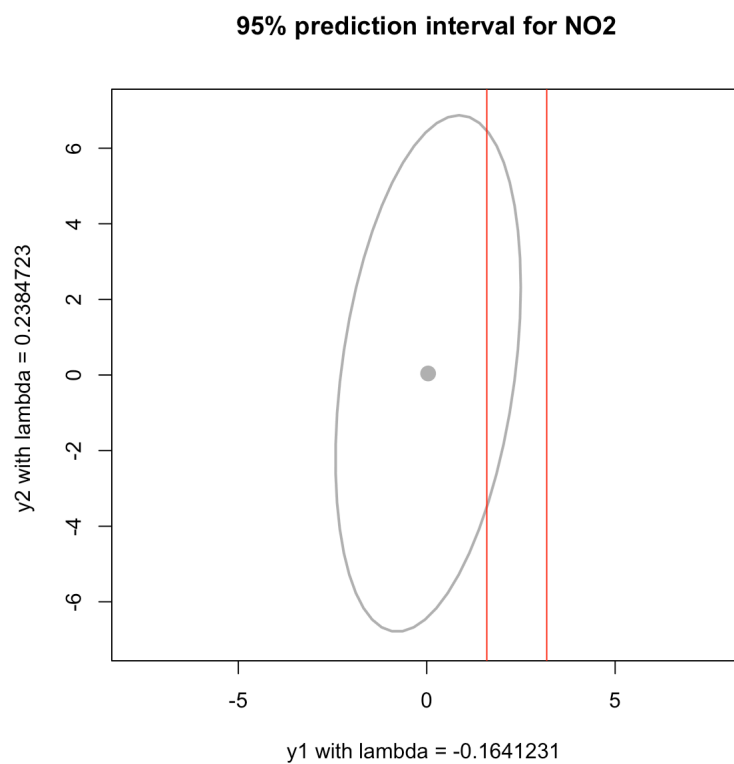
ii.

由下圖可看出殘差呈現一直線，屬於雙變數常態分佈。



iii.

下圖為預測橢圓與a小題之信賴區間之比較，可發現信賴橢圓之中心點未必落在單一反應變數之信賴區間內。



7.25.

a.

i.

步驟同7.21.a.i， $\lambda = -0.7666967$ ，惟刪除截距項之模型有部分預測變數不顯著，故刪除該變數後重新配適，可得到相當好的模型解釋力。

```
> summary(lm(y1t ~ z1 + z2 + z3 + z4 + z5))
```

```
Call:
lm(formula = y1t ~ z1 + z2 + z3 + z4 + z5)
```

```
Residuals:
    Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
-0.0023321 -0.0006218  0.0001097  0.0009064  0.0020569
```

```
Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 1.281e+00  4.790e-03 267.514 <2e-16 ***
z1          1.917e-03  8.691e-04  2.206  0.0496 *
z2          5.681e-07  3.266e-07  1.739  0.1099
z3          5.588e-05  2.282e-05  2.449  0.0323 *
z4          2.593e-05  1.730e-05  1.499  0.1620
z5          2.205e-05  2.064e-05  1.068  0.3082
```

```
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 0.001508 on 11 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared:  0.695,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.5564
F-statistic: 5.013 on 5 and 11 DF,  p-value: 0.01228
```

```
> summary(lm(y1t ~ z1 + z2 + z3 + z4 + z5 + 0))
```

```
Call:
lm(formula = y1t ~ z1 + z2 + z3 + z4 + z5 + 0)
```

```
Residuals:
    Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
-0.11643 -0.05997 -0.02089  0.07633  0.22265
```

```
Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
z1    9.997e-02    6.086e-02   1.643 0.126352
z2   -1.748e-05    2.468e-05  -0.708 0.492392
z3    5.127e-03    9.806e-04   5.229 0.000212 ***
z4    2.636e-03    1.103e-03   2.390 0.034110 *
z5    2.294e-03    1.453e-03   1.579 0.140241
```

```
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 0.1165 on 12 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared:  0.9943,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.9919
F-statistic: 419.4 on 5 and 12 DF,  p-value: 4.941e-13
```

```
> summary(lm(y1t ~ z3 + z4 + 0))
```

