


(/)



Curriculum

SE Foundations 
Average: 108.76%

0x0E. SQL - More queries

SQL

MySQL

By: Guillaume

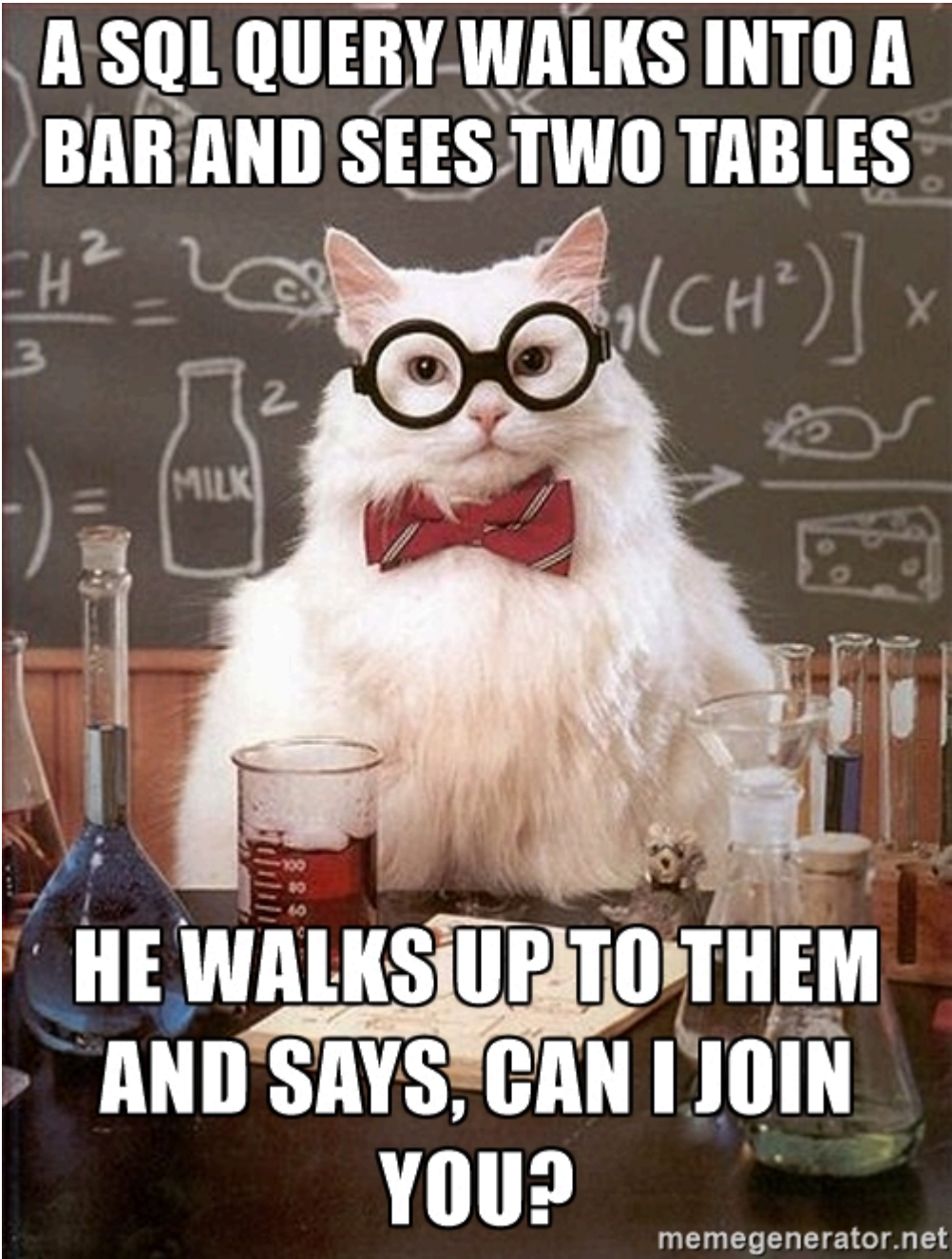
Weight: 1

Project over - took place from Jul 19, 2023 6:00 AM to Jul 20, 2023 6:00 AM

An auto review will be launched at the deadline

In a nutshell...

