8

7.20, 7.21, 7.22

A Si p-n-p transistor has the following properties at room temperature:

$$au_n = au_p = 0.1~\mu s \ D_n = D_p = 10~cm^2/s \ N_E = 10^{19}~cm^{-3} \ N_C = N_B = 10^{16}~cm^{-3} \ W_E = 3~\mu m$$

 $W=1.5~\mu m$ (metallurgical base width, distance between base-emitter junction and base-collector junction)

$$A = 10^{-5} cm^2$$

For $V_{CB}=0$ and for each $V_{EB}=0.2\ V$ and $0.6\ V$. Calculate:

a

The neutral base width W_b

$egin{aligned} \checkmark$ Answer \checkmark $W = \sqrt{rac{2\epsilon(V_0 - V)}{q} \left(rac{N_a + N_d}{N_a N_d} ight)} \ V_0 = rac{kT}{q} \mathrm{ln} \left(rac{N_a N_d}{n_i^2} ight) \ V_{0BE} = 0.8735512160281839 \ V \ V_{0CB} = 0.6946403543025464 \ V \ W_{BE} = \sqrt{(V_0 - V)1.306680375 imes 10^{-9}} \ W_{CB} = 0.4258558799635592 \ \mu m \end{aligned}$

 $x_{CB} = 0.2129279399817796 \ \mu m$

For
$$V_{EB}=0.2~V, W_{BE}=0.29666751685033083~\mu m$$

For $V_{EB}=0.6~V, W_{BE}=0.18906189609263242~\mu m$

For
$$V_{EB}=0.2~V, x_{BE}=0.2963711457046262~\mu m, W_b=0.9907009143135942~\mu m$$

For $V_{EB}=0.6~V, x_{BE}=0.18887302306956283~\mu m, W_b=1.0981990369486576~\mu m$

b

Base transport factor

✓ Answer

$$B=rac{I_C}{I_{E_p}}=\mathrm{sech}\left(rac{W_b}{L_p}
ight)$$

$$L=\sqrt{D au}=10~\mu m$$

For
$$V_{EB} = 0.2 \ V, B = 0.995112547857462$$

For
$$V_{EB}=0.6\ V, B=0.9939999492937805$$

C

Emitter injection efficiency

✓ Answer

$$egin{aligned} \gamma &= rac{I_{E_p}}{I_{E_n} + I_{E_p}} = \left(1 + rac{L_p^n n_n \mu_n^p}{L_p^p p_p \mu_p^n} anh\left(rac{W_b}{L_p^n}
ight)
ight)^{-1} \ &= \left(1 + rac{n_n}{p_p} anh\left(rac{W_b}{L_p^n}
ight)
ight)^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$L=10~\mu m$$

$$n_n=10^{16}$$

$$p_p=10^{19}\,$$

$$\gamma = \left(1 + rac{1}{1000} imes anh\left(rac{W_b}{10}
ight)
ight)^{-1}$$

For
$$V_{EB}=0.2~V, \gamma=0.999901262511629$$

For
$$V_{EB}=0.6~V, \gamma=0.9998906314306855$$

d

 α

✓ Answer

$$\alpha = B\gamma$$

For
$$V_{EB}=0.2~V, \alpha=0.99501429294384$$

For
$$V_{EB}=0.6~V, \alpha=0.9938912369414276$$

e

β

✓ Answer

$$\beta = \frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha}$$

For
$$V_{EB}=0.2~V, eta=199.57335674475175$$

For $V_{EB}=0.6~V, eta=162.6992612762575$

f

 I_B

✓ Answer

$$p_n=22500$$

$$\Delta p_C = 0$$

$$I_B = q A rac{D_p}{L_p} \Big((\Delta p_E + \Delta p_C) anh rac{W_b}{2L_p} \Big)$$

For
$$V_{EB}=0.2~V, \Delta p_E=50770967.42075891, I_B=4.020619552810045 imes 10^{-14}~A$$

For
$$V_{EB}=0.6~V, \Delta p_E=258856185256414.6, I_B=2.271922006217088 imes 10^{-7}~A$$

g

 I_C

✓ Answer

$$I_C = q A rac{D_p}{L_p} \Big(\Delta p_E \cosh rac{W_b}{L_p} - \Delta p_C \coth rac{W_b}{L_p} \Big)$$

For
$$V_{EB}=0.2~V, I_C=8.186205921772223 imes 10^{-12}~A$$

For
$$V_{EB}=0.6~V, I_C=3.763785457076855 imes 10^{-5}~A$$

h

 I_E

✓ Answer

$$I_E=rac{I_C}{lpha}$$

For
$$V_{EB}=0.2~V, I_E=8.227224452779055 imes 10^{-12}~A$$

For
$$V_{EB}=0.6~V, I_E=3.7869188470354374 imes 10^{-5}~A$$