



(/)

Curriculum

SE Foundations ^

Average: 108.76% v

0x02. AirBnB clone - MySQL

Group project

Python

OOP

Back-end

SQL

MySQL

ORM

SQLAlchemy

By: Guillaume

Weight: 2

Project to be done in teams of 2 people (your team: Baraka Ngaira, Trevor Jey)

 Project over - took place from Aug 18, 2023 6:00 AM to Aug 24, 2023 6:00 AM☒ An auto review will be launched at the deadline

In a nutshell...

- **Auto QA review:** 145.0/191 mandatory
- **Altogether: 75.92%**
 - Mandatory: 75.92%
 - Optional: no optional tasks

Background Context

Environment variables will be your best friend for this project!

- `HBNB_ENV` : running environment. It can be "dev" or "test" for the moment ("production" soon!)
- `HBNB_MYSQL_USER` : the username of your MySQL
- `HBNB_MYSQL_PWD` : the password of your MySQL
- `HBNB_MYSQL_HOST` : the hostname of your MySQL
- `HBNB_MYSQL_DB` : the database name of your MySQL
- `HBNB_TYPE_STORAGE` : the type of storage used. It can be "file" (using `FileStorage`) or db (using `DBStorage`)



Help

Resources

Read or watch:

- cmd module (/rltoken/OG2OW5Pbjs-ds3ZHT0ow4g)
- **packages** concept page
- unittest module (/rltoken/g0tzN6ea1hWCj5OF99HB9w)
- args/kwargs (/rltoken/F6YRBSrkkkTTMVc66iaMgA)
- SQLAlchemy tutorial (/rltoken/GYWCmxokUZKAr-T93iQPcQ)
- How To Create a New User and Grant Permissions in MySQL (/rltoken/m4ogDCoKVm3Us0FybYh1tA)
- Python3 and environment variables (/rltoken/FJCSaX1TCf0HAOzhsH_eWA)
- SQLAlchemy (/rltoken/bWxESLJVYGNOnjOYg8fOVg)
- MySQL 8.0 SQL Statement Syntax (/rltoken/n6ePnCDwnbQMbxGgeoe1VA)

Learning Objectives

At the end of this project, you are expected to be able to explain to anyone (/rltoken/3nWKduPHOPRUFGNET-SMw), **without the help of Google**:

General

- What is Unit testing and how to implement it in a large project
- What is `*args` and how to use it
- What is `**kwargs` and how to use it
- How to handle named arguments in a function
- How to create a MySQL database
- How to create a MySQL user and grant it privileges
- What ORM means
- How to map a Python Class to a MySQL table
- How to handle 2 different storage engines with the same codebase
- How to use environment variables

Copyright - Plagiarism

- You are tasked to come up with solutions for the tasks below yourself to meet with the above learning objectives.
- You will not be able to meet the objectives of this or any following project by copying and pasting someone else's work.
- You are not allowed to publish any content of this project.
- Any form of plagiarism is strictly forbidden and will result in removal from the program.

Requirements

Python Scripts

- Allowed editors: `vi`, `vim`, `emacs`
- All your files will be interpreted/compiled on Ubuntu 20.04 LTS using python3 (version 3.8.5)
- All your files should end with a new line



- The first line of all your files should be exactly `#!/usr/bin/python3`
- (/). A `README.md` file, at the root of the folder of the project, is mandatory
- Your code should use the `pycodestyle` (version `2.8.*`)
- All your files must be executable
- The length of your files will be tested using `wc`
- All your modules should have documentation (`python3 -c 'print(__import__("my_module").__doc__)'`)
- All your classes should have documentation (`python3 -c 'print(__import__("my_module").MyClass.__doc__)'`)
- All your functions (inside and outside a class) should have documentation (`python3 -c 'print(__import__("my_module").my_function.__doc__)'` and `python3 -c 'print(__import__("my_module").MyClass.my_function.__doc__)'`)
- A documentation is not a simple word, it's a real sentence explaining what's the purpose of the module, class or method (the length of it will be verified)

Python Unit Tests

- Allowed editors: `vi`, `vim`, `emacs`
- All your files should end with a new line
- All your test files should be inside a folder `tests`
- You have to use the `unittest` module (`/rltoken/g0tzN6ea1hWCj5OF99HB9w`)
- All your test files should be python files (extension: `.py`)
- All your test files and folders should start by `test_`
- Your file organization in the `tests` folder should be the same as your project: ex: for `models/base_model.py`, unit tests must be in: `tests/test_models/test_base_model.py`
- All your tests should be executed by using this command: `python3 -m unittest discover tests`
- You can also test file by file by using this command: `python3 -m unittest tests/test_models/test_base_model.py`
- All your modules should have documentation (`python3 -c 'print(__import__("my_module").__doc__)'`)
- All your classes should have documentation (`python3 -c 'print(__import__("my_module").MyClass.__doc__)'`)
- All your functions (inside and outside a class) should have documentation (`python3 -c 'print(__import__("my_module").my_function.__doc__)'` and `python3 -c 'print(__import__("my_module").MyClass.my_function.__doc__)'`)
- We strongly encourage you to work together on test cases, so that you don't miss any edge cases

SQL Scripts

- Allowed editors: `vi`, `vim`, `emacs`
- All your files will be executed on Ubuntu 20.04 LTS using `MySQL 8.0`
- Your files will be executed with `SQLAlchemy version 1.4.x`
- All your files should end with a new line
- All your SQL queries should have a comment just before (i.e. syntax above)
- All your files should start by a comment describing the task
- All SQL keywords should be in uppercase (`SELECT`, `WHERE` ...)

