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BinarySearchTree.java
22.9.2019 14:00:28
                                                                                   Page 1/4
    * HSR - Uebungen 'Algorithmen & Datenstrukturen 2'
    * Version: Sun Sep 22 14:00:28 CEST 2019
3
   package uebung02.as.aufgabe01;
   import java.util.Collection;
   import java.util.LinkedList;
   public class BinarySearchTree<K extends Comparable<? super K>, V> {
12
13
     protected Node root;
14
     public static class Entry<K, V> {
16
17
        private K key;
        private V value;
18
        public Entry(K key, V value) {
20
21
          this.key = key;
          this.value = value;
22
23
24
        protected K setKey(K key) {
25
         K oldKey = this.key;
26
          this.key = key;
27
          return oldKey;
28
29
30
        public K getKey() {
31
32
          return key;
33
34
        public V setValue(V value) {
35
          V oldValue = this.value;
          this.value = value;
37
          return oldValue;
38
39
        public V getValue() {
41
          return value;
42
43
45
        @Override
46
        public String toString() {
47
          StringBuilder result = new StringBuilder();
          result.append("[").append(key).append("/").append(value).append("]");
          return result.toString();
     } // End of class Entry
52
     protected class Node {
55
        private Entry<K, V> entry;
56
        private Node leftChild;
        private Node rightChild;
58
59
        public Node(Entry<K, V> entry) {
60
          this.entry = entry;
61
62
63
        public Node(Entry<K, V> entry, Node leftChild, Node rightChild) {
64
          this.entry = entry;
65
          this.leftChild = leftChild;
          this.rightChild = rightChild;
67
68
```

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BinarySearchTree.java
22.9.2019 14:00:28
                                                                                    Page 2/4
70
        public Entry<K, V> getEntry() {
         return entry;
71
72
73
        public Entry<K, V> setEntry(Entry<K, V> entry) {
          Entry<K, V> oldEntry = entry;
75
76
          this.entry = entry;
77
          return oldEntry;
78
80
        public Node getLeftChild() {
81
         return leftChild;
82
83
        public void setLeftChild(Node leftChild) {
84
85
          this.leftChild = leftChild;
86
       public Node getRightChild()
88
89
         return rightChild;
90
91
        public void setRightChild(Node rightChild) {
92
93
          this.rightChild = rightChild;
94
95
     } // End of class Node
97
98
     public Entry<K, V> insert(K key, V value) {
       // TODO Implement here...
qq
100
       return null;
101
102
103
104
      * Factory-Method: Creates a new node.
105
106
       * @param entry
                  The entry to be inserted in the new node.
107
108
       * @return The new created node.
109
     protected Node newNode(Entry<K, V> entry) {
110
       return new Node(entry);
111
112
113
114
     public void clear()
115
       // TODO Implement here...
116
117
     public Entry<K, V> find(K key) {
118
119
       // TODO Implement here...
       return null;
120
121
122
123
       * Returns a collection with all entries with key.
124
125
       * @param key
126
127
                  The key to be searched.
        @return Collection of all entries found. An empty collection is returned if
128
                 no entry with key is found.
129
130
     public Collection<Entry<K, V>> findAll(K key) {
131
132
       // TODO Implement here...
       return null;
133
```

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BinarySearchTree.java
22.9.2019 14:00:28
                                                                                     Page 3/4
135
136
      * Returns a collection with all entries in inorder.
137
138
       * @return Inorder-Collection of all entries.
139
     public Collection<Entry<K, V>> inorder()
141
        // TODO Implement here...
142
143
        return null;
144
146
      * Prints the entries of the tree as a list in inorder to the console.
147
148
     public void printInorder() {
150
       // TODO Implement here...
151
152
     public Entry<K, V> remove(Entry<K, V> entry) {
153
       // TODO Implement here...
154
155
        return null;
156
157
158
      * The height of the tree.
159
160
      * @return The actual height. -1 for an empty tree.
161
162
     public int getHeight() {
163
164
        // TODO Implement here...
        return -1;
165
167
168
     public int size() {
       // TODO Implement here...
169
        return -1;
171
172
     public boolean isEmpty() {
173
174
        // TODO Implement here...
