(/)

Curriculum

SE Foundations Average: 108.76%

0x07. Python - Test-driven development

Python UnitTests TDD

≗ Ву	: Guillaume
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Weight: 1

☑ An auto review will be launched at the deadline

In a nutshell...

• Auto QA review: 101.0/167 mandatory & 0.0/104 optional

• Altogether: 60.48%

Mandatory: 60.48%Optional: 0.0%

• Calculation: 60.48% + (60.48% * 0.0%) == **60.48%**

Concepts

For this project, we expect you to look at this concept:

Never forget a test (/concepts/47)



Help



Background Context

Important notice on intranet checks for Python projects

Starting from today:

- Based on the requirements of each task, you should always write the documentation (module(s) + function(s)) and tests first, before you actually code anything
- The intranet checks for Python projects won't be released before their first deadline, in order for you to focus more on TDD and think about all possible cases
- We strongly encourage you to work together on test cases, so that you don't miss any edge case. **But not in the implementation of them!**
- Don't trust the user, always think about all possible edge cases

Resources

Read or watch:

- doctest Test interactive Python examples (/rltoken/BwZJVq2MQ1_Vg_3gphoitQ) (until "26.2.3.7. Warnings" included)
- doctest Testing through documentation (/rltoken/96kLRRIOHzsn3VDDXT21HA)
- Unit Tests in Python (/rltoken/wfuUl81Q3Nku1qCzdDHAfA)
- Unittest module (/rltoken/1v-d9Ol13JabJq8Ul6MlPg)
- Interactive and Non-interactive tests (/rltoken/IB65hNMXBziXy4A0YLIOog)

Learning Objectives

At the end of this project, you are expected to be able to explain to anyone (/rltoken/tYtzLvssHW 9zR6SZQINrQ), without the help of Google:

General

Why Python programming is awesome



- What's an interactive test
- (/). Why tests are important
 - How to write Docstrings to create tests
 - How to write documentation for each module and function
 - What are the basic option flags to create tests
 - How to find edge cases

Copyright - Plagiarism

- You are tasked to come up with solutions for the tasks below yourself to meet with the above learning objectives.
- You will not be able to meet the objectives of this or any following project by copying and pasting someone else's work.
- You are not allowed to publish any content of this project.
- Any form of plagiarism is strictly forbidden and will result in removal from the program.

Requirements

Python Scripts

- Allowed editors: vi, vim, emacs
- All your files will be interpreted/compiled on Ubuntu 20.04 LTS using python3 (version 3.8.5)
- · All your files should end with a new line
- The first line of all your files should be exactly #!/usr/bin/python3
- A README.md file, at the root of the folder of the project, is mandatory
- Your code should use the pycodestyle (version 2.8.*)
- All your files must be executable
- The length of your files will be tested using wc

Python Test Cases

- Allowed editors: vi, vim, emacs
- All your files should end with a new line
- All your test files should be inside a folder tests
- All your test files should be text files (extension: .txt)
- All your tests should be executed by using this command: python3 -m doctest ./tests/*
- All your modules should have a documentation (python3 -c

```
'print(__import__("my_module").__doc__)')
```

All your functions should have a documentation (python3 -c

```
'print(__import__("my_module").my_function.__doc__)')
```

- A documentation is not a simple word, it's a real sentence explaining what's the purpose of the module, class or method (the length of it will be verified)
- We strongly encourage you to work together on test cases, so that you don't miss any edge case.
 The Checker is checking for tests!

Quiz questions

Great! You've completed the quiz successfully! Keep going! (Show quiz)

Tasks

0. Integers addition

mandatory

Score: 83.33% (Checks completed: 83.33%)

Write a function that adds 2 integers.

- Prototype: def add_integer(a, b=98):
- a and b must be integers or floats, otherwise raise a TypeError exception with the message a must be an integer or b must be an integer
- a and b must be first casted to integers if they are float
- Returns an integer: the addition of a and b
- You are not allowed to import any module

```
அப்llaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ cat 0-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
add_integer = __import__('0-add_integer').add_integer
print(add_integer(1, 2))
print(add_integer(100, -2))
print(add_integer(2))
print(add_integer(100.3, -2))
try:
    print(add_integer(4, "School"))
except Exception as e:
    print(e)
try:
    print(add_integer(None))
except Exception as e:
    print(e)
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ ./0-main.py
3
98
100
98
b must be an integer
a must be an integer
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ python3 -m doctest -v ./tests/0-add_integer.txt | tail -2
9 passed and 0 failed.
Test passed.
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ python3 -c 'print(__import__("0-add_integer").__doc__)' | w
c -l
quillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ python3 -c 'print(__import__("0-add_integer").add_integer._
_doc__)' | wc -l
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
```

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x07-python-test_driven_development
- File: 0-add_integer.py, tests/0-add_integer.txt

☑ Done! Help Check your code Ask for a new correction > Get a sandbox QA Review

1. Divide a matrix



Score: 84.62% (*Checks completed: 84.62%*)

Write a function that divides all elements of a matrix.

