

# Homework 3

## Struktura podataka i algoritmi I - I053

### Homework instructions

The submission deadline is **November 8, 2023** at 9:00. You can type the tasks in  $\text{\LaTeX}$  or write them by hand and scan them. Programming tasks should be submitted as .cpp files. All files need to be submitted to Teams. You can achieve a maximum of 100 points.

**Task 1** (20 pts.). Implement the Quicksort algorithm that sorts a vector inplace. Pick the middle element of the vector as the pivot. What's the time and space complexity of this algorithm? Give a short explanation.

**Task 2** (20 pts.). Use the fast exponentiation algorithm to compute the  $n$ -th Fibonacci number in  $O(\log n)$  time and  $O(1)$  space. Use the identity

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}^n = \begin{bmatrix} F_{n+1} & F_n \\ F_n & F_{n-1} \end{bmatrix}$$

**Task 3** (20 pts.). Implement the binary search algorithm.

**Task 4** (20 pts.). We call an array with  $n$  elements unimodal if there exists  $1 < i < n$  such that

$$a_1 < a_2 < \dots < a_i > a_{i+1} > \dots > a_n.$$

Modify the binary search algorithm to find the maximum element of an unimodal array in  $O(\log n)$  time.

**Task 5** (20 pts.). You have an array of  $n$  integers. You need to split it into exactly  $k$  subarrays such that the maximum sum in a subarray is as small as possible. **A subarray is a contiguous part an array.**

The first line of input contains  $1 \leq n \leq 2 * 10^5$  and  $1 \leq k \leq n$ , the array size and the required number of subarrays.

The second line of input contains  $n$  integers,  $1 \leq a_i \leq 10^9$ , the array elements.

The only output line should contain a single integer, the maximum sum of a subarray in the optimal split.

INPUT	INPUT
5 3	4 3
2 4 7 3 5	1 2 4 3
OUTPUT	OUTPUT
8	4

In the first test case, the optimal split is  $[2, 4], [7], [3, 5]$ .

**Some hints:**

- How can you use binary search for this problem?
- Since  $n$  can be  $2 * 10^5$ , your algorithm shouldn't be slower than  $O(n \log n)$ . The running time on your computer shouldn't be slower than a few seconds.
- Try generating more inputs to check if your implementation is correct.
- If you're having trouble reading larger inputs, read a blog post regarding reading files in competitive programming by [-is-this-fft-](#).

**Task 6 (extra 20 pts.).** Your task is to compute the number of ways you can get a sum of  $n$  after throwing 6-sided playing dice a finite number of times **in  $O(\log n)$  time**. For example, if  $n = 9$ , some possibilities are  $1 + 3 + 4 + 1$  and  $3 + 3 + 3$ . You need to modify the fast Fibonacci algorithm from task 2.