- Auto QA review: 61.1/104 mandatory & 0.0/24 optional
- Altogether: 58.75%
 - Mandatory: 58.75%
 - Optional: 0.0%
 - Calculation: $58.75\% + (58.75\% * 0.0\%) == 58.75\%$



Resources

Read or watch:

- [How To Create a New User and Grant Permissions in MySQL \(/rltoken/RniBKj48bnIN8xpXhGl1yA\)](#)
- [How To Use MySQL GRANT Statement To Grant Privileges To a User \(/rltoken/lhaKcRpIjC_zRu1NRTpU6Q\)](#)
- [MySQL constraints \(/rltoken/LrovGa6N-OE2ID_tpWZRaQ\)](#)
- [SQL technique: subqueries \(/rltoken/kR71h5zjkPtx4kBoVf7qQg\)](#)
- [Basic query operation: the join \(/rltoken/rNMJeQ1jbNTCljbvCSjf6w\)](#)



Help

- [SQL technique: multiple joins and the distinct keyword \(/rltoken/HhZ6TJ1q5S0aR4lhfpKdOQ\)](#)
- ([🔗](#)) [SQL technique: join types \(/rltoken/T6FZUQdsMzr8hgNlnBzudA\)](#)
- [SQL technique: union and minus \(/rltoken/Nd-sdM8QUpf0YKlIXzVv4w\)](#)
- [MySQL Cheat Sheet \(/rltoken/iSNyinU6SPWTGDUWMmcRkg\)](#)
- [The Seven Types of SQL Joins \(/rltoken/-plhBsra0N7BOuFoEg--zg\)](#)
- [MySQL Tutorial \(/rltoken/I4Lws_eQrIrNTbkZvvk-oQ\)](#)
- [SQL Style Guide \(/rltoken/051eAEP_rePBU7jeh879GA\)](#)
- [MySQL 8.0 SQL Statement Syntax \(/rltoken/YavbYiraYFr8oTukT_N6eQ\)](#)

Extra resources around relational database model design:

- [Design \(/rltoken/EWLRPeqr5sQ9AqfoG_KXxw\)](#)
- [Normalization \(/rltoken/mqBhYoSYbhH5ZZrhDcY0kA\)](#)
- [ER Modeling \(/rltoken/R0exkJmf-2ddKjGfa8D0dA\)](#)

Learning Objectives

At the end of this project, you are expected to be able to [explain to anyone \(/rltoken/0qci3VdlVdKJXldEZ6zAjA\)](#), without the help of Google:

General

- How to create a new MySQL user
- How to manage privileges for a user to a database or table
- What’s a PRIMARY KEY
- What’s a FOREIGN KEY
- How to use NOT NULL and UNIQUE constraints
- How to retrieve datas from multiple tables in one request
- What are subqueries
- What are JOIN and UNION

Copyright - Plagiarism

- You are tasked to come up with solutions for the tasks below yourself to meet with the above learning objectives.
- You will not be able to meet the objectives of this or any following project by copying and pasting someone else’s work.
- You are not allowed to publish any content of this project.
- Any form of plagiarism is strictly forbidden and will result in removal from the program.

Requirements

General

- Allowed editors: vi , vim , emacs
- All your files will be executed on Ubuntu 20.04 LTS using MySQL 8.0 (version 8.0.25)
- All your files should end with a new line
- All your SQL queries should have a comment just before (i.e. syntax above)
- All your files should start by a comment describing the task
- All SQL keywords should be in uppercase (SELECT , WHERE ...)
- A README.md file, at the root of the folder of the project, is mandatory
- The length of your files will be tested using wc

More Info

Comments for your SQL file:

```
$ cat my_script.sql
-- 3 first students in the Batch ID=3
-- because Batch 3 is the best!
SELECT id, name FROM students WHERE batch_id = 3 ORDER BY created_at DESC LIMIT 3;
$
```

Install MySQL 8.0 on Ubuntu 20.04 LTS

```
$ sudo apt update
$ sudo apt install mysql-server
...
$ mysql --version
mysql Ver 8.0.25-0ubuntu0.20.04.1 for Linux on x86_64 ((Ubuntu))
$
```

Connect to your MySQL server:



```
$ sudo mysql
Welcome to the MySQL monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 11
Server version: 8.0.25-0ubuntu0.20.04.1 (Ubuntu)

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affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql>
mysql> quit
Bye
$
```

Use “container-on-demand” to run MySQL

In the container, credentials are root/root

- Ask for container Ubuntu 20.04
- Connect via SSH
- OR connect via the Web terminal
- In the container, you should start MySQL before playing with it:

```
$ service mysql start
* Starting MySQL database server mysqld
$
$ cat 0-list_databases.sql | mysql -uroot -p
Database
information_schema
mysql
performance_schema
sys
$
```