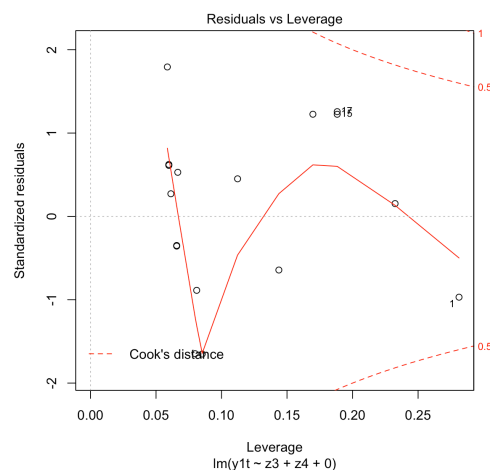
```
Call:
lm(formula = y1t ~ z3 + z4 + 0)
```

```
Residuals:
    Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
-0.20569 -0.07752  0.03424  0.07869  0.22653
```

```
Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
z3  0.0064033    0.0003139   20.401 2.37e-12 ***
z4  0.0031894    0.0009187    3.472  0.00342 **
```

```
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
Residual standard error: 0.1302 on 15 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared:  0.9911,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.9899
F-statistic: 836.4 on 2 and 15 DF,  p-value: 4.129e-16
```



ii.

由上圖可發現沒有離群值與高槓桿點。

iii.

```
> pre.25a.CI
```

	fit	lwr	upr
original y1	12.811812	3.7492043	NaN
transformed y1	1.119721	0.8307758	1.408666

b.

i.

重複a小題之步驟，得 $\lambda = -0.8616772$ ，變數選取後得到的模型亦有很高的模型解釋力。

```
> summary(lm(y2t ~ z3 + z4 + 0))
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = y2t ~ z3 + z4 + 0)
```

Residuals:

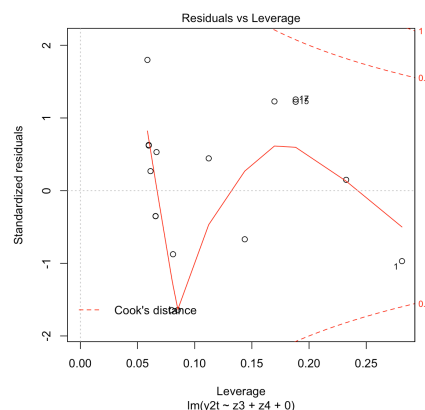
```
      Min       10   Median       30      Max
-0.1834 0.0002804 0.0002809 0.00344 0.00344
```

Coefficients:

```
      Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
z3  0.0057051   0.0002804   20.343 2.47e-12 ***
z4  0.0028466   0.0008209    3.468 0.00344 **
```

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```
Residual standard error: 0.1163 on 15 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared:  0.9911,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.9899
F-statistic: 832 on 2 and 15 DF, p-value: 4.295e-16
```



ii.

由上圖可發現沒有潛在的離群值與高槓桿點。

iii.

```
> pre.25b.CI
```

```
              fit      lwr      upr
original y1  9.7878880 3.2462768   NaN
transformed y1 0.9979721 0.7397948 1.256149
```

c.

i.

做法同7.21.b.i， $\lambda_1 = -0.1772955$ 、 $\lambda_2 = -0.1852451$ ，選模時將不顯著的變數刪除，重新配適後亦有很好的模型解釋力。

```
> mardiaTest(cbind(y1, y2))
```

Mardia's Multivariate Normality Test

data : cbind(y1, y2)

