

Higgs Effect  
 SSB:  $\langle \phi \rangle \neq 0$   
 $\phi(x) = e^{i T^a \chi_a(x)} (\phi_0 + \rho)$   
 SSB:  $\langle \bar{\psi} \psi \rangle \neq 0, \bar{a} = 1, \dots, n$   
 broken generators

Local  $\theta^a \rightarrow \theta^a(x)$   
 $U(1) \approx O(2)$   
 $\mathcal{L} = D_\mu \phi^\dagger D^\mu \phi - \frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} - \frac{\lambda}{4} (\phi^\dagger \phi - \frac{v^2}{2})^2$   
 $\mathcal{M}_V = \rho^3 \phi - \frac{v^2}{2}$   
 $\phi = e^{i \chi(x)/2} \left( \frac{\hat{\rho} + v}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$

$\sqrt{\text{Higgs}} =$   
 (copy write on your own)

Oily # 7.1  
 Vector Propagator  
 $\mathcal{L} \sim -\frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu A_\nu (\partial^\mu A^\nu - \partial^\nu A^\mu) + \frac{m_A^2}{2} A_\mu A^\mu$   
 $\mathcal{D} = \frac{1}{2} A_\nu (\partial^2 A^\nu - \partial^\mu \partial^\nu A_\mu) + \frac{m_A^2}{2} A_\mu A^\mu$   
 $= \frac{1}{2} A_\nu [(\partial^2 + m_A^2) \eta^{\mu\nu} - \partial^\mu \partial^\nu] A_\mu$   
 claim:  $i \Delta_{\mu\nu}(k) = \frac{-i}{k^2 - m_A^2 + i\epsilon} \left( \eta_{\mu\nu} - \frac{k_\mu k_\nu}{m_A^2} \right)$   
 $= \langle 0 | T (A_\mu A_\nu) | 0 \rangle$   
 Fourier transform.  
 Issue: as  $k \rightarrow \infty$ , the prop may cause issues

R<sub>S</sub> gauge:  $\phi = \frac{\phi_1 + i \phi_2}{\sqrt{2}}$   $\langle \phi_1 \rangle = v$   
 $\phi_2 = G B$   
 $\mathcal{M}_V: \phi_1^2 + \phi_2^2 = \frac{v^2}{2}$   
 $|D_\mu \phi|^2 = \left| \frac{\partial_\mu \hat{\phi}_1 + i \partial_\mu \hat{\phi}_2}{\sqrt{2}} + i g \left( \frac{v \hat{\phi}_1 + i \hat{\phi}_2}{\sqrt{2}} \right) A_\mu \right|^2$   
 $= \frac{1}{2} \left[ (\partial_\mu \hat{\phi}_1 - g \hat{\phi}_2 A_\mu)^2 + (\partial_\mu \hat{\phi}_2 + g (v \hat{\phi}_1) A_\mu)^2 \right]$   
 $= \frac{1}{2} \left\{ (\partial_\mu \hat{\phi}_1)^2 - 2 g \hat{\phi}_2 A_\mu \partial^\mu \hat{\phi}_1 + g^2 \hat{\phi}_2^2 A_\mu A^\mu + (\partial_\mu \hat{\phi}_2)^2 + g^2 v^2 \left( 1 + \frac{\hat{\phi}_1}{v} \right)^2 A_\mu A^\mu + 2 g \partial_\mu \hat{\phi}_2 v \left( 1 + \frac{\hat{\phi}_1}{v} \right) A^\mu \right\}$   
 Goldstone Bosons

$\mathcal{L}_{\text{gauge fix}} = -\frac{1}{2\xi} (\partial_\mu A^\mu + c \hat{\phi}_2)^2$   
 $= -\frac{1}{2\xi} ((\partial_\mu A^\mu)^2 + 2 c \partial_\mu A^\mu \hat{\phi}_2 + c^2 \hat{\phi}_2^2)$   
 $c = -g \frac{v}{\xi} = -m_A \xi$

Claim:  
 $i \Delta_{\mu\nu}^{(A)}(p) = \frac{-i}{p^2 - m_A^2 + i\epsilon} \left\{ \eta_{\mu\nu} + \frac{(\xi-1) p_\mu p_\nu}{p^2 - \xi m_A^2} \right\}$   
 $i \Delta_{\hat{\phi}_2}(p) = \frac{i}{p^2 - \xi m_A^2}$   
 $i \Delta_{\hat{\phi}_1}(p) = \frac{i}{p^2 - m_{\hat{\phi}_1}^2} + \frac{-p_\mu p_\nu}{m_A^2}$   
 $\Pi_{\mu\nu}(p)$   
 $\mathcal{L}_{\text{gauge fix}} = -\frac{1}{2\xi} (\partial_\mu A^\mu)^2 - 2 c A^\mu \partial_\mu \hat{\phi}_2$   
 $\mathcal{L}_{\text{UC}} + \text{SSB} = -\frac{1}{4} F^2 + \frac{m_A^2}{2} A_\mu A^\mu + m_A (\partial_\mu \hat{\phi}_1 A^\mu + (\partial_\mu \hat{\phi}_2)^2) \dots$