In the container, credentials are root/root

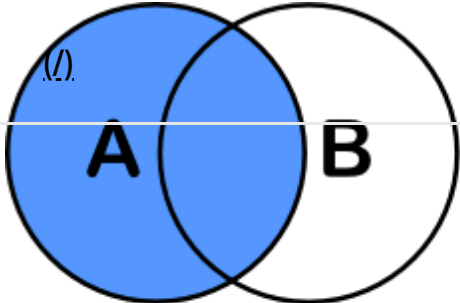
How to import a SQL dump

```
$ echo "CREATE DATABASE hbtn_0d_tvshows;" | mysql -uroot -p
Enter password:
$ curl "https://s3.amazonaws.com/intranet-projects-files/holbertonschool-higher-level_programming+/274/hbtn_0d_tvshows.sql"
-s | mysql -uroot -p hbtn_0d_tvshows
Enter password:
$ echo "SELECT * FROM tv_genres" | mysql -uroot -p hbtn_0d_tvshows
Enter password:
id  name
1   Drama
2   Mystery
3   Adventure
4   Fantasy
5   Comedy
6   Crime
7   Suspense
8   Thriller
$
```

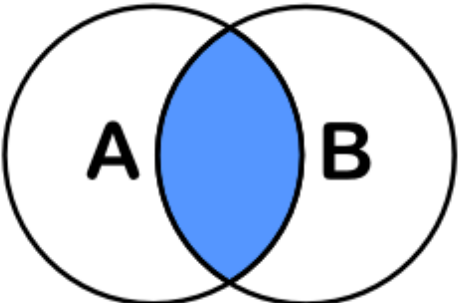


CHEATSHEET

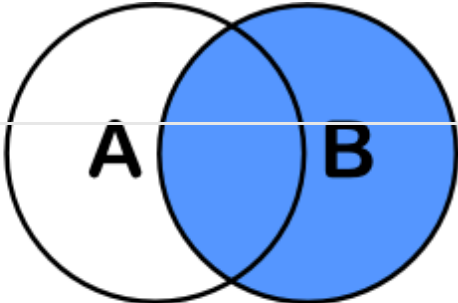
SQL JOINS



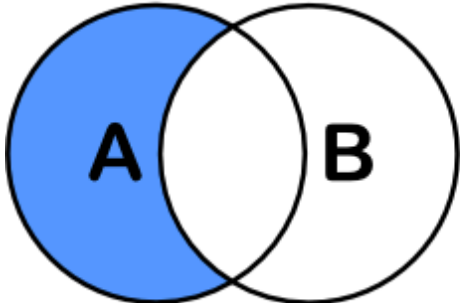
SELECT <auswahl>
FROM tabelleA A
LEFT JOIN tabelleB B
ON A.key = B.key



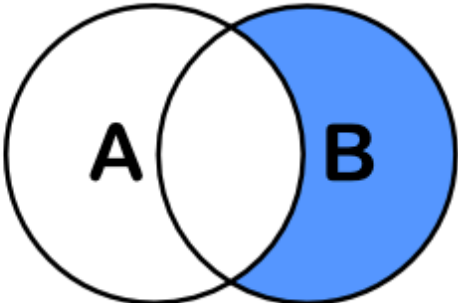
SELECT <auswahl>
FROM tabelleA A
INNER JOIN tabelleB B
ON A.key = B.key



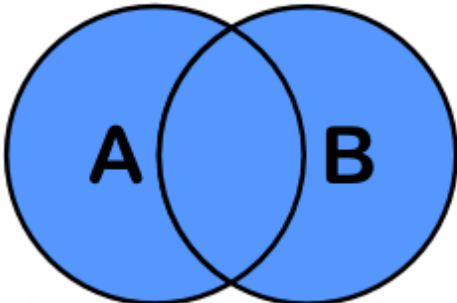
SELECT <auswahl>
FROM tabelleA A
RIGHT JOIN tabelleB B
ON A.key = B.key



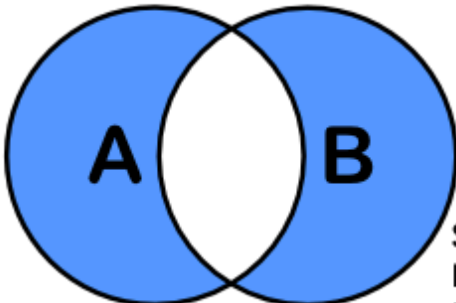
SELECT <auswahl>
FROM tabelleA A
LEFT JOIN tabelleB B
ON A.key = B.key
WHERE B.key IS NULL



