datafest

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We are given a large, unstructured data set from an unreleased game. The game can be played on https: //user.p2p-games.org/login with the login of USERNAME: DATAFEST-77 PASSWORD: 68uNyNfm It is basically a simulation game which provides awareness to sexually transmitted diseases. The user is given choices and can go along the main character's life. The character's life depends upon the selection the users make. In total, there are 9 levels and on the way, there are many mini games that are also free choice to the users. Our goal as a data scientist is to utilize this unstructured data to draw conclusions and insights. What we base the conclusion on is up to the data scientists and further, we want to specify further investigation methods such as what the game development can do better to best promote their awareness message.

Our team decided to look into the user's priorities or the main selections that they made in the game. We firmly believed that the conclusion that we draw specializing in this section can provide insights to the specific user and on a larger scale, the same age community of the user. We will deeply analyze the specific priorities that they have and what they value the most depending on the age and gender that they have selected.

```
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.3.1 --
## v ggplot2 3.3.5
                    v purrr
                             0.3.4
## v tibble 3.1.6
                    v dplyr
                             1.0.7
## v tidyr
           1.1.4
                    v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr
           2.1.1
                    v forcats 0.5.1
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                  masks stats::lag()
library(dplyr)
library(tidyr)
mydata <- read_csv("Downloads/logs.csv",guess_max=2156600)</pre>
## Rows: 2106597 Columns: 132
## -- Column specification -------
## Delimiter: ","
## chr
       (69): school, wave, session, event_description, event_category, event_t...
## dbl
       (55): row_id, player_id, event_id, event_time_dbl, stack_id, skill_leve...
        (7): object_locked, object_first_time_unlocked, object_scan_result, st...
## lgl
## date (1): date
```

```
##
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
```

Make the Data set smaller

```
logs <- mydata[,-c(13,29:32,42,54,55,85,97:104)]
```

The parameter priority_type_that_went_to_zero indicates how much they cared about certain parameters. If the number is greater, they care about it less

```
zero_priority <- data.frame(logs$priority_type_that_went_to_zero)
zero_priority <- zero_priority[!is.na(zero_priority)]</pre>
```

The number indicated in the parameter "PriorityData_type" showcases the specific categories such as health, money, school, etc

```
zero_priority[zero_priority=='PriorityData_type:0]'] <- 'Health'
zero_priority[zero_priority=='PriorityData_type:1]'] <- 'Money'
zero_priority[zero_priority=='PriorityData_type:2]'] <- 'School'
zero_priority[zero_priority=='PriorityData_type:3]'] <- 'Friends'
zero_priority[zero_priority=='PriorityData_type:4]'] <- 'Happiness'
zero_priority[zero_priority=='PriorityData_type:5]'] <- 'Family'</pre>
```

This function shows the corresponding numbers of each respected parameters (similar to table() function)

```
aggregate(zero_priority, by=list(zero_priority), length)
```

```
## Group.1 x
## 1 Family 127
## 2 Friends 108
## 3 Happiness 8
## 4 Health 48
## 5 Money 5
## 6 School 79
```

818 indicates when they won, and 800 indicates when they started, 812 indicates when they lost

```
priority_game <- data.frame(logs$player_id[logs$event_id=='818'| logs$event_id=='812'],logs$event_id[logs$event_id=='818']</pre>
```

Changing the name of the columns

```
names(priority_game)[1] <- 'Player ID'
names(priority_game)[2] <- 'Win or Lose'</pre>
```

602 Indiciates confirming age and gender

```
test <- data.frame(logs$player_id[logs$event_id=='602'], logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_age[logs$event_id=='602'],logs$avatar_a
```

Changing the column name again

```
names(test)[1] <- 'Player ID'
names(test)[2] <- 'Age'
names(test)[3] <- 'Gender'</pre>
```

Counting how many times they lost

```
lose <- aggregate(cbind(logs$event_id[logs$event_id=='812'])~player_id[logs$event_id=='812'], data=logs
names(lose)[1] <- 'Player ID'
names(lose)[2] <- 'Lose Count'</pre>
```

Counting how many times they won

```
win <- aggregate(cbind(logs$event_id[logs$event_id=='818'])~player_id[logs$event_id=='818'], data=logs,
names(win)[1] <- 'Player ID'
names(win)[2] <- 'Win Count'

test <- merge(x=test,y=lose,by='Player ID', all.x = TRUE)

test <- merge(x=test,y=win,by='Player ID', all.x=TRUE)</pre>
```