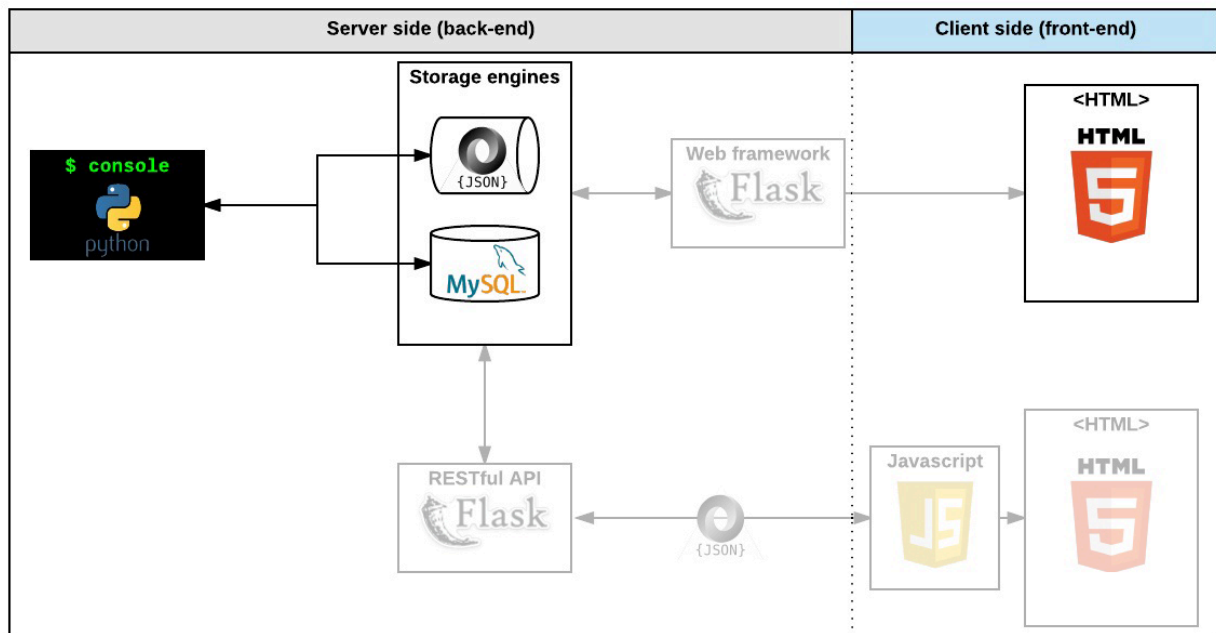


- A README.md file, at the root of the folder of the project, is mandatory
- (/). The length of your files will be tested using wc

GitHub

There should be one project repository per group. If you clone/fork/whatever a partner's project repository with the same name before the second deadline, you risk a 0% score.

More Info



Comments for your SQL file:

```
$ cat my_script.sql
-- first 3 students in the Batch ID=3
-- because Batch 3 is the best!
SELECT id, name FROM students WHERE batch_id = 3 ORDER BY created_at DESC LIMIT 3;
$
```

Video library (2 total)



(/)

HBNB - storage abstraction

AirBnB console

Tasks

0. Fork me if you can!

mandatory

Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

In the industry, you will work on an existing codebase 90% of the time. Your first thoughts upon looking at it might include:

- "Who did this code?"
- "How it works?"
- "Where are unittests?"
- "Where is this?"
- "Why did they do that like this?"
- "I don't understand anything."
- "... I will refactor everything..."

But the worst thing you could possibly do is to **redo everything**. Please don't do that! **Note: the existing codebase might be perfect, or it might have errors. Don't always trust the existing codebase!**

For this project you will fork this codebase (https://github.com/justinmajetich/AirBnB_clone.git):

- update the repository name to `AirBnB_clone_v2`
- update the `README.md` with your information **but don't delete the initial authors**

If you are the owner of this repository, please create a new repository named `AirBnB_clone_v2` with the same content of `AirBnB_clone`

Repo:

- GitHub repository: `AirBnB_clone_v2`

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

>_ Get a sandbox

QA Review

1. Bug free!

mandatory

Score: 44.44% (Checks completed: 44.44%)

Do you remember the `unittest` module?

This codebase contains many test cases. Some are missing, but the ones included cover the basic functionality of the program.

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ python3 -m unittest discover tests 2>&1 /dev/null | tail -n 1
OK
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$
```

All your unittests **must** pass without any errors at anytime in this project, **with each storage engine!**. Same for PEP8!

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ HBNB_ENV=test HBNB_MYSQL_USER=hbnb_test HBNB_MYSQL_PWD=hbnb_test_pwd HBNB_MYSQL_HOST=localhost HBNB_MYSQL_DB=hbnb_test_db HBNB_TYPE_STORAGE=db python3 -m unittest discover tests 2>&1 /dev/null | tail -n 1
OK
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$
```

Some tests won't be relevant for some type of storage, please skip them by using the `skipIf` feature of the Unittest module - 26.3.6. Skipping tests and expected failures (/rltoken/Gx_1dJOPPeAyeM6NaXDmJg). Of course, the number of tests must be higher than the current number of tests, so if you decide to skip a test, you should write a new test!

How to test with MySQL?

First, you create a specific database for it (next tasks). After, you have to remember what the purpose of an unittest?

"Assert a current state (objects/data/database), do an action, and validate this action changed (or not) the state of your objects/data/database"

For example, "you want to validate that the `create State name="California"` command in the console will add a new record in your table `states` in your database", here steps for your unittest:


- get the number of current records in the table `states` (my using a `MySQLdb` for example - but not `SQLAlchemy` (remember, you want to test if it works, so it's better to isolate from the system))
- execute the console command
- get (again) the number of current records in the table `states` (same method, with `MySQLdb`)
- if the difference is `+1` => test passed

Repo:

- GitHub repository: `AirBnB_clone_v2`

☐ Done?☐ Help☐ Check your code☐ Ask for a new correction☐ QA Review

2. Console improvements

 mandatory

Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Update the `def do_create(self, arg):` function of your command interpreter (`console.py`) to allow for object creation with given parameters:

- Command syntax: `create <Class name> <param 1> <param 2> <param 3>...`
- Param syntax: `<key name>=<value>`
- Value syntax:
 - String: `"<value>"` => starts with a double quote
 - any double quote inside the value must be escaped with a backslash `\`
 - all underscores `_` must be replaced by spaces . Example: You want to set the string `My little house` to the attribute `name`, your command line must be `name="My_little_house"`
 - Float: `<unit>.<decimal>` => contains a dot `.`
 - Integer: `<number>` => default case
- If any parameter doesn't fit with these requirements or can't be recognized correctly by your program, it must be skipped

Don't forget to add tests for this new feature!

Also, this new feature will be tested here only with `FileStorage` engine.