175
        return true;
176
```

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BinarySearchTree.java
22.9.2019 14:00:28
                                                                                    Page 4/4
     public static void main(String[] args) {
179
180
        // Example from lecture "L?schen (IV/IV)":
        BinarySearchTree<Integer, String> bst = new BinarySearchTree<>();
181
        //BinarySearchTree<Integer, String> bst = new BinarySearchTreeADV<>("L?schen (IV/I
   V)", 0, 4);
183
        System.out.println("Inserting:");
       bst.insert(1, "Str1");
184
       bst.printInorder();
185
       bst.insert(3, "Str3");
186
187
       bst.printInorder();
188
       bst.insert(2, "Str2");
       bst.printInorder();
189
190
       bst.insert(8, "Str8");
191
       bst.printInorder();
192
       bst.insert(9, "Str9");
       bst.insert(6, "Str6");
193
       bst.insert(5, "Str5");
       bst.printInorder();
195
196
        System.out.println("Removeing 3:");
197
        Entry<Integer, String> entry = bst.find(3);
198
        System.out.println(entry);
199
200
       bst.remove(entry);
       bst.printInorder();
201
202
203
204
205
      /* Session-Log:
206
     Inserting:
     [1/Str1]
208
209
      [1/Str1] [3/Str3]
     [1/Str1] [2/Str2] [3/Str3]
210
     [1/Str1] [2/Str2] [3/Str3] [8/Str8]
     [1/Str1] [2/Str2] [3/Str3] [5/Str5] [6/Str6] [8/Str8] [9/Str9]
212
     Removeing 3:
213
214
     [1/Str1] [2/Str2] [5/Str5] [6/Str6] [8/Str8] [9/Str9]
216
217
218
    } // End of class BinarySearchTree
```

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BinarySearchTreeTest.java
22.9.2019 14:00:28
                                                                                   Page 1/2
    * HSR - Uebungen 'Algorithmen & Datenstrukturen 2'
    * Version: Sun Sep 22 14:00:28 CEST 2019
3
   package uebung02.as.aufgabe01;
   import java.util.Iterator;
8
   import java.util.Random;
   import uebung02.as.aufgabe01.BinarySearchTree.Entry;
12
   public class BinarySearchTreeTest {
13
     private static Random randomGenerator = new Random(1);
16
17
     private static BinarySearchTree<Integer, String> generateTree(int nodes) {
18
        BinarySearchTree<Integer, String> ret = new BinarySearchTree<>();
        for (int i = 0; i < nodes; i++) {
  key = randomGenerator.nextInt() * Integer.MAX VALUE;</pre>
20
21
          ret.insert(key, "String_" + i);
22
23
24
        return ret;
25
26
     public static void main(String[] args)
27
        System.out.println("BINARY TREE TEST");
28
        System.out
29
30
            .println("Please be patient, the following operations may take some time...");
        final int TESTRUNS = 100;
        final int BEGINSIZE = 10000;
        final int VARYSIZE = 10;
33
34
        long startTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
35
        BinarySearchTree<Integer, String> bst = new BinarySearchTree<>();
        double avgHeight = 0;
37
        double avgEntries = 0;
        double avgTime = 0;
39
        for (int i = 0; i < TESTRUNS; i++)
          startTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
          bst = generateTree(BEGINSIZE + i * VARYSIZE);
42
          avgTime += System.currentTimeMillis() - startTime;
43
          avgHeight += bst.getHeight();
          avgEntries += BEGINSIZE + i * VARYSIZE;
45
46
47
        avgTime /= TESTRUNS;
        avgEntries /= TESTRUNS;
        avgHeight /= TESTRUNS;
        System.out.println("Test successful, results are as follows:");
50
        System.out.println("Average time for generation is: " + avgTime + "ms");
51
        System.out.println("Average entries are: " + avgEntries);
52
        System.out.println("Average height is: " + avgHeight);
        System.out.println("In h=C*log2(n), C=h/log2(n) = " + avgHeight
54
55
            / (Math.log(avgEntries) / Math.log(2)));
        System.out.println();
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BinarySearchTreeTest.java
22.9.2019 14:00:28
                                                                                  Page 2/2
       bst = generateTree(20);
       int search = 15138431;
50
60
       Entry<Integer, String> searchResult;