Making a data frame of the category that made the player lose, including the Player ID as well

```
lose_type <-data.frame(logs$player_id[logs$event_id=='812'],logs$priority_type_that_went_to_zero[logs$e
names(lose_type)[1] <- 'Player ID'
names(lose_type)[2] <- 'Priority Type'
lose_type[lose_type=='PriorityData_type:0]'] <- 'Health'
lose_type[lose_type=='PriorityData_type:1]'] <- 'Money'
lose_type[lose_type=='PriorityData_type:2]'] <- 'School'
lose_type[lose_type=='PriorityData_type:3]'] <- 'Friends'
lose_type[lose_type=='PriorityData_type:4]'] <- 'Happiness'
lose_type[lose_type=='PriorityData_type:5]'] <- 'Family'</pre>
```

Organizing the data frame to count the times the priority type lost a player

```
#aggregate(lose_type, by=list(lose_type), length)

wer <- as.data.frame(table(lose_type$`Player ID`,lose_type$`Priority Type`))

wer$Family <- wer$Freq[wer$Var2=='Family']
wer$Friends <- wer$Freq[wer$Var2=='Friends']
wer$Health <- wer$Freq[wer$Var2 == 'Health']
wer$Money <- wer$Freq[wer$Var2 == 'Money']
wer$School <- wer$Freq[wer$Var2 == 'School']
wer$Happiness <- wer$Freq[wer$Var2=='Happiness']
wer <- wer[-c(2,3)]</pre>
```

Changing the Name again

```
L <- unique(wer)
names(L)[1] <- 'Player ID'
```

```
test <- merge(x=test,y=L,by='Player ID',all.x = TRUE)</pre>
player <- as.data.frame(unique(logs$player_id))</pre>
names(player)[1] <- 'Player ID'
# test1 <- merge(x=player,y=test1, by='Player ID',all.x=TRUE)</pre>
test[is.na(test)] <- 0</pre>
Find the frequencies and seeing which ones are unique and have duplicates
n_occur <- data.frame(table(test$`Player ID`))</pre>
n_occur[n_occur$Freq > 1,]
##
          Var1 Freq
## 46 6430003
## 98 6506005
                  3
## 114 6546011
                  2
## 128 6567003
                  3
## 129 6567004
                  2
## 138 6606010
duplicate <-test[test$`Player ID` %in% n_occur$Var1[n_occur$Freq > 1],]
unique(duplicate$`Player ID` )
## [1] 6430003 6506005 6546011 6567003 6567004 6606010
test$number <- c(1:length(test$`Player ID`))</pre>
Remove the duplicates
remove <- test$number[test$'Player ID' == 6430003 | test$'Player ID' == 6506005 | test$'Player ID' == 65
remove
   [1] 46 47 99 100 101 117 118 132 133 134 135 136 145 146 147
test1 <- test[-remove,]</pre>
Utilize dplyr and summarize the wincount and lose count
wincount <- test1%%group_by(Age,Gender)%>%summarize(`Win Count` = sum(`Win Count`))
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'Age'. You can override using the '.groups' argument.
losecount <- test1%>%group_by(Age,Gender)%>%summarize(`Lose Count` = sum(`Lose Count`))
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'Age'. You can override using the '.groups' argument.
```

```
## [1] 0.10006807 0.07896528 0.14023145 0.14431586 0.13886998 0.12457454 0.11504425
## [8] 0.15793057
comparison <- wincount
comparison$`Total` <- (wincount$`Win Count`+ losecount$`Lose Count`)</pre>
comparison$`Success Rate` <- comparison$`Win Count`/comparison$Total</pre>
comparison
## # A tibble: 8 x 5
## # Groups:
             Age [4]
      Age Gender 'Win Count' Total 'Success Rate'
##
##
    <dbl> <chr>
                     <dbl> <dbl>
                                        <dbl>
      11 Female
                      109
                                        0.741
## 1
                            147
## 2
       11 Male
                       82
                           116
                                        0.707
## 3
      12 Female
                       162
                           206
                                        0.786
## 4
      12 Male
                       172
                           212
                                        0.811
## 5
      13 Female
                       145
                            204
                                        0.711
## 6
      13 Male
                       138
                            183
                                        0.754
## 7
      14 Female
                       120
                            169
                                        0.710
## 8
       14 Male
                       177
                            232
                                        0.763
The following is a summary table with the model. There is insignificance, and the multiple R-squared is
small
summary(lm(`Success Rate`~ `Age`*`Gender`,data = comparison))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = 'Success Rate' ~ Age * Gender, data = comparison)
## Residuals:
##
                           3
                                    4
                                             5
                  2
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                0.94961
                          0.23988
                                   3.959 0.0167 *
                                          0.4242
## Age
                -0.01699
                          0.01911 -0.889
## GenderMale
                -0.32940
                          0.33925 -0.971
                                           0.3865
## Age:GenderMale 0.02808
                          0.02703
                                   1.039
                                          0.3575
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.04274 on 4 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2906, Adjusted R-squared: -0.2414
```