Iterations  
 $\pi_{\mu\nu} = \frac{-i p_\mu p_\nu}{m_A^2} + \dots$   
 $\pi_{\mu\nu} = \frac{-i p_\mu p_\nu}{m_A^2} + \frac{(-m_A p_\mu p_\nu)}{m_A^2 p^2}$   
 $= \frac{-i p_\mu p_\nu}{m_A^2} \left( 1 - \frac{m_A^2}{p^2} \right)$   
 $\& p_\mu \pi^{\mu\nu} = 0$   
 $\Delta$  (respects Ward Identity)



# Weinberg Salam Model of Weak Interactions

1932: Fermi theory of  $\beta$  decay ( $n \rightarrow p + e^- + \bar{\nu}$ )  
 1935:  $\alpha$  decay  
 1935: Marshak  
 Sudarshan  
 Feynman  
 Gell Mann  
 1960: Glashow (PhD) Intermediate Vector Boson Hypothesis  
 1967, 68: Weinberg Salam  
 Georgi Glashow

Only 7.3

$$L_F = \sum_A \bar{\psi}_L \gamma_\mu \psi_L \bar{\psi}_R \gamma_\mu \psi_R$$

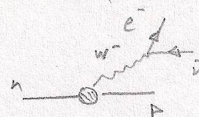
$$[G] = -2$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \gamma_\mu \gamma_\nu$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \gamma_\mu \gamma_\nu$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \gamma_\mu \gamma_\nu$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \gamma_\mu \gamma_\nu$$



1960: Glashow (PhD) Intermediate Vector Boson Hypothesis  
 1967, 68: Weinberg Salam  
 Georgi Glashow

$$M \rightarrow e^- + \bar{\nu}_e + \nu_\mu$$

$$SU(2) \times U(1): W^\pm, W^3, B \xrightarrow{SSB} W^\pm, \gamma, Z$$

This worked

Mass of Gauge Bosons  $[SU(2) \times U(1)]$   
 $\Phi = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \end{pmatrix}$   
 $\neq \phi^*$

$SU(2)$ : 3 generators

$$W^+, W^-, Y$$

$$T^+, T^-, T^3$$

$$\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} e^- \\ \mu^- \end{pmatrix} \right\} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} e^- \\ \mu^- \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

didn't work

$$\langle \Phi \rangle = \left\langle \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \end{pmatrix} \right\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ v \end{pmatrix}$$

could be massive "short ranged"

$$\frac{1}{2} \langle \Phi \rangle = \langle \Phi \rangle \neq 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \langle \Phi \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \neq 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \langle \Phi \rangle = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} v \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} v$$

$$L = -\frac{1}{4} (W^2 + B^2) + [D_\mu \Phi]^2 - \lambda (\Phi^\dagger \Phi - \frac{v^2}{2})^2 + \bar{\psi}_L i \not{D} \psi_L + \bar{\psi}_R i \not{D} \psi_R + (h_e \bar{\psi}_L \psi_R + h.c.)$$

$$W_{\mu\nu}^a = \partial_\mu W_\nu^a - \partial_\nu W_\mu^a + g f_{abc} W_\mu^b W_\nu^c$$

$$W_{\mu\nu}^a = \partial_\mu W_\nu^a - \partial_\nu W_\mu^a + g f_{abc} W_\mu^b W_\nu^c$$

$$D_\mu \Phi = \partial_\mu \Phi + i g T^a W_\mu^a \Phi + i g' \left( \frac{Y_0}{2} \right) B_\mu \Phi$$

$$\text{Generators: } T^a = \frac{\tau^a}{2}$$

Hypercharge

Gauge Boson Mass Terms:

$$L_{\text{mass}} = |D_\mu \langle \Phi \rangle|^2 = \left| \left( \partial_\mu + \frac{i g}{2} \tau^a W_\mu^a + \frac{i g'}{2} B_\mu \right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v \end{pmatrix} \right|^2 = \left| \frac{1}{2} \left( g W_\mu^3 + g' B_\mu \right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v \end{pmatrix} \right|^2$$

$$= \frac{v^2}{8} \left[ g^2 (\sqrt{2} W_\mu^3)^2 + \left( \frac{g W_\mu^3 + g' B_\mu}{\sqrt{g^2 + g'^2}} \right)^2 g^2 \right] = M_W^2 W_\mu^+ W_\mu^- + \frac{1}{2} M_Z^2 Z_\mu Z_\mu$$

