



( / )

Curriculum

**SE Foundations** ^

Average: 108.76% v

# Evaluation quiz correction

**Evaluation Quiz:** Evaluation #3**Date:** 2023-05-31**Status:** Done**Duration:** 15 minutes**Score:** 82.35%

# "I don't know": 0

# Success: 14

# Fail: 3

## Responses

### 0. What do these lines print?

```
for i in range(2, 10, 2):  
    print(i, end=" ")
```

**Score:** 1.0

- ☐ 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
- ☐ 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
- ☐ 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18
- ☒ **2 4 6 8**
- ☐ I don't know

[Help](#)

1. Which symbol should I use to redirect the error output to the standard output?

(/)

Score: 1.0

- ☒ 2>&1
- ☐ 1>&2
- ☐ 2>
- ☐ I don't know

2. In a doubly linked list, what are possible directions to traverse it?

(select all possible answers)

Score: 1.0

- ☒ Forward
- ☒ Backward
- ☐ I don't know

3. You're standing in line at a grocery store, which data type best represents this situation?

Score: 1.0

- ☒ Queue
- ☐ Array
- ☐ Dictionary
- ☐ Stack
- ☐ I don't know

4. What does this print?

```
>>> a = "Python is cool"  
>>> print(a[7:-5])
```



Score: 1.0

- ☐ on

- ☐ nohtyP
- ☐ Python
- ☐ si
- ☒ **is**
- ☐ I don't know

## 5. What is a circular import in Python?

Score: 1.0

- ☒ **When two or more modules are dependant on each other.**
- ☐ When you import a module for calculating dimensions for circles.
- ☐ When one module imports multiple other modules.
- ☐ I don't know

## 6. What does this print?

```
>>> print("{:d} Mission street, {}".format(972, "San Francisco"))
```

Score: 1.0

- ☐ "972 Mission street, San Francisco"
- ☐ 72 Mission street, San
- ☒ **972 Mission street, San Francisco**
- ☐ San Francisco Mission street, 972
- ☐ I don't know

## 7. How many bytes will this statement allocate on a 64 bit machine?

```
malloc(sizeof(char) * 4)
```

Score: 1.0

- ☒ **4**
- ☐ 8
- ☐ 12
- ☐ 16



☐ I don't know  
(/)

---

### 8. What do these lines print?

```
>>> a = [1, 2, 3, 4]
>>> a[2] = 10
>>> a
```

**Score:** 1.0

- ☐ [1, 2, 3, 4]
- ☐ [1, 10, 3, 4]
- ☒ **[1, 2, 10, 4]**
- ☐ [1, 2, 10, 10]
- ☐ I don't know

### 9. What's wrong with the following C code to get the nth node of a linked list?

Select all correct answers.



```
#include "lists.h"
/**
 * get_nodeint_at_index - finds nth node of a listint_t list
 * @head: list to evaluate
 * @index: index of node to find
 *
 * Return: node found at index (SUCCESS), NULL if node does not exist
 **/

listint_t *get_nodeint_at_index(listint_t *head, unsigned int index)
{
    unsigned int i;
    listint_t *ptr;

    if (head == NULL)
        return (NULL);

    ptr = head;
    i = 0;

    while (i < index)
    {
        ptr = ptr->next;
        i++;
    }

    return (ptr);
}
```

Score: 0.0

- ☒ **There is no check for if ptr->next is NULL before moving ptr**
- ☐ The function should not return NULL if head is not found.
- ☐ **If index is out of range, the program should return NULL**
- ☐ Nothing is wrong
- ☐ I don't know

10. Which line of code will create a list of every other number from 0 to 10 in reverse in Python?

Score: 0.0

- ☐ list(range(10, 0, -2))
- ☐ array(range(10, 0, -2))
- ☒ **list(range(0, 10, -2))**



- ☐ array(10, 0, 2))  
☐ I don't know

## 11. What do these lines print?

```
>>> a = { 'id': 89, 'name': "John", 'projects': [1, 2, 3, 4], 'friends': [ { 'id': 82, 'name': "Bob" }, { 'id': 83, 'name': "Amy" } ] }  
>>> a.get('friends')[-1].get("name")
```

**Score:** 1.0

- ☐ 89  
☐ [{ 'id': 82, 'name': "Bob" }, { 'id': 83, 'name': "Amy" }]  
☒ 'Amy'  
☐ 'Bob'  
☐ Nothing  
☐ I don't know

## 12. What do these lines print?

```
>>> def my_function(counter=89):  
>>>     print("Counter: {}".format(counter))  
>>>  
>>> my_function(12)
```

**Score:** 1.0

- ☒ **Counter: 12**  
☐ Counter: 89  
☐ Counter: 101  
☐ I don't know

## 13. What is the `unistd` symbolic constant for the standard output?

**Score:** 1.0

- ☐ `STDIN_FILENO`



☒ **STDOUT\_FILENO**☐ **STDERR\_FILENO**☐ I don't know

#### 14. In a doubly linked list, what's the "head" of a linked list?

Score: 0.0

☒ **It's the node with the pointer to the next node equals to NULL**☐ **It's the node with the pointer to the previous node equals to NULL**☐ I don't know

#### 15. What do these lines print?

```
a = 12
if a > 2:
    if a % 2 == 0:
        print("Tech")
    else:
        print("C is fun")
else:
    print("School")
```

Score: 1.0

☒ **Tech**☐ C is fun☐ School☐ I don't know

#### 16. What do these lines print?

```
>>> def my_function(counter=89):
>>>     return counter + 1
>>>
>>> print(my_function())
```



Score: 1.0

- ☐ 1
- ☐ 89

- 
- ☒ **90**
  - ☐ 891
  - ☐ I don't know

Copyright © 2024 ALX, All rights reserved.