F-statistic: 0.5463 on 3 and 4 DF, p-value: 0.6766

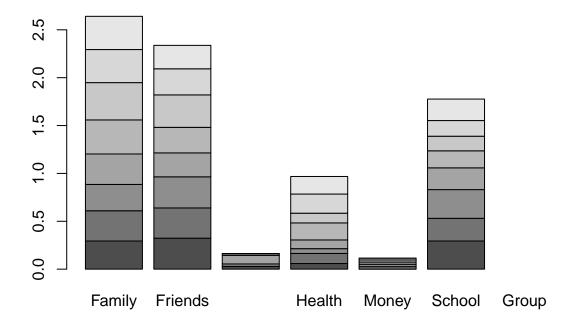
```
elevenF <- test1 %>% filter(Age == "11", Gender == "Female")
elevenF fam <- sum(elevenF$Family) / sum(elevenF$`Lose Count`)</pre>
elevenF_Health <- sum(elevenF$Health) / sum(elevenF$`Lose Count`)</pre>
elevenF_Money <- sum(elevenF$Money) / sum(elevenF$`Lose Count`)</pre>
elevenF_School <- sum(elevenF$School) / sum(elevenF$`Lose Count`)</pre>
elevenF Friends <- sum(elevenF$Friends) / sum(elevenF$`Lose Count`)</pre>
elevenF_Happiness <- sum(elevenF$Happiness) / sum(elevenF$`Lose Count`)</pre>
elevenF_mat <- cbind("Family" = elevenF_fam, "Friends" = elevenF_Friends,</pre>
                       "Happiness" = elevenF_Happiness, "Health" = elevenF_Health,
                       "Money" = elevenF_Money, "School" = elevenF_School)
#barplot(elevenF mat)
elevenF mat <- as.data.frame(elevenF mat)</pre>
elevenF mat$Group <- '11F'</pre>
elevenM <- test1 %>% filter(Age == "11", Gender == "Male")
elevenM_fam <- sum(elevenM$Family) / sum(elevenM$\times_Lose Count\times)</pre>
elevenM_Health <- sum(elevenM$Health) / sum(elevenM$\tag{Lose Count\)</pre>
elevenM Money <- sum(elevenM$Money) / sum(elevenM$\times Lose Count\times)</pre>
elevenM_School <- sum(elevenM$School) / sum(elevenM$`Lose Count`)</pre>
elevenM Friends <- sum(elevenM$Friends) / sum(elevenM$\text{Lose Count}\)</pre>
elevenM Happiness <- sum(elevenM$Happiness) / sum(elevenM$`Lose Count`)</pre>
elevenM_mat <- cbind("Family" = elevenM_fam, "Friends" = elevenM_Friends,</pre>
                       "Happiness" = elevenM_Happiness, "Health" = elevenM_Health,
                        "Money" = elevenM_Money, "School" = elevenM_School)
#barplot(elevenM_mat)
elevenM_mat<-as.data.frame(elevenM_mat)</pre>
elevenM_mat$Group <- '11M'</pre>
twelveF <- test1 %>% filter(Age == "12", Gender == "Female")
twelveF_fam <- sum(twelveF$Family) / sum(twelveF$`Lose Count`)</pre>
twelveF_Health <- sum(twelveF$Health) / sum(twelveF$`Lose Count`)</pre>
twelveF_Money <- sum(twelveF$Money) / sum(twelveF$`Lose Count`)</pre>
twelveF_School <- sum(twelveF$School) / sum(twelveF$`Lose Count`)</pre>
twelveF_Friends <- sum(twelveF$Friends) / sum(twelveF$`Lose Count`)</pre>
twelveF_Happiness <- sum(twelveF$Happiness) / sum(twelveF$`Lose Count`)</pre>
twelveF_mat <- cbind("Family" = twelveF_fam, "Friends" = twelveF_Friends,</pre>
                       "Happiness" = twelveF_Happiness, "Health" = twelveF_Health,
                        "Money" = twelveF_Money, "School" = twelveF_School)
twelveF_mat <- as.data.frame((twelveF_mat))</pre>
twelveF_mat$Group <- '12F'</pre>
#barplot(twelveF mat)
twelveM <- test1 %>% filter(Age == "12", Gender == "Male")
twelveM fam <- sum(twelveM$Family) / sum(twelveM$\text{Lose Count}\)</pre>
twelveM_Health <- sum(twelveM$Health) / sum(twelveM$`Lose Count`)</pre>
twelveM_Money <- sum(twelveM$Money) / sum(twelveM$`Lose Count`)</pre>
twelveM_School <- sum(twelveM$School) / sum(twelveM$`Lose Count`)</pre>
twelveM Friends <- sum(twelveM$Friends) / sum(twelveM$`Lose Count`)</pre>
twelveM Happiness <- sum(twelveM$Happiness) / sum(twelveM$`Lose Count`)</pre>