SELECT <auswahl>
FROM tabelleA A
RIGHT JOIN tabelleB B
ON A.key = B.key
WHERE A.key IS NULL



SELECT <auswahl>
FROM tabelleA A
FULL OUTER JOIN tabelleB B
ON A.key = B.key



SELECT <auswahl>
FROM tabelleA A
FULL OUTER JOIN tabelleB B
ON A.key = B.key
WHERE A.key IS NULL
OR B.key IS NULL

Quiz questions

Great! You've completed the quiz successfully! Keep going! [\(Show quiz\)](#)

Tasks

0. My privileges!

mandatory

Score: 32.5% (Checks completed: 50.0%)

Write a script that lists all privileges of the MySQL users `user_0d_1` and `user_0d_2` on your server (in `localhost`).

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ cat 0-privileges.sql | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p
Enter password:
ERROR 1141 (42000) at line 3: There is no such grant defined for user 'user_0d_1' on host 'localhost'
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo "CREATE USER 'user_0d_1'@'localhost';" | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p
Enter password:
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo "GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON *.* TO 'user_0d_1'@'localhost';" | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p
Enter password:
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ cat 0-privileges.sql | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p
Enter password:
Grants for user_0d_1@localhost
GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDA..., DROP ROLE ON *.* TO `user_0d_1`@`localhost`
GRANT APPLICATION_PASSWORD_ADMIN,AUDIT...,XA_RECOVER_ADMIN ON *.* TO `user_0d_1`@`localhost`
ERROR 1141 (42000) at line 4: There is no such grant defined for user 'user_0d_2' on host 'localhost'
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: `alx-higher_level_programming`
- Directory: `0x0E-SQL_more_queries`



• File: 0-privileges.sql

(/)

❑ Done?

Help

Check your code

Ask for a new correction

➤ Get a sandbox

QA Review

1. Root user

mandatory

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Write a script that creates the MySQL server user `user_0d_1` .

• `user_0d_1` should have all privileges on your MySQL server

The `user_0d_1` password should be set to `user_0d_1_pwd`

If the user `user_0d_1` already exists, your script should not fail

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ cat 1-create_user.sql | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p
Enter password:
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ cat 0-privileges.sql | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p
Enter password:
Grants for user_0d_1@localhost
GRANT SELECT, INSERT..., DROP ROLE ON *.* TO `user_0d_1`@`localhost`
GRANT APPLICATION_PASSWORD_ADMIN,...,XA_RECOVER_ADMIN ON *.* TO `user_0d_1`@`localhost`
ERROR 1141 (42000) at line 4: There is no such grant defined for user 'user_0d_2' on host 'localhost'
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$
```

Repo:

• GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming

Directory: 0x0E-SQL_more_queries

File: 1-create_user.sql

❑ Done?

Help

Check your code

Ask for a new correction

➤ Get a sandbox

QA Review

2. Read user

mandatory

Score: 65.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Write a script that creates the database `hbtn_0d_2` and the user `user_0d_2` .

• `user_0d_2` should have only SELECT privilege in the database `hbtn_0d_2`

The `user_0d_2` password should be set to `user_0d_2_pwd`

If the database `hbtn_0d_2` already exists, your script should not fail

If the user `user_0d_2` already exists, your script should not fail

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ cat 2-create_read_user.sql | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p
Enter password:
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ cat 0-privileges.sql | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p
Enter password:
Grants for user_0d_1@localhost
GRANT SELECT, ..., DROP ROLE ON *.* TO `user_0d_1`@`localhost`
GRANT APPLICATION_PASSWORD_ADMIN,...,XA_RECOVER_ADMIN ON *.* TO `user_0d_1`@`localhost`
Grants for user_0d_2@localhost
GRANT USAGE ON *.* TO `user_0d_2`@`localhost`
GRANT SELECT ON `hbtn_0d_2`.* TO `user_0d_2`@`localhost`
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$
```

Repo:

• GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming

Directory: 0x0E-SQL_more_queries

File: 2-create_read_user.sql

☑ Done!

Help

Check your code

➤ Get a sandbox

QA Review

3. Always a name

mandatory

Score: 65.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

(/)

Write a script that creates the table `force_name` on your MySQL server.