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ cat test_params_create
create State name="California"
create State name="Arizona"
all State

create Place city_id="0001" user_id="0001" name="My_little_house" number_rooms=4 num
ber_bathrooms=2 max_guest=10 price_by_night=300 latitude=37.773972 longitude=-122.43
1297
all Place
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ cat test_params_create | ./console.py
(hbnb) d80e0344-63eb-434a-b1e0-07783522124e
(hbnb) 092c9e5d-6cc0-4eec-aab9-3c1d79cfc2d7
(hbnb) [[State] (d80e0344-63eb-434a-b1e0-07783522124e) {'id': 'd80e0344-63eb-434a-b1
e0-07783522124e', 'created_at': datetime.datetime(2017, 11, 10, 4, 41, 7, 842160),
'updated_at': datetime.datetime(2017, 11, 10, 4, 41, 7, 842235), 'name': 'Californi
a'}, [State] (092c9e5d-6cc0-4eec-aab9-3c1d79cfc2d7) {'id': '092c9e5d-6cc0-4eec-aab9-
3c1d79cfc2d7', 'created_at': datetime.datetime(2017, 11, 10, 4, 41, 7, 842779), 'upd
ated_at': datetime.datetime(2017, 11, 10, 4, 41, 7, 842792), 'name': 'Arizona'}]
(hbnb) (hbnb) 76b65327-9e94-4632-b688-aaa22ab8a124
(hbnb) [[Place] (76b65327-9e94-4632-b688-aaa22ab8a124) {'number_bathrooms': 2, 'long
itude': -122.431297, 'city_id': '0001', 'user_id': '0001', 'latitude': 37.773972, 'p
rice_by_night': 300, 'name': 'My little house', 'id': '76b65327-9e94-4632-b688-aaa22
ab8a124', 'max_guest': 10, 'number_rooms': 4, 'updated_at': datetime.datetime(2017,
11, 10, 4, 41, 7, 843774), 'created_at': datetime.datetime(2017, 11, 10, 4, 41, 7, 8
43747)}]
(hbnb)
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$
```



Repo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB_clone_v2
- (/). File: console.py, models/, tests/

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

> Get a sandbox

QA Review

3. MySQL setup development

mandatory

Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Write a script that prepares a MySQL server for the project:

- A database `hbnb_dev_db`
- A new user `hbnb_dev` (in `localhost`)
- The password of `hbnb_dev` should be set to `hbnb_dev_pwd`
- `hbnb_dev` should have all privileges on the database `hbnb_dev_db` (and **only this database**)
- `hbnb_dev` should have `SELECT` privilege on the database `performance_schema` (and **only this database**)
- If the database `hbnb_dev_db` or the user `hbnb_dev` already exists, your script should not fail

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ cat setup_mysql_dev.sql | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p
Enter password:
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ echo "SHOW DATABASES;" | mysql -uhbnb_dev -p | grep hb
nb_dev_db
Enter password:
hbnb_dev_db
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ echo "SHOW GRANTS FOR 'hbnb_dev'@'localhost';" | mysql
-uroot -p
Enter password:
Grants for hbnb_dev@localhost
GRANT USAGE ON *.* TO 'hbnb_dev'@'localhost'
GRANT SELECT ON `performance_schema`.* TO 'hbnb_dev'@'localhost'
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON `hbnb_dev_db`.* TO 'hbnb_dev'@'localhost'
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB_clone_v2
- File: `setup_mysql_dev.sql`

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

> Get a sandbox

QA Review



4. MySQL setup test

mandatory

Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Write a script that prepares a MySQL server for the project:

- A database `hbnb_test_db`
- A new user `hbnb_test` (in `localhost`)
- The password of `hbnb_test` should be set to `hbnb_test_pwd`
- `hbnb_test` should have all privileges on the database `hbnb_test_db` (and **only this database**)
- `hbnb_test` should have `SELECT` privilege on the database `performance_schema` (and **only this database**)
- If the database `hbnb_test_db` or the user `hbnb_test` already exists, your script should not fail

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ cat setup_mysql_test.sql | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p
Enter password:
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ echo "SHOW DATABASES;" | mysql -uhbnb_test -p | grep h
bnb_test_db
Enter password:
hbnb_test_db
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ echo "SHOW GRANTS FOR 'hbnb_test'@'localhost';" | mysql
l -uroot -p
Enter password:
Grants for hbnb_test@localhost
GRANT USAGE ON *.* TO 'hbnb_test'@'localhost'
GRANT SELECT ON `performance_schema`.* TO 'hbnb_test'@'localhost'
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON `hbnb_test_db`.* TO 'hbnb_test'@'localhost'
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$
```


Repo:

- GitHub repository: `AirBnB_clone_v2`
- File: `setup_mysql_test.sql`

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

 Get a sandbox

QA Review

5. Delete object

mandatory

Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Update `FileStorage` : (`models/engine/file_storage.py`)

- Add a new public instance method: `def delete(self, obj=None):` to delete `obj` from `__objects` if it's inside - if `obj` is equal to `None`, the method should not do anything



- Update the prototype of `def all(self)` to `def all(self, cls=None)` - that returns the list of objects of one type of class. Example below with `State` - it's an optional filtering



```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ cat main_delete.py
#!/usr/bin/python3

""" Test delete feature
"""

from models.engine.file_storage import FileStorage
from models.state import State

fs = FileStorage()

# All States
all_states = fs.all(State)
print("All States: {}".format(len(all_states.keys())))
for state_key in all_states.keys():
    print(all_states[state_key])

# Create a new State
new_state = State()
new_state.name = "California"
fs.new(new_state)
fs.save()
print("New State: {}".format(new_state))

# All States
all_states = fs.all(State)
print("All States: {}".format(len(all_states.keys())))
for state_key in all_states.keys():
    print(all_states[state_key])

# Create another State
another_state = State()
another_state.name = "Nevada"
fs.new(another_state)
fs.save()
print("Another State: {}".format(another_state))

# All States
all_states = fs.all(State)
print("All States: {}".format(len(all_states.keys())))
for state_key in all_states.keys():
    print(all_states[state_key])

# Delete the new State
fs.delete(new_state)

# All States
all_states = fs.all(State)
print("All States: {}".format(len(all_states.keys())))
for state_key in all_states.keys():
    print(all_states[state_key])

guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ ./main_delete.py
All States: 0
```



```
New State: [State] (b0026fc6-116f-4d1a-a9cb-6bb9b299f1ce) {'name': 'California', 'created_at': datetime.datetime(2017, 11, 10, 1, 13, 32, 561137), 'id': 'b0026fc6-116f-4d1a-a9cb-6bb9b299f1ce'}
```

All States: 1

```
[State] (b0026fc6-116f-4d1a-a9cb-6bb9b299f1ce) {'name': 'California', 'created_at': datetime.datetime(2017, 11, 10, 1, 13, 32, 561137), 'id': 'b0026fc6-116f-4d1a-a9cb-6bb9b299f1ce'}
```

```
Another State: [State] (37705d25-8903-4318-9303-6d6d336a22c1) {'name': 'Nevada', 'created_at': datetime.datetime(2017, 11, 10, 1, 13, 34, 619133), 'id': '37705d25-8903-4318-9303-6d6d336a22c1'}
```