```

```
twelveM_mat <- cbind("Family" = twelveM_fam, "Friends" = twelveM_Friends,</pre>
                      "Happiness" = twelveM_Happiness, "Health" = twelveM_Health,
                       "Money" = twelveM_Money, "School" = twelveM_School)
twelveM_mat <- as.data.frame(twelveM_mat)</pre>
twelveM mat$Group <- '12M'</pre>
#barplot(twelveM_mat)
thirteenF <- test1 %>% filter(Age == "13", Gender == "Female")
thirteenF_fam <- sum(thirteenF$Family) / sum(thirteenF$`Lose Count`)</pre>
thirteenF_Health <- sum(thirteenF$Health) / sum(thirteenF$`Lose Count`)</pre>
thirteenF_Money <- sum(thirteenF$Money) / sum(thirteenF$`Lose Count`)</pre>
thirteenF_School <- sum(thirteenF$School) / sum(thirteenF$`Lose Count`)</pre>
thirteenF_Friends <- sum(thirteenF$Friends) / sum(thirteenF$`Lose Count`)</pre>
thirteenF Happiness <- sum(thirteenF$Happiness) / sum(thirteenF$`Lose Count`)
thirteenF mat <- cbind("Family" = thirteenF fam, "Friends" = thirteenF Friends,
                      "Happiness" = thirteenF_Happiness, "Health" = thirteenF_Health,
                       "Money" = thirteenF_Money, "School" = thirteenF_School)
thirteenF mat <- as.data.frame(thirteenF mat)</pre>
thirteenF_mat$Group <- '13F'</pre>
thirteenM <- test1 %>% filter(Age == "13", Gender == "Male")
thirteenM_fam <- sum(thirteenM$Family) / sum(thirteenM$`Lose Count`)
thirteenM_Health <- sum(thirteenM$Health) / sum(thirteenM$`Lose Count`)</pre>
thirteenM_Money <- sum(thirteenM$Money) / sum(thirteenM$\times_Lose Count\times)</pre>
thirteenM School <- sum(thirteenM$School) / sum(thirteenM$`Lose Count`)
thirteenM_Friends <- sum(thirteenM$Friends) / sum(thirteenM$\times Count\)</pre>
thirteenM_Happiness <- sum(thirteenM$Happiness) / sum(thirteenM$`Lose Count`)
thirteenM_mat <- cbind("Family" = thirteenM_fam, "Friends" = thirteenM_Friends,</pre>
                      "Happiness" = thirteenM_Happiness, "Health" = thirteenM_Health,
                       "Money" = thirteenM_Money, "School" = thirteenM_School)
thirteenM_mat <- as.data.frame(thirteenM_mat)</pre>
thirteenM_mat$Group <- '13M'</pre>
fourteenF <- test1 %>% filter(Age == "14", Gender == "Female")
fourteenF_fam <- sum(fourteenF$Family) / sum(fourteenF$`Lose Count`)</pre>
fourteenF Health <- sum(fourteenF$Health) / sum(fourteenF$`Lose Count`)</pre>
fourteenF_Money <- sum(fourteenF$Money) / sum(fourteenF$`Lose Count`)</pre>
fourteenF_School <- sum(fourteenF$School) / sum(fourteenF$`Lose Count`)</pre>
fourteenF_Friends <- sum(fourteenF$Friends) / sum(fourteenF$`Lose Count`)</pre>
fourteenF Happiness <- sum(fourteenF$Happiness) / sum(fourteenF$`Lose Count`)</pre>
fourteenF_mat <- cbind("Family" = fourteenF_fam, "Friends" = fourteenF_Friends,</pre>
                      "Happiness" = fourteenF Happiness, "Health" = fourteenF Health,
                       "Money" = fourteenF_Money, "School" = fourteenF_School)
fourteenF_mat <- as.data.frame(fourteenF_mat)</pre>
fourteenF_mat$Group <- '14F'</pre>
fourteenM <- test1 %>% filter(Age == "14", Gender == "Male")
fourteenM_fam <- sum(fourteenM$Family) / sum(fourteenM$`Lose Count`)</pre>
```

