

Java 8 Stream API – Practice Questions

1. Basic Stream Operations

- 1 Create a stream from a list of integers and print all elements.
- 2 Convert a list of strings to uppercase using map().
- 3 Filter all even numbers from a list.
- 4 Print the square of each number from a list.
- 5 Create a stream from an array and print all elements.
- 6 Count how many elements are in a list using streams.
- 7 Find the first element of a list using streams.
- 8 Skip the first 3 numbers from a list and print the rest.
- 9 Limit the stream to first 5 elements from a list.
- 10 Remove duplicates from a list using distinct().

2. Intermediate Stream Operations

- 1 Find the maximum and minimum number in a list.
- 2 Calculate the sum of numbers using reduce().
- 3 Find the average of numbers in a list.
- 4 Collect elements into a Set using collect().
- 5 Convert a list of strings into a single string using joining().
- 6 Count the number of words in a sentence using streams.
- 7 Convert a list of numbers into a Map where key = number, value = square.
- 8 Filter strings starting with a specific letter from a list.
- 9 Check if all numbers in a list are even using allMatch().
- 10 Check if any number in a list is greater than 100 using anyMatch().

3. Sorting and Advanced Collectors

- 1 Sort a list of integers in ascending order.
- 2 Sort a list of integers in descending order.
- 3 Sort a list of strings alphabetically.
- 4 Find the top 3 highest numbers in a list.
- 5 Group a list of strings by their length.
- 6 Group employees by department (custom object).
- 7 Count how many employees belong to each department.
- 8 Find the employee with the maximum salary.
- 9 Find the employee with the minimum salary.
- 10 Partition a list of numbers into even and odd using partitioningBy().

4. Reduction and Mapping

- 1 Find the product of all numbers in a list using reduce().
- 2 Find the longest string in a list.
- 3 Find the shortest string in a list.
- 4 Convert a list of integers to their binary string representation.
- 5 Flatten a list of lists into a single list using flatMap().
- 6 Find the frequency of each word in a string.

- 7 Find the frequency of each character in a string.
- 8 Remove null values from a list using streams.
- 9 Create a comma-separated string from a list of integers.
- 10 Find the sum of squares of all numbers in a list.

5. Real-World Scenarios

- 1 Given a list of employees, find all names who earn more than 50,000.
- 2 Group students by grade and count them.
- 3 Find the oldest and youngest employee.
- 4 Get a list of unique departments from employee objects.
- 5 Find the second-highest salary from a list of employees.
- 6 From a list of transactions, find the total transaction value.
- 7 Find the average salary of each department.
- 8 Get a list of employee names sorted by salary.
- 9 Partition employees into two groups: salary above 50,000 and below.
- 10 Find the top 2 employees in each department by salary.

6. Parallel Streams

- 1 Use `parallelStream()` to print numbers in parallel.
- 2 Compare execution time of `stream()` vs `parallelStream()` for a large list.
- 3 Find the sum of numbers from 1 to 1,000,000 using parallel streams.
- 4 Sort a list using parallel streams.
- 5 Demonstrate race conditions when using mutable objects in parallel streams.

7. Expert Level

- 1 Implement a word frequency counter using streams and `Collectors.groupingBy()`.
- 2 Find the most repeated word in a string using streams.
- 3 Find the least repeated word in a string using streams.
- 4 Given a CSV file of employees (name, dept, salary), use streams to group by department and calculate average salary.
- 5 Build a custom collector to count vowels in a list of strings.
- 6 Implement pagination (skip + limit) on a list using streams.
- 7 Write a program to reverse words in a string using streams.
- 8 Extract all unique characters from a list of strings using `flatMap()`.
- 9 Find the longest word in a sentence using streams.
- 10 Write a program that simulates SQL's GROUP BY and HAVING using streams.