All States: 2

```
[State] (b0026fc6-116f-4d1a-a9cb-6bb9b299f1ce) {'name': 'California', 'created_at': datetime.datetime(2017, 11, 10, 1, 13, 32, 561137), 'id': 'b0026fc6-116f-4d1a-a9cb-6bb9b299f1ce'}
```

```
[State] (37705d25-8903-4318-9303-6d6d336a22c1) {'name': 'Nevada', 'created_at': datetime.datetime(2017, 11, 10, 1, 13, 34, 619133), 'id': '37705d25-8903-4318-9303-6d6d336a22c1'}
```

All States: 1

```
[State] (37705d25-8903-4318-9303-6d6d336a22c1) {'name': 'Nevada', 'created_at': datetime.datetime(2017, 11, 10, 1, 13, 34, 619133), 'id': '37705d25-8903-4318-9303-6d6d336a22c1'}
```

guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2\$

Repo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB_clone_v2
- File: models/engine/file_storage.py

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

 Get a sandbox

QA Review

6. DBStorage - States and Cities

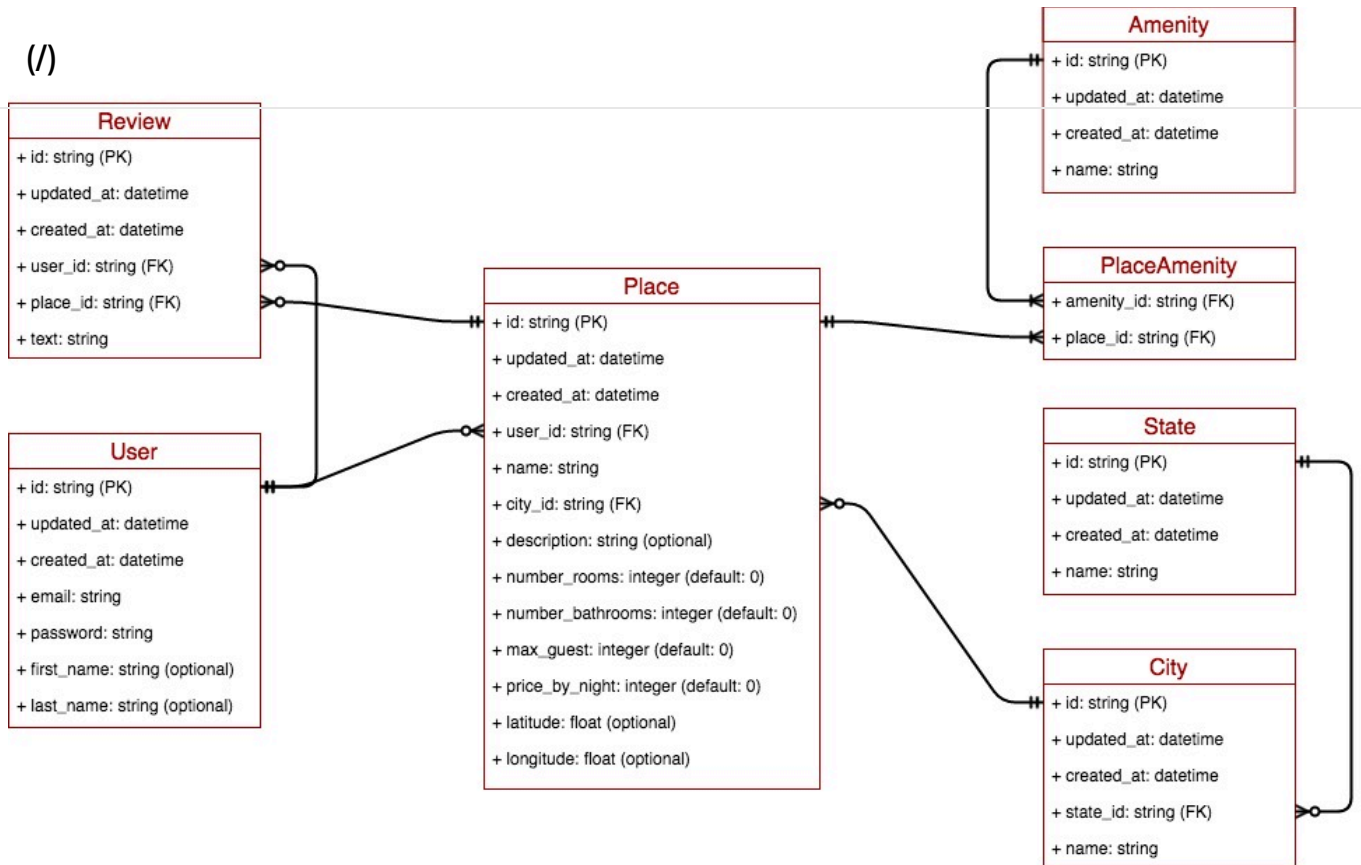
mandatory

Score: 81.25% (Checks completed: 81.25%)

SQLAlchemy will be your best friend!

It's time to change your storage engine and use SQLAlchemy





In the following steps, you will make multiple changes:

- the biggest one is the transition between FileStorage and DBStorage : In the industry, you will never find a system who can work with both in the same time - but you will find a lot of services who can manage multiple storage systems. (for example, logs service: in memory, in disk, in database, in ElasticSearch etc..) - The main concept behind is the **abstraction**: Make your code running without knowing how it's stored.
- add attributes for SQLAlchemy: they will be class attributes, like previously, with a "weird" value. Don't worry, these values are for description and mapping to the database. If you change one of these values, or add/remove one attribute of the a model, you will have to delete the database and recreate it in SQL. (Yes it's not optimal, but for development purposes, it's ok. In production, we will add "migration mechanism" - for the moment, don't spend time on it.)