Building a barplot, we have that

```
library(ggplot2)
bar <- as.data.frame(rbind(elevenM_mat, elevenF_mat, twelveM_mat,twelveF_mat,thirteenM_mat, thirteenF_m
barplot(as.matrix(bar))</pre>
```

Warning in apply(height, 2L, cumsum): NAs introduced by coercion



```
elevenF <- test1 %>% filter(Age == "11", Gender == "Female")
elevenF_fam <- sum(elevenF$Family)
elevenF_Health <- sum(elevenF$Health)
elevenF_Money <- sum(elevenF$Money)</pre>
```

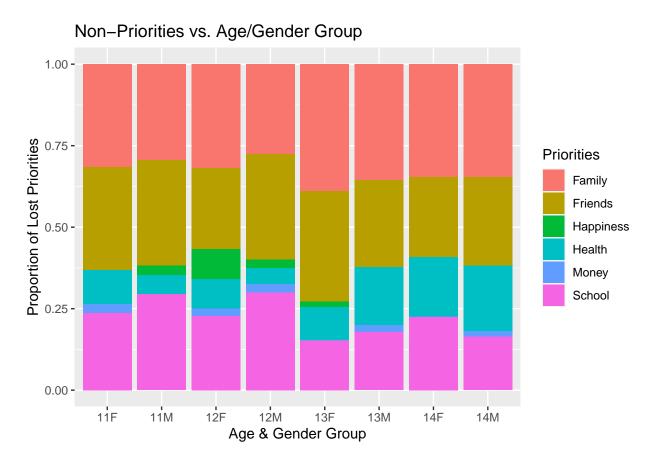
```
elevenF_School <- sum(elevenF$School)</pre>
elevenF_Friends <- sum(elevenF$Friends)</pre>
elevenF_Happiness <- sum(elevenF$Happiness)</pre>
elevenF_mat <- cbind("Family" = elevenF_fam, "Friends" = elevenF_Friends,</pre>
                       "Happiness" = elevenF_Happiness, "Health" = elevenF_Health,
                        "Money" = elevenF_Money, "School" = elevenF_School)
#barplot(elevenF_mat)
#elevenF mat <- as.data.frame(elevenF mat)</pre>
#elevenF_mat$Group <- '11F'</pre>
elevenM <- test1 %>% filter(Age == "11", Gender == "Male")
elevenM_fam <- sum(elevenM$Family)</pre>
elevenM_Health <- sum(elevenM$Health)</pre>
elevenM_Money <- sum(elevenM$Money)</pre>
elevenM_School <- sum(elevenM$School)</pre>
elevenM_Friends <- sum(elevenM$Friends)</pre>
elevenM_Happiness <- sum(elevenM$Happiness)</pre>
elevenM_mat <- cbind("Family" = elevenM_fam, "Friends" = elevenM_Friends,
                       "Happiness" = elevenM_Happiness, "Health" = elevenM_Health,
                        "Money" = elevenM_Money, "School" = elevenM_School)
#barplot(elevenM_mat)
#elevenM_mat<-as.data.frame(elevenM_mat)</pre>
#elevenM_mat$Group <- '11M'</pre>
twelveF <- test1 %>% filter(Age == "12", Gender == "Female")
twelveF_fam <- sum(twelveF$Family)</pre>
twelveF_Health <- sum(twelveF$Health)</pre>
twelveF_Money <- sum(twelveF$Money)</pre>
twelveF_School <- sum(twelveF$School)</pre>
twelveF_Friends <- sum(twelveF$Friends)</pre>
twelveF_Happiness <- sum(twelveF$Happiness)</pre>
twelveF_mat <- cbind("Family" = twelveF_fam, "Friends" = twelveF_Friends,</pre>
                       "Happiness" = twelveF_Happiness, "Health" = twelveF_Health,
                        "Money" = twelveF_Money, "School" = twelveF_School)
#twelveF_mat <- as.data.frame((twelveF_mat))</pre>
#twelveF mat$Group <- '12F'</pre>
#barplot(twelveF_mat)
twelveM <- test1 %>% filter(Age == "12", Gender == "Male")
twelveM_fam <- sum(twelveM$Family)</pre>
twelveM_Health <- sum(twelveM$Health)</pre>
twelveM_Money <- sum(twelveM$Money)</pre>
twelveM_School <- sum(twelveM$School)</pre>
twelveM_Friends <- sum(twelveM$Friends)</pre>
twelveM_Happiness <- sum(twelveM$Happiness)</pre>
twelveM_mat <- cbind("Family" = twelveM_fam, "Friends" = twelveM_Friends,</pre>
                       "Happiness" = twelveM_Happiness, "Health" = twelveM_Health,
                        "Money" = twelveM Money, "School" = twelveM School)