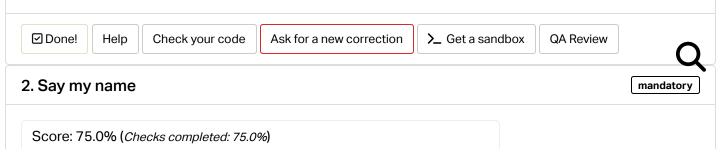
- Prototype: def matrix_divided(matrix, div):
- (/) matrix must be a list of lists of integers or floats, otherwise raise a TypeError exception with the message matrix must be a matrix (list of lists) of integers/floats
 - Each row of the matrix must be of the same size, otherwise raise a TypeError exception with the message Each row of the matrix must have the same size
 - div must be a number (integer or float), otherwise raise a TypeError exception with the message div must be a number
 - div can't be equal to 0, otherwise raise a ZeroDivisionError exception with the message division by zero
 - All elements of the matrix should be divided by div, rounded to 2 decimal places
 - Returns a new matrix
 - You are not allowed to import any module

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ cat 2-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
matrix_divided = __import__('2-matrix_divided').matrix_divided
matrix = [
    [1, 2, 3],
    [4, 5, 6]
]
print(matrix_divided(matrix, 3))
print(matrix)
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ ./2-main.py
[[0.33, 0.67, 1.0], [1.33, 1.67, 2.0]]
[[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]]
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ python3 -m doctest -v ./tests/2-matrix_divided.txt | tail -
5 passed and 0 failed.
Test passed.
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
```

Note: you might have a different number of tests than in the above example. As usual, your tests should cover all possible cases.

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x07-python-test_driven_development
- File: 2-matrix_divided.py, tests/2-matrix_divided.txt



White a function that prints My name is <first name> <last name>

- Prototype: def say_my_name(first_name, last_name=""):
- first_name and last_name must be strings otherwise, raise a TypeError exception with the message first_name must be a string or last_name must be a string
- You are not allowed to import any module

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ cat 3-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
say_my_name = __import__('3-say_my_name').say_my_name
say_my_name("John", "Smith")
say_my_name("Walter", "White")
say_my_name("Bob")
try:
    say_my_name(12, "White")
except Exception as e:
    print(e)
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ ./3-main.py | cat -e
My name is John Smith$
My name is Walter White$
My name is Bob $
first_name must be a string$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ python3 -m doctest -v ./tests/3-say_my_name.txt | tail -2
5 passed and 0 failed.
Test passed.
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
```

Note: you might have a different number of tests than in the above example. As usual, your tests should cover all possible cases.

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x07-python-test_driven_development
- File: 3-say_my_name.py, tests/3-say_my_name.txt

☑ Done! Help Check your code Ask for a new correction >_ Get a sandbox QA Review

3. Print square

mandatory

Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)



Write a function that prints a square with the character #.

Prototype: def print_square(size):

- size is the size length of the square
- (/) size must be an integer, otherwise raise a TypeError exception with the message size must be an integer
 - if size is less than 0, raise a ValueError exception with the message size must be >= 0
 - if size is a float and is less than 0, raise a TypeError exception with the message size must be an integer
 - You are not allowed to import any module

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ cat 4-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
print_square = __import__('4-print_square').print_square
print_square(4)
print("")
print_square(10)
print("")
print_square(0)
print("")
print_square(1)
print("")
try:
    print_square(-1)
except Exception as e:
    print(e)
print("")
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ ./4-main.py
####
####
####
####
##########
##########
##########
##########
##########
##########
##########
##########
##########
##########
#
size must be >= 0
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ python3 -m doctest -v ./tests/4-print_square.txt
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
```



- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x07-python-test_driven_development
- File: 4-print_square.py, tests/4-print_square.txt

☑ Done! Help Check your code Ask for a new correction >_ Get a sandbox QA Review

4. Text indentation

mandatory

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Write a function that prints a text with 2 new lines after each of these characters: . , ? and :

- Prototype: def text_indentation(text):
- text must be a string, otherwise raise a TypeError exception with the message text must be a string
- There should be no space at the beginning or at the end of each printed line
- You are not allowed to import any module