Please follow all these steps:

Update BaseModel : (models/base_model.py)

- Create Base = declarative_base() before the class definition of BaseModel
- Note! BaseModel does /not/ inherit from Base. All other classes will inherit from BaseModel to get common values (id, created_at , updated_at), where inheriting from Base will actually cause SQLAlchemy to attempt to map it to a table.**
- Add or replace in the class BaseModel :
 - class attribute id
 - represents a column containing a unique string (60 characters)
 - can't be null
 - primary key
 - class attribute created_at
 - represents a column containing a datetime



- (/)
 - can't be null
 - default value is the current datetime (use `datetime.utcnow()`)
- class attribute `updated_at`
 - represents a column containing a datetime
 - can't be null
 - default value is the current datetime (use `datetime.utcnow()`)
- Move the `models.storage.new(self)` from `def __init__(self, *args, **kwargs):` to `def save(self):` and call it just before `models.storage.save()`
- In `def __init__(self, *args, **kwargs):`, manage `kwargs` to create instance attribute from this dictionary. Ex: `kwargs={ 'name': "California" }` => `self.name = "California"` if it's not already the case
- Update the `to_dict()` method of the class `BaseModel`:
 - remove the key `_sa_instance_state` from the dictionary returned by this method **only if this key exists**
- Add a new public instance method: `def delete(self):` to delete the current instance from the storage (`models.storage`) by calling the method `delete`

Update `City:(models/city.py)`

- `City` inherits from `BaseModel` and `Base` (respect the order)
- Add or replace in the class `City`:
 - class attribute `__tablename__` -
 - represents the table name, `cities`
 - class attribute `name`
 - represents a column containing a string (128 characters)
 - can't be null
 - class attribute `state_id`
 - represents a column containing a string (60 characters)
 - can't be null
 - is a foreign key to `states.id`

Update `State:(models/state.py)`

- `State` inherits from `BaseModel` and `Base` (respect the order)
- Add or replace in the class `State`:
 - class attribute `__tablename__`
 - represents the table name, `states`
 - class attribute `name`
 - represents a column containing a string (128 characters)
 - can't be null
 - for `DBStorage`: class attribute `cities` must represent a relationship with the class `City`. If the `State` object is deleted, all linked `City` objects must be automatically deleted. Also, the reference from a `City` object to his `State` should be named `state`
 - for `FileStorage`: getter attribute `cities` that returns the list of `City` instances with `state_id` equals to the current `State.id` => It will be the `FileStorage` relationship between `State` and `City`



New engine `DBStorage:(models/engine/db_storage.py)`

- Private class attributes:
 - (/) ◦ `__engine`: set to `None`
 - `__session`: set to `None`
- Public instance methods:
 - `__init__(self)`:
 - create the engine (`self.__engine`)
 - the engine must be linked to the MySQL database and user created before (`hbnb_dev` and `hbnb_dev_db`):
 - dialect: `mysql`
 - driver: `mysqldb`
 - all of the following values must be retrieved via environment variables:
 - MySQL user: `HBNB_MYSQL_USER`
 - MySQL password: `HBNB_MYSQL_PWD`
 - MySQL host: `HBNB_MYSQL_HOST` (here = `localhost`)
 - MySQL database: `HBNB_MYSQL_DB`
 - don't forget the option `pool_pre_ping=True` when you call `create_engine`
 - drop all tables if the environment variable `HBNB_ENV` is equal to `test`
 - `all(self, cls=None)`:
 - query on the current database session (`self.__session`) all objects depending of the class name (argument `cls`)
 - if `cls=None` , query all types of objects (`User` , `State` , `City` , `Amenity` , `Place` and `Review`)
 - this method must return a dictionary: (like `FileStorage`)
 - key = `<class-name>.<object-id>`
 - value = object
 - `new(self, obj)` : add the object to the current database session (`self.__session`)
 - `save(self)` : commit all changes of the current database session (`self.__session`)
 - `delete(self, obj=None)` : delete from the current database session `obj` if not `None`
 - `reload(self)` :
 - create all tables in the database (feature of SQLAlchemy) (WARNING: all classes who inherit from `Base` must be imported before calling `Base.metadata.create_all(engine)`)
 - create the current database session (`self.__session`) from the engine (`self.__engine`) by using a sessionmaker (`/rltoken/FhKkGICnmMODN4TrlfJw3g`) - the option `expire_on_commit` must be set to `False` ; and `scoped_session` (`/rltoken/kSil6CsOL7bWTXNJTrk9yw`) - to make sure your Session is thread-safe

Update `__init__.py` : (`models/__init__.py`)

- Add a conditional depending of the value of the environment variable `HBNB_TYPE_STORAGE` :
 - If equal to `db` :
 - Import `DBStorage` class in this file
 - Create an instance of `DBStorage` and store it in the variable `storage` (the line `storage.reload()` should be executed after this instantiation)
 - Else:
 - Import `FileStorage` class in this file



- Create an instance of `FileStorage` and store it in the variable `storage` (the line `storage.reload()` should be executed after this instantiation)
- This “switch” will allow you to change storage type directly by using an environment variable (example below)

State creation:

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ echo 'create State name="California" | HBNB_MYSQL_USE
R=hbnb_dev HBNB_MYSQL_PWD=hbnb_dev_pwd HBNB_MYSQL_HOST=localhost HBNB_MYSQL_DB=hbnb_
dev_db HBNB_TYPE_STORAGE=db ./console.py
(hbnb) 95a5abab-aa65-4861-9bc6-1da4a36069aa
(hbnb)
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ echo 'all State' | HBNB_MYSQL_USER=hbnb_dev HBNB_MYSQL
_PWD=hbnb_dev_pwd HBNB_MYSQL_HOST=localhost HBNB_MYSQL_DB=hbnb_dev_db HBNB_TYPE_STOR
AGE=db ./console.py
(hbnb) [[State] (95a5abab-aa65-4861-9bc6-1da4a36069aa) {'name': 'California', 'id':
'95a5abab-aa65-4861-9bc6-1da4a36069aa', 'updated_at': datetime.datetime(2017, 11, 1
0, 0, 49, 54), 'created_at': datetime.datetime(2017, 11, 10, 0, 49, 54)}]
(hbnb)
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ echo 'SELECT * FROM states\G' | mysql -uhbnb_dev -p hb
nb_dev_db
Enter password:
***** 1. row *****
      id: 95a5abab-aa65-4861-9bc6-1da4a36069aa
created_at: 2017-11-10 00:49:54
updated_at: 2017-11-10 00:49:54
      name: California
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$
```

City creation:

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ echo 'create City state_id="95a5abab-aa65-4861-9bc6-1d
a4a36069aa" name="San_Francisco" | HBNB_MYSQL_USER=hbnb_dev HBNB_MYSQL_PWD=hbnb_dev
_pwd HBNB_MYSQL_HOST=localhost HBNB_MYSQL_DB=hbnb_dev_db HBNB_TYPE_STORAGE=db ./cons
ole.py
(hbnb) 4b457e66-c7c8-4f63-910f-fd91c3b7140b
(hbnb)
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ echo 'all City' | HBNB_MYSQL_USER=hbnb_dev HBNB_MYSQL_
PWD=hbnb_dev_pwd HBNB_MYSQL_HOST=localhost HBNB_MYSQL_DB=hbnb_dev_db HBNB_TYPE_STORA
GE=db ./console.py
(hbnb) [[City] (4b457e66-c7c8-4f63-910f-fd91c3b7140b) {'id': '4b457e66-c7c8-4f63-910
f-fd91c3b7140b', 'updated_at': datetime.datetime(2017, 11, 10, 0, 52, 53), 'state_i
d': '95a5abab-aa65-4861-9bc6-1da4a36069aa', 'name': 'San Francisco', 'created_at': d
atetime.datetime(2017, 11, 10, 0, 52, 53)}]
(hbnb)
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$
```




```

guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ echo 'create City state_id="95a5abab-aa65-4861-9bc6-1da4a36069aa" name="San_Jose"' | HBNB_MYSQL_USER=hbnb_dev HBNB_MYSQL_PWD=hbnb_dev_pwd HBNB_MYSQL_HOST=localhost HBNB_MYSQL_DB=hbnb_dev_db HBNB_TYPE_STORAGE=db ./console.py
(hbnb) a7db3cdc-30e0-4d80-ad8c-679fe45343ba
(hbnb)
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ echo 'SELECT * FROM cities\G' | mysql -uhbnb_dev -p hbnb_dev_db
Enter password:
***** 1. row *****
      id: 4b457e66-c7c8-4f63-910f-fd91c3b7140b
created_at: 2017-11-10 00:52:53
updated_at: 2017-11-10 00:52:53
      name: San Francisco
      state_id: 95a5abab-aa65-4861-9bc6-1da4a36069aa
***** 2. row *****
      id: a7db3cdc-30e0-4d80-ad8c-679fe45343ba
created_at: 2017-11-10 00:53:19
updated_at: 2017-11-10 00:53:19
      name: San Jose
      state_id: 95a5abab-aa65-4861-9bc6-1da4a36069aa
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$