#twelveM_mat <- as.data.frame(twelveM_mat)</pre>
```

```
#twelveM_mat$Group <- '12M'</pre>
#barplot(twelveM mat)
thirteenF <- test1 %>% filter(Age == "13", Gender == "Female")
thirteenF_fam <- sum(thirteenF$Family)</pre>
thirteenF_Health <- sum(thirteenF$Health)</pre>
thirteenF_Money <- sum(thirteenF$Money)</pre>
thirteenF_School <- sum(thirteenF$School)</pre>
thirteenF_Friends <- sum(thirteenF$Friends)</pre>
thirteenF_Happiness <- sum(thirteenF$Happiness)</pre>
thirteenF_mat <- cbind("Family" = thirteenF_fam, "Friends" = thirteenF_Friends,</pre>
                       "Happiness" = thirteenF_Happiness, "Health" = thirteenF_Health,
                        "Money" = thirteenF_Money, "School" = thirteenF_School)
#thirteenF mat <- as.data.frame(thirteenF mat)</pre>
#thirteenF mat$Group <- '13F'</pre>
thirteenM <- test1 %>% filter(Age == "13", Gender == "Male")
thirteenM_fam <- sum(thirteenM$Family)</pre>
thirteenM_Health <- sum(thirteenM$Health)</pre>
thirteenM_Money <- sum(thirteenM$Money)</pre>
thirteenM_School <- sum(thirteenM$School)</pre>
thirteenM_Friends <- sum(thirteenM$Friends)</pre>
thirteenM Happiness <- sum(thirteenM$Happiness)</pre>
thirteenM_mat <- cbind("Family" = thirteenM_fam, "Friends" = thirteenM_Friends,</pre>
                       "Happiness" = thirteenM_Happiness, "Health" = thirteenM_Health,
                        "Money" = thirteenM Money, "School" = thirteenM School)
#thirteenM_mat <- as.data.frame(thirteenM_mat)</pre>
#thirteenM_mat$Group <- '13M'</pre>
fourteenF <- test1 %>% filter(Age == "14", Gender == "Female")
fourteenF fam <- sum(fourteenF$Family)</pre>
fourteenF_Health <- sum(fourteenF$Health)</pre>
fourteenF_Money <- sum(fourteenF$Money)</pre>
fourteenF_School <- sum(fourteenF$School)</pre>
fourteenF_Friends <- sum(fourteenF$Friends)</pre>
fourteenF_Happiness <- sum(fourteenF$Happiness)</pre>
fourteenF_mat <- cbind("Family" = fourteenF_fam, "Friends" = fourteenF_Friends,</pre>
                       "Happiness" = fourteenF_Happiness, "Health" = fourteenF_Health,
                        "Money" = fourteenF_Money, "School" = fourteenF_School)
#fourteenF_mat <- as.data.frame(fourteenF_mat)</pre>
#fourteenF_mat$Group <- '14F'
fourteenM <- test1 %>% filter(Age == "14", Gender == "Male")
fourteenM fam <- sum(fourteenM$Family)</pre>
fourteenM_Health <- sum(fourteenM$Health)</pre>
fourteenM_Money <- sum(fourteenM$Money)</pre>
fourteenM_School <- sum(fourteenM$School)</pre>
fourteenM Friends <- sum(fourteenM$Friends)</pre>
fourteenM_Happiness <- sum(fourteenM$Happiness)</pre>
```

```
specie <- c(rep("11M",6),rep("11F",6),rep("12M",6),rep("12F",6),rep("13M",6),rep("13F",6),rep("14M",6),condition <- rep(c("Family","Friends","Happiness","Health","Money","School"),4)
value <- c(elevenM_mat,elevenF_mat,twelveM_mat,twelveF_mat,thirteenM_mat,thirteenF_mat, fourteenM_mat, data <- data.frame(specie,condition,value)</pre>
```