       bst.insert(search, "String_" + search);
61
        searchResult = bst.find(search);
       if (searchResult == null)
63
64
         System.err.println("Search for node " + search + " failed!");
65
         System.out.println("Search for node " + search + " successful!");
66
67
68
        System.out.println();
       bst.insert(search, "String_" + search);
69
       bst.insert(search, "String_" + search);
70
       bst.insert(search, "String" + search);
72
       Iterator<Entry<Integer, String>> it = bst.findAll(search).iterator();
       int count = 0;
        while (it.hasNext())
74
         count++;
         it.next();
76
         System.out.println("Search for node " + search + " successful!");
77
78
        System.out.println("Search for node " + search + ": " + count
79
           + " nodes found!");
80
81
        System.out.println();
       it = bst.findAll(search).iterator();
82
       count = 0;
        while (it.hasNext())
84
         bst.remove(it.next());
85
       it = bst.findAll(search).iterator();
        count = 0;
89
90
        while (it.hasNext()) {
         count++;
91
         it.next();
         System.out.println("Search for node " + search + " successful!");
93
94
        System.out.println("Search for node " + search + ": " + count
95
96
            + " nodes found!");
97
98
99
100
101
   /* Session-Log:
102
   BINARY TREE TEST
   Please be patient, the following operations may take some time...
   Test successful, results are as follows:
   Average time for generation is: 9.07ms
   Average entries are: 10495.0
108 Average height is: 30.81
   In h=C*log2(n), C=h/log2(n) = 2.306584099301782
111 Search for node 15138431 successful!
113 Search for node 15138431 successful!
114 Search for node 15138431 successful!
   Search for node 15138431 successful!
116 Search for node 15138431 successful!
117 Search for node 15138431: 4 nodes found!
119 Search for node 15138431: 0 nodes found!
120
121
```

BinarySearchTreeJUnitTest.java 22.9.2019 14:00:28 Page 1/4 * HSR - Uebungen 'Algorithmen & Datenstrukturen 2' * Version: Sun Sep 22 14:00:28 CEST 2019 3 4 package uebung02.as.aufgabe01; import static org.junit.Assert.*; import java.util.Collection; import java.util.HashMap; import java.util.LinkedList; import java.util.List; import java.util.Map; import java.util.Random; import org.junit.Before; import org.junit.FixMethodOrder; import org.junit.Test; import org.junit.runners.MethodSorters; import uebung02.as.aufgabe01.BinarySearchTree.Entry; 22 @FixMethodOrder(MethodSorters.NAME ASCENDING) 25 public class BinarySearchTreeJUnitTest { BinarySearchTree<Integer, String> bst; 27 28 @Before 29 30 public void setUp() { bst = new BinarySearchTree<Integer, String>(); 33 34 @Test public void test01EmptySizeInsertClear() { 35 assertTrue(bst.isEmpty()); 37 assertEquals(0, bst.size()); bst.insert(1, "String_1"); assertEquals(1, bst.size()); 38 39 assertFalse(bst.isEmpty()); bst.insert(2, "String_2"); assertEquals(2, bst.size()); 42 bst.insert(2, "String_2"); 43 assertEquals(3, bst.size()); 45 bst.clear(); 46 assertTrue(bst.isEmpty()); 47 assertEquals(0, bst.size()); 50 @Test 51 public void test02Find() Entry<Integer, String> entry; 52 entry = bst.find(1); assertNull(entry); 54 Entry<Integer, String> insertedEntry = bst.insert(1, "String_1"); 56 entry = bst.find(1); assertNotNull(entry); assertEquals(Integer.valueOf(1), entry.getKey()); assertEquals("String_1", entry.getValue()); 59 60 assertSame(insertedEntry, entry);

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BinarySearchTreeJUnitTest.java
22.9.2019 14:00:28
                                                                                  Page 2/4
63
     public void test03FindAll() {
64
65
       Collection<Entry<Integer, String>> col;
       col = bst.findAll(1);
66
       assertEquals(0, col.size());
       bst.insert(1, "String_1");
68
69
       col = bst.findAll(2);
70
       assertEquals(0, col.size());
       bst.insert(2, "String_2");
71
       col = bst.findAll(2);
       assertEquals(1, col.size());
73
74
       bst.insert(2, "String_2");
       col = bst.findAll(2);
75
       assertEquals(2, col.size());
77
78
79
     @Test.
