### 1

Convert the following unsigned numbers

```
3527_8 =?_2 =?_{16}
10101001_2 =?_{10}
101011011111001_2 =?_{16}
105_{10} =?_2
412_{10} =?_8
101000.01_2 =?_{10}
```

#### ✓ Answer ∨

```
\begin{aligned} 3527_8 &= 011|101|010|111_2 = 011101010111_2 = 0111|0101|0111_2 = 757_{16} \\ 10101001_2 &= 1 + 8 + 32 + 128_{10} = 169_{10} \\ 101011011111001_2 &= 0010|1011|0111|1001_2 = 2B79_{16} \\ 105_{10} &= 64 + 32 + 8 + 1_{10} = 1101001_2 \\ 412_{10} &= 256 + 128 + 16 + 8 + 4_{10} = 110|011|100_2 = 634_8 \\ 101000.01_2 &= 0.25 + 8 + 32_{10} = 40.25_{10} \end{aligned}
```

# 2

Indicate whether there is an overflow for the following operations where all the numbers are in two's complement form

```
10010100 + 10010101
01000011 + 10010001
```

#### ✓ Answer

```
10010100 + 10010101 = 100101001
```

Yes, since both of the leading digits are high, this leads the output to be too large to store in 8 bits, making it overflow to 9. Truncating it to 8 bits will make it have an inaccurate answer.

```
01000011 + 10010001 = 11010100
```

No, since only one leading digit is high and there is no carry over from the previous bit, there is no overflow.

# 3

Perform the following operations by first representing the decimal numbers in two's complement number system. (Hint: the subtraction will become addition). Use 6 bits to represent the numbers.

$$14 - 15 = ?$$
 $12 - 10 = ?$ 
 $24 - 6 = ?$ 
 $8 - 22 = ?$ 

### ✓ Answer

$$\begin{aligned} 14 - 15 &= (8 + 4 + 2) - (8 + 4 + 2 + 1) \\ &= 0011110_2 - 0011111_2 = 0011110_2 + 110001_2 = 1111111_2 \\ 12 - 10 &= (8 + 4) - (8 + 2) \\ &= 001100_2 - 001010_2 = 001100_2 + 110110_2 = 000010_2 \\ 24 - 6 &= (16 + 8) - (4 + 2) \\ &= 011000_2 - 000110_2 = 011000_2 + 111010_2 = 010010_2 \\ 8 - 22 &= (8) - (16 + 4 + 2) \\ &= 001000_2 - 010110_2 = 001000_2 + 101010_2 = 110010_2 \end{aligned}$$

### 4

Complete the following table so that each row is the same number in four different representations.

For binary numbers, use six bits.

Decimal	Signed Magnitude	Two's Complement	One's Complement
-14			
	110110		

Decimal	Signed Magnitude	Two's Complement 010011	One's Complement
			110111

### ✓ Answer ∨

Decimal	Signed Magnitude	Two's Complement	One's Complement
-14	101110	110010	110001
-22	110110	101010	101001
19	010011	010011	010011
-8	101000	111000	110111

# 5

Add the following unsigned numbers:

$$9B4C_{16} + 12E3_{16} = ?$$
  
 $234_8 + 436_8 = ?$ 

#### ✓ Answer

$$9B4C_{16} + 12E3_{16} = AD2F_{16} + 0100_{16} = AE2F_{16}$$
  
 $234_8 + 436_8 = 662_8 + 010_8 = 672_8$