This gives the segmented bar graph with the Age and gender groups on the x-axis and the corresponding proportions on the y-axis

```
ggplot(data, aes(fill=condition, y=value, x=specie)) +
   geom_bar(position="fill", stat="identity") + xlab("Age & Gender Group") + ylab("Proportion of Lost")
```

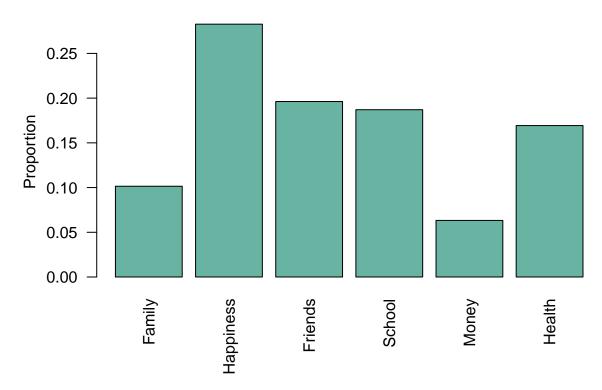


We can see how the goal prioroty proportion differs. We will make a barplot with the priorities and their corresponding proportion.

```
goal1 <- as.data.frame(logs %>% filter(event_id == 811))
health <- sum(goal1$goal_1_priority_type == "PriorityData_type:0") + sum(goal1$goal_2_priority_type ==
money <- sum(goal1$goal_1_priority_type == "PriorityData_type:1")+ sum(goal1$goal_2_priority_type == "PriorityData_type:1")</pre>
```

```
school <- sum(goal1$goal_1_priority_type == "PriorityData_type:2")+ sum(goal1$goal_2_priority_type == "friends <- sum(goal1$goal_1_priority_type == "PriorityData_type:3")+ sum(goal1$goal_2_priority_type == happiness <- sum(goal1$goal_1_priority_type == "PriorityData_type:4")+ sum(goal1$goal_2_priority_type == family <- sum(goal1$goal_1_priority_type == "PriorityData_type:5")+ sum(goal1$goal_2_priority_type == "total <- sum(family, happiness, friends, school, money, health)
prioritymat <- cbind("family" = family / total, "happiness" = happiness / total, "friends" = friends / total)
barplot(prioritymat, col = c("#69b3a2"), names.arg = c("Family", "Happiness", "Friends", "School", "Money",</pre>
```

Goal Priority Proportion



Calculating based on the levels,

LV 0 Average

```
# tally(c(1, 2, 3))
logsmod <- logs[,c(2, 7,11)]
logs[logs$player_id == 6427001 & (logs$event_id==818 | logs$event_id==800 |logs$event_id==812) & logs$m
## # A tibble: 3 x 115
## row_id player_id school wave session date event_id event_description</pre>
```

```
<dbl> <chr>
##
      <dbl>
                <dbl> <chr> <chr>
                                     <chr>
                                             <date>
              6427001 3561
## 1
        472
                             3561 (~ Sessio~ 2013-03-07
                                                             800 Player closes int~
## 2
        632
              6427001 3561 3561 (~ Sessio~ 2013-03-07
                                                             800 Player closes int~
## 3
       744
              6427001 3561 3561 (~ Sessio~ 2013-03-07
                                                             818 Player sees win p~
## # ... with 107 more variables: event_category <chr>, event_time <chr>,
       event time dbl <dbl>, stack id <dbl>, data headers <chr>,
       data values <chr>, skill level know <dbl>, skill level priority <dbl>,
       skill level people <dbl>, skill level refusal <dbl>, skill level me <dbl>,
## #
## #
       minigame id <dbl>, minigame level <dbl>, skill id <chr>,
       old_skill_point <dbl>, new_skill_point <dbl>, object_id <chr>,
## #
## #
       object_locked <lgl>, object_first_time_unlocked <lgl>, sense_id <dbl>, ...
logsmod0 <- logs[(logs$event_id==818 | logs$event_id==800) & logs$minigame_level==0,]</pre>
logsmod0 \leftarrow logsmod0[,c(2,7,11)]
logsmodO$number <- c(1:length(logsmodO$player_id))</pre>
rows <- which(logsmod0$event_id == 818)</pre>
level0_800 <- rows - 1
lv0_avg<-sum((logsmod0$event_time_dbl[rows]-logsmod0$event_time_dbl[level0_800]))/length(level0_800)</pre>
lv0 avg
```

LV 1 Average

[1] 178.4333

```
logsmod1 <- logs[(logs\u00a8event_id==818 | logs\u00a8event_id==800) & logs\u00a8minigame_level==1,]
logsmod1 <- logsmod1[,c(2,7,11)]
logsmod1\u00a8number <- c(1:length(logsmod1\u00a8player_id))
rows <- which(logsmod1\u00a8event_id == 818)
level0_800 <- rows - 1
lv1_avg<-sum((logsmod1\u00a8event_time_dbl[rows]-logsmod1\u00a8event_time_dbl[level0_800]))/length(level0_800)
lv1_avg</pre>
```

LV 2 Average

[1] 163.9329

```
logsmod2 <- logs[(logs$event_id==818 | logs$event_id==800) & logs$minigame_level==2,]
logsmod2 <- logsmod2[,c(2,7,11)]
logsmod2$number <- c(1:length(logsmod2$player_id))
rows <- which(logsmod2$event_id == 818)
level0_800 <- rows - 1
lv2_avg<-sum((logsmod2$event_time_dbl[rows]-logsmod2$event_time_dbl[level0_800]))/length(level0_800)
lv2_avg</pre>
```

[1] 211.2835

LV 3 Average

```
logsmod3 <- logs[(logs$event_id==818 | logs$event_id==800) & logs$minigame_level==3,]
logsmod3 <- logsmod3[,c(2,7,11)]
logsmod3$number <- c(1:length(logsmod3$player_id))
rows <- which(logsmod3$event_id == 818)
level0_800 <- rows - 1
lv3_avg<-sum((logsmod3$event_time_dbl[rows]-logsmod3$event_time_dbl[level0_800]))/length(level0_800)
lv3_avg</pre>
```