```
g1p      : 7.283451
chi.skew  : 20.63644
p.value.skew : 0.0003737932
```

```
g2p      : 13.2787
z.kurtosis : 2.720579
p.value.kurt : 0.006516762
```

```
chi.small.skew : 27.31294
p.value.small  : 1.718303e-05
```

Result : Data are not multivariate normal.

Response y1t :

Call:

```
lm(formula = y1t ~ z1 + z3 + z4 + 0)
```

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-0.43639	-0.14771	-0.01829	0.30388	0.51171

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
z1	0.3788044	0.1528008	2.479	0.02652 *
z3	0.0188722	0.0009088	20.766	6.46e-12 ***
z4	0.0073800	0.0021527	3.428	0.00408 **

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 0.3037 on 14 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.9952, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9942
F-statistic: 966.2 on 3 and 14 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

Response y2t :

Call:

```
lm(formula = y2t ~ z1 + z3 + z4 + 0)
```

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-0.35062	-0.17976	-0.04664	0.33248	0.45736

Coefficients:

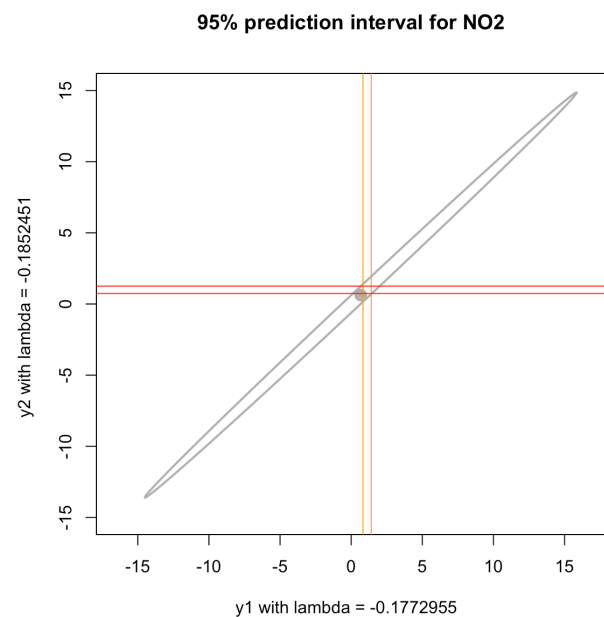
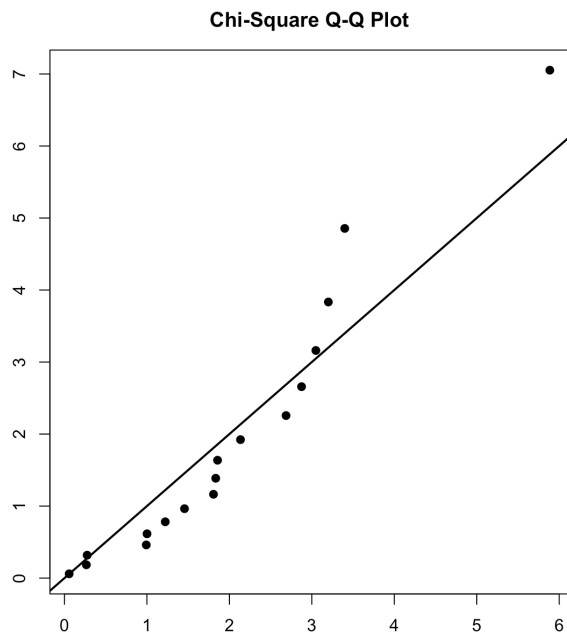
	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
z1	0.4108960	0.1436616	2.860	0.0126 *
z3	0.0179685	0.0008544	21.030	5.44e-12 ***
z4	0.0066344	0.0020240	3.278	0.0055 **

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 0.2856 on 14 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.9954, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9944
F-statistic: 999 on 3 and 14 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

ii.

由下圖左可知，殘差呈現一直線，故為雙變數常態分佈。



iii.

由上圖右可看出，分別對y1t與y2t作出CI並不一定會包含同時做信賴橢圓的預測值。