```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB_clone_v2
- File: models/base_model.py, models/city.py, models/state.py, models/engine/db_storage.py, models/__init__.py

☐ Done?

Help

Check your code

Ask for a new correction

QA Review

7. DBStorage - User

mandatory

Score: 88.89% (Checks completed: 88.89%)

Update User : (models/user.py)

- User inherits from BaseModel and Base (respect the order)
- Add or replace in the class User :
 - class attribute __tablename__
 - represents the table name, users
 - class attribute email
 - represents a column containing a string (128 characters)
 - can't be null
 - class attribute password
 - represents a column containing a string (128 characters)



- can't be null
- (/)
 - class attribute first_name
 - represents a column containing a string (128 characters)
 - can be null
 - class attribute last_name
 - represents a column containing a string (128 characters)
 - can be null

```

guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ echo 'create User email="gui@hbtn.io" password="guipw
d" first_name="Guillaume" last_name="Snow"' | HBNB_MYSQL_USER=hbnb_dev HBNB_MYSQL_PW
D=hbnb_dev_pwd HBNB_MYSQL_HOST=localhost HBNB_MYSQL_DB=hbnb_dev_db HBNB_TYPE_STORAGE
=db ./console.py
(hbnb) 4f3f4b42-a4c3-4c20-a492-ffff10d00c0b
(hbnb)
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ echo 'all User' | HBNB_MYSQL_USER=hbnb_dev HBNB_MYSQL_
PWD=hbnb_dev_pwd HBNB_MYSQL_HOST=localhost HBNB_MYSQL_DB=hbnb_dev_db HBNB_TYPE_STORA
GE=db ./console.py
(hbnb) [[User] (4f3f4b42-a4c3-4c20-a492-ffff10d00c0b) {'updated_at': datetime.dateti
me(2017, 11, 10, 1, 17, 26), 'id': '4f3f4b42-a4c3-4c20-a492-ffff10d00c0b', 'last_nam
e': 'Snow', 'first_name': 'Guillaume', 'email': 'gui@hbtn.io', 'created_at': datetim
e.datetime(2017, 11, 10, 1, 17, 26), 'password': 'f4ce007d8e84e0910fbdd7a06fa1692
d'}]]
(hbnb)
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ echo 'SELECT * FROM users\G' | mysql -uhbnb_dev -p hbn
b_dev_db
Enter password:
***** 1. row *****
      id: 4f3f4b42-a4c3-4c20-a492-ffff10d00c0b
created_at: 2017-11-10 01:17:26
updated_at: 2017-11-10 01:17:26
    email: gui@hbtn.io
  password: guipwd
first_name: Guillaume
  last_name: Snow
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$

```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB_clone_v2
- File: models/user.py

☐ Done?

☐ Help

☐ Check your code

☐ Ask for a new correction

☐ QA Review


8. DBStorage - Place

mandatory

Update Place:(models/place.py)
 Score: 93.75% (Checks completed: 93.75%)
 (7)

- Place inherits from BaseModel and Base (respect the order)
- Add or replace in the class Place :
 - class attribute __tablename__
 - represents the table name, places
 - class attribute city_id
 - represents a column containing a string (60 characters)
 - can't be null
 - is a foreign key to cities.id
 - class attribute user_id
 - represents a column containing a string (60 characters)
 - can't be null
 - is a foreign key to users.id
 - class attribute name
 - represents a column containing a string (128 characters)
 - can't be null
 - class attribute description
 - represents a column containing a string (1024 characters)
 - can be null
 - class attribute number_rooms
 - represents a column containing an integer
 - can't be null
 - default value: 0
 - class attribute number_bathrooms
 - represents a column containing an integer
 - can't be null
 - default value: 0
 - class attribute max_guest
 - represents a column containing an integer
 - can't be null
 - default value: 0
 - class attribute price_by_night
 - represents a column containing an integer
 - can't be null
 - default value: 0
 - class attribute latitude
 - represents a column containing a float
 - can be null
 - class attribute longitude
 - represents a column containing a float
 - can be null

Update User :(models/user.py)

- Add or replace in the class User :
 - class attribute places must represent a relationship with the class Place . If the User object is deleted, all linked Place objects must be automatically deleted. Also, the reference from a



Place object to his User should be named user

(/)

Update City:(models/city.py)

- Add or replace in the class City :
 - class attribute places must represent a relationship with the class Place .If the City object is deleted, all linked Place objects must be automatically deleted. Also, the reference from a Place object to his City should be named cities