[1] 214.2613

LV 4 Average

```
logsmod4 <- logs[(logs$event_id==818 | logs$event_id==800) & logs$minigame_level==4,]
logsmod4 <- logsmod4[,c(2,7,11)]
logsmod4$number <- c(1:length(logsmod4$player_id))
rows <- which(logsmod4$event_id == 818)
level0_800 <- rows - 1
lv4_avg<-sum((logsmod4$event_time_dbl[rows]-logsmod4$event_time_dbl[level0_800]))/length(level0_800)
lv4_avg</pre>
```

LV 5 Average

[1] 191.1029

```
logsmod5 <- logs[(logs\text{event_id==818 | logs\text{event_id==800}) & logs\text{minigame_level==5,]}
logsmod5 <- logsmod5[,c(2,7,11)]
logsmod5\text{number <- c(1:length(logsmod5\text{player_id}))}
rows <- which(logsmod5\text{event_id == 818})
level0_800 <- rows - 1

lv5_avg<-sum((logsmod5\text{event_time_dbl[rows]-logsmod5\text{event_time_dbl[level0_800]}))/length(level0_800)
lv5_avg</pre>
```

[1] 163.3028

LV 6 Average

```
logsmod6 <- logs[(logs$event_id==818 | logs$event_id==800) & logs$minigame_level==6,]
logsmod6 <- logsmod6[,c(2,7,11)]
logsmod6$number <- c(1:length(logsmod6$player_id))
rows <- which(logsmod6$event_id == 818)
level0_800 <- rows - 1
lv6_avg<-sum((logsmod6$event_time_dbl[rows]-logsmod6$event_time_dbl[level0_800]))/length(level0_800)
lv6_avg</pre>
```

LV 7 Average

[1] 171.4268

```
logsmod7 <- logs[(logs\text{event_id==818 | logs\text{event_id==800}) & logs\text{minigame_level==7,]}
logsmod7 <- logsmod7[,c(2,7,11)]
logsmod7\text{number <- c(1:length(logsmod7\text{player_id}))}
rows <- which(logsmod7\text{event_id == 818})
level0_800 <- rows - 1
lv7_avg<-sum((logsmod7\text{event_time_dbl[rows]-logsmod7\text{event_time_dbl[level0_800]}))/length(level0_800)
lv7_avg</pre>
```

[1] 165.253

LV 8 Average

```
logsmod8 <- logs[(logs$event_id==818 | logs$event_id==800) & logs$minigame_level==8,]
logsmod8 <- logsmod8[,c(2,7,11)]
logsmod8$number <- c(1:length(logsmod8$player_id))
rows <- which(logsmod8$event_id == 818)
level0_800 <- rows - 1

lv8_avg<-sum((logsmod8$event_time_dbl[rows]-logsmod8$event_time_dbl[level0_800]))/length(level0_800)
lv8_avg</pre>
## [1] 170.0097
```

LV 9 Average

```
logsmod9 <- logs[(logs$event_id==818 | logs$event_id==800) & logs$minigame_level==9,]
logsmod9 <- logsmod9[,c(2,7,11)]
logsmod9$number <- c(1:length(logsmod9$player_id))
rows <- which(logsmod9$event_id == 818)
level0_800 <- rows - 1</pre>
```

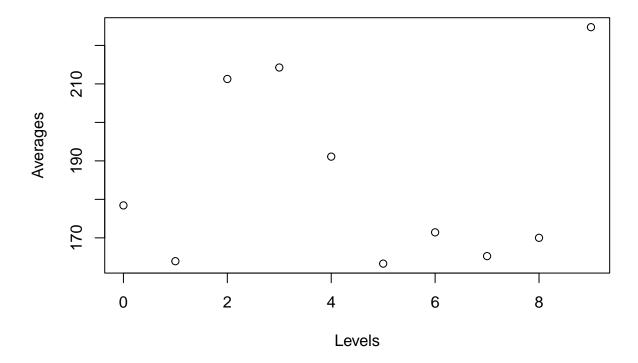
```
lv9_avg<-sum((logsmod9$event_time_dbl[rows]-logsmod9$event_time_dbl[level0_800]))/length(level0_800)
lv9_avg</pre>
```

[1] 224.7426

Matrix

```
averages <- c(lv0_avg,lv1_avg,lv2_avg,lv3_avg,lv4_avg,lv5_avg,lv6_avg,lv7_avg,lv8_avg,lv9_avg)</pre>
df1 <- data.frame("Levels" = 0:9, "Averages" = averages)</pre>
##
     Levels Averages
## 1
          0 178.4333
## 2
          1 163.9329
## 3
          2 211.2835
## 4
         3 214.2613
          4 191.1029
## 5
         5 163.3028
## 6
         6 171.4268
## 7
## 8
         7 165.2530
## 9
         8 170.0097
## 10
        9 224.7426
```

plot(Averages ~ Levels, data = df1)



Above is the graph that indicates the average finish time by the various levels