     public void test04GetHeight()
       assertEquals(-1, bst.getHeight());
81
       bst.insert(1, "String 1");
82
       assertEquals(0, bst.getHeight());
83
       bst.insert(2, "String 2");
84
       assertEquals(1, bst.getHeight());
85
86
87
88
     @Test
89
     public void test05Remove() {
       Entry<Integer, String> entry = new Entry<>(1, "String 1");
90
91
       entry = bst.remove(entry);
       assertNull(entry);
92
        final Entry<Integer, String> entry1 = bst.insert(1, "String_1");
        entry = bst.remove(entry1);
94
95
       assertSame(entry, entry1);
       assertEquals(0, bst.size());
96
        final Entry<Integer, String> entryla = bst.insert(1, "String_la");
       final Entry<Integer, String> entrylb = bst.insert(1, "String_1b");
98
        assertEquals(2, bst.size());
99
       entry = bst.remove(entryla);
100
        assertSame(entryla, entry);
102
       assertEquals(1, bst.size());
103
        entry = bst.remove(entry1b);
104
       assertSame(entrylb, entry);
105
       assertEquals(0, bst.size());
106
```

BinarySearchTreeJUnitTest.java 22.9.2019 14:00:28 Page 3/4 public void test06RemoveCase3() { 100 110 bst.insert(1, "String_1"); Entry<Integer, String> entryToRemove = bst.insert(3, "String_3"); 111 bst.insert(2, "String 2"); 112 bst.insert(8, "String_8"); 113 bst.insert(6, "String_6"); bst.insert(9, "String_9"); 114 115 bst.insert(5, "String 5"); 116 117 assertEquals(7, bst.size()); 118 assertEquals(4, bst.getHeight()); 119 Entry<Integer, String> removedEntry = bst.remove(entryToRemove); assertSame(entryToRemove, removedEntry); 120 121 assertEquals(6, bst.size()); 122 assertEquals(3, bst.getHeight()); 123 bst.remove(bst.find(6)); assertEquals(5, bst.size()); 124 assertEquals(3, bst.getHeight()); bst.remove(bst.find(9)); 126 127 assertEquals(4, bst.size()); assertEquals(2, bst.getHeight()); 128 129 130 131 @Test public void test07RemoveCase3Special() { 132 bst.insert(2, "String 2"); 133 134 bst.insert(1, "String_1"); bst.insert(3, "String_3.1"); bst.insert(3, "String_3.2"); 135 136 Collection<Entry<Integer, String>> col; 137 col = bst.findAll(3); assertEquals(2, col.size()); 139 140 Entry<Integer, String> removedEntry = bst.remove(bst.find(2)); assertNotNull(removedEntry); 141 assertEquals("String_2", removedEntry.getValue()); col = bst.findAll(3); 143 assertEquals(2, col.size()); 144 145 146 @Test 147 public void test09StressTest() { 148 final int SIZE = 10000; 149 Random randomGenerator = new Random(); 150 151 List<Entry<Integer, String>> entriesList = new LinkedList<>(); // key-Counters: count for every key how many time it was generated 152 153 Map<Integer, Integer> keyCounters = new HashMap<>(); 154 // fill the Tree for (int i = 0; i < SIZE; i++) { 155 int key = (int) (randomGenerator.nextFloat() * SIZE / 3); 156 157 Integer numberOfKeys = keyCounters.get(key); if (numberOfKeys == null) { 158 numberOfKeys = 1; } else { 160 numberOfKeys++; 161 162 keyCounters.put(key, numberOfKeys); 163 Entry<Integer, String> entry = bst.insert(key, "String_" + i); 164 entriesList.add(entry); 165 assertEquals(i + 1, bst.size()); 166 167 168 // verify the number of entries per key for (Map.Entry<Integer, Integer> keyEntry : keyCounters.entrySet()) { 169 170 int key = keyEntry.getKey(); int numberOfKeys = keyEntry.getValue(); 171 assertEquals(numberOfKeys, bst.findAll(key).size()); 173

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BinarySearchTreeJUnitTest.java
22.9.2019 14:00:28
                                                                                 Page 4/4