- `force_name` description:
 - `id` INT
 - `name` VARCHAR(256) can't be null
- The database name will be passed as an argument of the `mysql` command
- If the table `force_name` already exists, your script should not fail

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ cat 3-force_name.sql | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_2
Enter password:
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo 'INSERT INTO force_name (id, name) VALUES (89, "Best School");' | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_2
Enter password:
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo 'SELECT * FROM force_name;' | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_2
Enter password:
id name
89 Best School
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo 'INSERT INTO force_name (id) VALUES (333);' | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_2
Enter password:
ERROR 1364 (HY000) at line 1: Field 'name' doesn't have a default value
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo 'SELECT * FROM force_name;' | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_2
Enter password:
id name
89 Best School
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$
```

- Repo:
- GitHub repository: `alx-higher_level_programming`
 - Directory: `0x0E-SQL_more_queries`
 - File: `3-force_name.sql`

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

 Get a sandbox

QA Review

4. ID can't be null

mandatory

Score: 65.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Write a script that creates the table `id_not_null` on your MySQL server.

- `id_not_null` description:
 - `id` INT with the default value `1`
 - `name` VARCHAR(256)
- The database name will be passed as an argument of the `mysql` command
- If the table `id_not_null` already exists, your script should not fail

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ cat 4-never_empty.sql | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_2
Enter password:
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo 'INSERT INTO id_not_null (id, name) VALUES (89, "Best School");' | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_2
Enter password:
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo 'SELECT * FROM id_not_null;' | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_2
Enter password:
id name
89 Best School
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo 'INSERT INTO id_not_null (name) VALUES ("Best");' | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_2
Enter password:
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo 'SELECT * FROM id_not_null;' | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_2
Enter password:
id name
89 Best School
1 Best
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$
```


- Repo:
- GitHub repository: `alx-higher_level_programming`
 - Directory: `0x0E-SQL_more_queries`
 - File: `4-never_empty.sql`



☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

 Get a sandbox

QA Review

5. Unique ID

mandatory

Score: 65.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Write a script that creates the table `unique_id` on your MySQL server.

- `unique_id` description:
 - `id` INT with the default value `1` and must be unique
 - `name` VARCHAR(256)
- The database name will be passed as an argument of the `mysql` command
- If the table `unique_id` already exists, your script should not fail


```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ cat 5-unique_id.sql | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_2
Enter password:
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo 'INSERT INTO unique_id (id, name) VALUES (89, "Best School");' | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_2
Enter password:
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo 'SELECT * FROM unique_id;' | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_2
Enter password:
id name
89 Best School
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo 'INSERT INTO unique_id (id, name) VALUES (89, "Best");' | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_2
Enter password:
ERROR 1062 (23000) at line 1: Duplicate entry '89' for key 'unique_id.id'
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo 'SELECT * FROM unique_id;' | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_2
Enter password:
id name
89 Best School
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$
```

- Repo:
- GitHub repository: `alx-higher_level_programming`
 - Directory: `0x0E-SQL_more_queries`
 - File: `5-unique_id.sql`

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

 Get a sandbox

QA Review

6. States table

mandatory

Score: 65.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Write a script that creates the database `hbtn_0d_usa` and the table `states` (in the database `hbtn_0d_usa`) on your MySQL server.

- `states` description:
 - `id` INT unique, auto generated, can't be null and is a primary key
 - `name` VARCHAR(256) can't be null
- If the database `hbtn_0d_usa` already exists, your script should not fail
- If the table `states` already exists, your script should not fail

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ cat 6-states.sql | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p
Enter password:
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo 'INSERT INTO states (name) VALUES ("California"), ("Arizona"), ("Texas");' | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_usa
Enter password:
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo 'SELECT * FROM states;' | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_usa
Enter password:
id name
1 California
2 Arizona
3 Texas
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$
```


- Repo:
- GitHub repository: `alx-higher_level_programming`
 - Directory: `0x0E-SQL_more_queries`

- File: 6-states.sql
- (/)

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

 Get a sandbox

QA Review

7. Cities table

mandatory

Score: 65.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Write a script that creates the database `hbtn_0d_usa` and the table `cities` (in the database `hbtn_0d_usa`) on your MySQL server.

- `cities` description:
 - `id` INT unique, auto generated, can't be null and is a primary key
 - `state_id` INT, can't be null and must be a FOREIGN KEY that references to `id` of the `states` table
 - `name` VARCHAR(256) can't be null
- If the database `hbtn_0d_usa` already exists, your script should not fail
- If the table `cities` already exists, your script should not fail