```
pwillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ cat 5-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
text_indentation = __import__('5-text_indentation').text_indentation
text_indentation("""Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. \
Quonam modo? Utrum igitur tibi litteram videor an totas paginas commovere? \
Non autem hoc: igitur ne illud quidem. Fortasse id optimum, sed ubi illud: \
Plus semper voluptatis? Teneo, inquit, finem illi videri nihil dolere. \
Transfer idem ad modestiam vel temperantiam, quae est moderatio cupiditatum \
rationi oboediens. Si id dicis, vicimus. Inde sermone vario sex illa a Dipylo \
stadia confecimus. Sin aliud quid voles, postea. Quae animi affectio suum \
cuique tribuens atque hanc, quam dico. Utinam quidem dicerent alium alio \
beatiorem! Iam ruinas videres""")
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ ./5-main.py | cat -e
Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.$
Quonam modo?$
Utrum igitur tibi litteram videor an totas paginas commovere?$
Non autem hoc:$
igitur ne illud quidem.$
Fortasse id optimum, sed ubi illud:$
Plus semper voluptatis?$
Teneo, inquit, finem illi videri nihil dolere.$
Transfer idem ad modestiam vel temperantiam, quae est moderatio cupiditatum rationi
oboediens.$
Si id dicis, vicimus.$
Inde sermone vario sex illa a Dipylo stadia confecimus.$
Sin aliud quid voles, postea.$
Quae animi affectio suum cuique tribuens atque hanc, quam dico.$
Utinam quidem dicerent alium alio beatiorem! Iam ruinas videresguillaume@ubuntu:~/0x
07$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ python3 -m doctest -v ./tests/5-text_indentation.txt
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
```

GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming

• Directory: 0x07-python-test_driven_development

(/)• File: 5-text_indentation.py, tests/5-text_indentation.txt

5. Max integer - Unittest

mandatory

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Since the beginning you have been creating "Interactive tests". For this exercise, you will add Unittests.

In this task, you will write unittests for the function def max_integer(list=[]):.

- Your test file should be inside a folder tests
- You have to use the unittest module (/rltoken/hX5a13o-1mXGTQASWBitFQ)
- Your test file should be python files (extension: .py)
- Your test file should be executed by using this command: python3 -m unittest tests.6max_integer_test
- All tests you make must be passable by the function below
- We strongly encourage you to work together on test cases, so that you don't miss any edge case

```
pwillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ cat 6-max_integer.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
"""Module to find the max integer in a list
11 11 11
def max_integer(list=[]):
    """Function to find and return the max integer in a list of integers
        If the list is empty, the function returns None
    if len(list) == 0:
        return None
    result = list[0]
    i = 1
    while i < len(list):</pre>
        if list[i] > result:
            result = list[i]
        i += 1
    return result
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ cat 6-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
max_integer = __import__('6-max_integer').max_integer
print(max_integer([1, 2, 3, 4]))
print(max_integer([1, 3, 4, 2]))
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ ./6-main.py
4
4
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ python3 -m unittest tests.6-max_integer_test 2>&1 | tail -1
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ head -7 tests/6-max_integer_test.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
"""Unittest for max_integer([..])
\Pi \Pi \Pi
import unittest
max_integer = __import__('6-max_integer').max_integer
class TestMaxInteger(unittest.TestCase):
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
```

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x07-python-test_driven_development

• File: tests/6-max_integer_test.py
(/)

Done? Help Check your code Ask for a new correction > Get a sandbox QA Review

6. Matrix multiplication

#advanced

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Write a function that multiplies 2 matrices:

- Read: Matrix multiplication only Matrix product (two matrices) (/rltoken/Qw_rYR3IYYL5DHDH-iCWCA)
- Prototype: def matrix_mul(m_a, m_b):
- m_a and m_b must be validated with these requirements in this order
- m_a and m_b must be an list of lists of integers or floats:
 - if m_a or m_b is not a list: raise a TypeError exception with the message m_a must be a list or m_b must be a list
 - if m_a or m_b is not a list of lists: raise a TypeError exception with the message m_a must be a list of lists or m_b must be a list of lists
 - o if m_a or m_b is empty (it means: = [] or = [[]]): raise a ValueError exception with the message m_a can't be empty or m_b can't be empty
 - if one element of those list of lists is not an integer or a float: raise a TypeError exception with the message m_a should contain only integers or floats or m_b should contain only integers or floats
 - if m_a or m_b is not a rectangle (all 'rows' should be of the same size): raise a TypeError exception with the message each row of m_a must be of the same size or each row of m_b must be of the same size
- If m_a and m_b can't be multiplied: raise a ValueError exception with the message m_a and m_b can't be multiplied
- You are not allowed to import any module

