Statistical Learning and Data mining

Homework 6

M052040003 鍾冠毅

4.10. (a) 由下圖與相關係數矩陣得知, Year 與 Volume 有高度正相關。

```
> round(cor(Weekly[,1:8]), 3)
                                                  Year
                                                        Lag1 Lag2 Lag3 Lag4 Lag5 Volume Today
                                                 1.000 -0.032 -0.033 -0.030 -0.031 -0.031 0.842 -0.032
                                           Year
                                           Lag1
                                                 -0.032 1.000 -0.075 0.059 -0.071 -0.008 -0.065 -0.075
                                                 -0.033 -0.075 1.000 -0.076 0.058 -0.072 -0.086 0.059
                                           Lag2
                                                -0.030 0.059 -0.076 1.000 -0.075 0.061 -0.069 -0.071
                                           Lag3
                                           Lag4
                                                -0.031 -0.071 0.058 -0.075 1.000 -0.076 -0.061 -0.008
                                          Lag5 -0.031 -0.008 -0.072 0.061 -0.076 1.000 -0.059 0.011
                                           Volume 0.842 -0.065 -0.086 -0.069 -0.061 -0.059 1.000 -0.033
                                           Today -0.032 -0.075 0.059 -0.071 -0.008 0.011 -0.033 1.000
```

(b) Lag2 較為顯著。

```
> summary(lmb)
glm(formula = Direction ~ Volume + Lag1 + Lag2 + Lag3 + Lag4 +
    Lag5, family = binomial)
Deviance Residuals:
Min 1Q Median 3Q
-1.6949 -1.2565 0.9913 1.0849
                                       Max
                                    1.4579
Coefficients:
           Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept) 0.26686
                      0.08593 3.106 0.0019 **
Volume
            -0.02274
                       0.03690 -0.616
                                         0.5377
            -0.04127
                       0.02641 -1.563
                                         0.1181
Laa1
            0.05844
                       0.02686
                                2.175
                                         0.0296
Laa2
            -0.01606
                       0.02666 -0.602
                                         0.5469
Laa3
                       0.02646 -1.050
            -0.02779
                                         0.2937
Lag4
                       0.02638 -0.549
Lag5
            -0.01447
                                         0.5833
Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1
(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
    Null deviance: 1496.2 on 1088 degrees of freedom
Residual deviance: 1486.4 on 1082 degrees of freedom
AIC: 1500.4
Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
```

(c) test error rate is 0.4389.

(d) test error rate is 0.375.

(e) test error rate is 0.375.

(f) test error rate is 0.4135.

```
> table(qda.f.prdct$class, test$Direction)

Down Up

Down 0 0

Up 43 61
> (43+0)/104

[1] 0.4134615
```

(g) test error rate is 0.5.

- (h) The logistic regression and the LDA perform the best with the test error rate, 0.375.
- (i) 前三個模型改使用與Volume的交互作用項作為預測變數,並在KNN中討論K=10、100 等情形,可得知(d)、(e)之結果依然優於其他預測模型。

```
> table(dir.prdct, test$Direction)
dir.prdct Down Up
    Down 9 6
    Up
          34 55
> mean(dir.prdct != test$Direction)
[1] 0.3846154
> table(lda.i.prdct$class, test$Direction)
      Down Up
 Down 8 6
 Up
        35 55
> mean(lda.i.prdct$class != test$Direction)
[1] 0.3942308
> table(qda.i.prdct$class, test$Direction)
      Down Up
  Down 24 28
        19 33
 Up
> mean(qda.i.prdct$class != test$Direction)
[1] 0.4519231
> table(knn.prdct.i10, test$Direction)
knn.prdct.i10 Down Up
        Down 17 18
        Up
               26 43
> mean(knn.prdct.i10 != test$Direction)
[1] 0.4230769
> table(knn.prdct.i100, test$Direction)
knn.prdct.i100 Down Up
         Down 9 13
         Up
                34 48
> mean(knn.prdct.i100 != test$Direction)
```

[1] 0.4519231