```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ cat 7-cities.sql | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p
Enter password:
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo 'INSERT INTO cities (state_id, name) VALUES (1, "San Francisco");' | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p
hbtn_0d_usa
Enter password:
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo 'SELECT * FROM cities;' | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_usa
Enter password:
id state_id name
1 1 San Francisco
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo 'INSERT INTO cities (state_id, name) VALUES (10, "Paris");' | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p
hbtn_0d_usa
Enter password:
ERROR 1452 (23000) at line 1: Cannot add or update a child row: a foreign key constraint fails (`hbtn_0d_usa`.`cities`,
CONSTRAINT `cities_ibfk_1` FOREIGN KEY (`state_id`) REFERENCES `states` (`id`))
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo 'SELECT * FROM cities;' | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_usa
Enter password:
id state_id name
1 1 San Francisco
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$
```

- Repo:
- GitHub repository: `alx-higher_level_programming`
 - Directory: `0x0E-SQL_more_queries`
 - File: `7-cities.sql`

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

 Get a sandbox

QA Review

8. Cities of California

mandatory

Score: 65.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Write a script that lists all the cities of California that can be found in the database `hbtn_0d_usa` .

- The `states` table contains only one record where `name = California` (but the `id` can be different, as per the example)
- Results must be sorted in ascending order by `cities.id`
- You are not allowed to use the `JOIN` keyword
- The database name will be passed as an argument of the `mysql` command




```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo 'SELECT * FROM states;' | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_usa
Enter password:
id  name
1   California
2   Arizona
3   Texas
4   Utah
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo 'SELECT * FROM cities;' | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_usa
Enter password:
id  state_id  name
1   1        San Francisco
2   1        San Jose
4   2        Page
6   3        Paris
7   3        Houston
8   3        Dallas
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ cat 8-cities_of_california_subquery.sql | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_usa
Enter password:
id  name
1   San Francisco
2   San Jose
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$
```

- Repo:
- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
 - Directory: 0x0E-SQL_more_queries
 - File: 8-cities_of_california_subquery.sql

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

 Get a sandbox

QA Review

9. Cities by States

mandatory

Score: 65.0% *(Checks completed: 100.0%)*

Write a script that lists all cities contained in the database `hbtn_0d_usa` .

- Each record should display: `cities.id` - `cities.name` - `states.name`
- Results must be sorted in ascending order by `cities.id`
- You can use only one `SELECT` statement
- The database name will be passed as an argument of the `mysql` command

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo 'SELECT * FROM states;' | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_usa
Enter password:
id  name
1   California
2   Arizona
3   Texas
4   Utah
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ echo 'SELECT * FROM cities;' | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_usa
Enter password:
id  state_id  name
1   1        San Francisco
2   1        San Jose
4   2        Page
6   3        Paris
7   3        Houston
8   3        Dallas
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ cat 9-cities_by_state_join.sql | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_usa
Enter password:
id  name      name
1   San Francisco  California
2   San Jose      California
4   Page          Arizona
6   Paris         Texas
7   Houston       Texas
8   Dallas        Texas
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$
```

- Repo:
- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
 - Directory: 0x0E-SQL_more_queries
 - File: 9-cities_by_state_join.sql



☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

 Get a sandbox

QA Review

10. Genre ID by show

mandatory

Score: 65.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Import the database dump from `hbtn_0d_tvshows` to your MySQL server: [download \(https://s3.amazonaws.com/intranet-projects-files/holbertonschool-higher-level_programming+/274/hbtn_0d_tvshows.sql\)](https://s3.amazonaws.com/intranet-projects-files/holbertonschool-higher-level_programming+/274/hbtn_0d_tvshows.sql)

Write a script that lists all shows contained in `hbtn_0d_tvshows` that have at least one genre linked.

- Each record should display: `tv_shows.title` - `tv_show_genres.genre_id`
- Results must be sorted in ascending order by `tv_shows.title` and `tv_show_genres.genre_id`
- You can use only one `SELECT` statement
- The database name will be passed as an argument of the `mysql` command

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ cat 10-genre_id_by_show.sql | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_tvshows
Enter password:
title    genre_id
Breaking Bad    1
Breaking Bad    6
Breaking Bad    7
Breaking Bad    8
Dexter    1
Dexter    2
Dexter    6
Dexter    7
Dexter    8
Game of Thrones 1
Game of Thrones 3
Game of Thrones 4
House    1
House    2
New Girl    5
Silicon Valley 5
The Big Bang Theory 5
The Last Man on Earth 1
The Last Man on Earth 5
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: `alx-higher_level_programming`
- Directory: `0x0E-SQL_more_queries`
- File: `10-genre_id_by_show.sql`