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ echo 'create Place city_id="4b457e66-c7c8-4f63-910f-fd91c3b7140b" user_id="4f3f4b42-a4c3-4c20-a492-ffff10d00c0b" name="Lovely_place" number_rooms=3 number_bathrooms=1 max_guest=6 price_by_night=120 latitude=37.773972 longitude=-122.431297' | HBNB_MYSQL_USER=hbnb_dev HBNB_MYSQL_PWD=hbnb_dev_pwd HBNB_MYSQL_HOST=localhost HBNB_MYSQL_DB=hbnb_dev_db HBNB_TYPE_STORAGE=db ./console.py
(hbnb) ed72aa02-3286-4891-acbc-9d9fc80a1103
(hbnb)
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ echo 'all Place' | HBNB_MYSQL_USER=hbnb_dev HBNB_MYSQL_PWD=hbnb_dev_pwd HBNB_MYSQL_HOST=localhost HBNB_MYSQL_DB=hbnb_dev_db HBNB_TYPE_STORAGE=db ./console.py
(hbnb) [[Place] (ed72aa02-3286-4891-acbc-9d9fc80a1103) {'latitude': 37.774, 'city_id': '4b457e66-c7c8-4f63-910f-fd91c3b7140b', 'price_by_night': 120, 'id': 'ed72aa02-3286-4891-acbc-9d9fc80a1103', 'user_id': '4f3f4b42-a4c3-4c20-a492-ffff10d00c0b', 'max_guest': 6, 'created_at': datetime.datetime(2017, 11, 10, 1, 22, 30), 'description': None, 'number_rooms': 3, 'longitude': -122.431, 'number_bathrooms': 1, 'name': '"Lovely place', 'updated_at': datetime.datetime(2017, 11, 10, 1, 22, 30)}]]
(hbnb)
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ echo 'SELECT * FROM places\G' | mysql -uhbnb_dev -p hbnb_dev_db
Enter password:
***** 1. row *****
      id: ed72aa02-3286-4891-acbc-9d9fc80a1103
  created_at: 2017-11-10 01:22:30
  updated_at: 2017-11-10 01:22:30
    city_id: 4b457e66-c7c8-4f63-910f-fd91c3b7140b
    user_id: 4f3f4b42-a4c3-4c20-a492-ffff10d00c0b
      name: "Lovely place"
  description: NULL
  number_rooms: 3
number_bathrooms: 1
      max_guest: 6
  price_by_night: 120
        latitude: 37.774
        longitude: -122.431
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$
```



Repo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB_clone_v2

- File: models/place.py, models/user.py, models/city.py (/)

☐ Done?

Help

Check your code

Ask for a new correction

QA Review

9. DBStorage - Review

mandatory

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Update Review : (models/review.py)

- Review inherits from BaseModel and Base (respect the order)
- Add or replace in the class Review :
 - class attribute __tablename__
 - represents the table name, reviews
 - class attribute text
 - represents a column containing a string (1024 characters)
 - can't be null
 - class attribute place_id
 - represents a column containing a string (60 characters)
 - can't be null
 - is a foreign key to places.id
 - class attribute user_id
 - represents a column containing a string (60 characters)
 - can't be null
 - is a foreign key to users.id

Update User : (models/user.py)

- Add or replace in the class User :
 - class attribute reviews must represent a relationship with the class Review . If the User object is deleted, all linked Review objects must be automatically deleted. Also, the reference from a Review object to his User should be named user

Update Place : (models/place.py)

- for DBStorage : class attribute reviews must represent a relationship with the class Review . If the Place object is deleted, all linked Review objects must be automatically deleted. Also, the reference from a Review object to his Place should be named place
- for FileStorage : getter attribute reviews that returns the list of Review instances with place_id equals to the current Place.id => It will be the FileStorage relationship between Place and Review



```

guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ echo 'create User email="bob@hbtn.io" password="bobpw
d" first_name="Bob" last_name="Dylan"' | HBNB_MYSQL_USER=hbnb_dev HBNB_MYSQL_PWD=hbn
b_dev_pwd HBNB_MYSQL_HOST=localhost HBNB_MYSQL_DB=hbnb_dev_db HBNB_TYPE_STORAGE=db
./console.py
(hbnb) d93638d9-8233-4124-8f4e-17786592908b
(hbnb)
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ echo 'create Review place_id="ed72aa02-3286-4891-acbc-
9d9fc80a1103" user_id="d93638d9-8233-4124-8f4e-17786592908b" text="Amazing_place,_hu
ge_kitchen"' | HBNB_MYSQL_USER=hbnb_dev HBNB_MYSQL_PWD=hbnb_dev_pwd HBNB_MYSQL_HOST=
localhost HBNB_MYSQL_DB=hbnb_dev_db HBNB_TYPE_STORAGE=db ./console.py
(hbnb) a2d163d3-1982-48ab-a06b-9dc71e68a791
(hbnb)
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ echo 'all Review' | HBNB_MYSQL_USER=hbnb_dev HBNB_MYSQ
L_PWD=hbnb_dev_pwd HBNB_MYSQL_HOST=localhost HBNB_MYSQL_DB=hbnb_dev_db HBNB_TYPE_STO
RAGE=db ./console.py
(hbnb) [[Review] (f2616ff2-f723-4d67-85dc-f050a38e0f2f) {'text': 'Amazing place, hug
e kitchen', 'place_id': 'ed72aa02-3286-4891-acbc-9d9fc80a1103', 'id': 'f2616ff2-f723
-4d67-85dc-f050a38e0f2f', 'updated_at': datetime.datetime(2017, 11, 10, 4, 6, 25),
'created_at': datetime.datetime(2017, 11, 10, 4, 6, 25), 'user_id': 'd93638d9-8233-4
124-8f4e-17786592908b'}]]
(hbnb)
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ echo 'SELECT * FROM reviews\G' | mysql -uhbnb_dev -p h
bnb_dev_db
Enter password:
***** 1. row *****
      id: f2616ff2-f723-4d67-85dc-f050a38e0f2f
created_at: 2017-11-10 04:06:25
updated_at: 2017-11-10 04:06:25
      text: Amazing place, huge kitchen
place_id: ed72aa02-3286-4891-acbc-9d9fc80a1103
user_id: d93638d9-8233-4124-8f4e-17786592908b
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$

```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB_clone_v2
- File: models/review.py, models/user.py, models/place.py

☐ Done?

Help

Check your code

Ask for a new correction

QA Review

10. DBStorage - Amenity... and BOOM!mandatory 

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Update Amenity:(models/amenity.py)

(/)

- Amenity inherits from BaseModel and Base (respect the order)
- Add or replace in the class Amenity :
 - class attribute __tablename__
 - represents the table name, amenities
 - class attribute name
 - represents a column containing a string (128 characters)
 - can't be null
 - class attribute place_amenities must represent a relationship Many-To-Many (/rltoken/LiU5umFamh-YbwWkgd8kNw) between the class Place and Amenity .Please see below more detail: place_amenity in the Place update

Update Place:(models/place.py)

- Add an instance of SQLAlchemy Table (/rltoken/Pngd-iHVu-kUMyq5VaC9PQ) called place_amenity for creating the relationship Many-To-Many (/rltoken/LiU5umFamh-YbwWkgd8kNw) between Place and Amenity :
 - table name place_amenity
 - metadata = Base.metadata
 - 2 columns:
 - place_id , a string of 60 characters foreign key of places.id , primary key in the table and never null
 - amenity_id , a string of 60 characters foreign key of amenities.id , primary key in the table and never null
- Update Place class:
 - for DBStorage :class attribute amenities must represent a relationship with the class Amenity but also as secondary to place_amenity with option viewonly=False (place_amenity has been define previously)
 - for FileStorage :
 - Getter attribute amenities that returns the list of Amenity instances based on the attribute amenity_ids that contains all Amenity.id linked to the Place
 - Setter attribute amenities that handles append method for adding an Amenity.id to the attribute amenity_ids . This method should accept only Amenity object, otherwise, do nothing.

What's a Many - to - Many relationship?

In our system, we don't want to duplicate amenities (for example, having 10000 time the amenity wifi), so they will be unique. But, at least 2 places can have the same amenity (like wifi for example). We are in the case of:

- an amenity can be linked to multiple places
- a place can have multiple amenities

= Many - To - Many

To make this link working, we will create a third table called place_amenity that will create these links.



And you are good, you have a new engine!
(/)




