



QuillAudits

Audit Report August, 2024

For



RITESTREAM

Table of Content

Executive Summary 02

Number of Security Issues per Severity 03

Checked Vulnerabilities 04

Techniques and Methods 06

Types of Severity 07

Types of Issues 07

Informational Issues 08

 1. Avoid using floating pragma 08

Closing Summary 09

Disclaimer 09



Executive Summary

Project Name	ritestream
Overview	ritestream is a Web3-based platform that empowers creators to fund, produce, and distribute original video content through decentralized finance and blockchain technology. It aims to democratize the content creation industry by enabling creators to retain ownership and monetize their work globally.
Timeline	18th July 24 - 24th July 2024
Method	Manual Review, Functional Testing, Automated Testing, etc. All the raised flags were manually reviewed and re-tested to identify any false positives.
Audit Scope	The scope of this audit was to analyze the RiteAdapter & RiteBase Contract for quality, security, and correctness.
Blockchain	EVM
Source Code	https://github.com/ritestream/ritestream-bridge/blob/main/contracts/RiteAdapter.sol https://github.com/ritestream/ritestream-bridge/blob/main/contracts/RiteBase.sol 8c8af8271d27f1cfd3cc3fc305baff0bdbb53640
Contracts In-Scope	contracts/RiteBase.sol contracts/RiteAdapter.sol
Branch	Main
Fixed In	NA



Number of Security Issues per Severity



- High
- Medium
- Low
- Informational

	High	Medium	Low	Informational
Open Issues	0	0	0	0
Acknowledged Issues	0	0	0	1
Partially Resolved Issues	0	0	0	0
Resolved Issues	0	0	0	0

Checked Vulnerabilities

No major issues were found. Some false positive errors were reported by the tools. All the other issues have been categorized above according to their level of severity.

- | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| ✓ Access Management | ✓ Compiler version not fixed |
| ✓ Arbitrary write to storage | ✓ Address hardcoded |
| ✓ Centralization of control | ✓ Divide before multiply |
| ✓ Ether theft | ✓ Integer overflow/underflow |
| ✓ Improper or missing events | ✓ ERC's conformance |
| ✓ Logical issues and flaws | ✓ Dangerous strict equalities |
| ✓ Arithmetic Correctness | ✓ Tautology or contradiction |
| ✓ Race conditions/front running | ✓ Return values of low-level calls |
| ✓ SWC Registry | ✓ Missing Zero Address Validation |
| ✓ Re-entrancy | ✓ Private modifier |
| ✓ Timestamp Dependence | ✓ Revert/require functions |
| ✓ Gas Limit and Loops | ✓ Multiple Sends |
| ✓ Exception Disorder | ✓ Using suicide |
| ✓ Gasless Send | ✓ Using delegatecall |



Checked Vulnerabilities



Use of tx.origin



Malicious libraries



Using inline assembly



Style guide violation



Upgradeable safety



Using throw



Unsafe type inference



Implicit visibility level



Techniques and Methods

Throughout the audit of ritestream, care was taken to ensure:

- The overall quality of code.
- Use of best practices.
- Code documentation and comments match logic and expected behaviorbehaviour.
- Token distribution and calculations are as per the intended behaviorbehaviour mentioned in the whitepaper.
- Implementation of various token standards.
- Efficient use of gas.
- Code is safe from re-entrancy and other vulnerabilities.

The following techniques, methods, and tools were used to review all the Solana programs.

Structural Analysis

In this step, we have analysed the design patterns and structure of Solana programs. A thorough check was done to ensure the Solana program is structured in a way that will not result in future problems.

Static Analysis

Static analysis of Solana programs was done to identify contract vulnerabilities. In this step, a series of automated tools are used to test the security of Solana programs.

Code Review / Manual Analysis

Manual Analysis or review of code was done to identify new vulnerabilities or verify the vulnerabilities found during the static analysis. Contracts were completely manually analysed, and their logic was checked and compared with the one described in the whitepaper. Besides, the results of the automated analysis were manually verified.

Gas Consumption

In this step, we have checked the behaviour of Solana programs in production. Checks were done to know how much gas gets consumed and the possibilities of optimising code to reduce gas consumption.



Types of Severity

Every issue in this report has been assigned to a severity level. There are four levels of severity, and each of them has been explained below.

High Severity Issues

A high severity issue or vulnerability means that your smart contract can be exploited. Issues on this level are critical to the smart contract's performance or functionality, and we recommend these issues be fixed before moving to a live environment.

Medium Severity Issues

The issues marked as medium severity usually arise because of errors and deficiencies in the smart contract code. Issues on this level could potentially bring problems, and they should still be fixed.

Low Severity Issues

Low-level severity issues can cause minor impact and are just warnings that can remain unfixed for now. It would be better to fix these issues at some point in the future.

Informational

These are four severity issues that indicate an improvement request, a general question, a cosmetic or documentation error, or a request for information. There is low-to-no impact.

Types of Issues

Open

Security vulnerabilities identified that must be resolved and are currently unresolved.

Resolved

These are the issues identified in the initial audit and have been successfully fixed.

Acknowledged

Vulnerabilities which have been acknowledged but are yet to be resolved.

Partially Resolved

Considerable efforts have been invested to reduce the risk/impact of the security issue, but are not completely resolved.



Informational Issues

1. Avoid using floating pragma

Path

Riteadapter, RiteBase

Description

Floating pragma should only be used when a contract is intended for consumption by other developers.

Locking the pragma helps ensure that contracts are not accidentally deployed using, for example, the latest compiler, which may have higher risks of undiscovered bugs.

Recommendation

Use locked pragma instead.

Status

Acknowledged



Closing Summary

In this report, we have considered the security of the ritestream Contracts. We performed our audit according to the procedure described above.

Code quality is good. No issues were found, Some suggestions and best practices are also provided in order to improve the code quality and security posture.

Disclaimer

QuillAudits Smart contract security audit provides services to help identify and mitigate potential security risks in ritestream smart contract. However, it is important to understand that no security audit can guarantee complete protection against all possible security threats. QuillAudits audit reports are based on the information provided to us at the time of the audit, and we cannot guarantee the accuracy or completeness of this information. Additionally, the security landscape is constantly evolving, and new security threats may emerge after the audit has been completed.

Therefore, it is recommended that multiple audits and bug bounty programs be conducted to ensure the ongoing security of ritestream smart contracts. One audit is not enough to guarantee complete protection against all possible security threats. It is important to implement proper risk management strategies and stay vigilant in monitoring your smart contracts for potential security risks.

QuillAudits cannot be held liable for any security breaches or losses that may occur subsequent to and despite using our audit services. It is the responsibility of the ritestream to implement the recommendations provided in our audit reports and to take appropriate steps to mitigate potential security risks.



About QuillAudits

QuillAudits is a leading name in Web3 security, offering top-notch solutions to safeguard projects across DeFi, GameFi, NFT gaming, and all blockchain layers. With six years of expertise, we've secured over 1000 projects globally, averting over \$30 billion in losses. Our specialists rigorously audit smart contracts and ensure DApp safety on major platforms like Ethereum, BSC, Arbitrum, Algorand, Tron, Polygon, Polkadot, Fantom, NEAR, Solana, and others, guaranteeing your project's security with cutting-edge practices.



1000+

Audits Completed



\$30B

Secured



1M+

Lines of Code Audited



Follow Our Journey



Audit Report August, 2024

For



RITESTREAM



QuillAudits

📍 Canada, India, Singapore, UAE, UK

🌐 www.quillaudits.com

✉ audits@quillhash.com