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

 Get a sandbox

QA Review

11. Genre ID for all shows

mandatory

Score: 65.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Import the database dump of `hbtn_0d_tvshows` to your MySQL server: [download \(https://s3.amazonaws.com/intranet-projects-files/holbertonschool-higher-level_programming+/274/hbtn_0d_tvshows.sql\)](https://s3.amazonaws.com/intranet-projects-files/holbertonschool-higher-level_programming+/274/hbtn_0d_tvshows.sql) (same as `10-genre_id_by_show.sql`)

Write a script that lists all shows contained in the database `hbtn_0d_tvshows` .

- Each record should display: `tv_shows.title` - `tv_show_genres.genre_id`
- Results must be sorted in ascending order by `tv_shows.title` and `tv_show_genres.genre_id`
- If a show doesn't have a genre, display `NULL`
- You can use only one `SELECT` statement
- The database name will be passed as an argument of the `mysql` command



```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/ $ cat 11-genre_id_all_shows.sql | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_tvshows
Enter password:
title  genre id
Better Call Saul      NULL
Breaking Bad          1
Breaking Bad          6
Breaking Bad          7
Breaking Bad          8
Dexter                1
Dexter                2
Dexter                6
Dexter                7
Dexter                8
Game of Thrones       1
Game of Thrones       3
Game of Thrones       4
Homeland              NULL
House                 1
House                 2
New Girl              5
Silicon Valley        5
The Big Bang Theory   5
The Last Man on Earth 1
The Last Man on Earth 5
guillaume@ubuntu:~/ $
```

- Repo:
- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
 - Directory: 0x0E-SQL_more_queries
 - File: 11-genre_id_all_shows.sql

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

 Get a sandbox

QA Review

12. No genre

mandatory

Score: 65.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Import the database dump from `hbtn_0d_tvshows` to your MySQL server: [download \(https://s3.amazonaws.com/intranet-projects-files/holbertonschool-higher-level_programming+/274/hbtn_0d_tvshows.sql\)](https://s3.amazonaws.com/intranet-projects-files/holbertonschool-higher-level_programming+/274/hbtn_0d_tvshows.sql) (same as `11-genre_id_all_shows.sql`)

Write a script that lists all shows contained in `hbtn_0d_tvshows` without a genre linked.

- Each record should display: `tv_shows.title` - `tv_show_genres.genre_id`
- Results must be sorted in ascending order by `tv_shows.title` and `tv_show_genres.genre_id`
- You can use only one `SELECT` statement
- The database name will be passed as an argument of the `mysql` command

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/ $ cat 12-no_genre.sql | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_tvshows
Enter password:
title  genre_id
Better Call Saul      NULL
Homeland              NULL
guillaume@ubuntu:~/ $
```

- Repo:
- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
 - Directory: 0x0E-SQL_more_queries
 - File: 12-no_genre.sql

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

 Get a sandbox

QA Review

13. Number of shows by genre

mandatory

Score: 65.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)



Import the database dump from `hbtn_0d_tvshows` to your MySQL server: [download \(https://s3.amazonaws.com/intranet-projects-files/holbertonschool-higher-level_programming+/274/hbtn_0d_tvshows.sql\)](https://s3.amazonaws.com/intranet-projects-files/holbertonschool-higher-level_programming+/274/hbtn_0d_tvshows.sql) (same as `12-no_genre.sql`)

Write a script that lists all genres from `hbtn_0d_tvshows` and displays the number of shows linked to each.

- Each record should display: <TV Show genre> - <Number of shows linked to this genre>
- (4) First column must be called `genre`
- Second column must be called `number_of_shows`

- Don't display a genre that doesn't have any shows linked
- Results must be sorted in descending order by the number of shows linked
- You can use only one `SELECT` statement
- The database name will be passed as an argument of the `mysql` command

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ cat 13-count_shows_by_genre.sql | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_tvshows
Enter password:
genre    number_of_shows
Drama    5
Comedy   4
Mystery  2
Crime    2
Suspense 2
Thriller 2
Adventure 1
Fantasy  1
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$
```

- Repo:
- GitHub repository: `alx-higher_level_programming`
 - Directory: `0x0E-SQL_more_queries`
 - File: `13-count_shows_by_genre.sql`

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

 Get a sandbox

QA Review

14. My genres

mandatory

Score: 65.0% *(Checks completed: 100.0%)*

Import the database dump from `hbtn_0d_tvshows` to your MySQL server: [download \(https://s3.amazonaws.com/intranet-projects-files/holbertonschool-higher-level_programming+/274/hbtn_0d_tvshows.sql\)](https://s3.amazonaws.com/intranet-projects-files/holbertonschool-higher-level_programming+/274/hbtn_0d_tvshows.sql) (same as `13-count_shows_by_genre.sql`)

Write a script that uses the `hbtn_0d_tvshows` database to lists all genres of the show `Dexter` .