where

$$g_Z = \sqrt{g^2 + g'^2}$$

$$M_W^2 = \frac{g^2 v^2}{4}$$

$$M_Z^2 = \frac{g_Z^2 v^2}{4}$$

$$\frac{g'}{g_Z} = \frac{g'}{\sqrt{g^2 + g'^2}} = \sin \theta_W \text{ Weinberg}; \quad \frac{g}{g_Z} = \cos \theta_W; \quad \tan \theta_W = \frac{g'}{g}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} Z \\ A \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta_W & -\sin \theta_W \\ \sin \theta_W & \cos \theta_W \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} W^3 \\ B \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{So now } D_\mu = \partial_\mu + \frac{i g}{2} (W_\mu^+ T^+ + W_\mu^- T^- + W_\mu^3 T^3) + \frac{i g'}{2} Y B_\mu$$

$$= \partial_\mu + \frac{i g}{2} \left( \frac{W_\mu^+ + W_\mu^-}{\sqrt{2}} T^3 + (W_\mu^+ T^+ + W_\mu^- T^-) \right) + \frac{i g'}{2} (C_W T^3 - g' S_W Y) Z_\mu + i \left( \frac{g S_W}{2} T^3 + \frac{g' C_W}{2} Y \right) A_\mu$$

$$= \partial_\mu + \frac{i g}{\sqrt{2}} (W_\mu^+ T^+ + W_\mu^- T^-) + i \left( \frac{g g'}{g_Z} \right) \left( T^3 + \frac{Y}{2} \right) A_\mu + i (g C_W T^3 - g' S_W (Q_{em} - T^3)) Z_\mu$$

$$= \partial_\mu + \frac{i g}{\sqrt{2}} (W_\mu^+ T^+ + W_\mu^- T^-) + i e Q A_\mu + i g_Z \left( \frac{g C_W + g' S_W}{g_Z} T^3 - \frac{g' S_W Q_{em}}{g_Z} \right) Z_\mu$$

$$\underbrace{\frac{g C_W + g' S_W}{g_Z}}_{C_W^2 + S_W^2 = 1} T^3 = g_Z Z_\mu (T_Z)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} Z \\ A \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} C_W & -S_W \\ S_W & C_W \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} W_3 \\ B \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} W_3 \\ B \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} C_W & S_W \\ -S_W & C_W \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} Z \\ A \end{pmatrix}$$

$$W^\pm = \frac{W^1 \mp i W^2}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$W^1 = \frac{W^+ + W^-}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$W^2 = \frac{W^+ - W^-}{\sqrt{2} i}$$

$$T_Z = T^3 - Q_{em} \sin^2 \theta_W$$

$$Q_{em} = T^3 + \frac{Y}{2}$$

$$e = g \sin \theta_W$$



$$D_\mu^{\text{EW}} = \partial_\mu + \frac{ig}{\sqrt{2}} (W_\mu^+ T^+ + W_\mu^- T^-) + ig_Z Z_\mu T_Z + ie A_\mu Q_{\text{em}} \quad \text{Oily 7.4}$$

Mass eigenstates  $W^\pm, A, Z$

$$\begin{pmatrix} Z \\ A \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta_W & -\sin \theta_W \\ \sin \theta_W & \cos \theta_W \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} W^3 \\ B \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M_W = \frac{gV}{2}, \quad \langle \Phi \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{V}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M_Z = \frac{g_Z V}{2}, \quad \tan \theta_W = \frac{g'}{g}$$

$$e = g \sin \theta_W$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{gauge}} = -\frac{1}{4} W_{\mu\nu}^a W^{a\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} A_{\mu\nu} A^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} g [W_\mu^3 Z_\nu - Z_\mu W_\nu^3] g [W^\mu Z^\nu - Z^\mu W^\nu]$$

$$\downarrow \quad \quad \quad \downarrow$$

$$W \quad \quad \quad B$$

$$T_3 = 0 \quad B = 0$$

Unitarity gauge  $\phi' = 0$   
 $\phi^2 = \frac{V+h_0}{\sqrt{2}}$   
 <some stuff missing>

$$D_\mu \bar{\Phi} = \partial_\mu \bar{\Phi} \left( \frac{h_0}{V} + \frac{ig}{\sqrt{2}} W_\mu^+ \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{ig}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} W_\mu^- + ig_Z \left( T_{3L}^2 - Q_{\text{em}}^2 \right) Z_\mu + ie Q_{\text{em}} A_\mu \right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{V+h_0}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow (D_\mu \bar{\Phi})_{\text{unitarity}} = \partial_\mu \bar{\Phi} \left( \frac{h_0}{V} + \frac{ig}{2} W_\mu^+ \begin{pmatrix} v+h_0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} - \frac{ig_Z}{2} Z_\mu \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{v+h_0}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( \frac{ig}{2} W_\mu^+ (v+h_0) + \left( \partial_\mu h_0 - \frac{ig_Z}{2} Z_\mu \right) (v+h_0) \right)$$

$$D_\mu \Phi D^\mu \bar{\Phi} = \left( \frac{g^2 V^2}{2} \right) W^+ W^- \left( 1 + \frac{h_0}{V} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left( \partial_\mu h_0 - \frac{ig_Z}{2} Z_\mu \left( 1 + \frac{h_0}{V} \right) \right)^2 \left( 1 + 2\frac{h_0}{V} + \frac{h_0^2}{V^2} \right)$$

