## Zadaca 1

17. listopada 2023. 22:06

**Task 1** (5+5+5+5 pts.). Use the definition of asymptotic notation (i.e. find c and  $n_0$ ) to prove the following statements:

a) 
$$\log_2(n) = \Theta(\ln n)$$

b) 
$$3n\sqrt{n} + 6n \ln n - 4n = O(n^2)$$

c) 
$$3n\sqrt{n} + 6n \ln n - 4n = O(n^3)$$

d) 
$$\sum_{i=0}^{\lfloor \log_4 n \rfloor} 4^i = \Theta(n)$$

$$a)$$
  $\log_2(n) = \Theta(\ln n)$ 

$$f(n) = \Theta(g(n))$$
 who  $f(x) > 0, c_2 > 0, n_0 > 0 + d$ .  
 $0 < c_4 \cdot g(n) < f(n) < c_2 \cdot g(n)$ ,  $\forall n > n_0$ 

$$C_4 = 1$$
  $C_2 = 2$   $n_0 = 1 = 20 \leq 1.6 \ln n \leq \log_2 n \leq 1.6 \ln n$ 

$$C_1 = 10$$
  $N_0 = 1 = > 0 \le 3 \text{ n } \sqrt{N} + 6 \text{ n } \ln N - 4 \text{ n } \le 10 \cdot \text{ N}$ 

$$C_1 = 10$$
  $n_0 = 1 = 30 \le 3n \sqrt{n} + 6n \ln n - 4n \le 10 \cdot n^3 /$ 

Task 2 (10 pts.). Explain how would you interpret the following expression:

$$8n^2 + 5n + \Theta(n\log n) = \Theta(n^2).$$

$$3n^2 + 5n + \Theta (n \log n) = \Theta(n^2)$$

Od suih novedenih jeja 8n² nojbrže roste te ostale mogu

ignoritat jeu nemoje utjecoja.

ignorisat jer nemoje utjecoja.  $f(n) = \Theta(g(n)) \text{ obs } \exists c_{n} > 0, c_{2} > 0, n_{0} > 0 \text{ t.d.}$   $0 \le c_{1} \cdot g(n) \le f(n) \le c_{2} g(n) \text{ , } \forall n > n_{0}$   $c_{1} = 1 \text{ } c_{2} = 16 \text{ } => 0 \le 1 \cdot n^{2} \le 3n^{2} + 5n + \Theta(n \log n) \le 16 \cdot n^{2} \setminus n_{0} = 1$