- The `tv_shows` table contains only one record where `title = Dexter` (but the `id` can be different)
- Each record should display: `tv_genres.name`
- Results must be sorted in ascending order by the genre name
- You can use only one `SELECT` statement
- The database name will be passed as an argument of the `mysql` command

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$ cat 14-my_genres.sql | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_tvshows
Enter password:
name
Crime
Drama
Mystery
Suspense
Thriller
guillaume@ubuntu:~/$
```

- Repo:
- GitHub repository: `alx-higher_level_programming`
 - Directory: `0x0E-SQL_more_queries`
 - File: `14-my_genres.sql`

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

 Get a sandbox

QA Review

15. Only Comedy

mandatory

Score: 65.0% *(Checks completed: 100.0%)*

Import the database dump from `hbtn_0d_tvshows` to your MySQL server: [download \(https://s3.amazonaws.com/intranet-projects-files/holbertonschool-higher-level_programming+/274/hbtn_0d_tvshows.sql\)](https://s3.amazonaws.com/intranet-projects-files/holbertonschool-higher-level_programming+/274/hbtn_0d_tvshows.sql) (same as `14-my_genres.sql`)

Write a script that lists all Comedy shows in the database `hbtn_0d_tvshows` .



- The `tv_genres` table contains only one record where `name = Comedy` (but the `id` can be different)
- (4) Each record should display: `tv_shows.title`
- Results must be sorted in ascending order by the show title
- You can use only one `SELECT` statement
- The database name will be passed as an argument of the `mysql` command

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/ $ cat 15-comedy_only.sql | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_tvshows
Enter password:
title
New Girl
Silicon Valley
The Big Bang Theory
The Last Man on Earth
guillaume@ubuntu:~/ $
```

- Repo:
- GitHub repository: `alx-higher_level_programming`
 - Directory: `0x0E-SQL_more_queries`
 - File: `15-comedy_only.sql`

☒ Done!

Help

Check your code

 Get a sandbox

QA Review

16. List shows and genres

mandatory

Score: 65.0% *(Checks completed: 100.0%)*

Import the database dump from `hbtn_0d_tvshows` to your MySQL server: [download \(https://s3.amazonaws.com/intranet-projects-files/holbertonschool-higher-level_programming+/274/hbtn_0d_tvshows.sql\)](https://s3.amazonaws.com/intranet-projects-files/holbertonschool-higher-level_programming+/274/hbtn_0d_tvshows.sql) (same as `15-comedy_only.sql`)

Write a script that lists all shows, and all genres linked to that show, from the database `hbtn_0d_tvshows` .

- If a show doesn't have a genre, display `NULL` in the genre column
- Each record should display: `tv_shows.title - tv_genres.name`
- Results must be sorted in ascending order by the show title and genre name
- You can use only one `SELECT` statement
- The database name will be passed as an argument of the `mysql` command

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/ $ cat 16-shows_by_genre.sql | mysql -hlocalhost -uroot -p hbtn_0d_tvshows
Enter password:
title  name
Better Call Saul    NULL
Breaking Bad        Crime
Breaking Bad        Drama
Breaking Bad        Suspense
Breaking Bad        Thriller
Dexter              Crime
Dexter              Drama
Dexter              Mystery
Dexter              Suspense
Dexter              Thriller
Game of Thrones     Adventure
Game of Thrones     Drama
Game of Thrones     Fantasy
Homeland            NULL
House               Drama
House               Mystery
New Girl            Comedy
Silicon Valley      Comedy
The Big Bang Theory Comedy
The Last Man on Earth Comedy
The Last Man on Earth Drama
guillaume@ubuntu:~/ $
```

- Repo:
- GitHub repository: `alx-higher_level_programming`
 - Directory: `0x0E-SQL_more_queries`
 - File: `16-shows_by_genre.sql`

☒ Done!

Help

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QA Review



(1)

Done with the mandatory tasks? Unlock 4 advanced tasks now!