Effective interaction of fermion currents

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{fermion}} = \sum_i \bar{\psi}_i i \not{D} \psi_i$$

Single generation: leptons

$$Q_{\text{em}} = T_{3L} + \frac{Y}{2}$$

$$SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$$

$$L_L = \begin{pmatrix} \nu_{eL} \\ e_{eL} \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{doublet}$$

$$e_{eL} \quad T_{3L} = \frac{1}{2} \quad T_{3L} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$e_R = (1, -2) \quad \nu_R = (1, 0) \quad \text{singlet}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} Y$$

doesn't couple  
 No gauge interaction  
 sterile

$$= \bar{L} \left( i \not{\partial} + \frac{ig}{\sqrt{2}} W^+ \not{T}^+ + \frac{ig}{\sqrt{2}} W^- \not{T}^- + ig_Z T_Z + ie Q_{\text{em}} A \right) L$$

$$+ \bar{e}_R (i \not{\partial} + 0 + 0 + ig_Z (-S_W^2 (-1)) + ie (-1) A) e_R$$

$$= \bar{L} i \not{\partial} L + \bar{e}_R i \not{\partial} e_R + \left\{ \frac{ig}{\sqrt{2}} W_\mu^+ \bar{L} \not{T}^+ \gamma^\mu L + ig_Z \bar{L} T_Z \gamma^\mu L - ie A_\mu \bar{e}_R \gamma^\mu e_R + ig_Z Z_\mu \bar{e}_R \gamma^\mu T_Z e_R \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{fermion}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{kinetic}} - e A_\mu J_{\text{em}}^\mu - \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} (W_\mu^+ J_{+M}^\mu + W_\mu^- J_{-M}^\mu) - g_Z Z_\mu J_{(NC)}^\mu$$

$$J_{+M}^\mu = \bar{L}_L \gamma^\mu T^+ L_L \quad J_{-M}^\mu = e_L \gamma^\mu \nu_{eL}$$

$$J_{+M}^\mu = (\bar{\nu}_{eL}, \bar{e}_L) \gamma^\mu \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_{eL} \\ e_{eL} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \bar{\nu}_{eL} \gamma^\mu e_{eL}$$

$$J_{-M}^\mu = e_L \gamma^\mu \nu_{eL}$$

Remark: charge is indeed correct to that charge is conserved at vertices.  
 ASK

Low Energy  
 Effective interaction of fermions  
 for  $q^2 \ll M_{W,Z}^2$

"Tree Level"

Effective Interaction: solve EOM in approx  $|p \text{ Heavy}| \ll |M_W H|$   
 for  $W \& Z$   $\mathcal{L} = m_W^2 W_\mu^+ W^{-\mu} + \frac{1}{2} m_Z^2 Z_\mu Z^\mu$  (low momentum)

$$- \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} (W_\mu^+ J_{+M}^\mu + W_\mu^- J_{-M}^\mu) - g_Z Z_\mu J_{(NC)}^\mu$$

EOM:  $\delta S = 0$  (Terms dependent on momentum) + cubic & higher terms

$$\Rightarrow m_Z^2 Z_\mu - g_Z J_{(NC)}^\mu + \text{cubic} = 0 \quad Z_\mu = \frac{g_Z J_{(NC)}^\mu}{m_Z^2}$$

$$W^- = \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{J_{+M}^\mu}{m_W^2}$$

claim: put  $Z_\mu$  in the lag & you'll see  
 cubic & higher terms are suppressed  
 move by the mass

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = \frac{1}{2} m_Z^2 \left( \frac{g_Z J_{(NC)}^\mu}{m_Z^2} \right)^2 - \frac{g^2}{2 m_W^2} (J_{+M}^\mu)^2 - \frac{g^2}{2 m_W^2} J_{+M}^\mu J_{-M}^\mu$$

$$= -\frac{g^2}{2 m_W^2} J_{+M}^{\mu\mu} J_{-M}^{\mu\mu} - \frac{g^2}{2 m_Z^2} J_{(NC)}^\mu J_{(NC)}^\mu + \text{small}$$