

Cheat Sheet

Constants

$$N_A = 6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ molecules/mole}$$

$$k = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}$$

$$= 8.62 \times 10^{-5} \text{ eV/K}$$

$$q = 1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$$

$$m_0 = 9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$$

$$\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-14} \text{ F/cm}$$

$$h = 6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js}$$

$$= 4.14 \times 10^{-15} \text{ eVs}$$

$$kT = 0.0259 \text{ eV}$$

$$c = 2.998 \times 10^{10} \text{ cm/s}$$

$$\text{\AA} = 10^{-8} \text{ cm}$$

$$1 \text{ eV} = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$$

Formulas

$$p = mv = \hbar \vec{k} = \frac{h}{\lambda}$$

$$E = hv = \hbar \omega$$

$$E = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = \frac{1}{2}\frac{p^2}{m} = \frac{\hbar}{2m^*}\vec{k}^2$$

$$m^* = \frac{\hbar^2}{\frac{d^2E}{dk^2}}$$

$$E_N = KE + PE = E_c + E(k) = -\frac{mq^4}{K^2 n^2 \hbar^2}$$

	Classical Mechanics	Quantum Mechanics
Position	x	x
Momentum	$p = mv$	$\frac{\hbar}{j} \frac{\partial}{\partial x}$
Energy	$E = KE + PE = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 + PE$	$-\frac{\hbar}{j} \frac{\partial}{\partial t}$

$$\langle Q \rangle = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \psi^* Q_{op} \psi d\vec{x}$$

$$Eg(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g(x)P(x)dx$$

$$f(E) = \frac{1}{e^{(E-E_F)/kT} + 1} \approx e^{(E_F-E)/kT}$$

$$n_0 = N_c f(E_C)$$

$$N_c = 2 \left(\frac{2\pi m_a^* kT}{h^2} \right)^{3/2}$$

$$N_v = 2 \left(\frac{2\pi m_p^* kT}{h^2} \right)^{3/2}$$

$$p_0 = N_v f(E_v)$$

$$n_i = N_c e^{-(E_C - E_i)/kT} = \sqrt{N_c N_v} e^{-E_g/2kT}$$

$$p_i = N_v e^{-(E_i - E_C)/kT}$$

$$E = \frac{mq^4}{2K^2 \hbar^2}$$

$$L = \sqrt{D\tau}$$

$$\rho = \frac{1}{\sigma}$$

$$R = \frac{\rho L}{wt}$$

$$J = \frac{I}{A}$$

$$J = J_n + J_p + C \frac{dV}{dt} = \sigma \varepsilon$$

$$J_n(x) = q\mu_n n(x)\varepsilon(x) + qD_n \frac{dn(x)}{dx}$$

$$J_p(x) = q\mu_p p(x)\varepsilon(x) - qD_p \frac{dp(x)}{dx}$$

$$\frac{kT}{q} = \frac{D}{\mu}$$

Equilibrium

$$n_0 = n_i e^{(E_F - E_i)/kT}$$

$$p_0 = n_i e^{(E_i - E_F)/kT}$$

$$n_0 p_0 = n_i^2$$

Steady State

$$n = N_c e^{-(E_C - F_n)/kT} = n_i e^{(F_n - E_i)/kT}$$

$$p = N_v e^{-(F_p - E_v)/kT} = n_i e^{(E_i - F_p)/kT}$$

$$np = n_i^2 e^{(F_n - F_p)/kT}$$

Potential Well

$$\psi = A \sin Kx$$

$$K = \frac{\sqrt{2mE}}{\hbar}$$

$$\psi_H = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}} \sin \frac{nm}{L} x$$

$$\psi_K(X) = U(k_x, x) e^{jKxX}$$

p-n

$$V_0 = \frac{kT}{q} \ln \left(\frac{N_a N_d}{n_i^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{p_p}{p_n} = \frac{n_n}{n_p} = e^{qV_0/kT}$$

$$W = \sqrt{\frac{2\epsilon(V_0 - V)}{q} \left(\frac{N_a + N_d}{N_a N_d} \right)}$$

$$n = n_0 + \delta_n$$

$$p = p_0 + \delta_p$$

$$\delta_p(x_n) = \Delta p_n e^{-x_n/L_p}$$

$$\delta_n(x_p) = \Delta n_p e^{-x_p/L_n}$$

$$Q_+ = qAx_{n0}N_d = qAx_{p0}N_a$$

$$\varepsilon_0 = -\frac{q}{\varepsilon}x_{n0}N_d = -\frac{q}{\varepsilon}x_{p0}N_a$$

$$I_p = qA\frac{D_p}{L_p}p_n(e^{qV/kT} - 1)$$

$$I_n = qA\frac{D_n}{L_n}n_p(e^{qV/kT} - 1)$$

$$I_{op} = qAg_{op}(L_p + L_n + W)$$

$$\Delta\sigma = qg_{op}(\tau_n\mu_n + \tau_p\mu_p)$$

One sided

$$x_{p0} = W\frac{N_d}{N_a+N_d}$$

$$x_{n0} = W\frac{N_a}{N_a+N_d}$$