```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ cat main_place_amenities.py
#!/usr/bin/python3

""" Test link Many-To-Many Place <> Amenity
"""

from models import *

# creation of a State
state = State(name="California")
state.save()

# creation of a City
city = City(state_id=state.id, name="San Francisco")
city.save()

# creation of a User
user = User(email="john@snow.com", password="johnpwd")
user.save()

# creation of 2 Places
place_1 = Place(user_id=user.id, city_id=city.id, name="House 1")
place_1.save()
place_2 = Place(user_id=user.id, city_id=city.id, name="House 2")
place_2.save()

# creation of 3 various Amenity
amenity_1 = Amenity(name="Wifi")
amenity_1.save()
amenity_2 = Amenity(name="Cable")
amenity_2.save()
amenity_3 = Amenity(name="Oven")
amenity_3.save()

# link place_1 with 2 amenities
place_1.amenities.append(amenity_1)
place_1.amenities.append(amenity_2)

# link place_2 with 3 amenities
place_2.amenities.append(amenity_1)
place_2.amenities.append(amenity_2)
place_2.amenities.append(amenity_3)

storage.save()

print("OK")

guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ HBNB_MYSQL_USER=hbnb_dev HBNB_MYSQL_PWD=hbnb_dev_pwd H
BNB_MYSQL_HOST=localhost HBNB_MYSQL_DB=hbnb_dev_db HBNB_TYPE_STORAGE=db ./main_place
_amenities.py
OK
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$ echo 'SELECT * FROM amenities\G' | mysql -uhbnb_dev -p
```

hbnb_dev_db

Enter password:

***** 1. row *****

id: 47321eb8-152a-46df-969a-440aa67a6d59

created_at: 2017-11-10 04:22:02

updated_at: 2017-11-10 04:22:02

name: Cable

***** 2. row *****

id: 4a307e7f-68f9-438f-81c0-8325898dda2a

created_at: 2017-11-10 04:22:02

updated_at: 2017-11-10 04:22:02

name: Oven

***** 3. row *****

id: b80aec52-d0c9-420a-8471-3254572954b6

created_at: 2017-11-10 04:22:02

updated_at: 2017-11-10 04:22:02

name: Wifi

guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2\$

guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2\$ echo 'SELECT * FROM places\G' | mysql -uhbnb_dev -p hbnb_dev_db

Enter password:

***** 1. row *****

id: 497e3867-d6e9-4401-9c7c-9687c18d2ac7

created_at: 2017-11-10 04:22:02

updated_at: 2017-11-10 04:22:02

city_id: 9d60df6e-31f7-430c-8162-69e89f4a17aa

user_id: 9b37bd51-6aef-485f-bf10-c7ab83fea2e9

name: House 1

description: NULL

number_rooms: 0

number_bathrooms: 0

max_guest: 0

price_by_night: 0

latitude: NULL

longitude: NULL

***** 2. row *****

id: db549ae1-4500-4d0c-9b50-4b4978ed229e

created_at: 2017-11-10 04:22:02

updated_at: 2017-11-10 04:22:02

city_id: 9d60df6e-31f7-430c-8162-69e89f4a17aa

user_id: 9b37bd51-6aef-485f-bf10-c7ab83fea2e9

name: House 2

description: NULL

number_rooms: 0

number_bathrooms: 0

max_guest: 0

price_by_night: 0

latitude: NULL

longitude: NULL

guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2\$

guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2\$ echo 'SELECT * FROM place_amenity\G' | mysql -uhbnb_dev -p hbnb_dev_db



Enter password:

```
(/) ***** 1. row *****  
place_id: 497e3867-d6e9-4401-9c7c-9687c18d2ac7  
amenity_id: 47321eb8-152a-46df-969a-440aa67a6d59  
***** 2. row *****  
place_id: db549ae1-4500-4d0c-9b50-4b4978ed229e  
amenity_id: 47321eb8-152a-46df-969a-440aa67a6d59  
***** 3. row *****  
place_id: db549ae1-4500-4d0c-9b50-4b4978ed229e  
amenity_id: 4a307e7f-68f9-438f-81c0-8325898dda2a  
***** 4. row *****  
place_id: 497e3867-d6e9-4401-9c7c-9687c18d2ac7  
amenity_id: b80aec52-d0c9-420a-8471-3254572954b6  
***** 5. row *****  
place_id: db549ae1-4500-4d0c-9b50-4b4978ed229e  
amenity_id: b80aec52-d0c9-420a-8471-3254572954b6  
quillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v2$
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB_clone_v2
- File: models/amenity.py, models/place.py

☐ Done?

Help

Check your code

Ask for a new correction

QA Review