```
puillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ cat 100-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
matrix_mul = __import__('100-matrix_mul').matrix_mul

print(matrix_mul([[1, 2], [3, 4]], [[1, 2], [3, 4]]))
print(matrix_mul([[1, 2]], [[3, 4], [5, 6]]))

guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ ./100-main.py
[[7, 10], [15, 22]]
[[13, 16]]
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ python3 -m doctest -v ./tests/100-matrix_mul.txt | tail -2
6 passed and 0 failed.
Test passed.
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
```

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x07-python-test_driven_development
- File: 100-matrix_mul.py, tests/100-matrix_mul.txt

7. Lazy matrix multiplication

#advanced

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Write a function that multiplies 2 matrices by using the module NumPy (/rltoken/sXnBuOVSyhKEGt-biOyOWg)

To install it: pip3 install numpy==1.15.0

- Prototype: def lazy_matrix_mul(m_a, m_b):
- Test cases should be the same as 100-matrix_mul but with new exception type/message

```
gwillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ cat 101-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
lazy_matrix_mul = __import__('101-lazy_matrix_mul').lazy_matrix_mul

print(lazy_matrix_mul([[1, 2], [3, 4]], [[1, 2], [3, 4]]))
print(lazy_matrix_mul([[1, 2]], [[3, 4], [5, 6]]))

guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ ./101-main.py
[[ 7 10]
    [15 22]]
[[13 16]]
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ python3 -m doctest -v ./tests/101-lazy_matrix_mul.txt
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
```

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x07-python-test_driven_development
- File: 101-lazy_matrix_mul.py, tests/101-lazy_matrix_mul.txt

☐ Done?

Help

Check your code

Ask for a new correction

>_ Get a sandbox

QA Review

8. CPython #3: Python Strings

#advanced

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)



Q

Create a function that prints Python strings.

- Prototype: void print_python_string(PyObject *p);
- (/). Format: see example
 - If p is not a valid string, print an error message (see example)
 - Read: Unicode HOWTO (/rltoken/UkkHHalLiYf9d_a3nc4Bxw)

About:

- Python version: 3.4
- You are allowed to use the C standard library
- Your shared library will be compiled with this command line: gcc -shared -Wl, soname, libPython.so -o libPython.so -fPIC -I/usr/include/python3.4 102-python.c

```
إنهاien@ubuntu:~/0x07. Pyhton Strings$ cat 102-tests.py
import ctypes
lib = ctypes.CDLL('./libPython.so')
lib.print_python_string.argtypes = [ctypes.py_object]
s = "The spoon does not exist"
lib.print_python_string(s)
s = "ложка не существует"
lib.print_python_string(s)
s = "La cuillère n'existe pas"
lib.print_python_string(s)
s = "勺子不存在"
lib.print_python_string(s)
s = "숟가락은 존재하지 않는다."
lib.print_python_string(s)
s = "スプーンは存在しない"
lib.print_python_string(s)
s = b"The spoon does not exist"
lib.print_python_string(s)
julien@ubuntu:~/0x07. Pyhton Strings$ gcc -shared -Wl,-soname,libPython.so -o libPyt
hon.so -fPIC -I/usr/include/python3.4 102-python.c
julien@ubuntu:~/0x07. Pyhton Strings$ python3 ./102-tests.py
[.] string object info
  type: compact ascii
  length: 24
 value: The spoon does not exist
[.] string object info
  type: compact unicode object
  length: 19
 value: ложка не существует
[.] string object info
  type: compact unicode object
  length: 24
  value: La cuillère n'existe pas
[.] string object info
  type: compact unicode object
  length: 5
 value: 勺子不存在
[.] string object info
  type: compact unicode object
  length: 14
  value: 숟가락은 존재하지 않는다.
[.] string object info
  type: compact unicode object
  length: 10
 value: スプーンは存在しない
[.] string object info
  [ERROR] Invalid String Object
julien@ubuntu:~/0x07. Pyhton Strings$
```


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