175
        // remove all entries
        int size = bst.size();
176
177
        for (Entry<Integer, String> entry : entriesList)
         Entry<Integer, String> deletedEntry = bst.remove(entry);
178
         assertSame(entry, deletedEntry);
         assertEquals(--size, bst.size());
180
181
182
183
184
185
```

BinarySearchTreeADV.java 22.9.2019 14:00:28 Page 1/2 * HSR - Uebungen 'Algorithmen & Datenstrukturen 2' * Version: Sun Sep 22 14:00:28 CEST 2019 3 package uebung02.as.aufgabe01; import ch.hsr.adv.commons.core.logic.domain.styles.ADVStyle; import ch.hsr.adv.commons.core.logic.util.ADVException; import ch.hsr.adv.commons.tree.logic.domain.ADVBinaryTreeNode; import ch.hsr.adv.lib.bootstrapper.ADV; import ch.hsr.adv.lib.tree.logic.binarytree.BinaryTreeModule; @SuppressWarnings("unchecked") public class BinarySearchTreeADV<K extends Comparable<? super K>, V> extends BinarySearchTree<K, V> { protected BinaryTreeModule advTree; 18 protected class NodeADV extends BinarySearchTree<K, V>.Node 20 21 implements ADVBinaryTreeNode<String> 22 protected NodeADV(Entry<K, V> entry) { 23 24 super(entry); 25 26 27 @Override public String getContent() { 28 return getEntry().getKey() + " / " + getEntry().getValue(); 29 30 @Override public ADVStyle getStyle() { 33 34 return null; 35 @Override 37 public NodeADV getLeftChild() 38 return (NodeADV) super.getLeftChild(); 39 42 @Override public NodeADV getRightChild() { 43 return (NodeADV) super.getRightChild(); 45 46 47 } // class BinaryTreeTestADV.NodeADV public BinarySearchTreeADV(String sessionName) { this(sessionName, -1, -1); 50 51 52 public BinarySearchTreeADV(String sessionName, int maxLeftHeight, int maxRightHeight) { 54 55 advTree = new BinaryTreeModule(sessionName); if ((maxLeftHeight != -1) && (maxLeftHeight != -1)) 56 advTree.setFixedTreeHeight(maxLeftHeight, maxRightHeight); 58 59 trv ADV.launch(null); 60 } catch (ADVException e) { 61 62 e.printStackTrace(); System.exit(1); 63 64 65 67 68 protected Node newNode(Entry<K, V> entry) { return new NodeADV(entry); 69 70

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BinarySearchTreeADV.java
22.9.2019 14:00:28
                                                                                  Page 2/2
     @Override
     public Entry<K, V> insert(K key, V value) {
       Entry<K, V> newEntry = super.insert(key, value);
74
       displayOnADV("insert(" + key + "," + value + ")");
75
76
       return newEntry;
77
78
79
     @Override
80
     public Entry<K, V> remove(Entry<K, V> entry) {
       Entry<K, V> deletedEntry = super.remove(entry);
81
       displayOnADV("remove(" + entry + ")");
82
83
       return deletedEntry;
84
85
     protected void displayOnADV(String advMessage) {
87
       advTree.setRoot((NodeADV) root);
88
         ADV.snapshot(advTree, "\n" + advMessage);
89
        } catch (ADVException e) {
         e.printStackTrace();
91
          System.exit(2);
92
93
94
95
96
```

22.9.2019 14:00:28 BinarySearchTreeTestADV.java Page 1/1 * HSR - Uebungen 'Algorithmen & Datenstrukturen 2' * Version: Sun Sep 22 14:00:28 CEST 2019 package uebung02.as.aufgabe01; public class BinarySearchTreeTestADV { public static void main(String[] args) { BinarySearchTree<Integer, String> bts = new BinarySearchTreeADV<>("Deleting internal node", 0, 4); 12 13 // Example from script: deleting internal node (slide 14): int[] iarr = { 1, 3, 2, 8, 6, 9, 5 }; for (int i : iarr) { bts.insert(i, "Str" + i); } bts.remove(bts.find(3)); 20 21 22 23 24